



# Advances in SRF qubit architectures for quantum computing

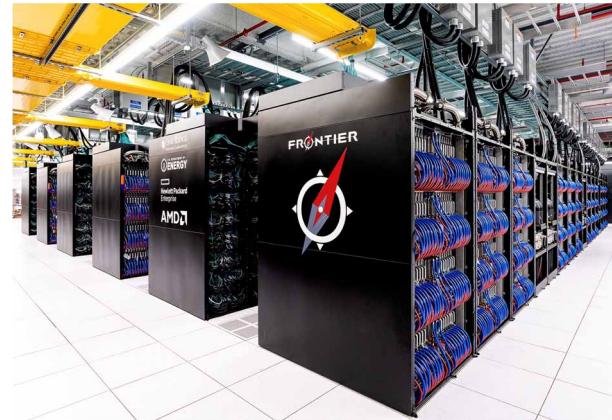
Tanay Roy

*SQMS division, Fermilab*

30 June 2023

# Why Quantum Computing?

Frontier



*Image: Wikipedia*

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Frontier



Image: Wikipedia

$1.2 \times 10^{18}$  calculations / sec

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*Not efficient for  
all problems*

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## 1. Prime Factorization



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## 1. Prime Factorization

762904558518855853



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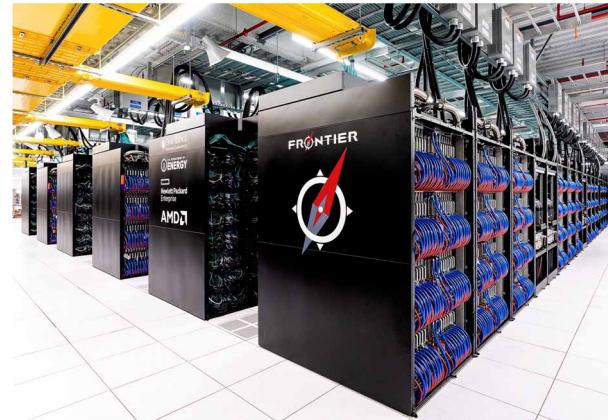


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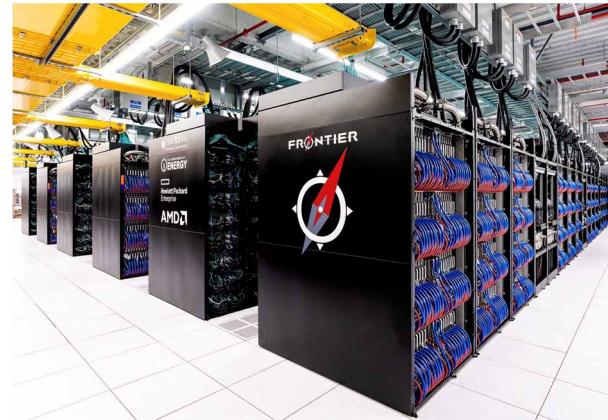
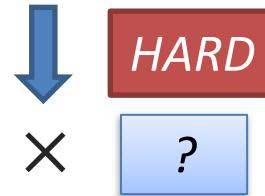


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Image: Wikipedia

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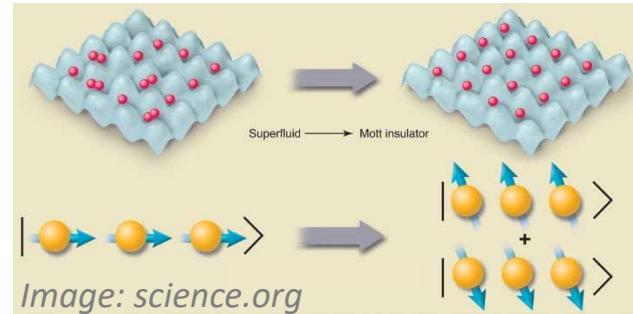
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1. Prime Factorization

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2. Quantum Simulation



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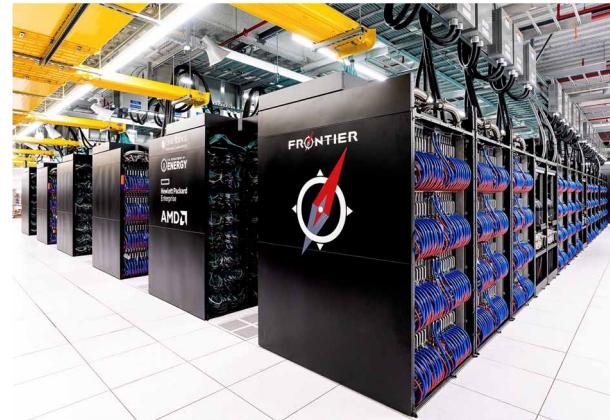


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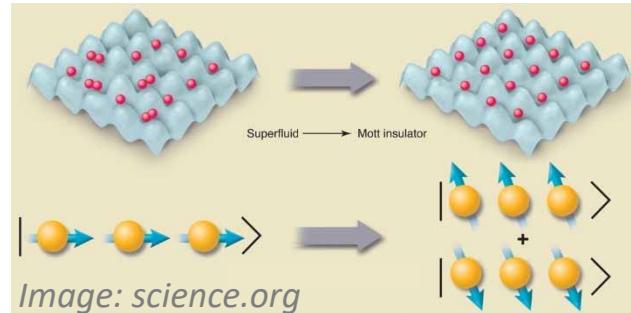
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## 1. Prime Factorization

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## 2. Quantum Simulation



Simulate one QM system with another

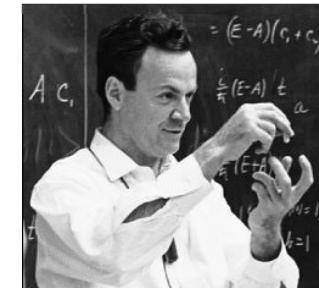


Image: needull.com



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MATERIALS & SYSTEMS CENTER

# Why Quantum Computing?

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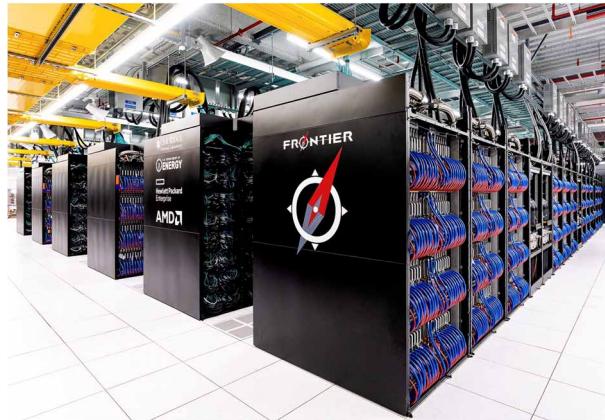


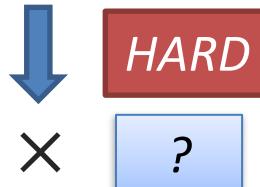
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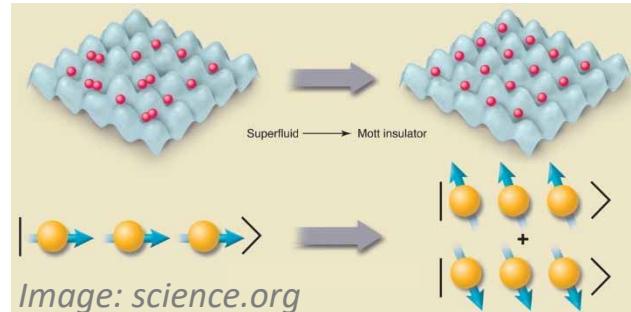


Shor's factoring  
algorithm 1994



Tanay Roy - Fermilab

## 2. Quantum Simulation



Simulate one QM  
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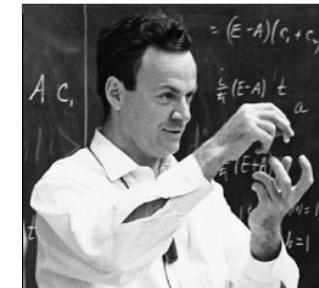


Image: needull.com



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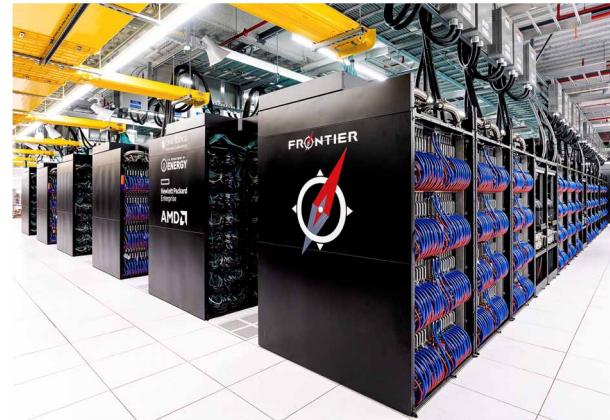


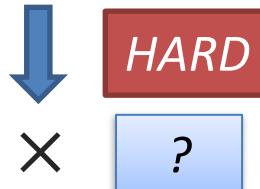
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Shor's factoring  
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Image: mit.edu

Tanay Roy - Fermilab

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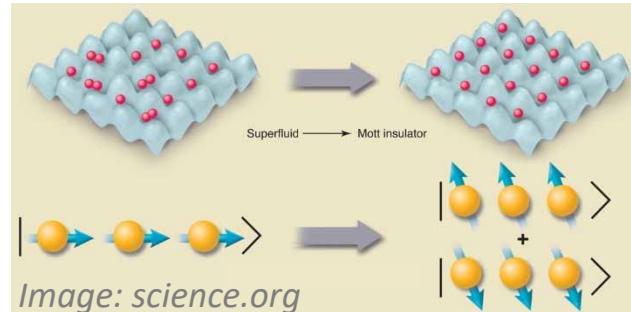


Image: science.org

Simulate one QM  
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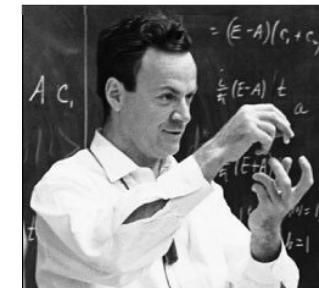


Image: needull.com

Build a Quantum  
Computer



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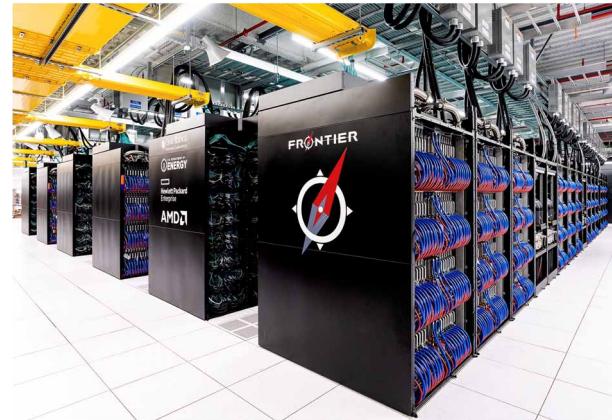


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1. Prime Factorization

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HARD

$776531401 \times 982451653$

Shor's factoring  
algorithm 1994

2. Quantum Simulation

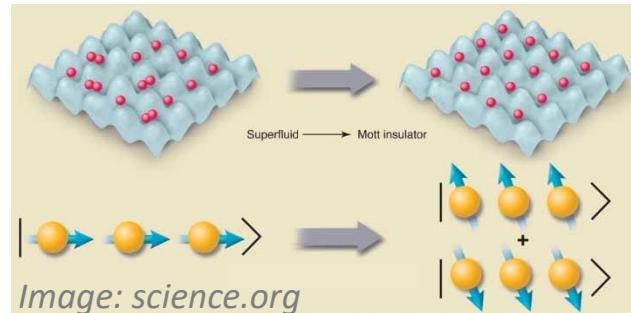


Image: science.org

Simulate one QM  
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Image: mit.edu

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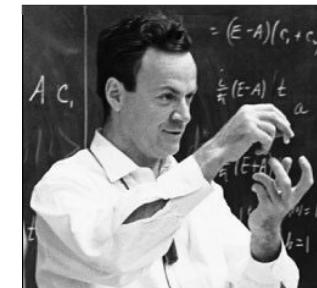


Image: needull.com

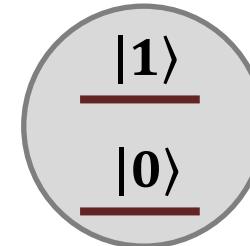
# Fundamental Unit

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*Classical bit:*  
“0” or “1”

# Fundamental Unit

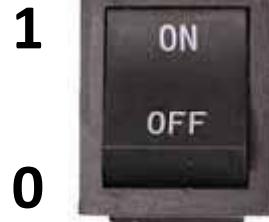


*Quantum bit*  
**Qubit**

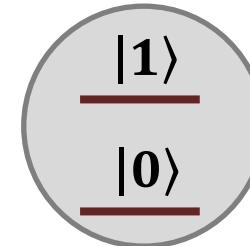
*Classical bit:*  
“0” or “1”

*Quantum bit:*  
“0” and “1”

# Fundamental Unit



*Classical bit:  
“0” or “1”*

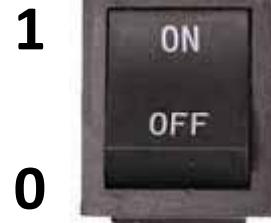


*Quantum bit  
Qubit*

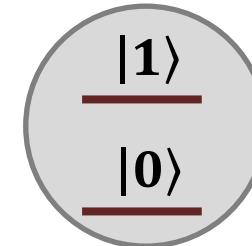
*Quantum bit:  
“0” and “1”*

*Superposition:  $|0\rangle \pm |1\rangle$*

# Fundamental Unit



*Classical bit:  
“0” or “1”*



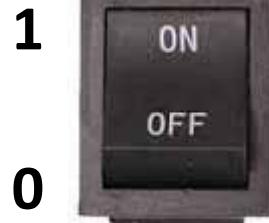
*Quantum bit  
Qubit*

*Quantum bit:  
“0” and “1”*

*Superposition:  $|0\rangle \pm |1\rangle$*

*Entanglement*

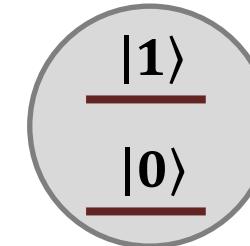
# Fundamental Unit



1  
0

*Classical bit:*  
“0” or “1”

*Superior*



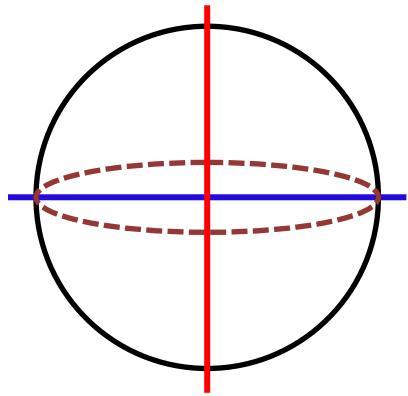
*Quantum bit*  
**Qubit**

*Quantum bit:*  
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*Superposition:*  $|0\rangle \pm |1\rangle$

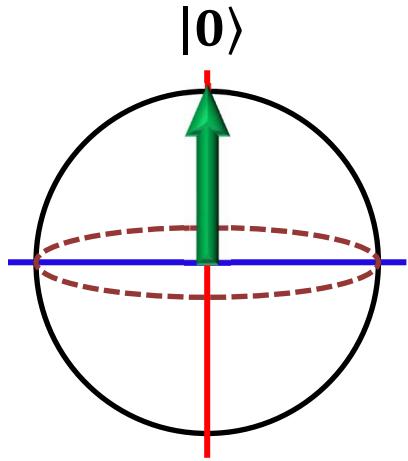
*Entanglement*

# Qubit Visualization



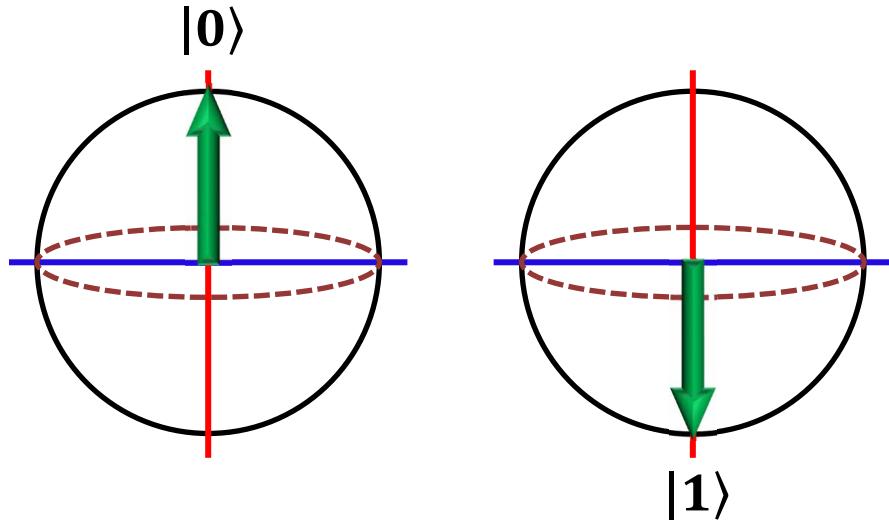
*Bloch sphere*

# Qubit Visualization



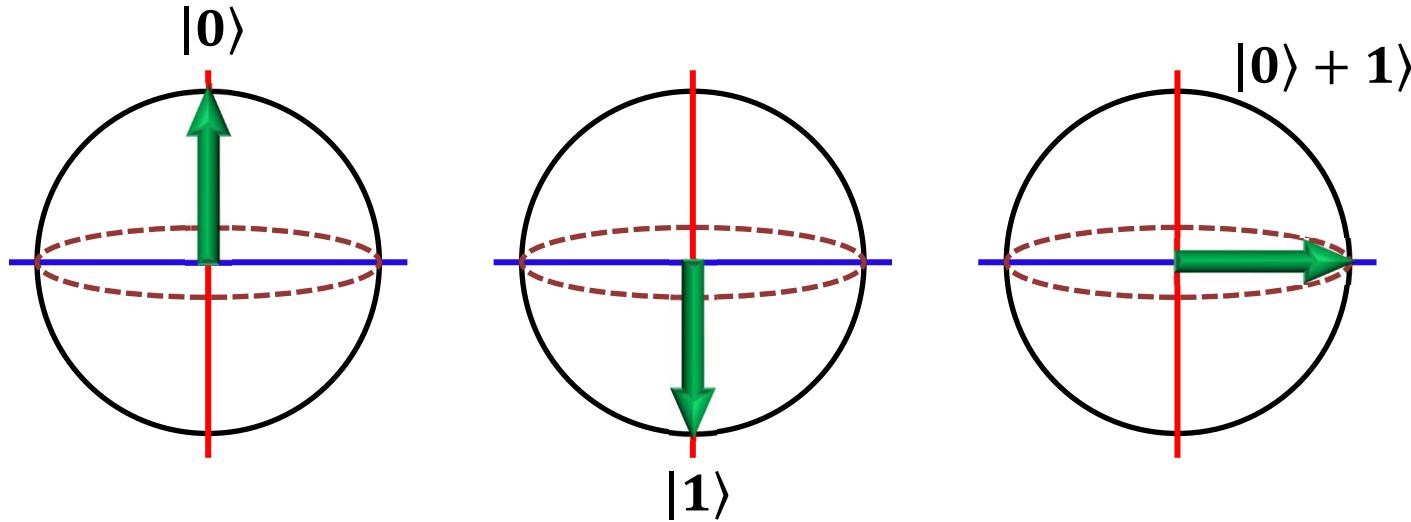
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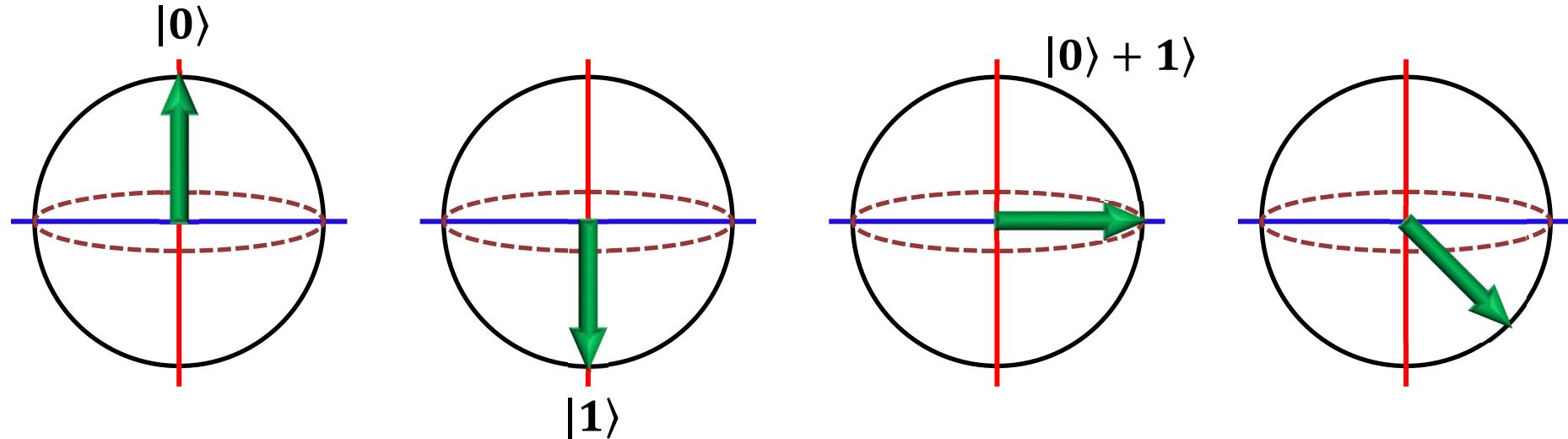
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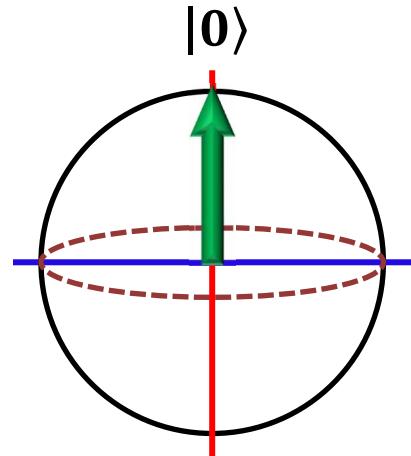
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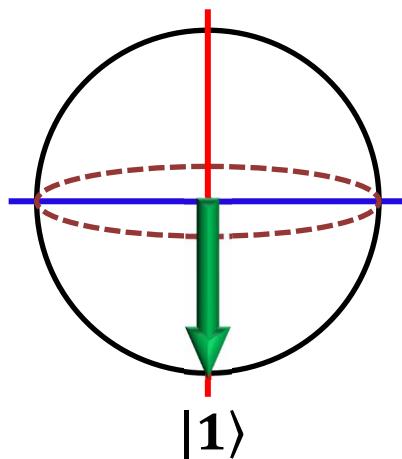


*Bloch sphere*

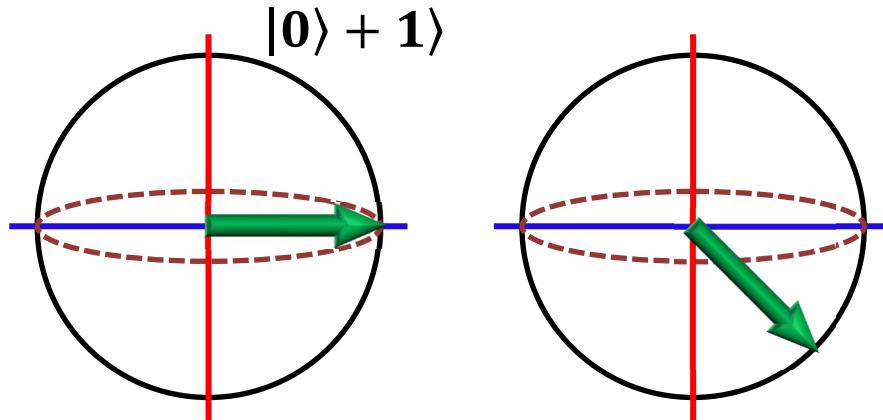
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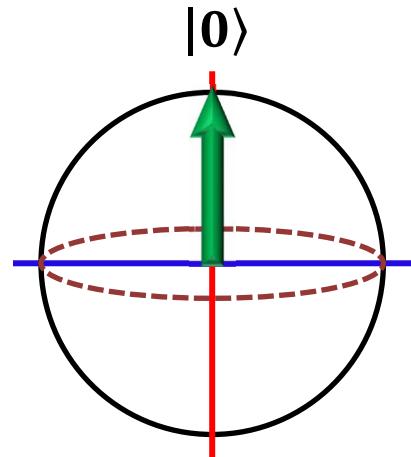


$|1\rangle$

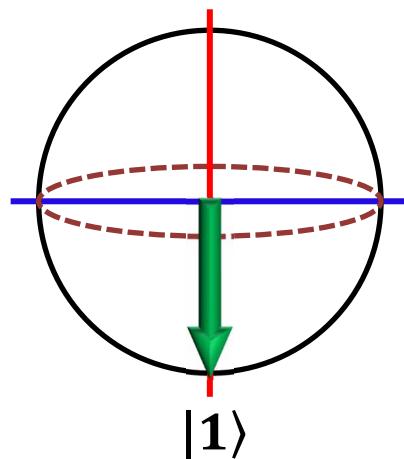


*Superposition states*

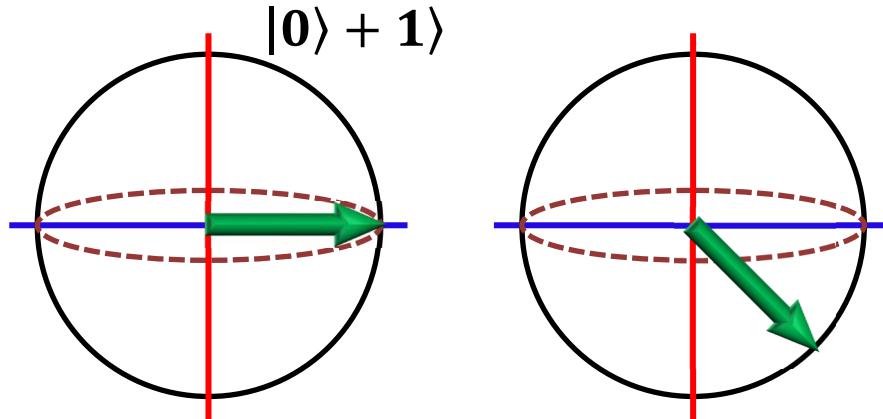
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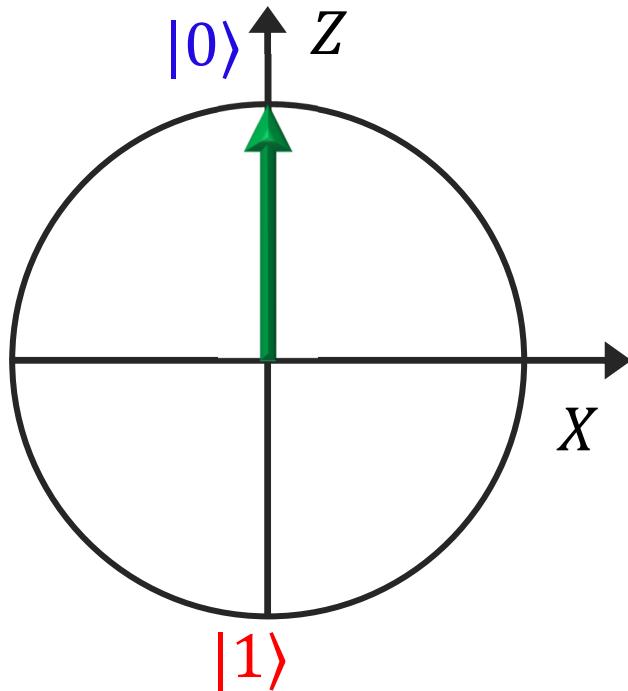


*Superposition states*

*General state:  $\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$*

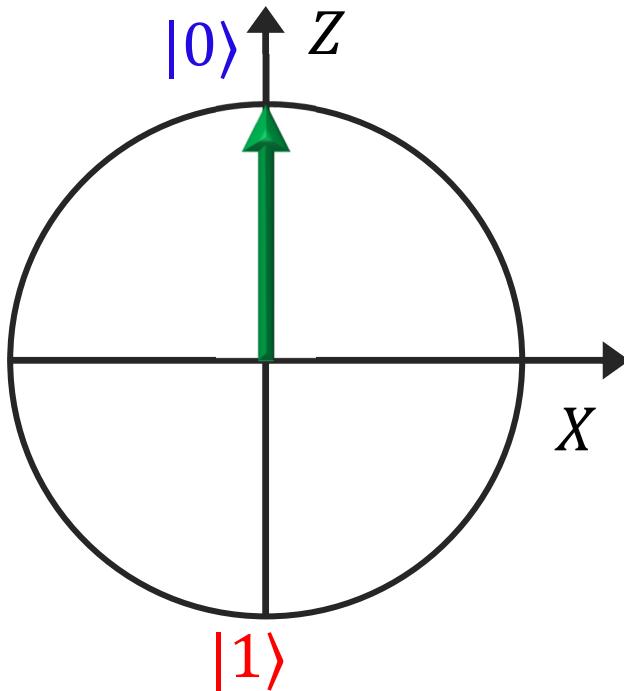
# Single-qubit Gate and Measurement

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*Rabi Oscillation*

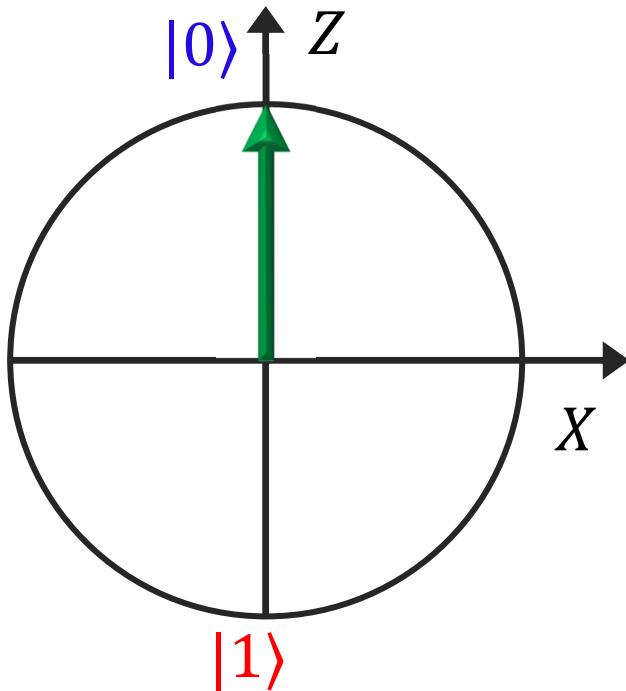
# Single-qubit Gate and Measurement



$$\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle \Rightarrow \alpha'|0\rangle + \beta'|1\rangle$$

*Rabi Oscillation*

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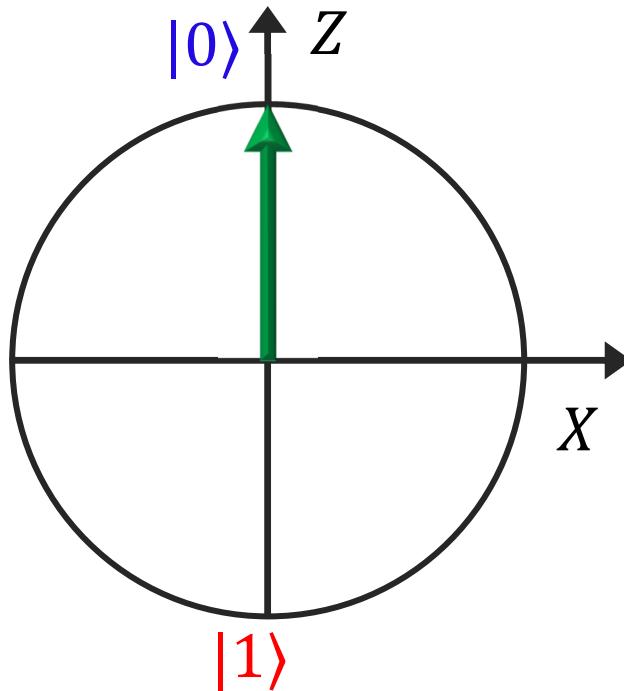


*Rabi Oscillation*

$$\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle \Rightarrow \alpha'|0\rangle + \beta'|1\rangle$$

Measure

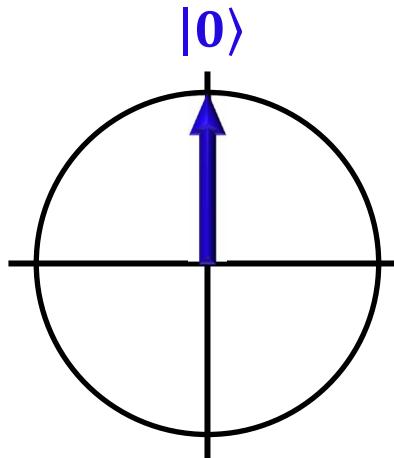
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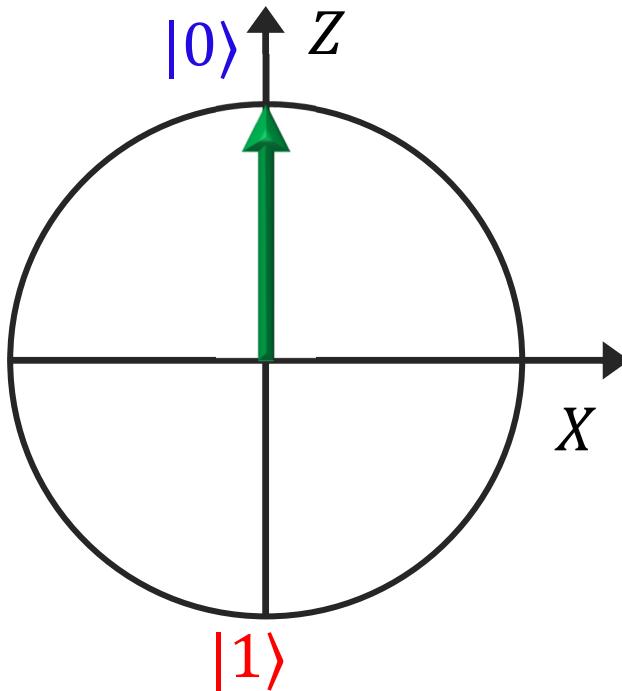
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Measure



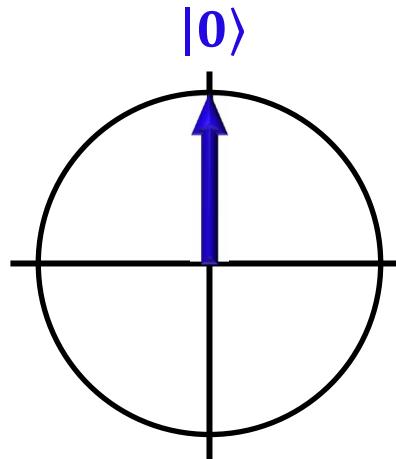
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*Rabi Oscillation*

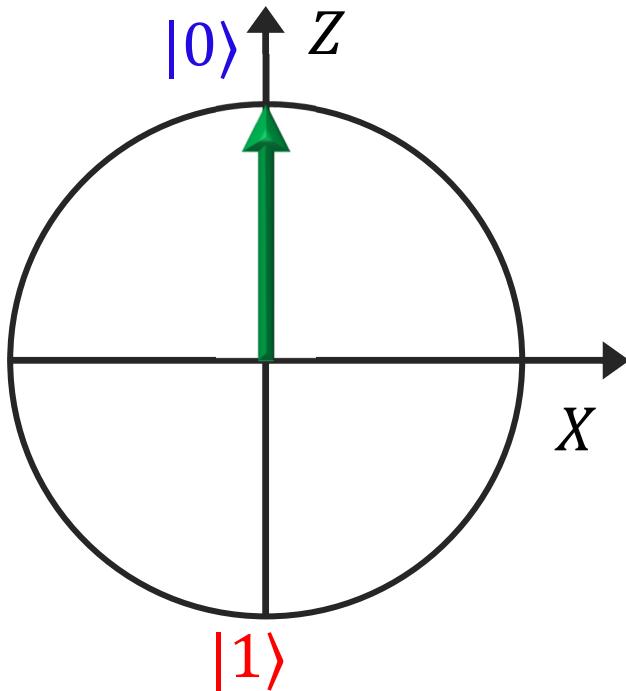
$$\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle \Rightarrow \alpha'|0\rangle + \beta'|1\rangle$$

Measure



$$P(0) = |\alpha|^2$$

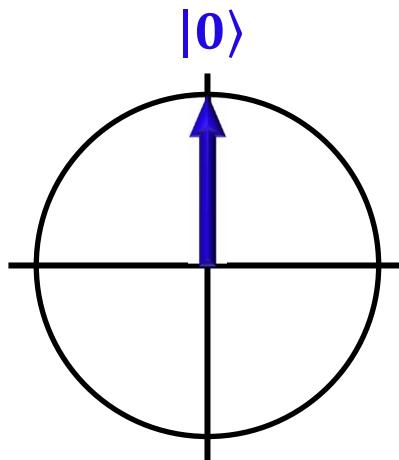
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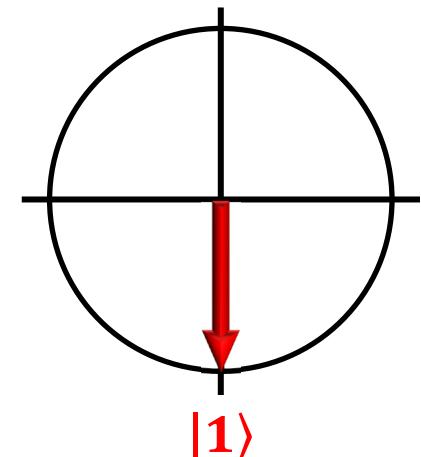
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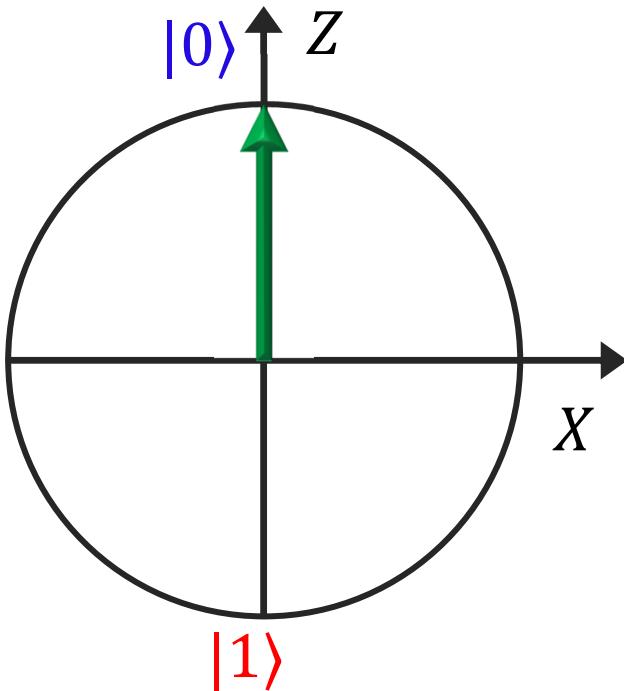
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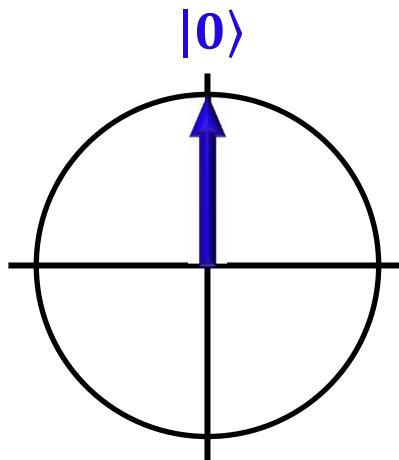
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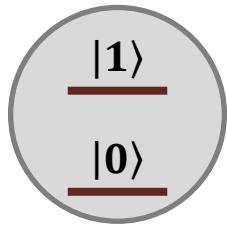
Measure



$$P(0) = |\alpha|^2$$

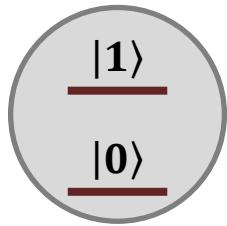
$$P(1) = |\beta|^2$$

# Basic Requirements for a Quantum Computer



*Quantum two  
level systems*

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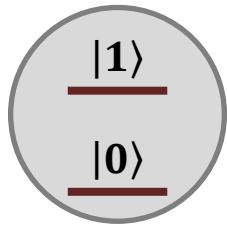
*Quantum two  
level systems*



$$\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$$

*Create  
arbitrary states*

# Basic Requirements for a Quantum Computer

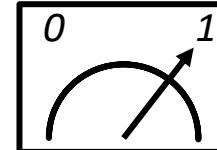


*Quantum two  
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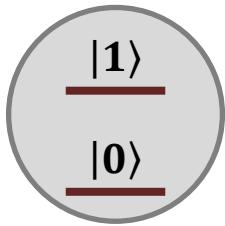
$$\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$$

*Create  
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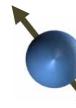


*Measure  
quantum states*

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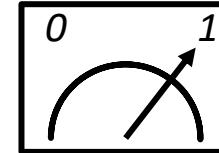


Quantum two level systems

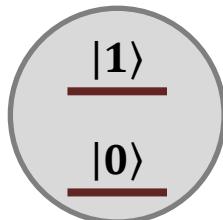
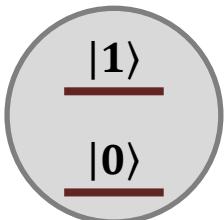


$$\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$$

Create arbitrary states

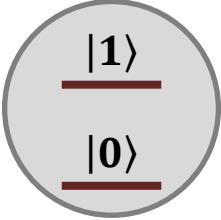


Measure quantum states

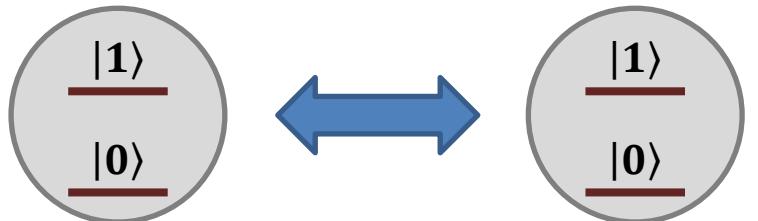
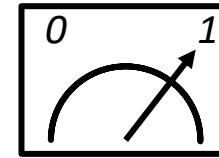
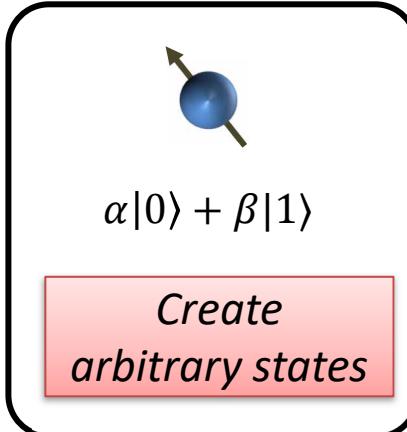


Couple multiple qubits

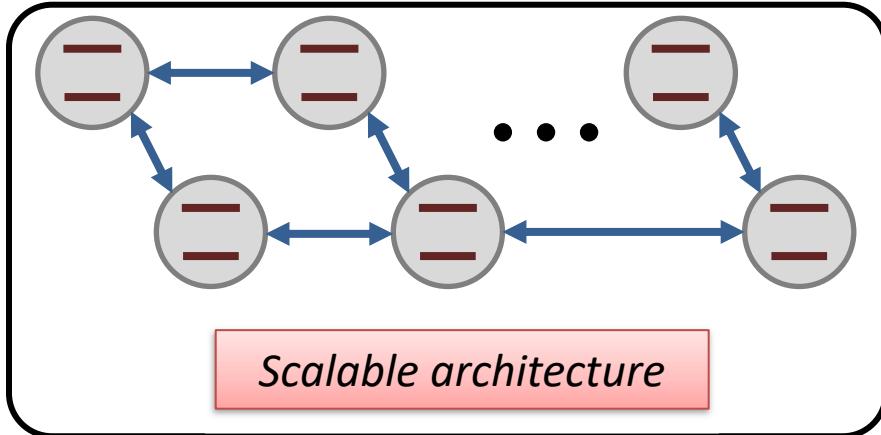
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Quantum two level systems



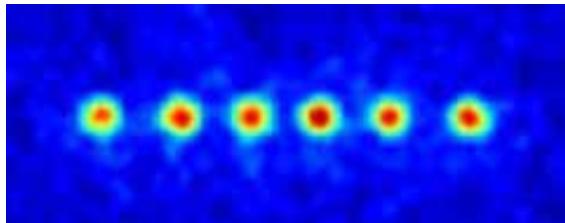
Couple multiple qubits



Scalable architecture

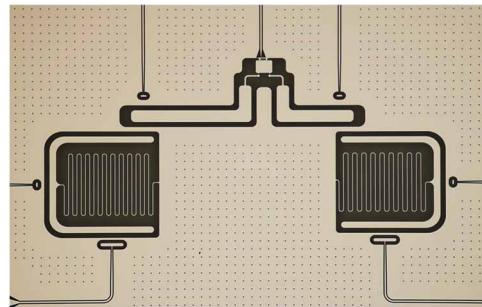
# Different Platforms

*Ion trap*



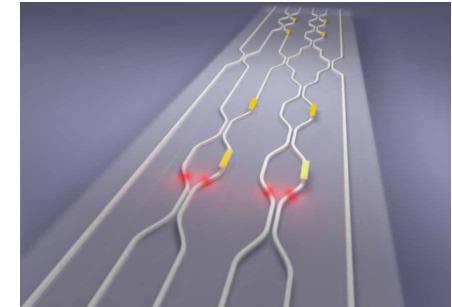
*quantumoptics.at*

*Superconducting circuits*



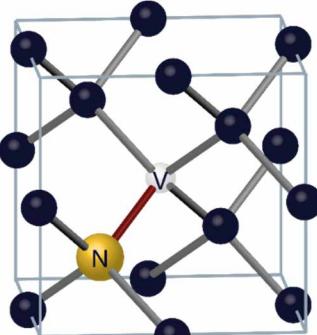
*Schuster lab*

*Photonic crystals*



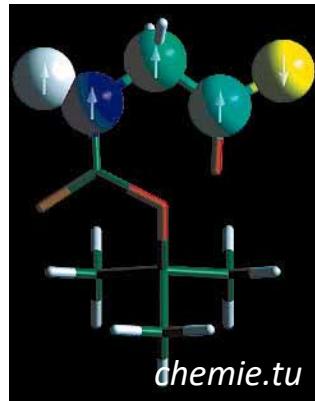
*phys.org*

*NV centers*



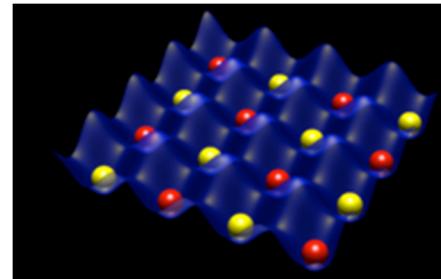
*phys.org*

*NMR*



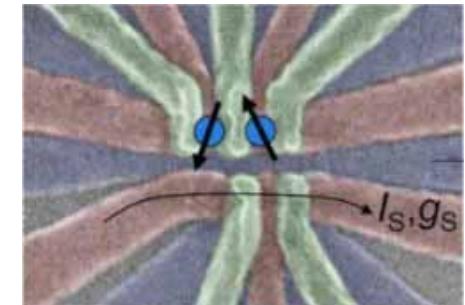
*chemie.tu*

*Neutral atoms*



*NIST*

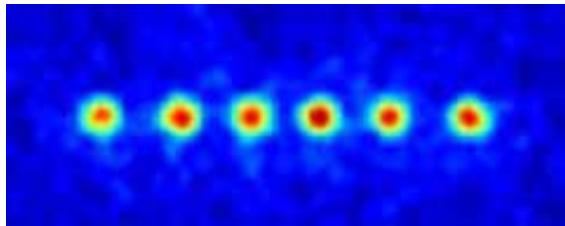
*Quantum dots*



*sciencemag.org*

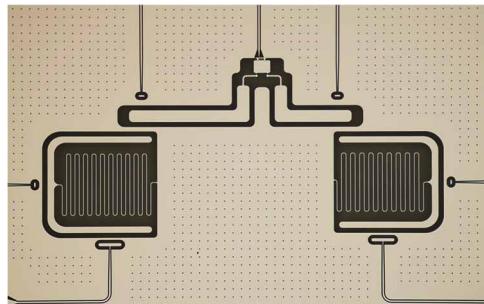
# Different Platforms

*Ion trap*



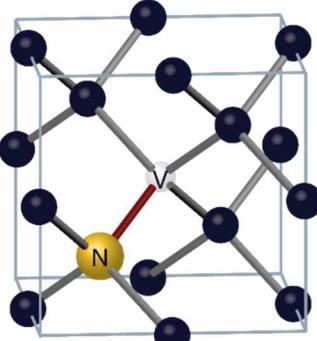
*quantumoptics.at*

*Superconducting circuits*



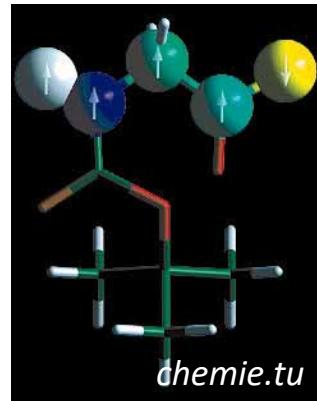
*Schuster lab*

*NV centers*



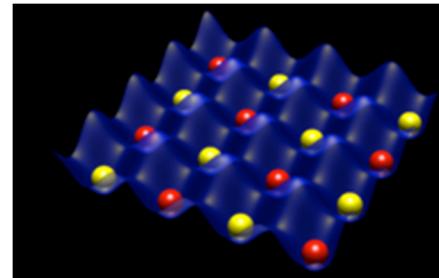
*phys.org*

*NMR*



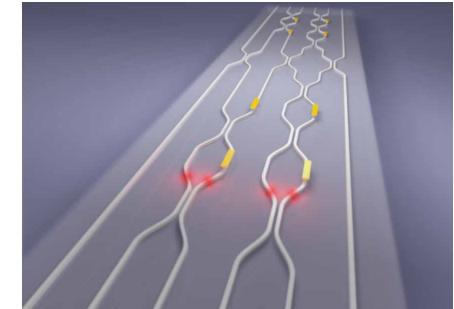
*chemie.tu*

*Neutral atoms*



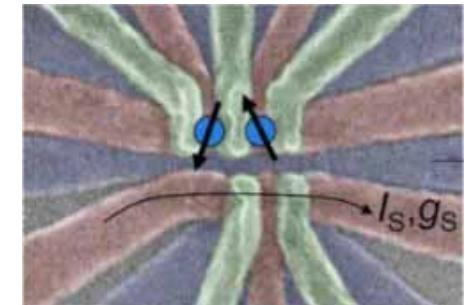
*NIST*

*Photonic crystals*



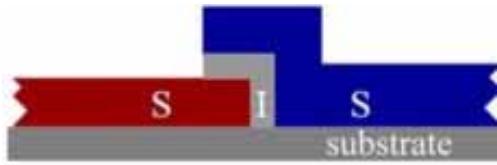
*phys.org*

*Quantum dots*

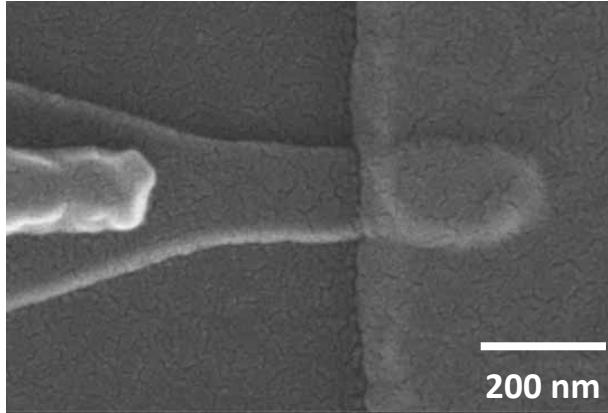


*sciencemag.org*

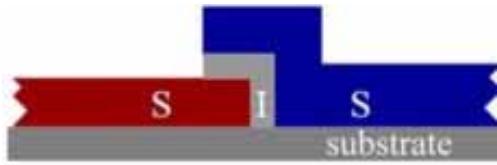
# Superconducting Circuits



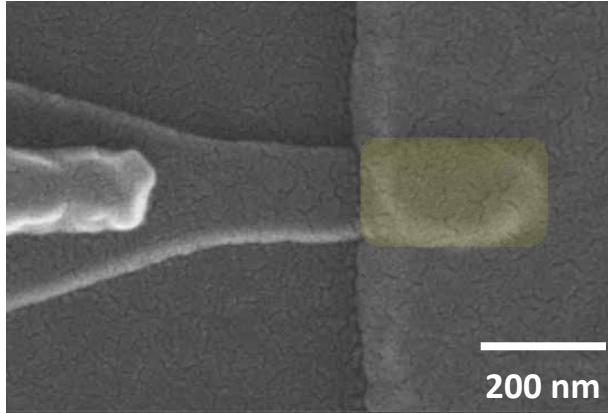
*Josephson Junction*



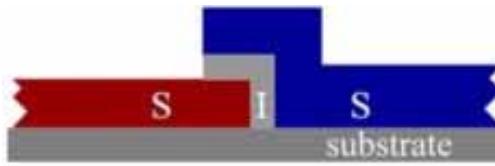
# Superconducting Circuits



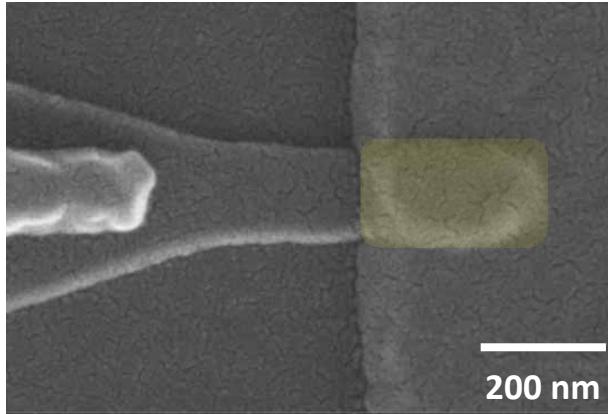
*Josephson Junction*



# Superconducting Circuits



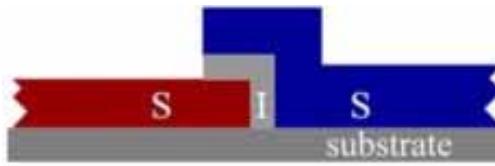
*Josephson Junction*



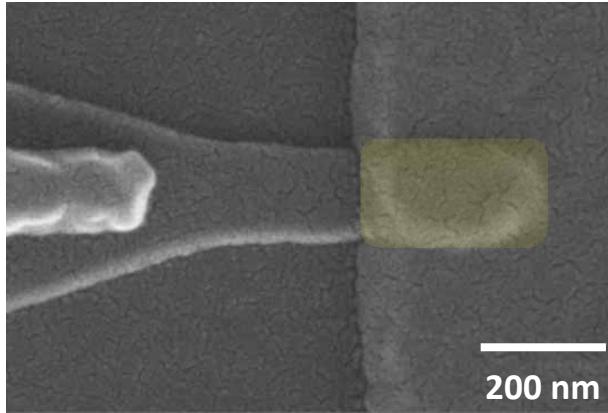
*Lossless nonlinear inductor*

$$L_J(I) = \frac{\varphi_0}{(I_0^2 - I^2)^{1/2}}$$

# Superconducting Circuits



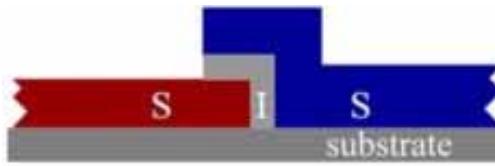
*Josephson Junction*



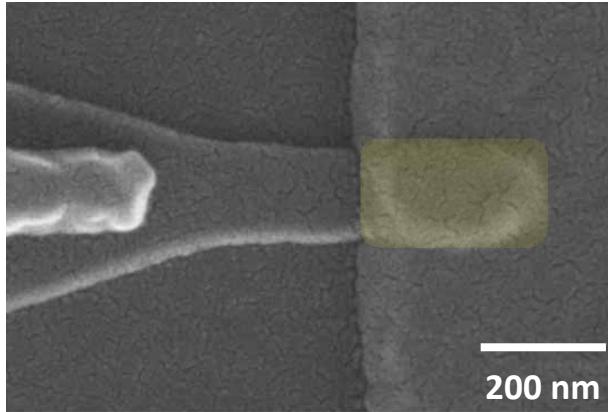
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# Superconducting Circuits

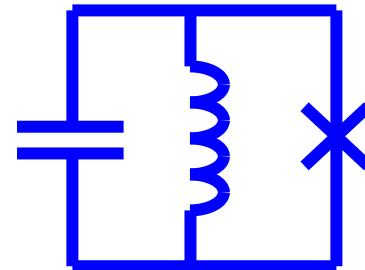


*Josephson Junction*

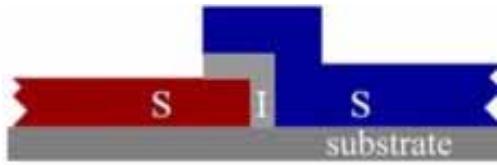


*Lossless nonlinear inductor*

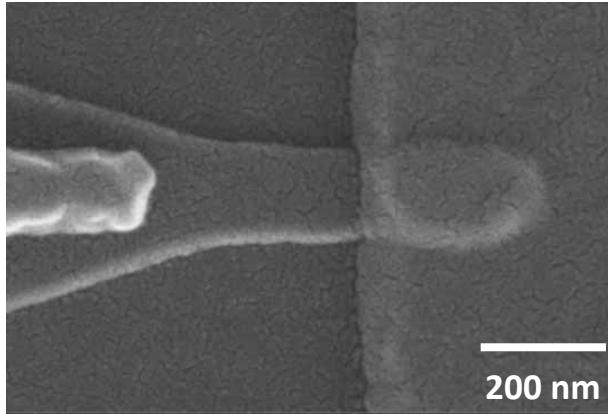
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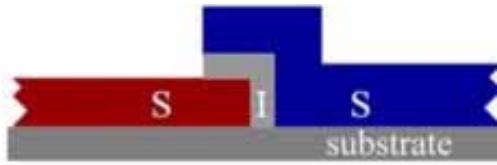
# Superconducting Circuits



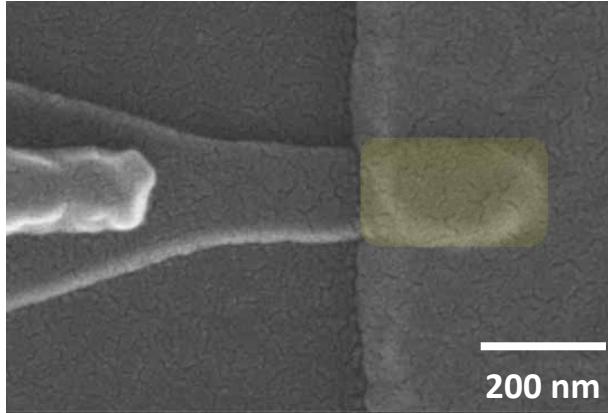
*Josephson Junction*



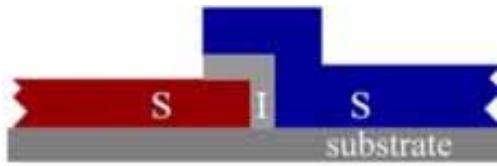
# Superconducting Circuits



*Josephson Junction*



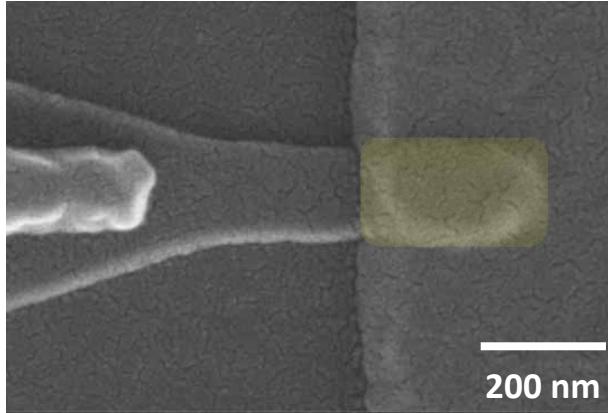
# Superconducting Circuits



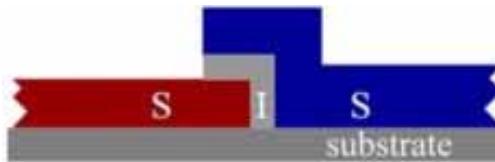
*Josephson Junction*

$$I(t) = I_0 \sin \delta(t)$$

$$V(t) = \varphi_0 \dot{\delta}(t)$$



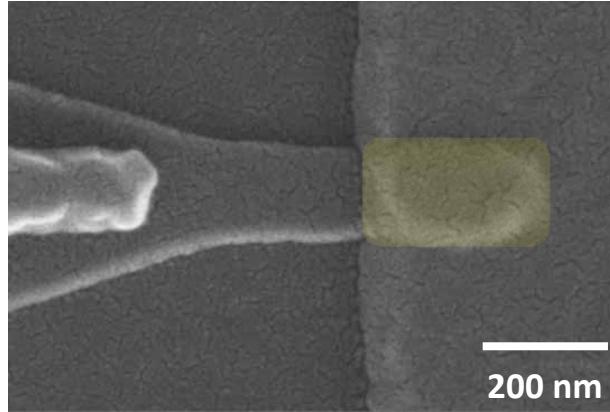
# Superconducting Circuits



*Josephson Junction*

$$I(t) = I_0 \sin \delta(t)$$

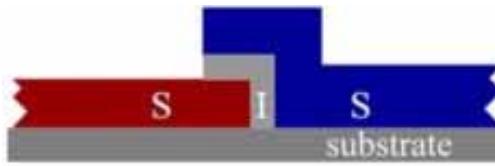
$$V(t) = \varphi_0 \dot{\delta}(t)$$



*Lossless nonlinear inductor*

$$L_J(I) = \frac{\varphi_0}{(I_0^2 - I^2)^{1/2}}$$

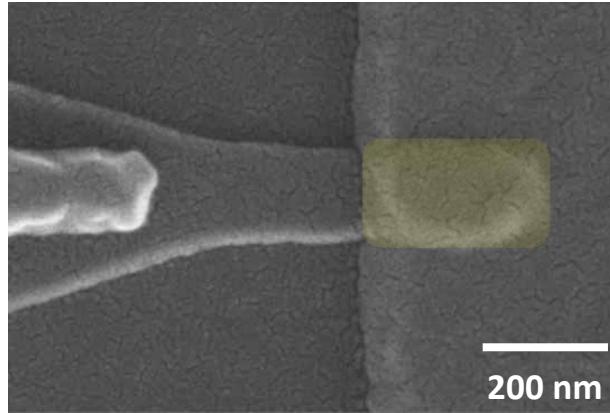
# Superconducting Circuits



*Josephson Junction*

$$I(t) = I_0 \sin \delta(t)$$

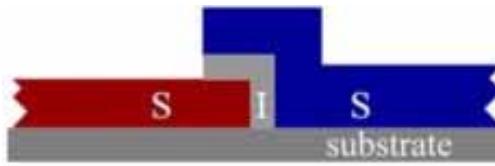
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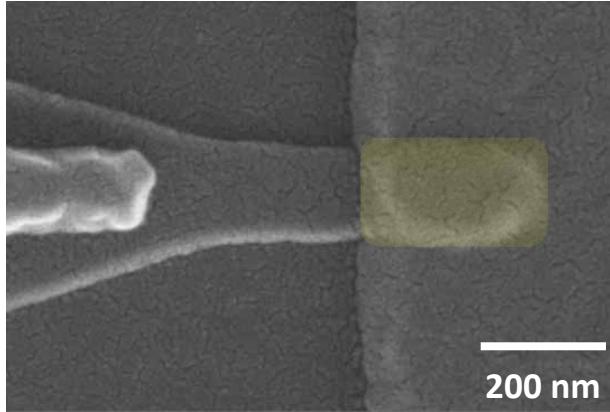
$$L_J(I) = \frac{\varphi_0}{(I_0^2 - I^2)^{1/2}}$$

# Superconducting Circuits



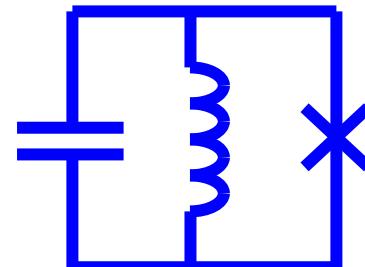
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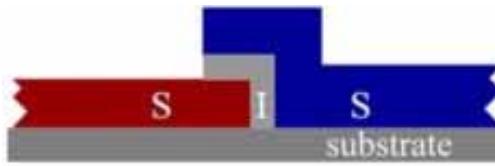


*Lossless nonlinear inductor*

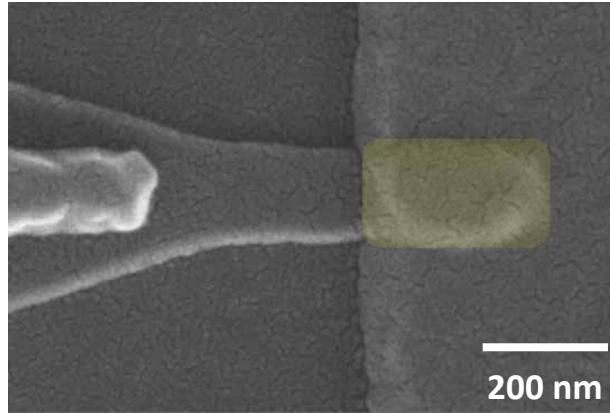
$$L_J(I) = \frac{\varphi_0}{(I_0^2 - I^2)^{1/2}}$$



# Superconducting Circuits

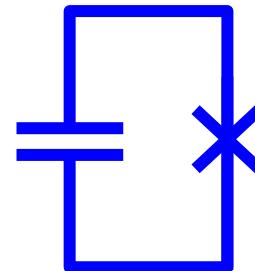


*Josephson Junction*



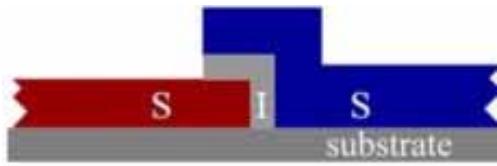
*Lossless nonlinear inductor*

$$L_J(I) = \frac{\varphi_0}{(I_0^2 - I^2)^{1/2}}$$



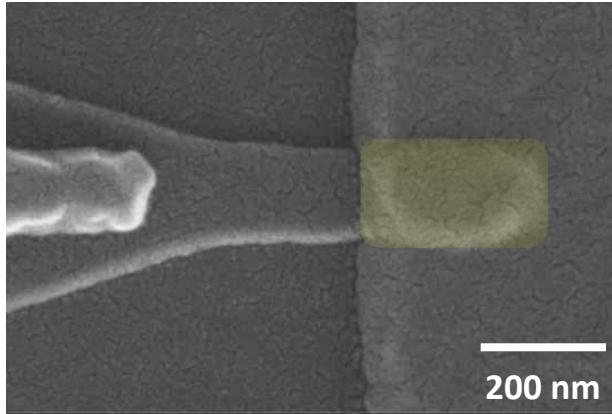
*Transmon*

# Superconducting Circuits

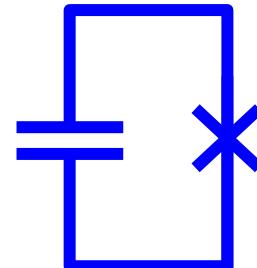


Josephson Junction

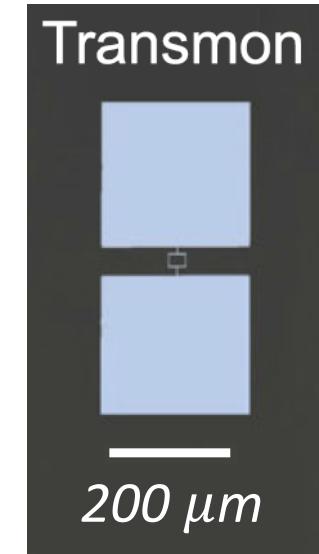
Lossless nonlinear inductor



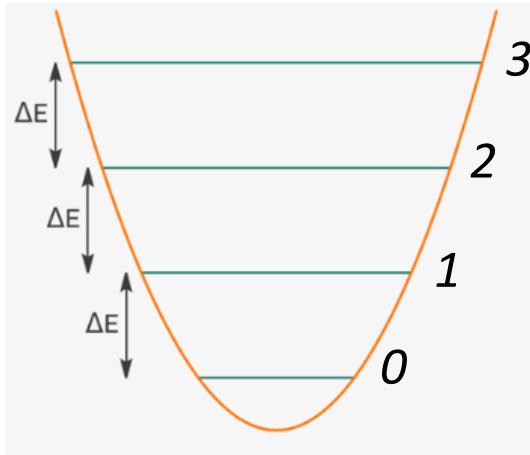
$$L_J(I) = \frac{\varphi_0}{(I_0^2 - I^2)^{1/2}}$$



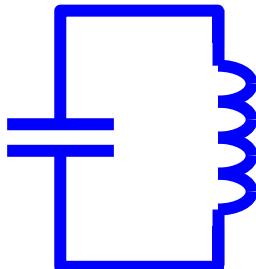
Transmon



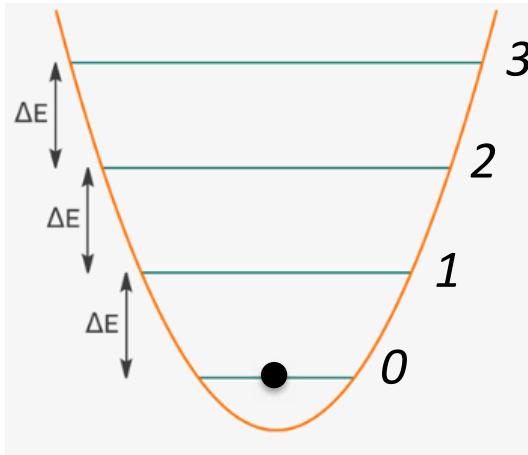
# Transmon: Anharmonic Oscillator



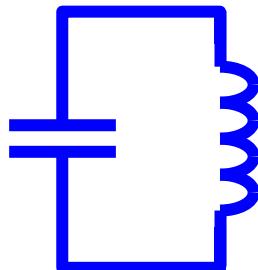
*Harmonic Oscillator*



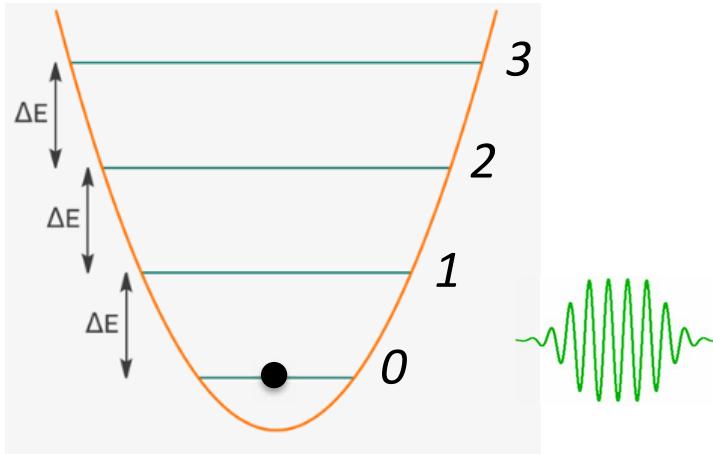
# Transmon: Anharmonic Oscillator



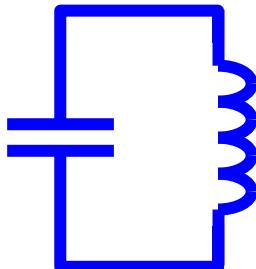
*Harmonic Oscillator*



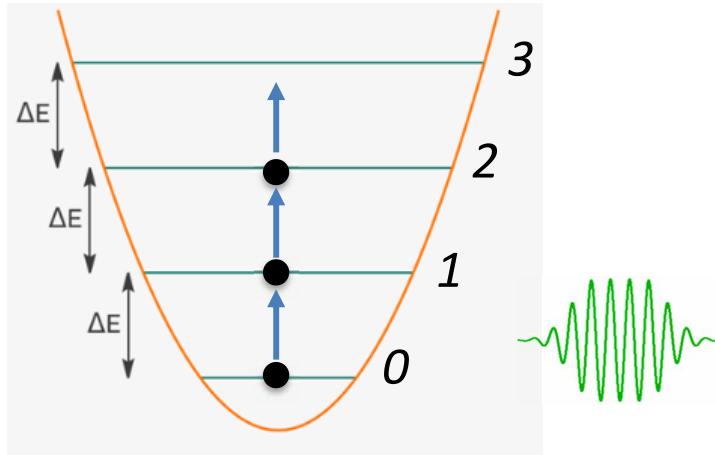
# Transmon: Anharmonic Oscillator



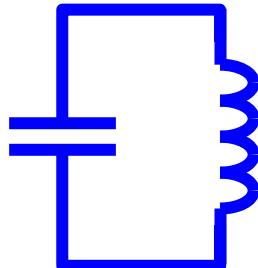
*Harmonic Oscillator*



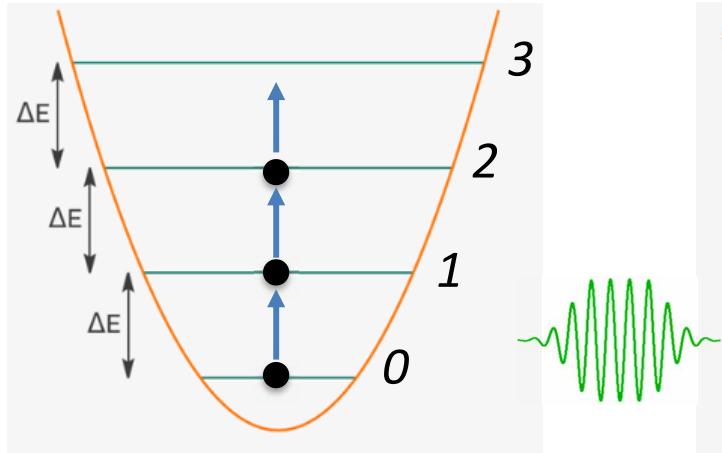
# Transmon: Anharmonic Oscillator



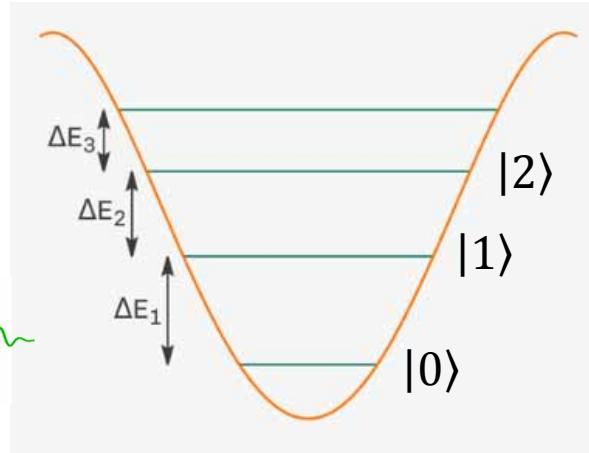
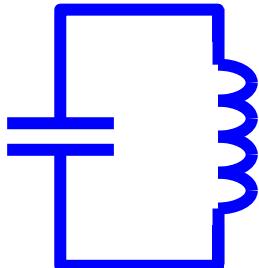
*Harmonic Oscillator*



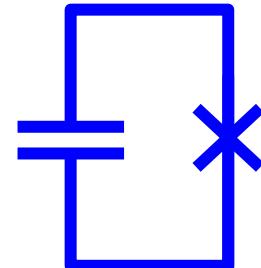
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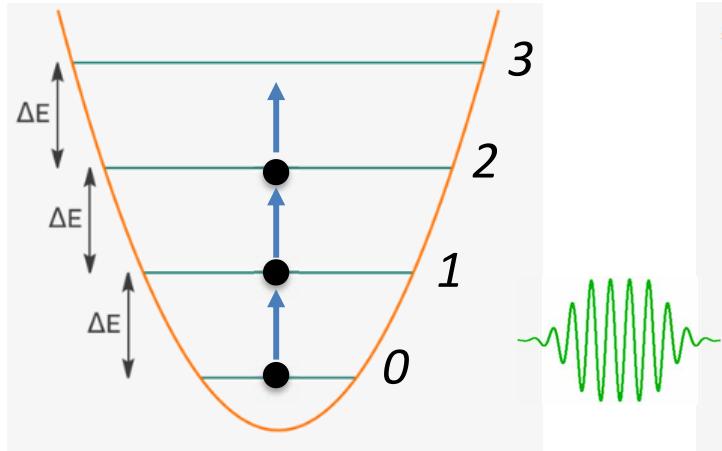
*Harmonic Oscillator*



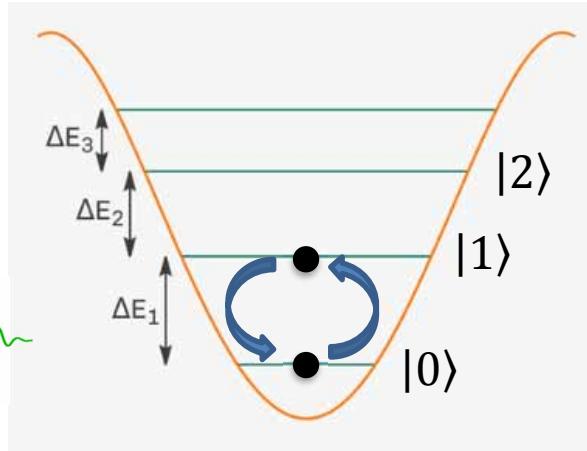
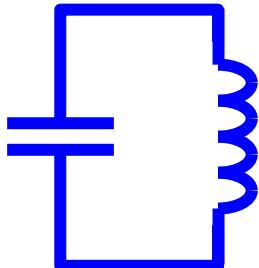
*Anharmonic Oscillator*



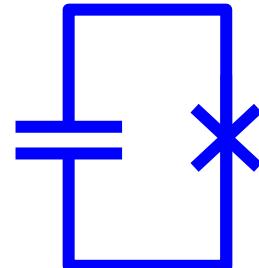
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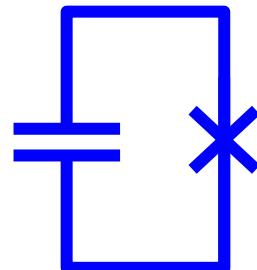
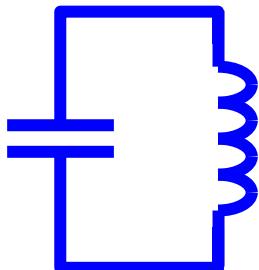
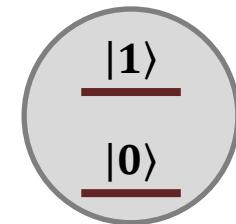
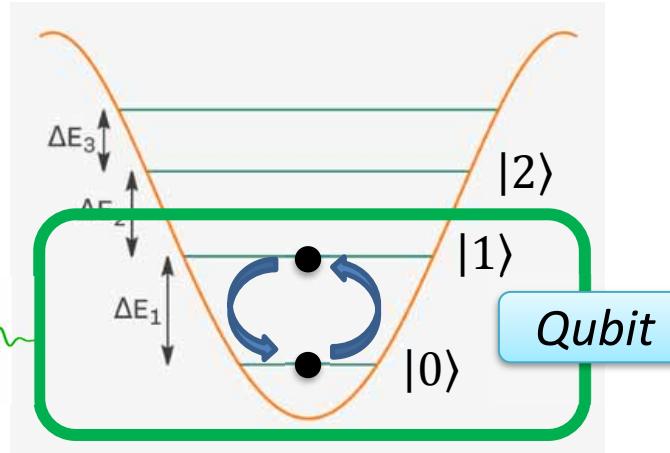
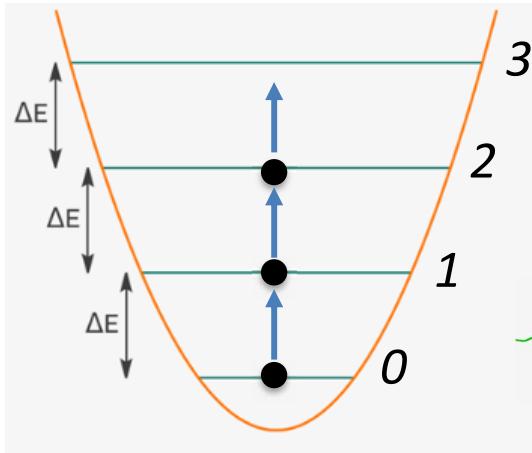
Harmonic Oscillator



Anharmonic Oscillator

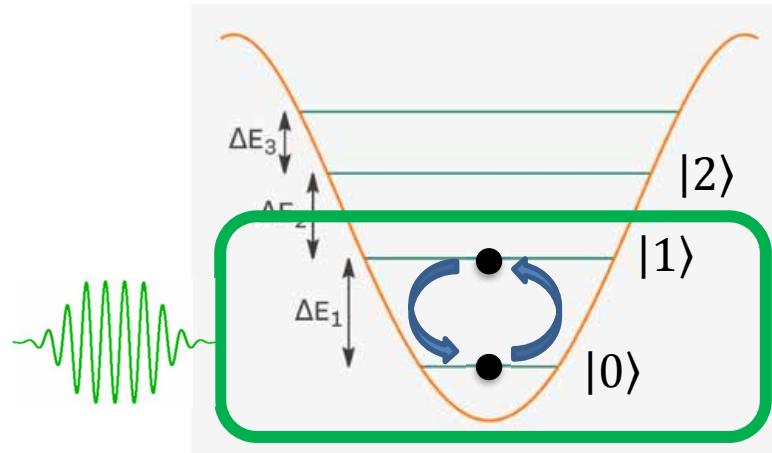


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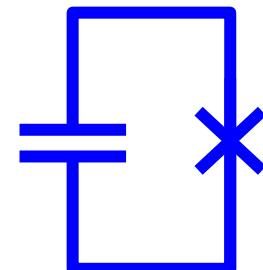


# Operating Temperature

$$f_{01} \approx \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{L_J C}}$$

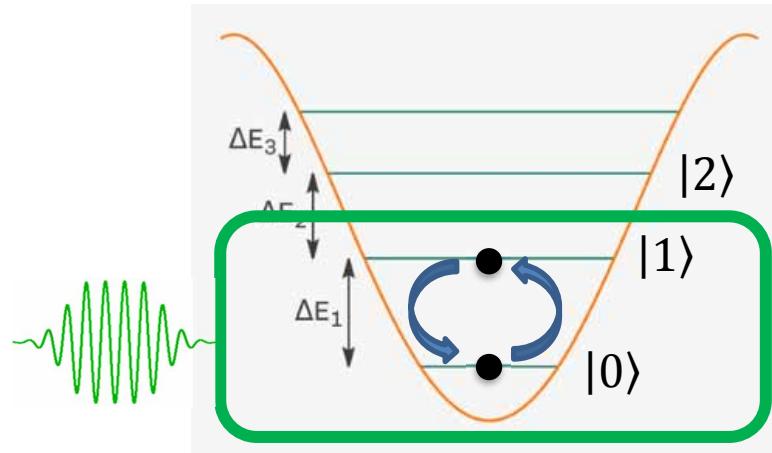


*Anharmonic Oscillator*

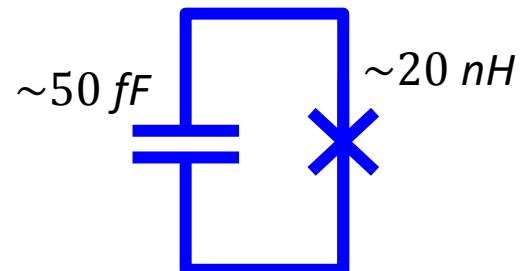


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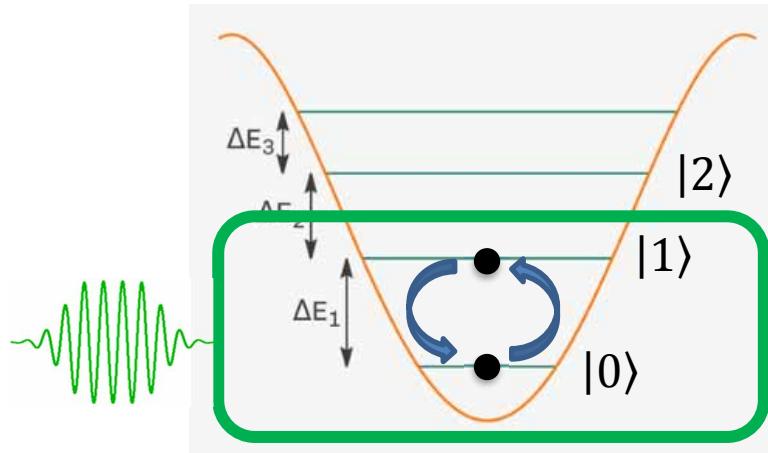
*Anharmonic Oscillator*



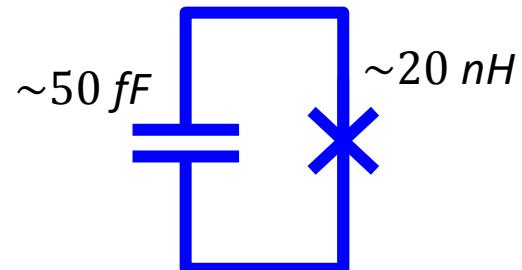
# Operating Temperature

$$f_{01} \approx \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{L_J C}}$$

$\sim 5 \text{ GHz}$



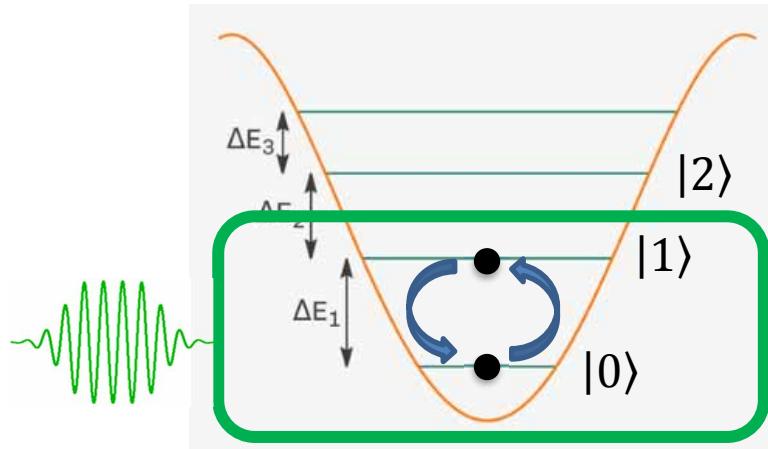
*Anharmonic Oscillator*



# Operating Temperature

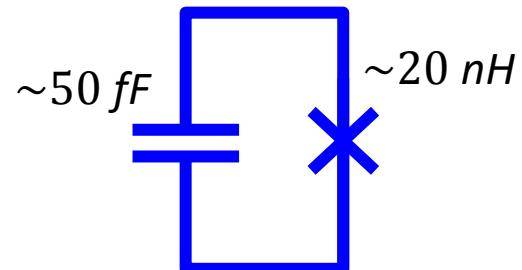
$$f_{01} \approx \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{L_J C}}$$

$\sim 5 \text{ GHz}$



$$k_B T \ll h f_{01}$$

*Anharmonic Oscillator*



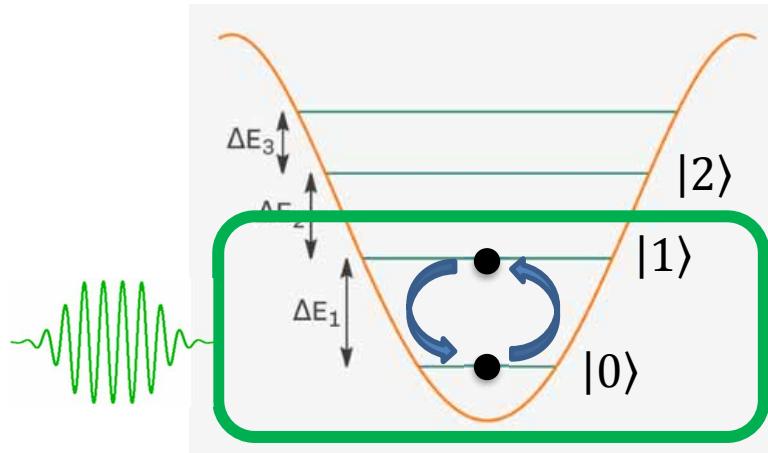
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$$f_{01} \approx \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{L_J C}}$$

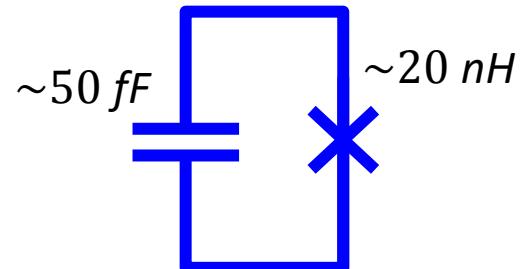
$\sim 5 \text{ GHz}$

$$k_B T \ll h f_{01}$$

$\sim 240 \text{ mK}$



Anharmonic Oscillator



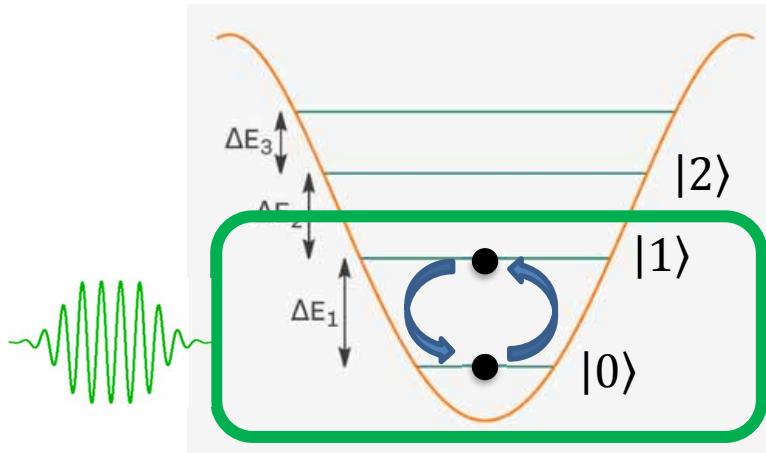
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$$f_{01} \approx \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{L_J C}}$$

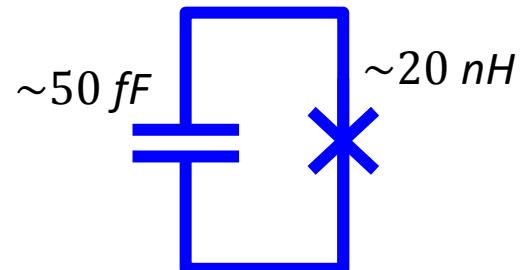
$\sim 5 \text{ GHz}$

$$k_B T \ll h f_{01}$$

$20 \text{ mK}$        $\sim 240 \text{ mK}$



*Anharmonic Oscillator*



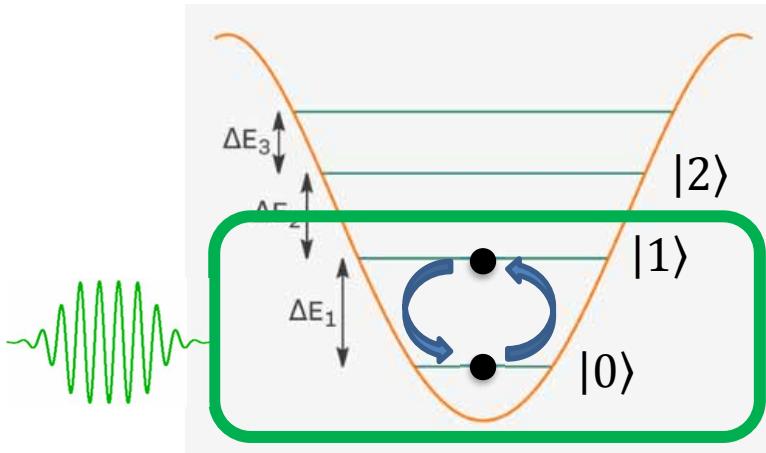
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$$f_{01} \approx \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{L_J C}}$$

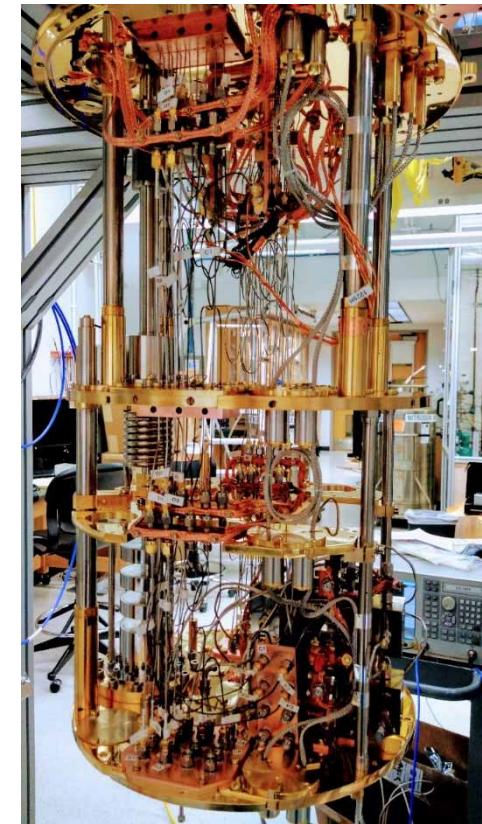
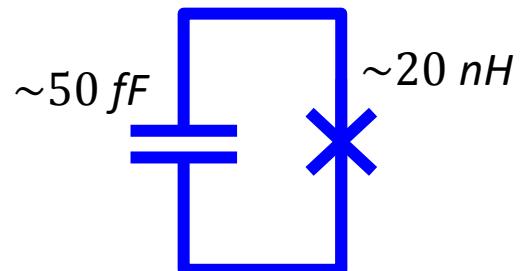
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$$k_B T \ll h f_{01}$$

$20 \text{ mK}$        $\sim 240 \text{ mK}$

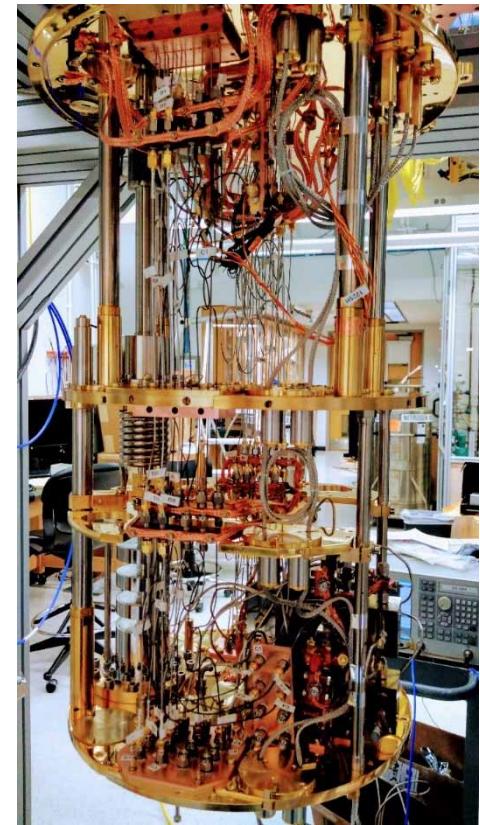
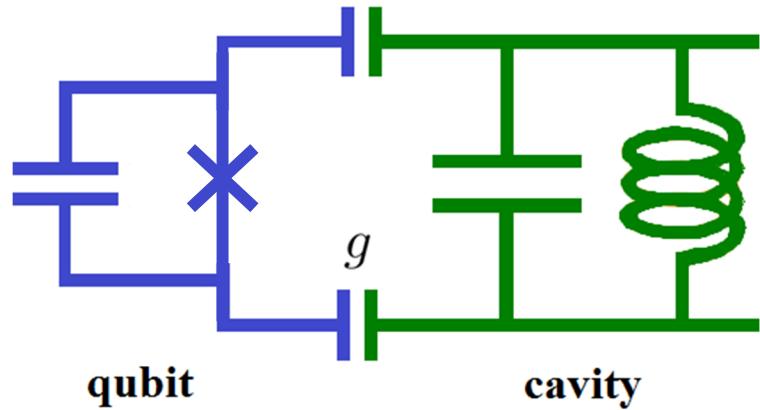


Anharmonic Oscillator



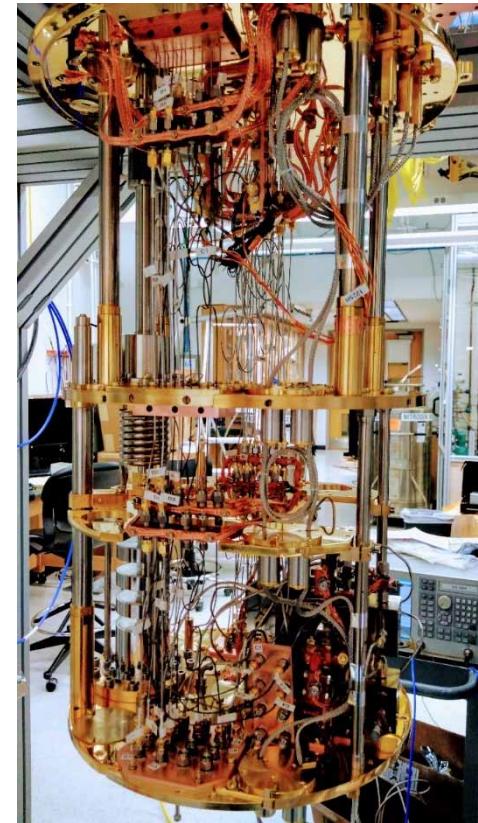
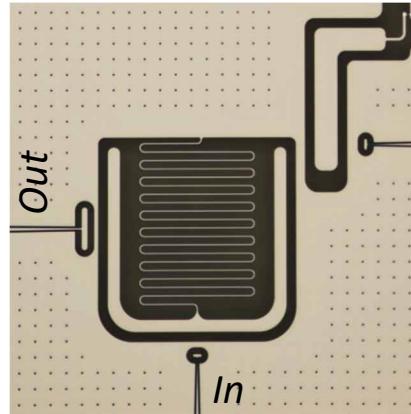
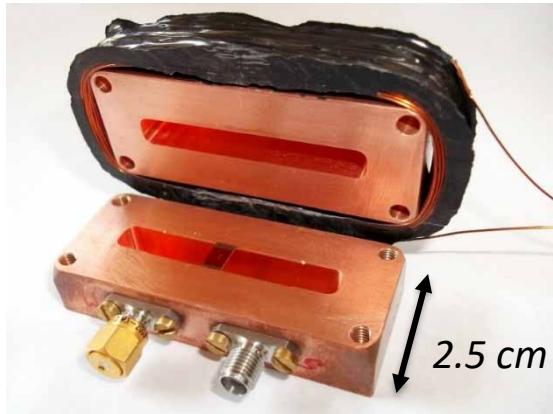
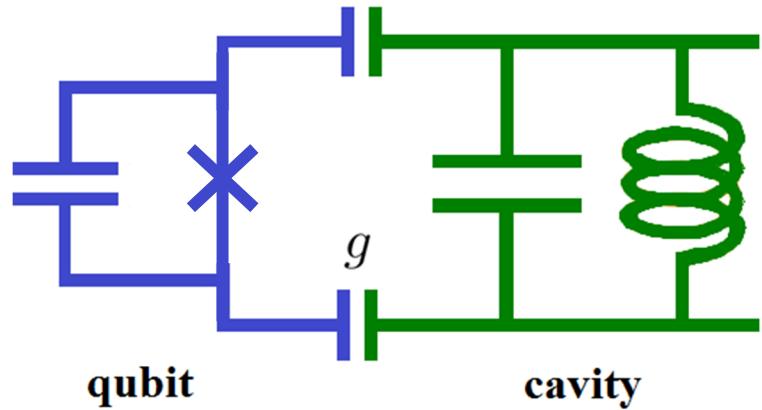
Dilution fridge  $\sim 10 \text{ mK}$

# Circuit QED Architecture

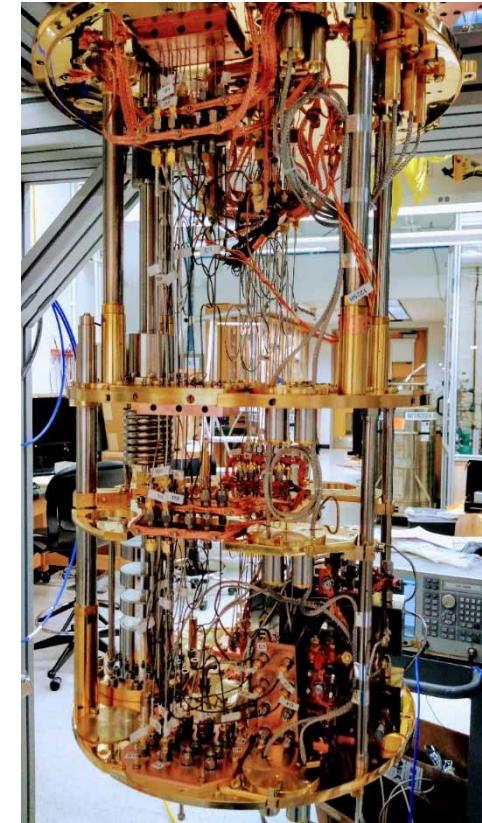
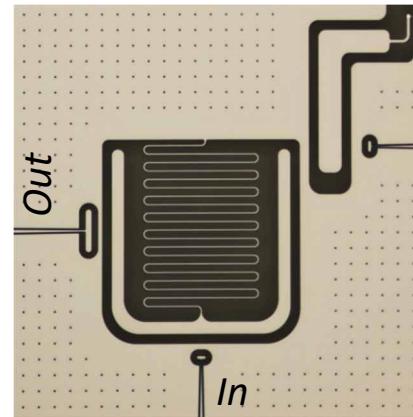
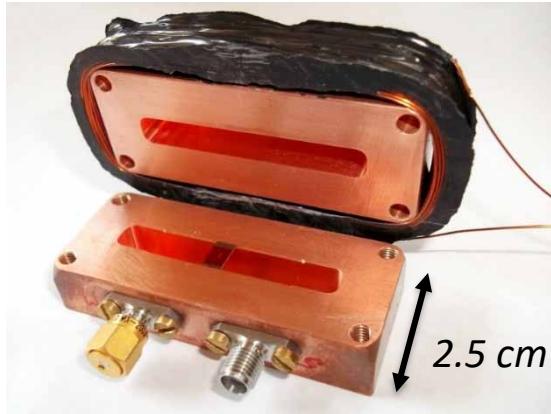
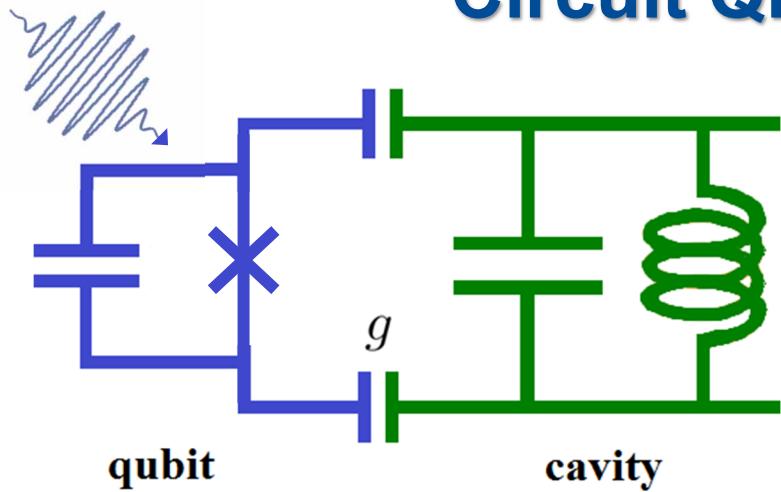


*Dilution fridge  $\sim 10 \text{ mK}$*

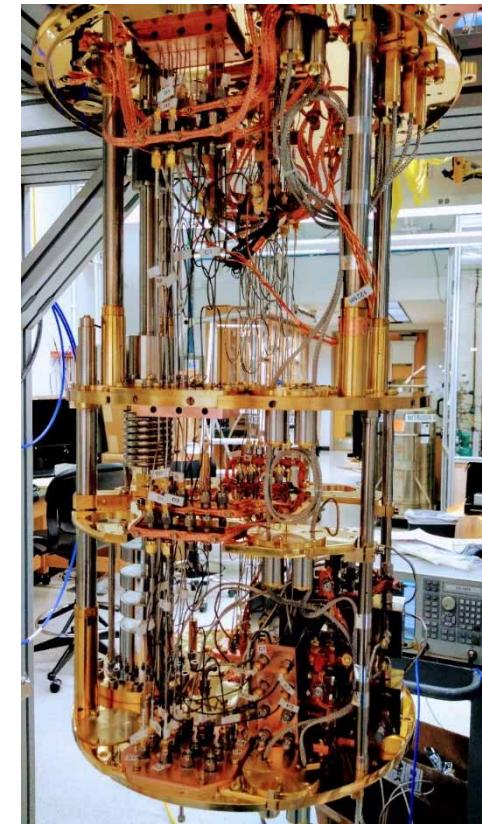
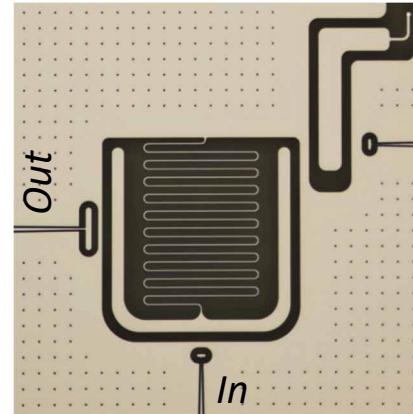
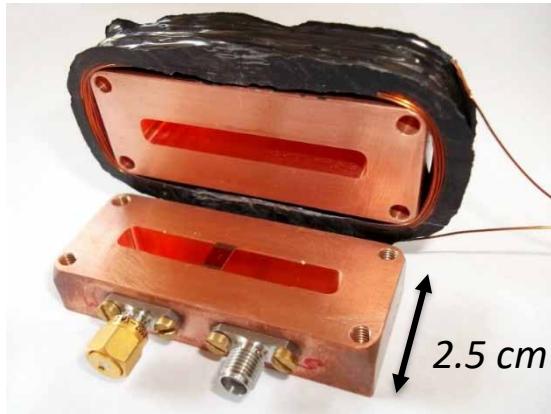
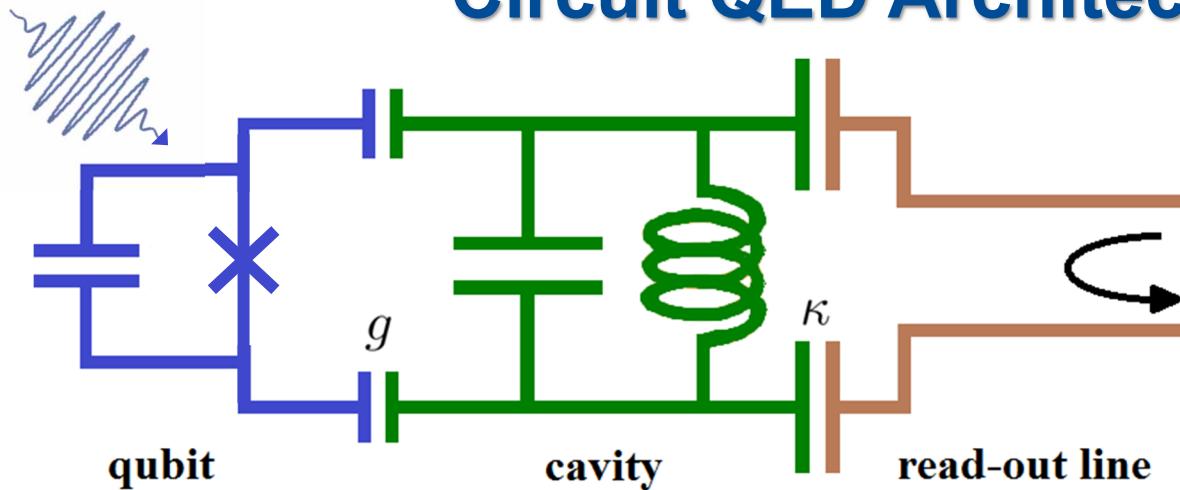
# Circuit QED Architecture



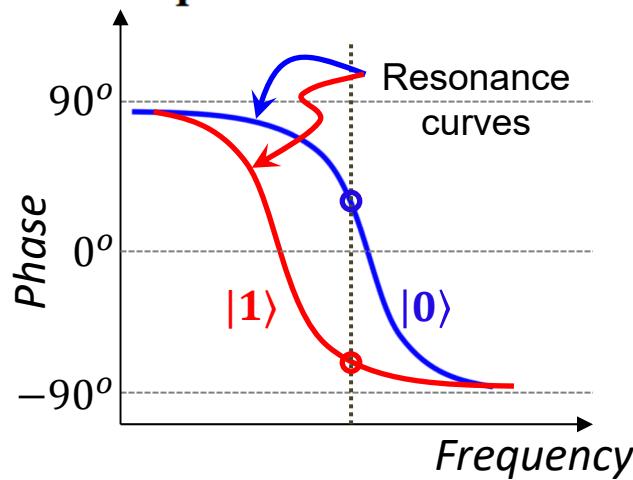
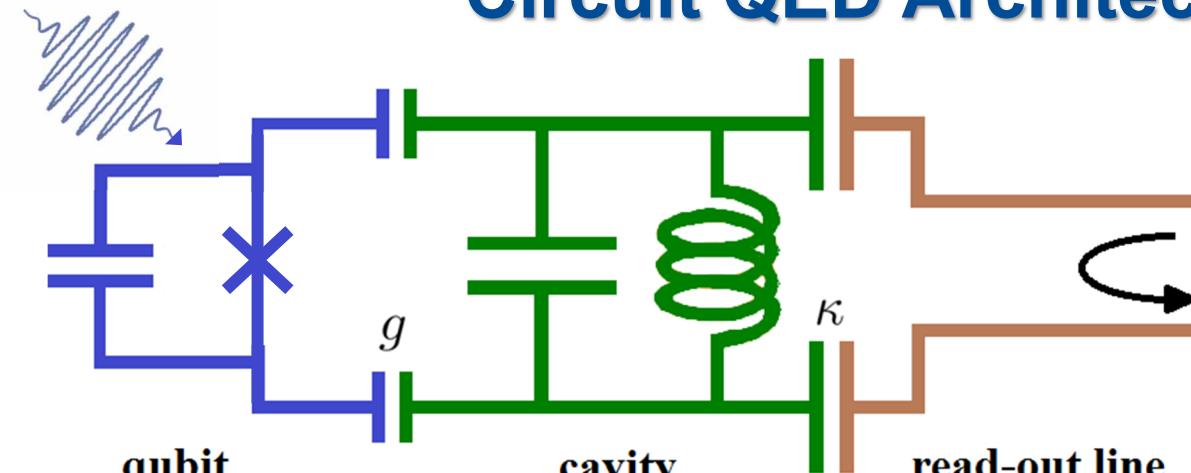
# Circuit QED Architecture



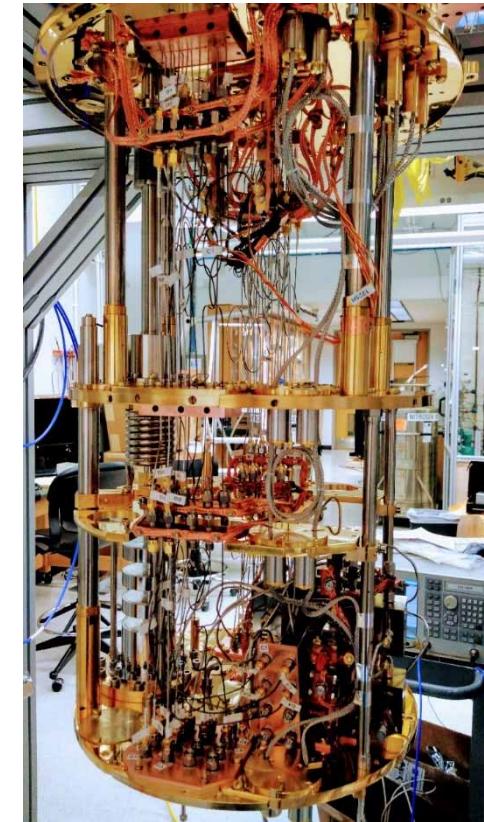
# Circuit QED Architecture



# Circuit QED Architecture

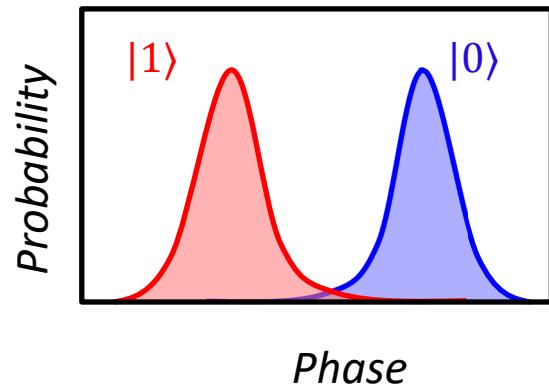
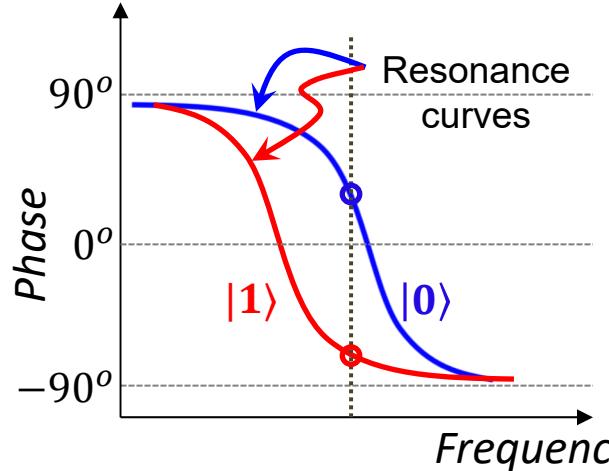
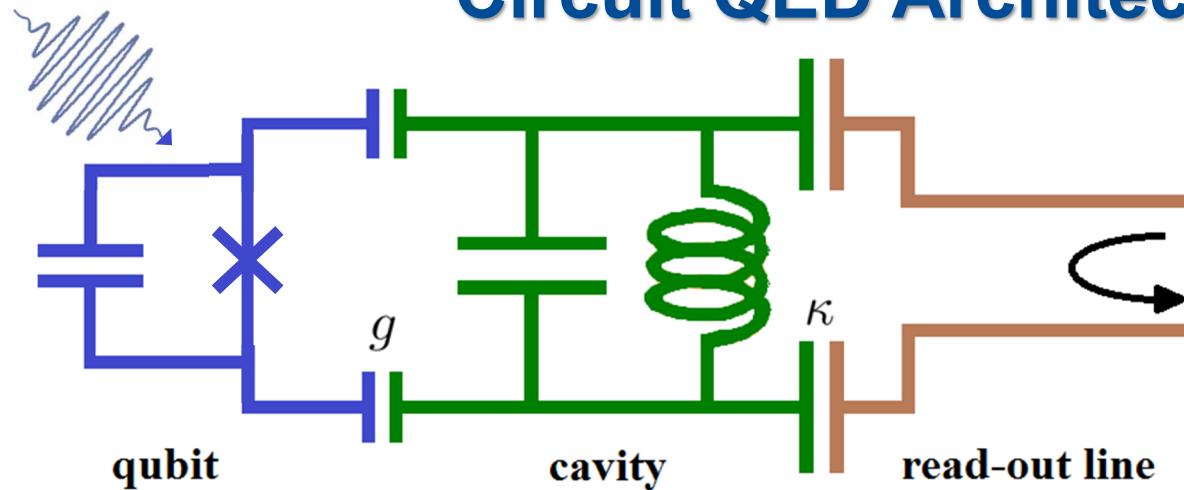


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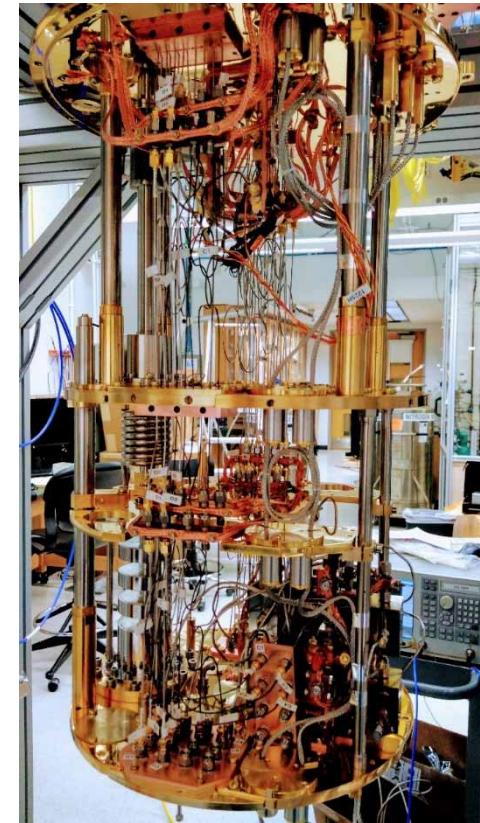


Dilution fridge  $\sim 10$  mK

# Circuit QED Architecture

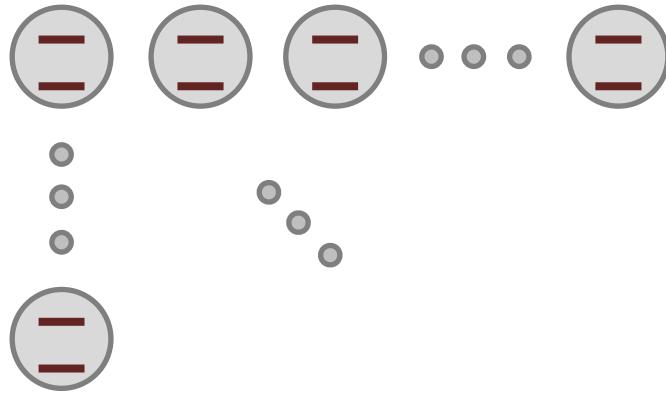


Tanay Roy - Fermilab



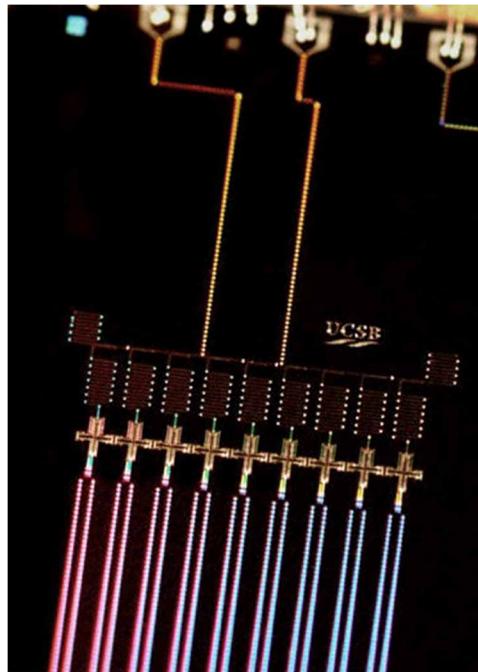
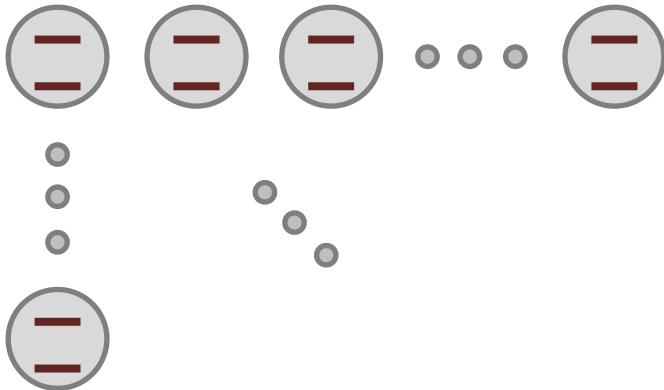
# Traditional Multi-qubit Architecture

*Linear or planar geometry*

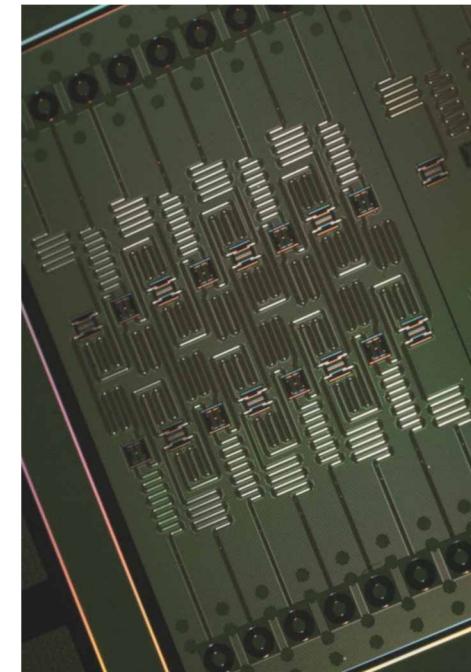


# Traditional Multi-qubit Architecture

*Linear or planar geometry*



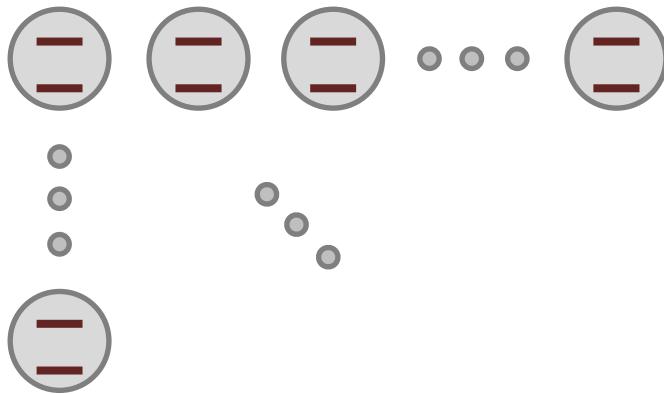
UCSB, *Nature* 519 (7541)



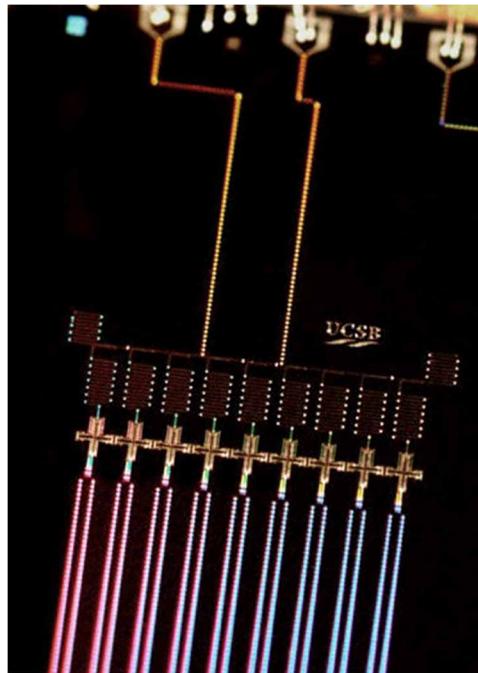
IBM

# Traditional Multi-qubit Architecture

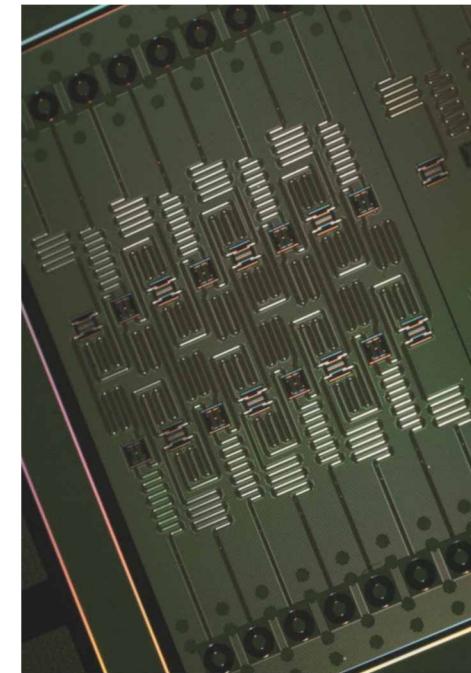
*Linear or planar geometry*



*Computational space:  $2^N$*



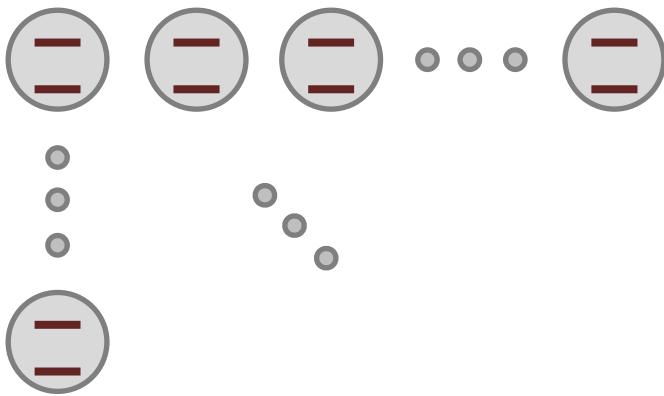
UCSB, Nature 519 (7541)



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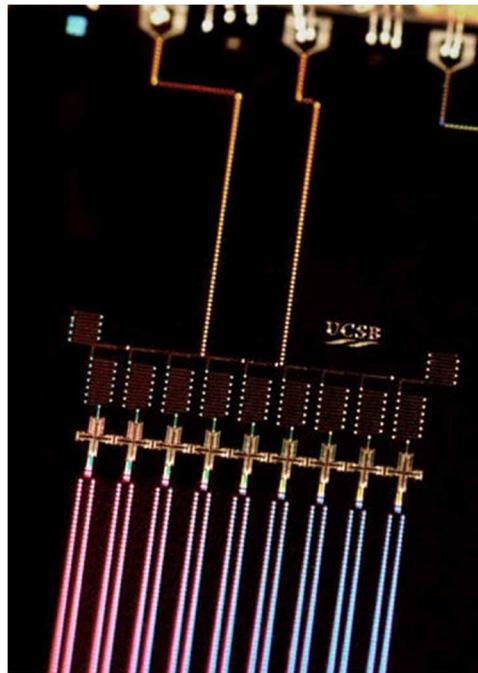
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*Linear or planar geometry*

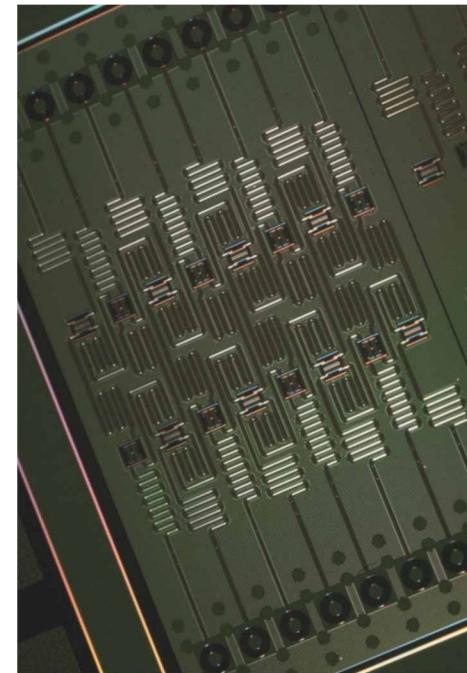


*Computational space:  $2^N$*

*Can we do better?*



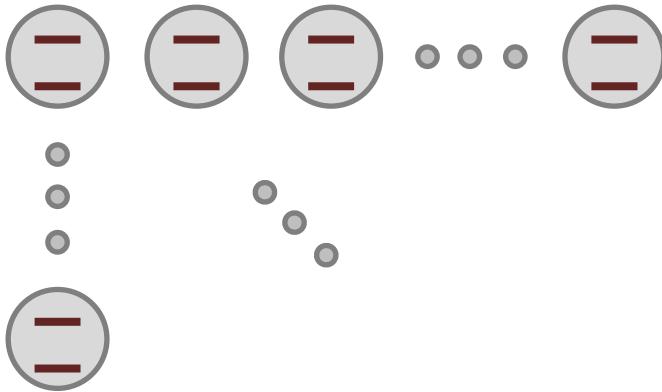
UCSB, Nature 519 (7541)



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# Traditional Multi-qubit Architecture

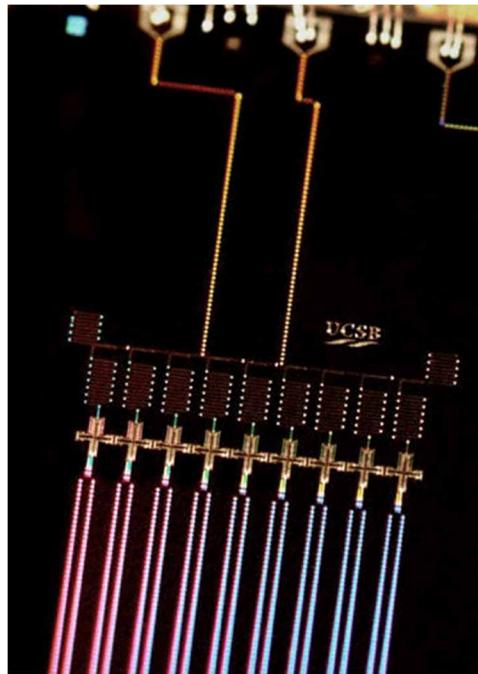
*Linear or planar geometry*



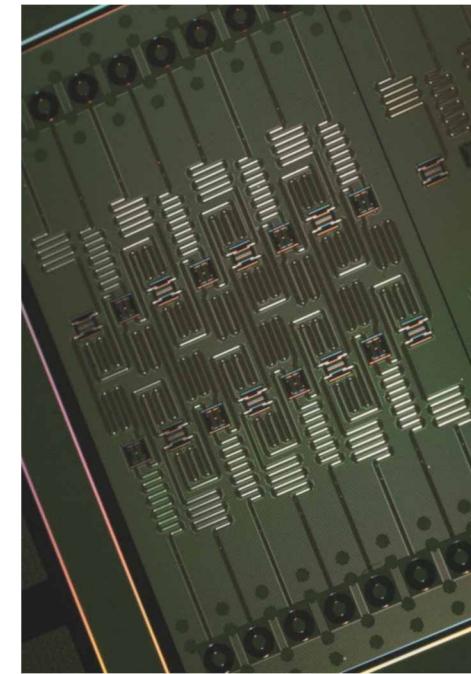
*Computational space:  $2^N$*

*Can we do better?*

*Scaling:  $d^N$ ,  $d > 2$*



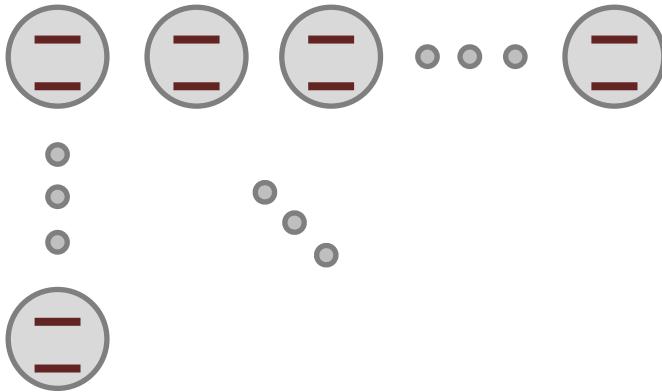
*UCSB, Nature 519 (7541)*



*IBM*

# Traditional Multi-qubit Architecture

*Linear or planar geometry*

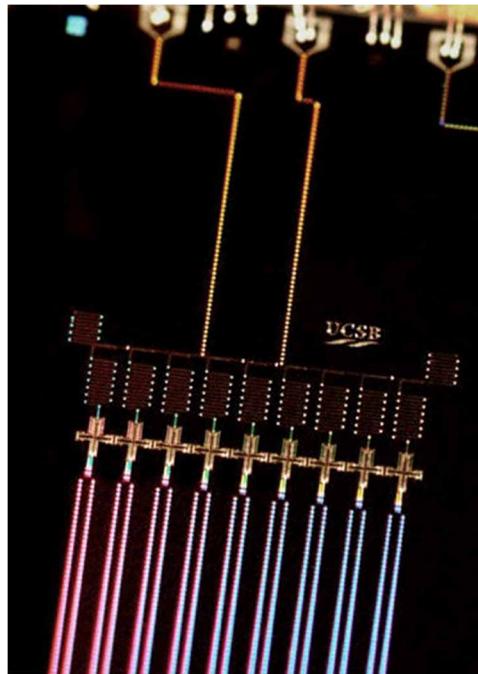


Computational space:  $2^N$

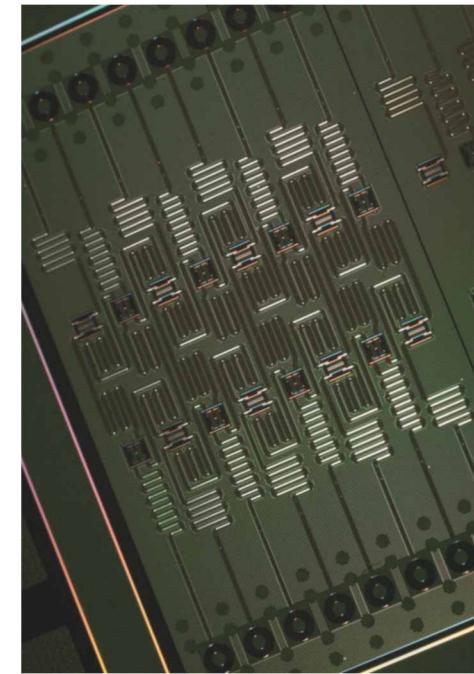
Can we do better?

Scaling:  $d^N$ ,  $d > 2$

Qudit



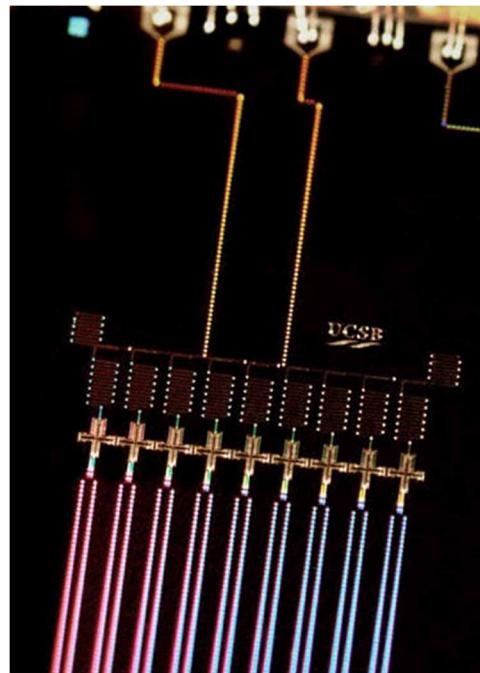
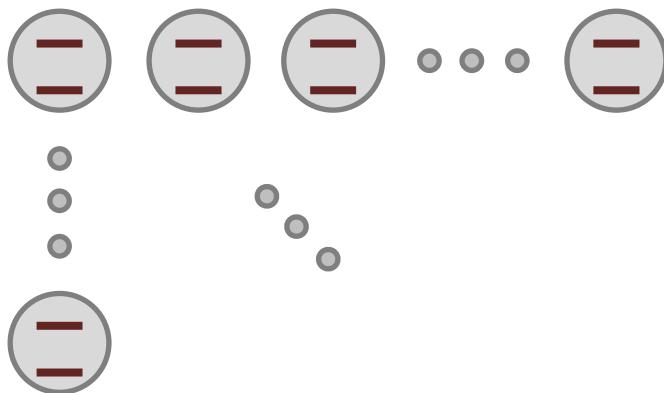
UCSB, Nature 519 (7541)



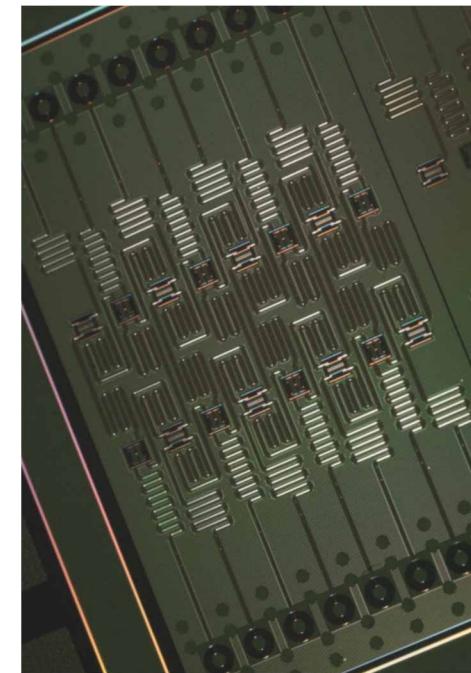
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# Problem of Relaxation

*Linear or planar geometry*



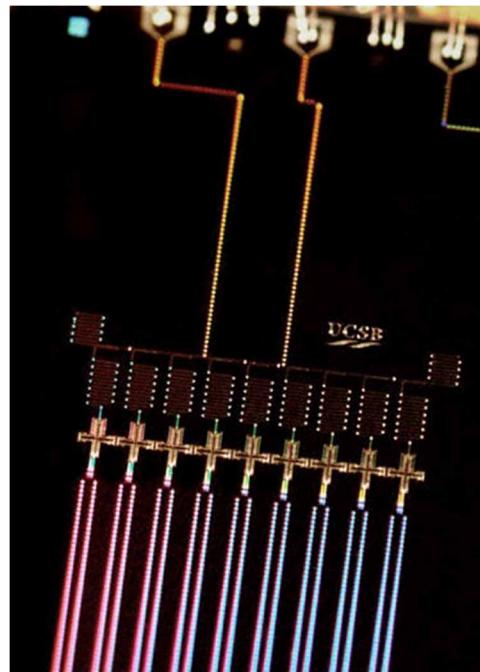
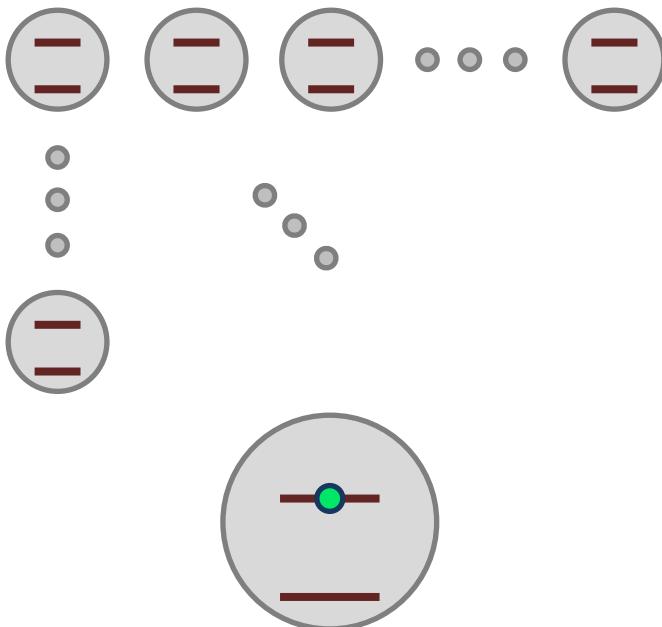
UCSB, Nature 519 (7541)



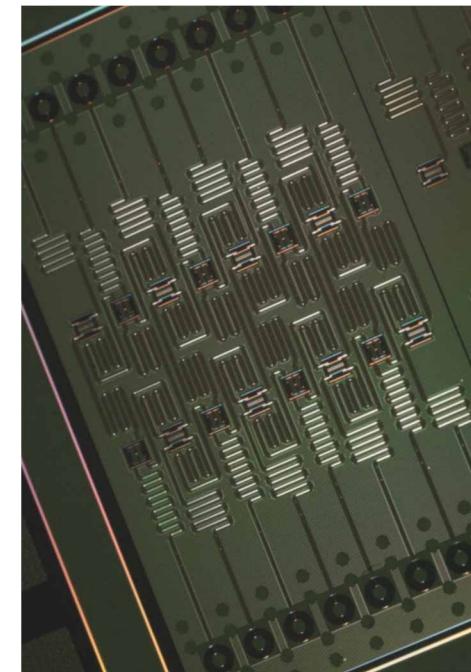
IBM

# Problem of Relaxation

*Linear or planar geometry*



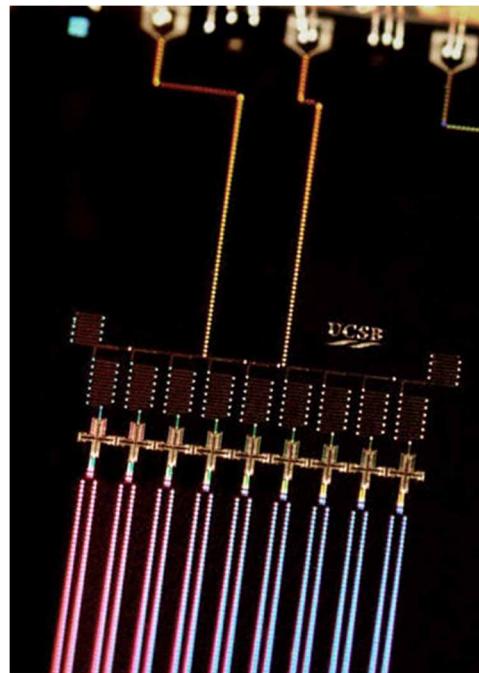
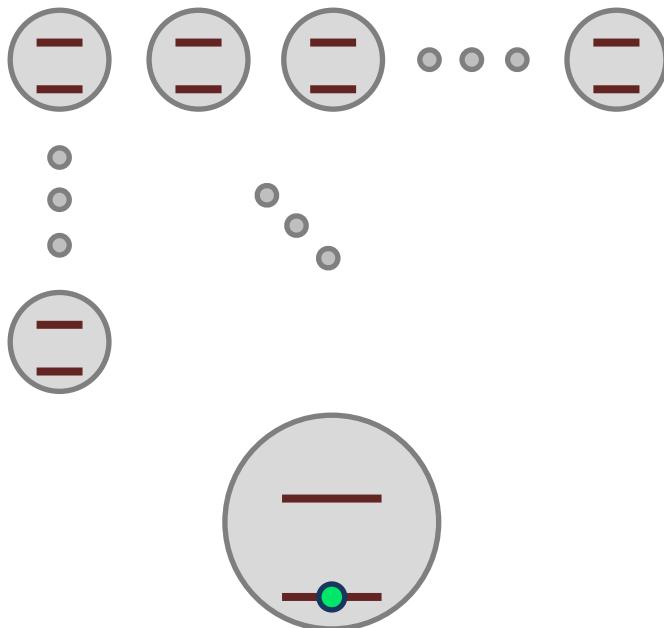
UCSB, Nature 519 (7541)



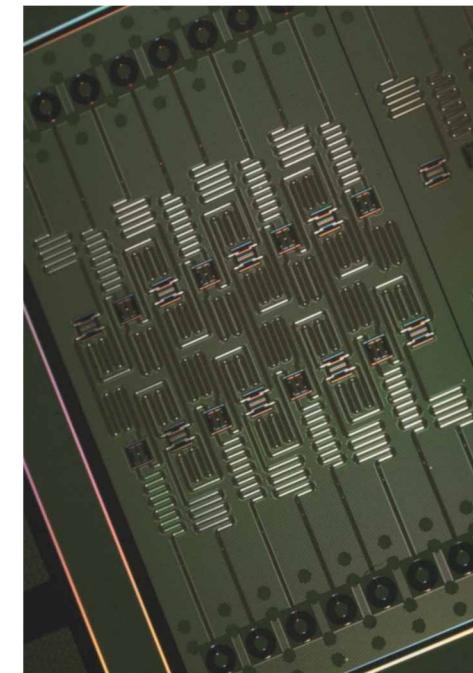
IBM

# Problem of Relaxation

*Linear or planar geometry*



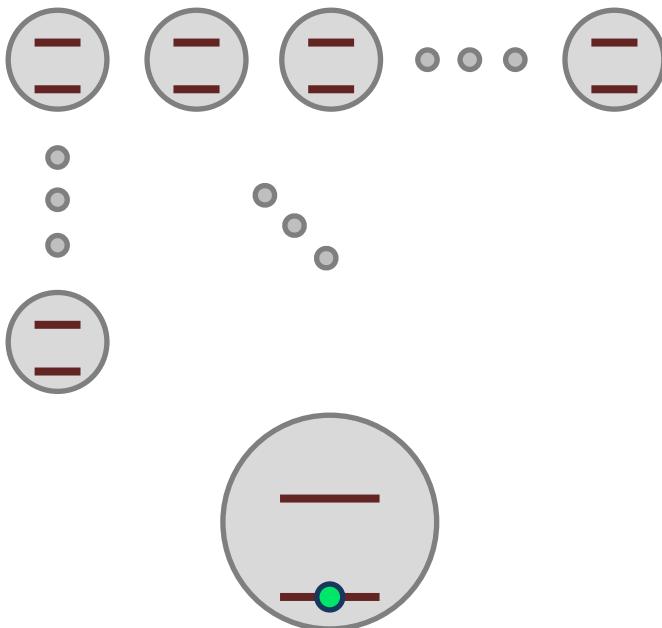
UCSB, Nature 519 (7541)



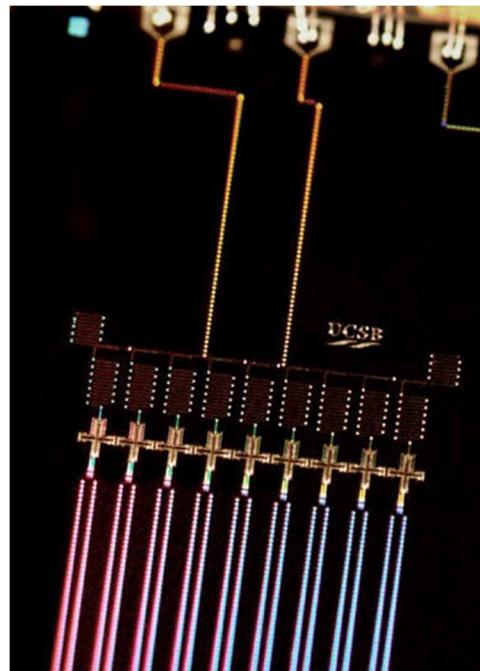
IBM

# Problem of Relaxation

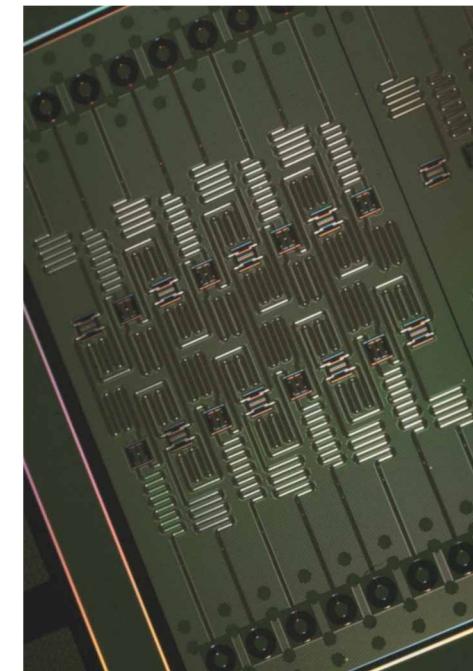
*Linear or planar geometry*



$$T_1 \sim 100 \mu s$$



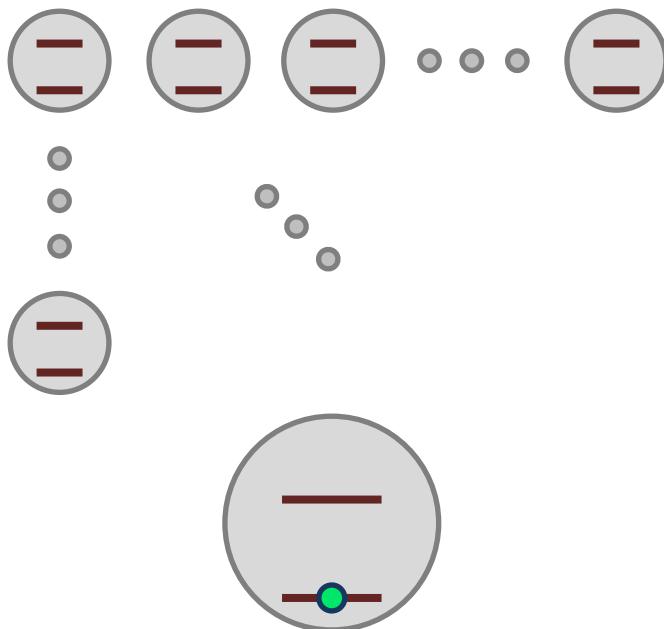
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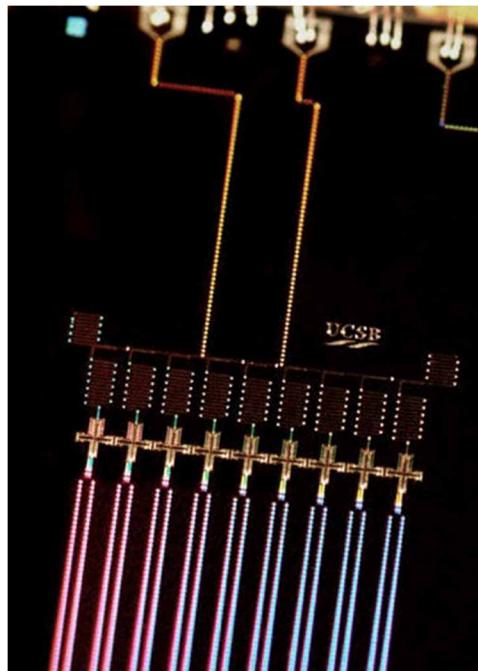
# Problem of Relaxation

*Linear or planar geometry*

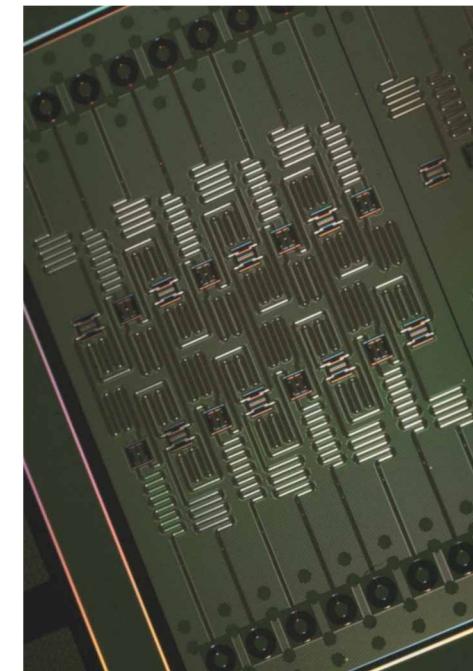


$$T_1 \sim 100 \mu s$$

$$Q: \text{a few } 10^6$$



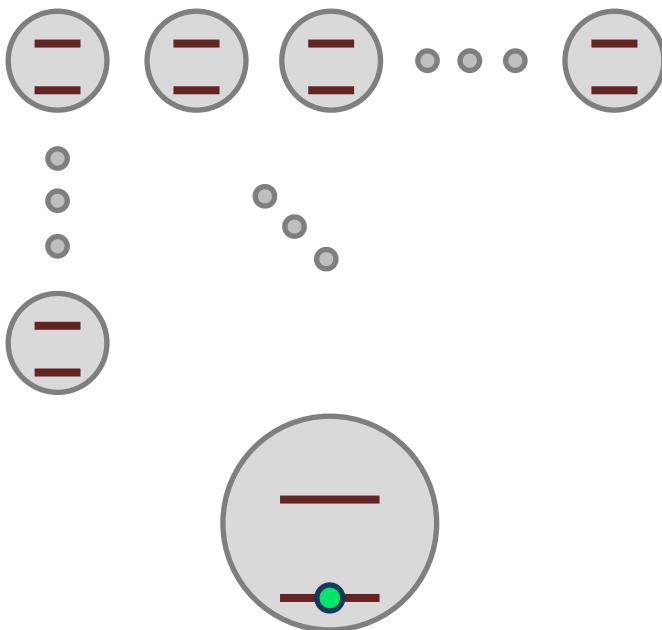
UCSB, Nature 519 (7541)



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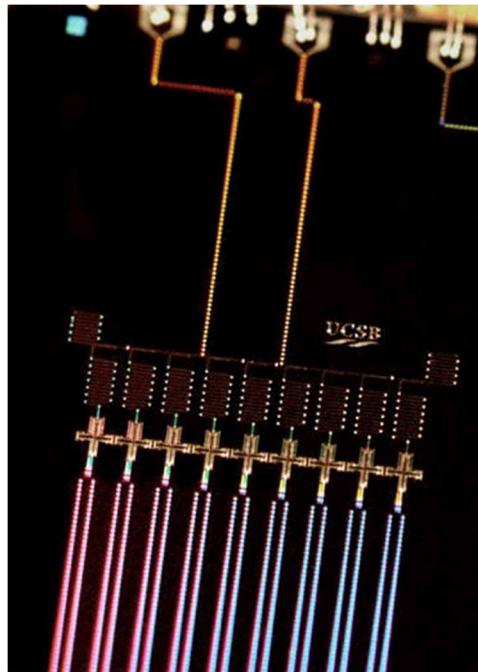
# Problem of Relaxation

*Linear or planar geometry*

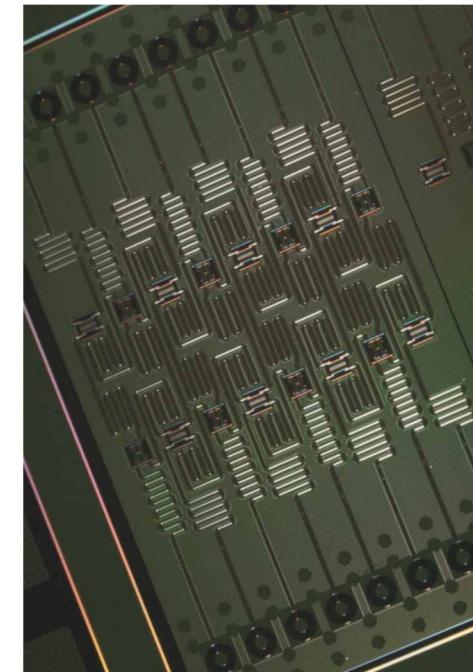


$T_1 \sim 100 \mu s$

$Q: a few 10^6$



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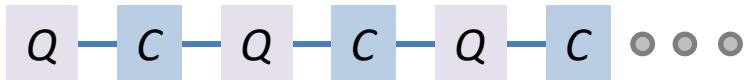


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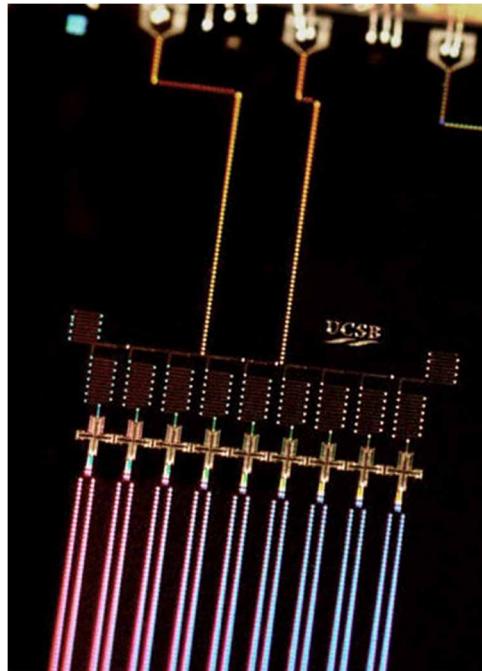
*Can we do better?*

# Traditional Architecture

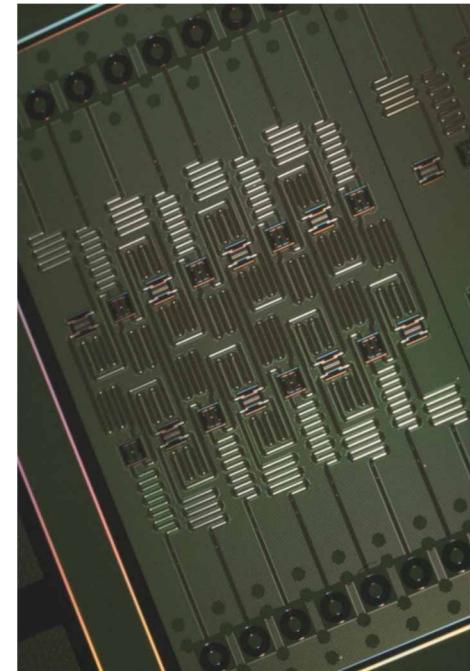
*Linear or planar geometry*



*Scaling:  $2^N$*



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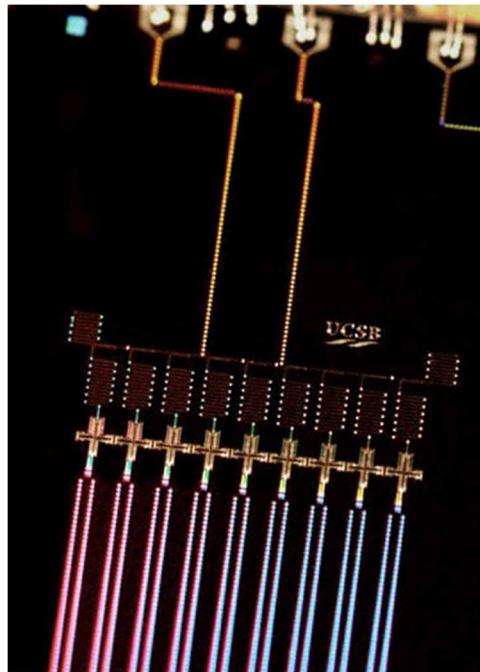
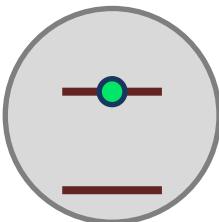
IBM

# Traditional Architecture

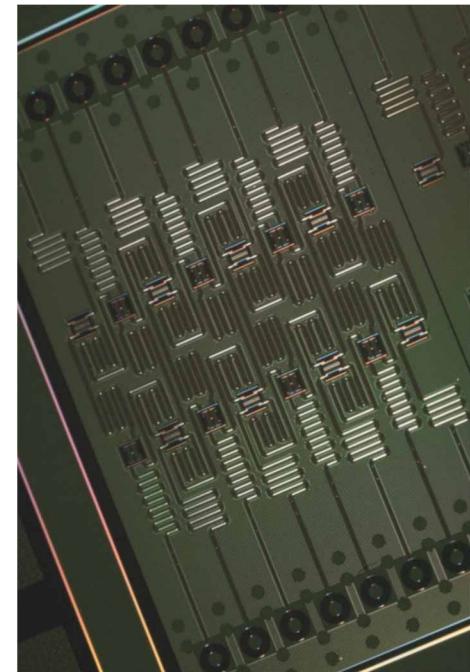
*Linear or planar geometry*



*Scaling:  $2^N$*



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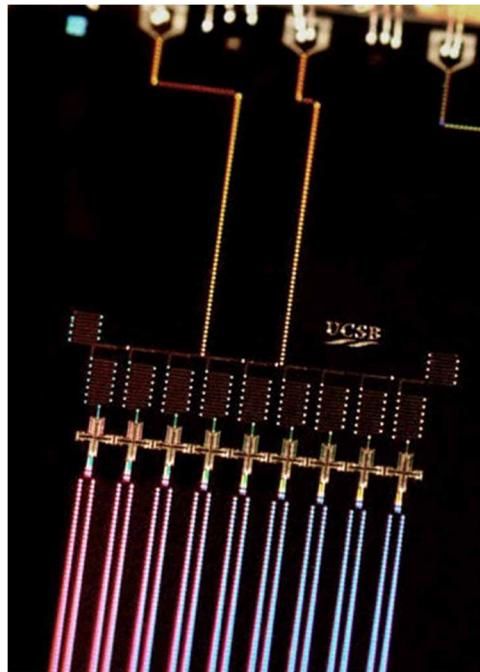
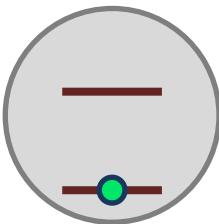
IBM

# Traditional Architecture

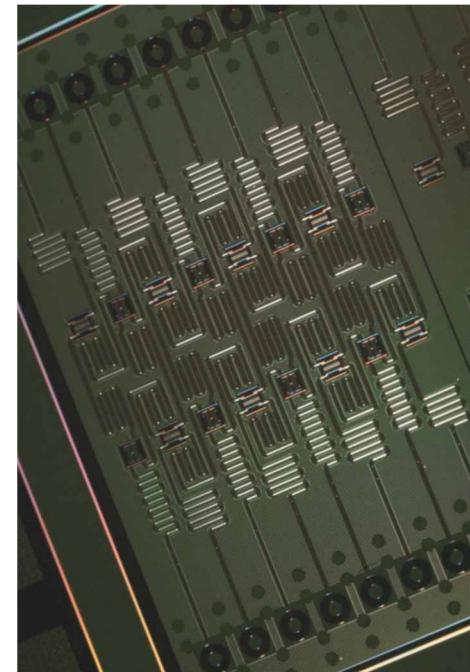
*Linear or planar geometry*



*Scaling:  $2^N$*



UCSB, Nature 519 (7541)



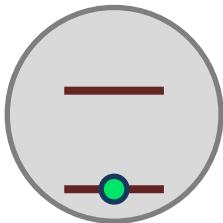
IBM

# Traditional Architecture

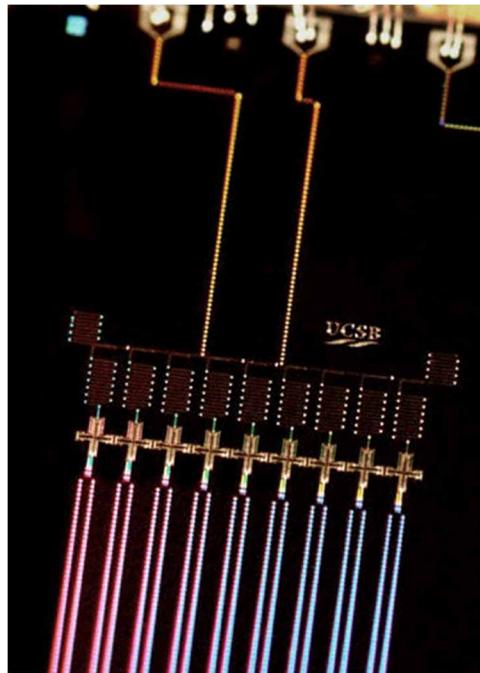
*Linear or planar geometry*



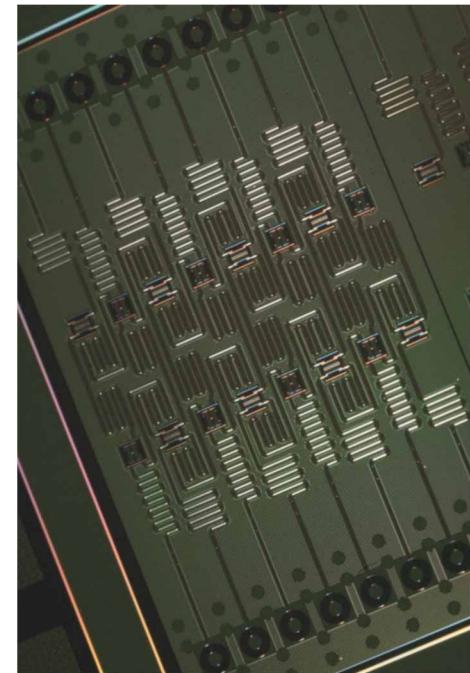
*Scaling:  $2^N$*



$T_1 \sim 100 \mu s$



UCSB, Nature 519 (7541)



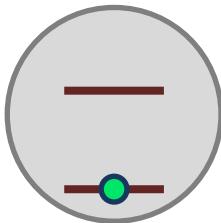
IBM

# Traditional Architecture

*Linear or planar geometry*

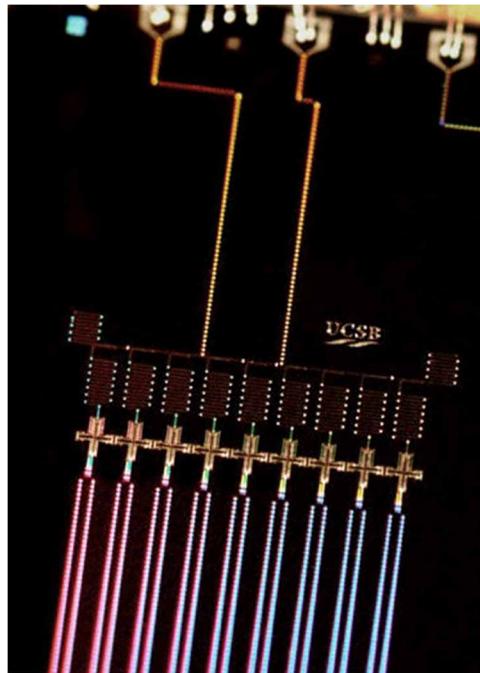


*Scaling:  $2^N$*

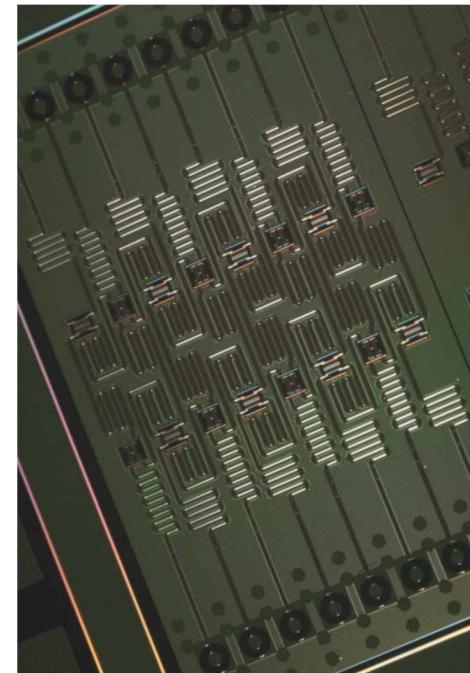


$T_1 \sim 100 \mu s$

$Q: a few 10^6$

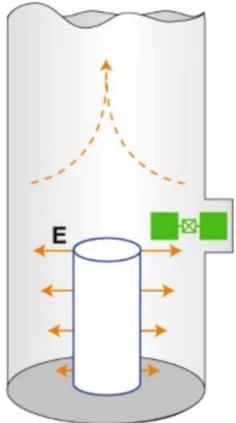


UCSB, Nature 519 (7541)

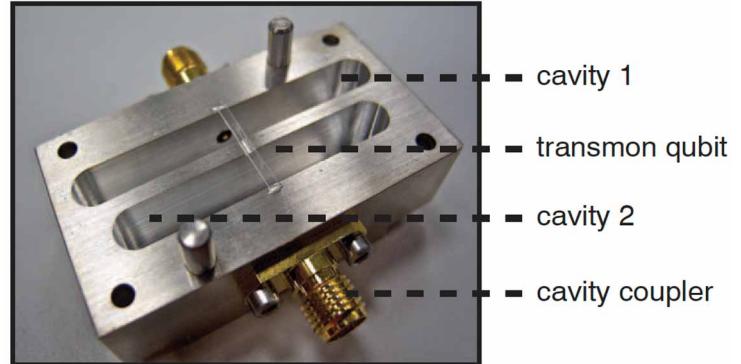


IBM

# Zoo of Cavities

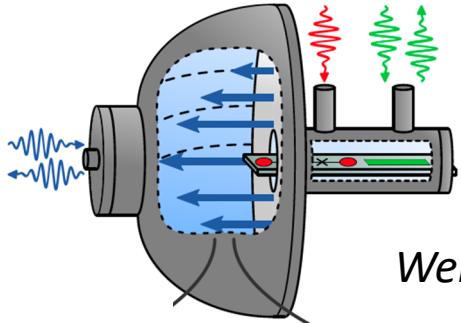


Nat. Phys. 16, 247



Science 342, 6158

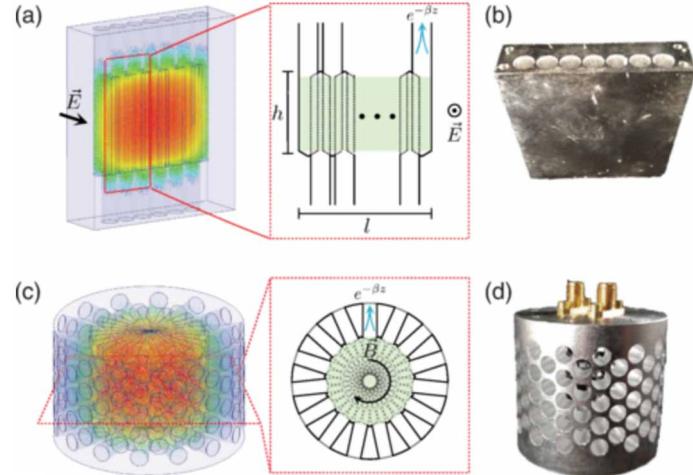
Yale, U. Pittsburgh



Weizmann

arXiv:2302.06442

Tanay Roy - Fermilab



PRL 127, 107701

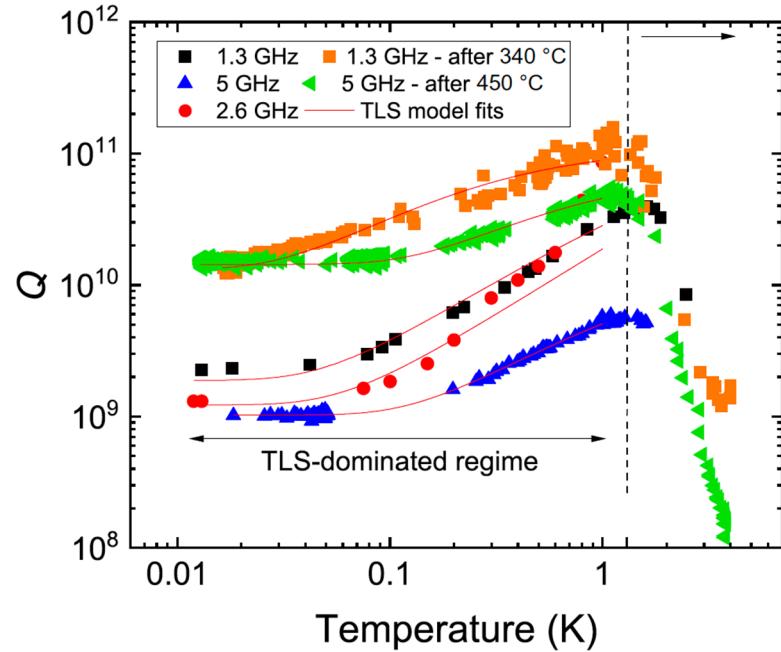
U. Chicago, Rutgers

Under  
exploration

# High-Q 3D SRF Cavities



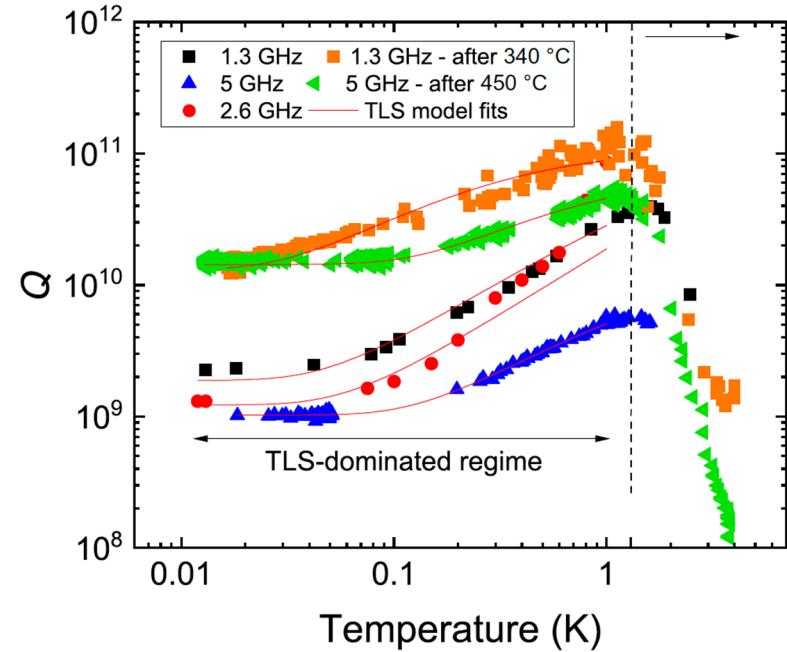
Romanenko et al. PR Applied 13, 034032



# High-Q 3D SRF Cavities



Romanenko et al. PR Applied 13, 034032

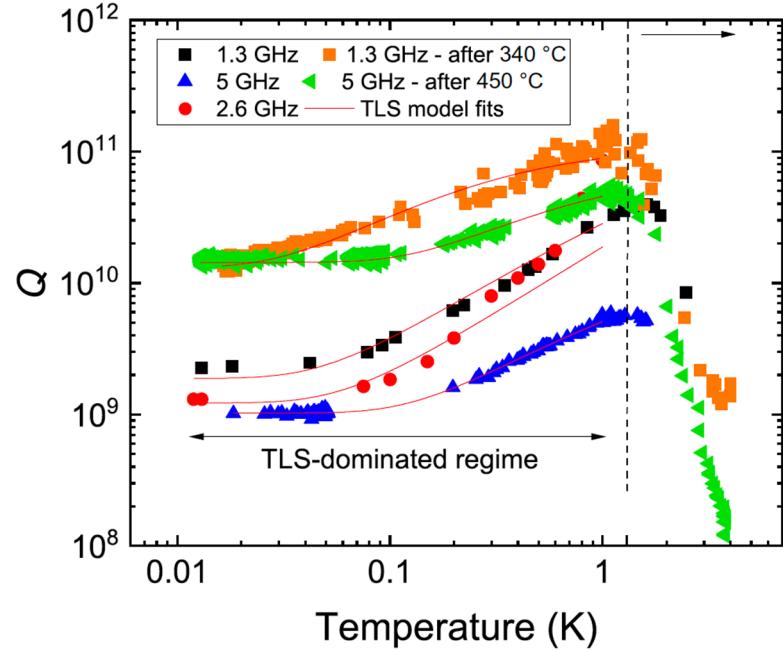


$$1.3 \text{ GHz SRF: } Q > 10^{11} \text{ at } 1 \text{ K} \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \quad T_1 > 2 \text{ s}$$

# High-Q 3D SRF Cavities



Romanenko et al. PR Applied 13, 034032



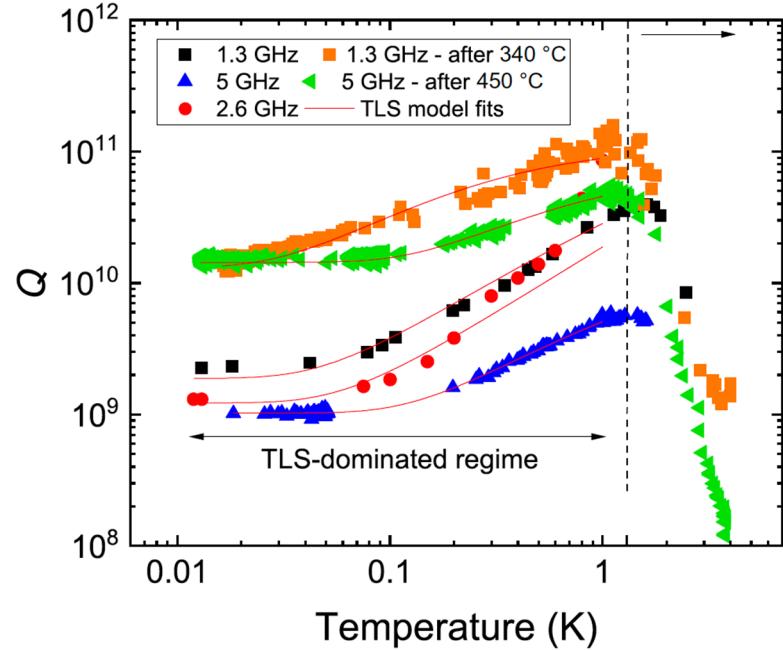
$$1.3\text{ GHz SRF: } Q > 10^{11} \text{ at } 1\text{ K} \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \quad T_1 > 2\text{ s}$$

$$5\text{ GHz SRF: } Q > 10^{10} \text{ at } 10\text{ mK} \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \quad T_1 > 300\text{ ms}$$

# High-Q 3D SRF Cavities



Romanenko et al. PR Applied 13, 034032



$$1.3 \text{ GHz SRF: } Q > 10^{11} \text{ at } 1 \text{ K} \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \quad T_1 > 2 \text{ s}$$

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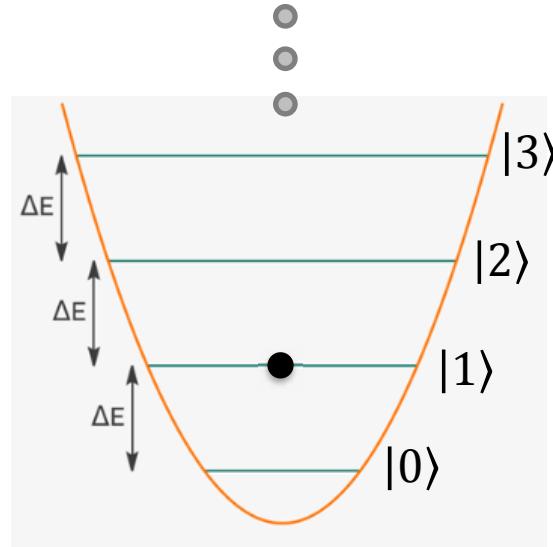
>1000 times better than transmons

# High-Q 3D Cavities as Qudits



Romanenko et al. PR Applied 13, 034032

$$T_1^{|1\rangle} > 300 \text{ ms}$$



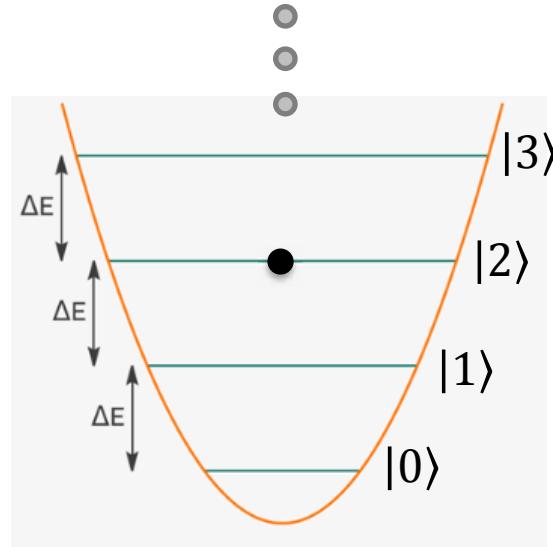
# High-Q 3D Cavities as Qudits



Romanenko et al. PR Applied 13, 034032

$$T_1^{|1\rangle} > 300 \text{ ms}$$

$$T_1^{|2\rangle} > 150 \text{ ms}$$



# High-Q 3D Cavities as Qudits

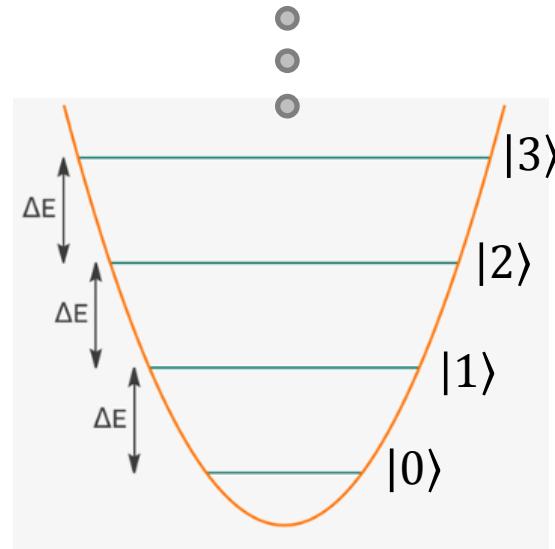


Romanenko et al. PR Applied 13, 034032

$$T_1^{|1\rangle} > 300 \text{ ms}$$

$$T_1^{|2\rangle} > 150 \text{ ms}$$

$$T_1^{|n\rangle} > T_1^{|1\rangle}/n$$



# High-Q 3D Cavities as Qudits



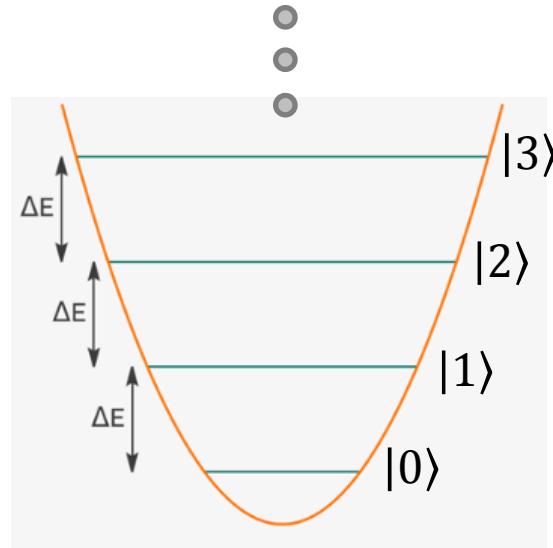
Romanenko et al. PR Applied 13, 034032

$$T_1^{|1\rangle} > 300 \text{ ms}$$

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$$T_1^{|n\rangle} > T_1^{|1\rangle}/n$$

$$T_1^{|10\rangle} > 30 \text{ ms}$$



# High-Q 3D Cavities as Qudits



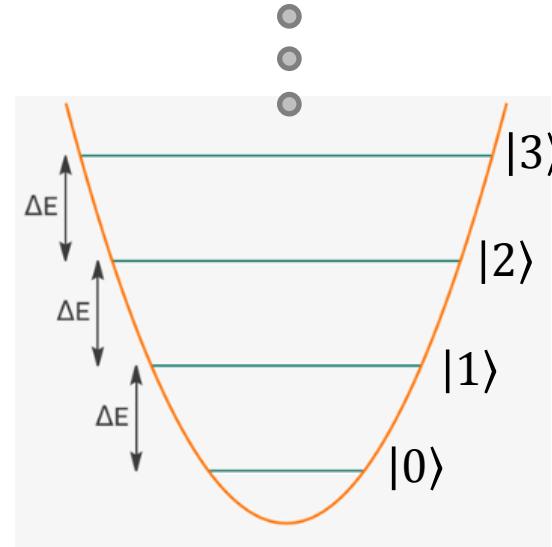
Romanenko et al. PR Applied 13, 034032

$$T_1^{|1\rangle} > 300 \text{ ms}$$

$$T_1^{|2\rangle} > 150 \text{ ms}$$

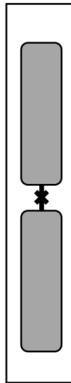
$$T_1^{|n\rangle} > T_1^{|1\rangle}/n$$

$$T_1^{|10\rangle} > 30 \text{ ms}$$



Still much better than transmon qubits

# High-Q 3D Cavities as Qudits



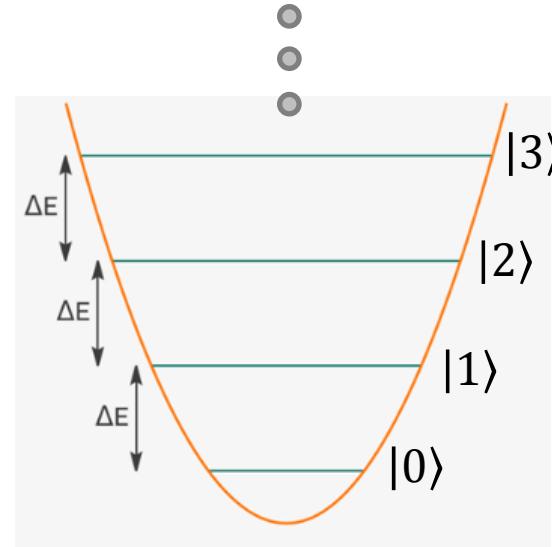
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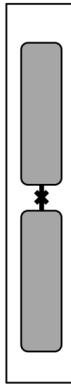
$$T_1^{|n\rangle} > T_1^{|1\rangle}/n$$

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Still much better than transmon qubits

# High-Q 3D Cavities as Qudits



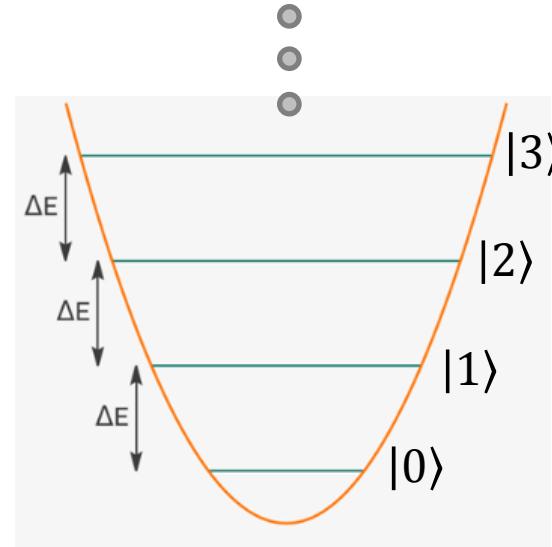
Romanenko et al. PR Applied 13, 034032

$$T_1^{|1\rangle} > 300 \text{ ms}$$

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$$T_1^{|n\rangle} > T_1^{|1\rangle}/n$$

$$T_1^{|10\rangle} > 30 \text{ ms}$$



Qudit

Still much better than transmon qubits

# Qudit States and Gates

*Qubit:*  $\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$

*Qudit:*  $\alpha_0|0\rangle + \alpha_1|1\rangle + \cdots + \alpha_d|d\rangle$

# Qudit States and Gates

*Qubit:*  $\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$

*Qudit:*  $\alpha_0|0\rangle + \alpha_1|1\rangle + \cdots + \alpha_d|d\rangle$



*SNAP gate*

*PRL 115, 137002 (2015)*

*Qudit:*  $\alpha_0 e^{i\theta_0}|0\rangle + \alpha_1 e^{i\theta_1}|1\rangle + \cdots + \alpha_d e^{i\theta_d}|d\rangle$

# Qudit States and Gates

*Qubit:*  $\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$

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*SNAP gate*

PRL 115, 137002 (2015)

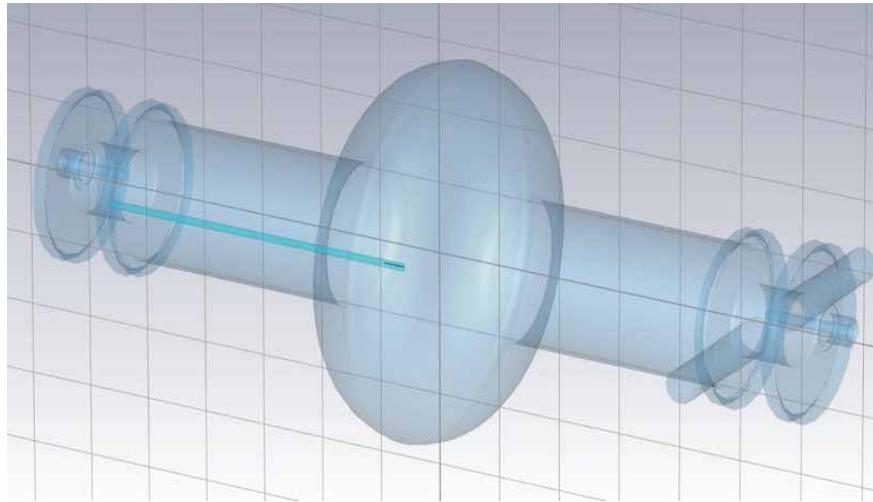
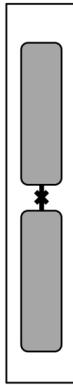
*Qudit:*  $\alpha_0 e^{i\theta_0}|0\rangle + \alpha_1 e^{i\theta_1}|1\rangle + \cdots + \alpha_d e^{i\theta_d}|d\rangle$

*SNAP + Cavity drive*



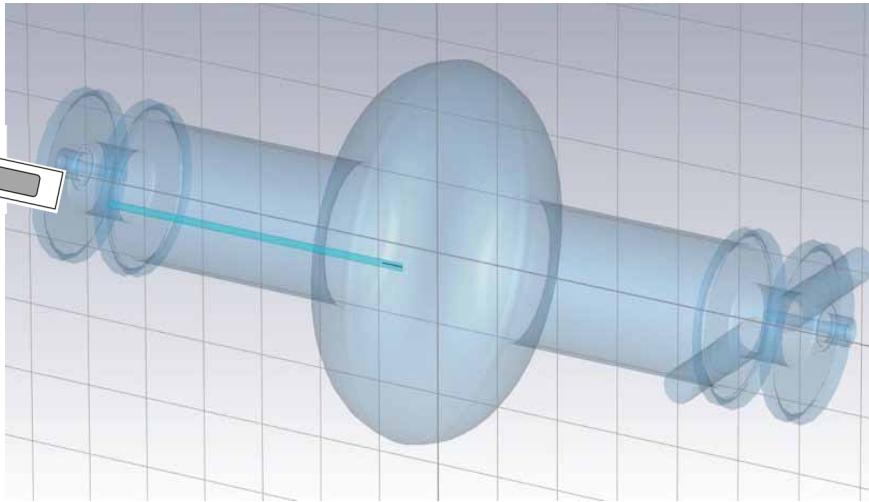
*Universal control*

# First Milestone



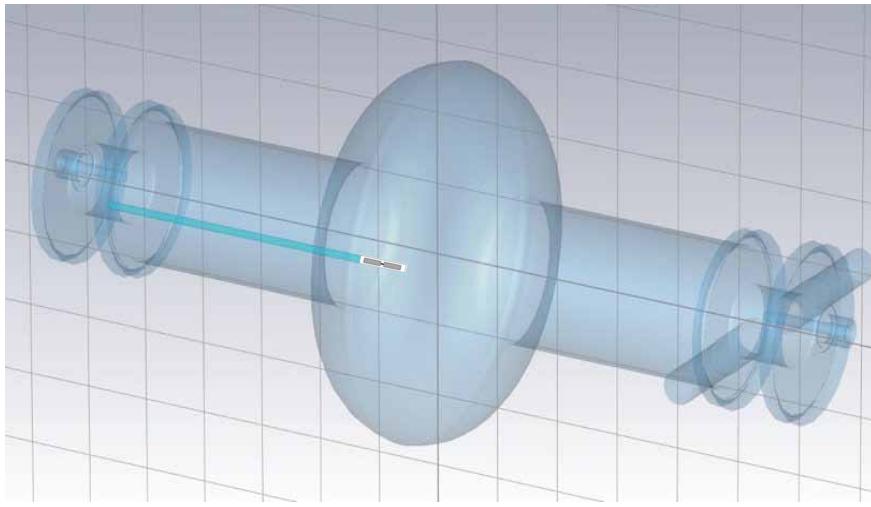
*Incorporate Transmon into a  
TESLA cavity*

# First Milestone



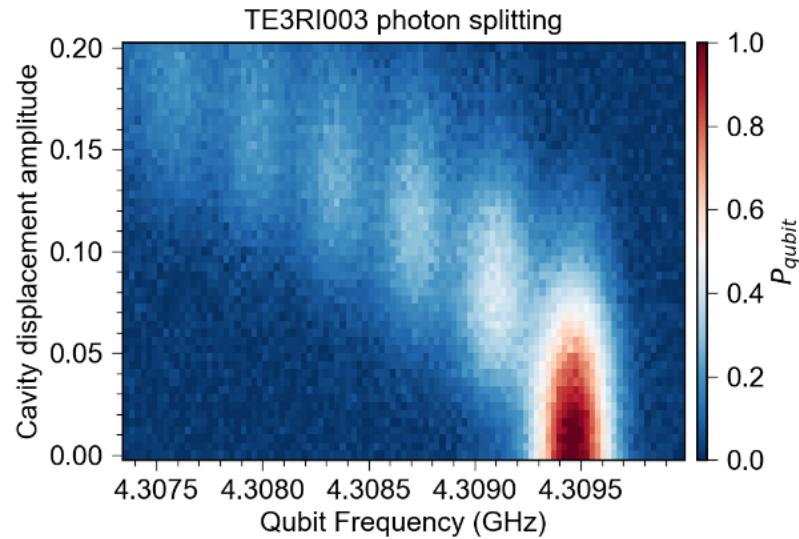
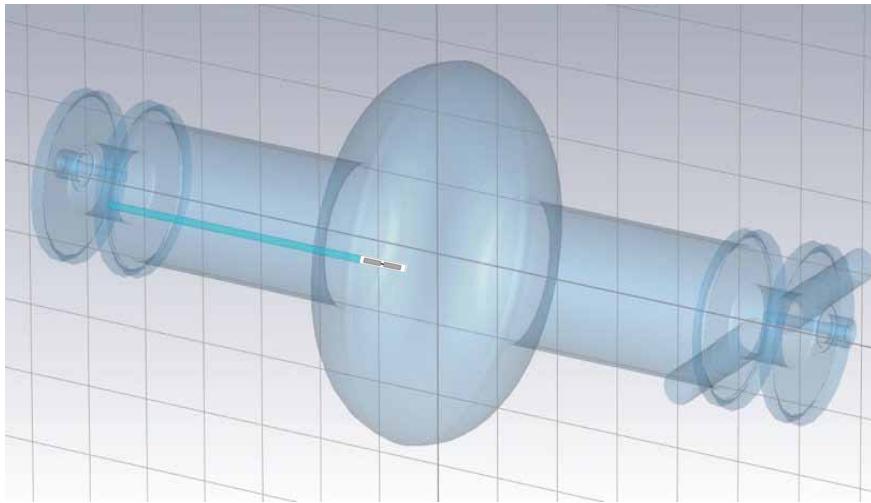
*Incorporate Transmon into a  
TESLA cavity*

# First Milestone



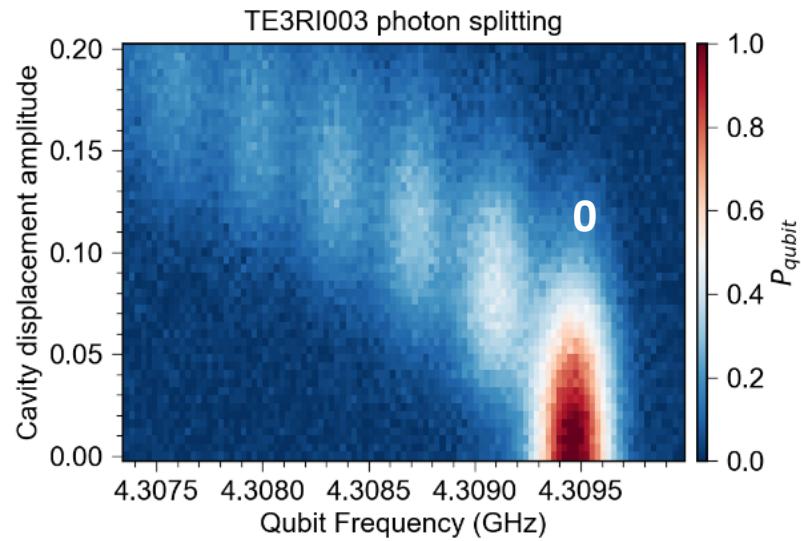
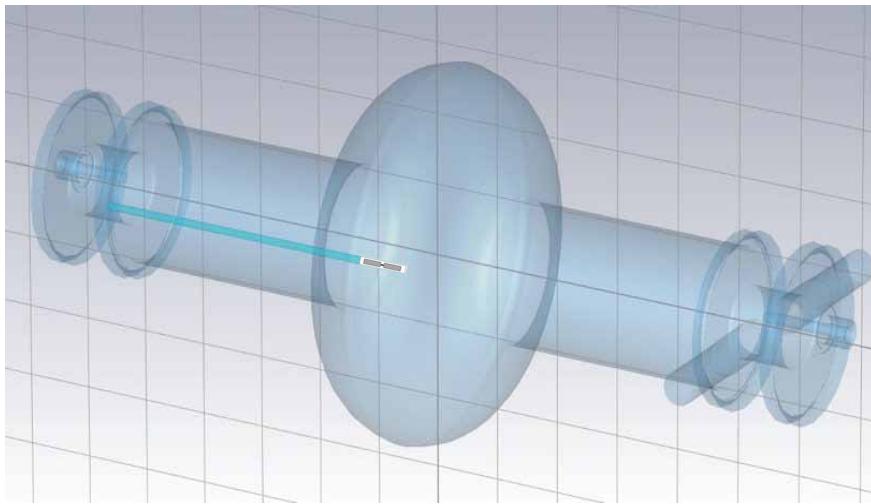
*Incorporate Transmon into a  
TESLA cavity*

# First Milestone



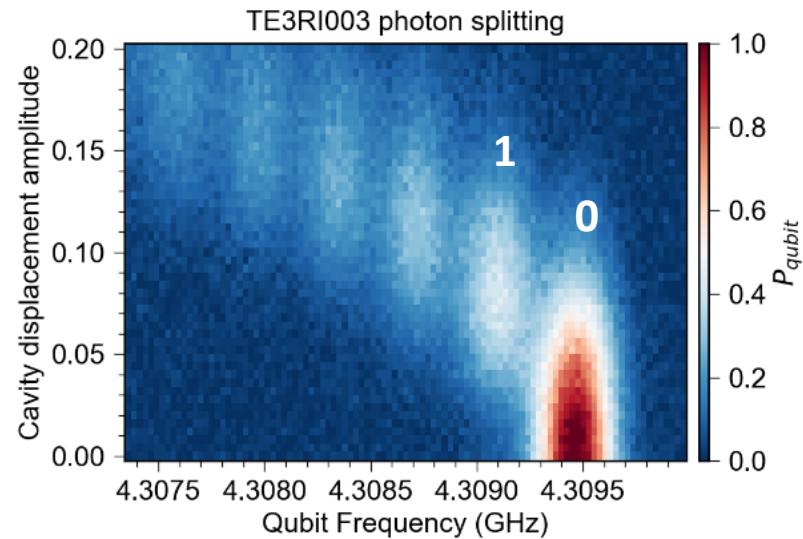
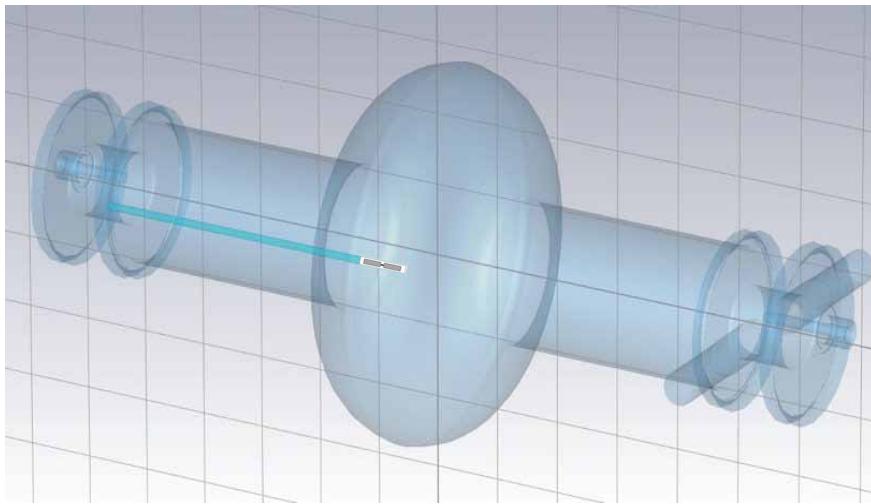
*Incorporate Transmon into a  
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# First Milestone



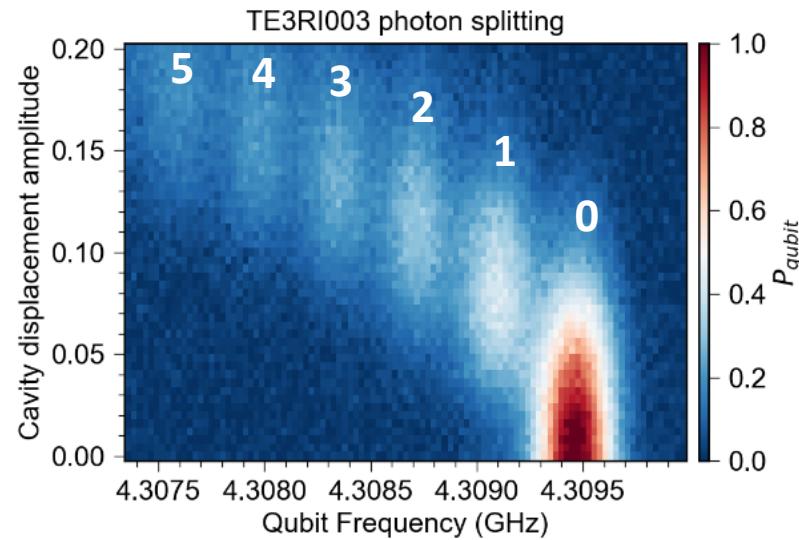
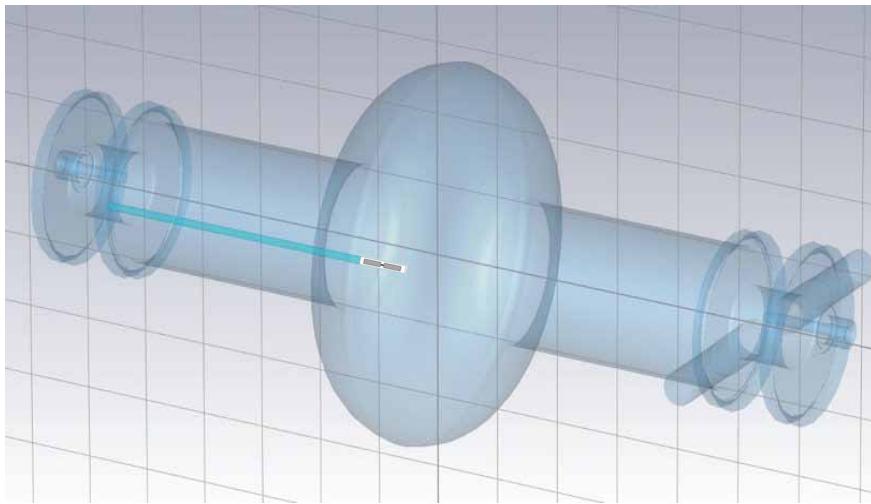
*Incorporate Transmon into a  
TESLA cavity*

# First Milestone



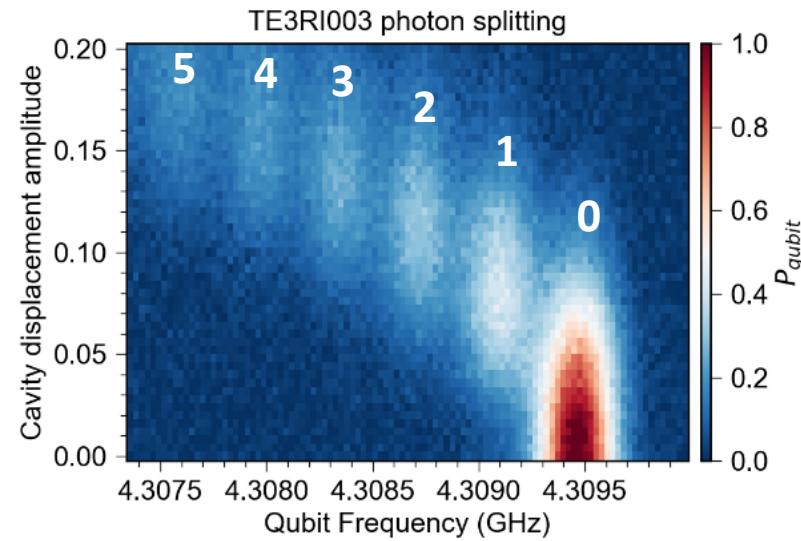
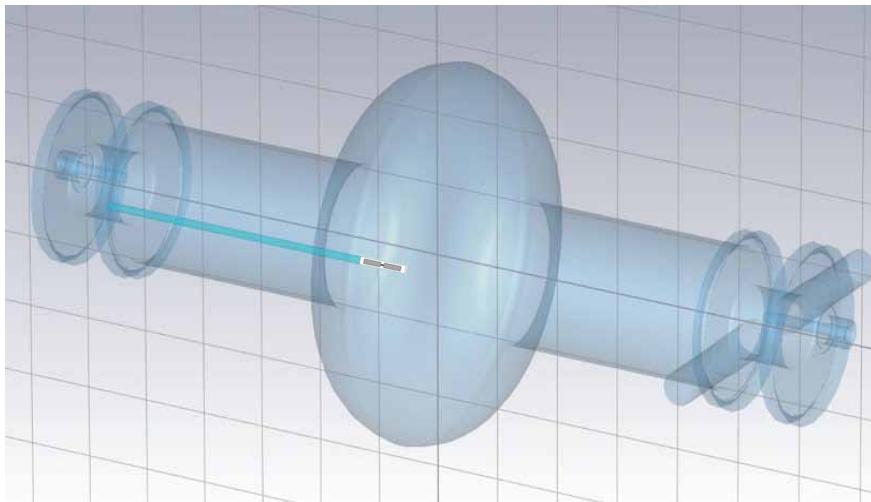
*Incorporate Transmon into a  
TESLA cavity*

# First Milestone



*Incorporate Transmon into a  
TESLA cavity*

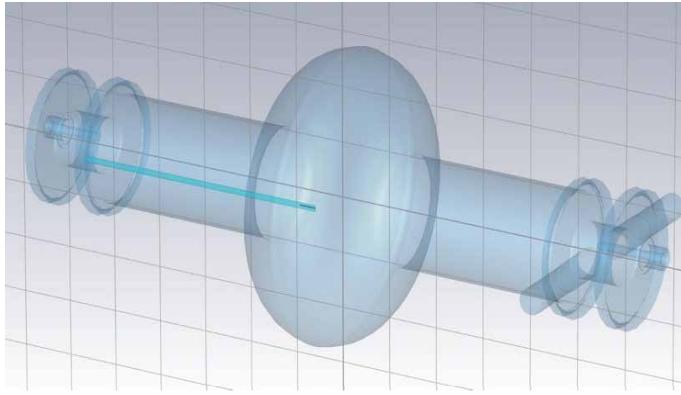
# First Milestone



*Incorporate Transmon into a  
TESLA cavity*

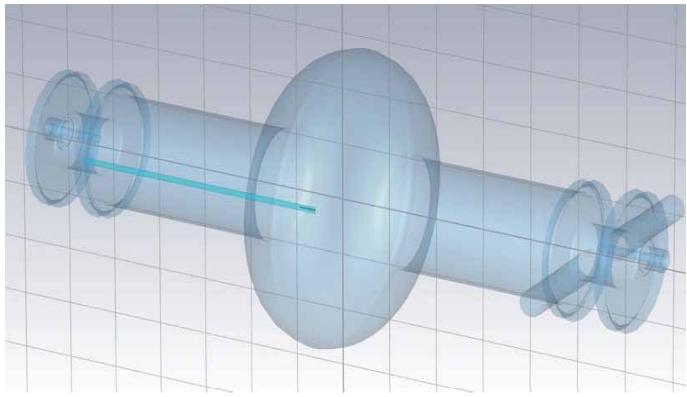
*Achieved photon counting*

# Second Milestone

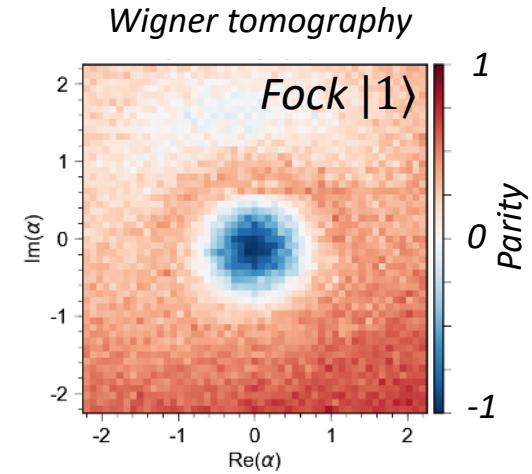
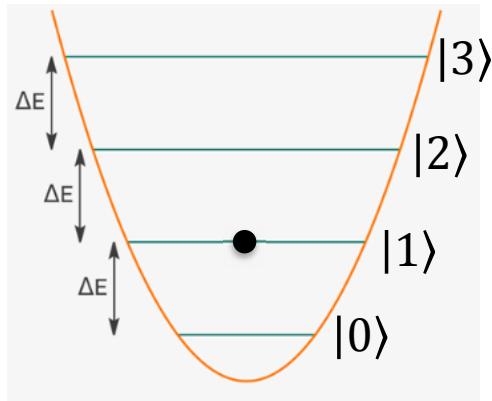


*Prepare quantum states*

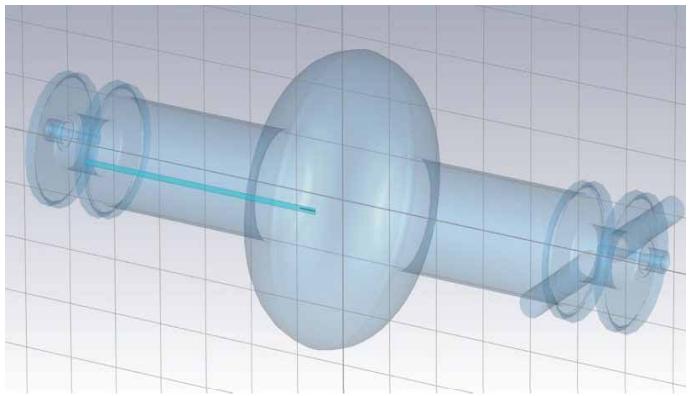
# Second Milestone



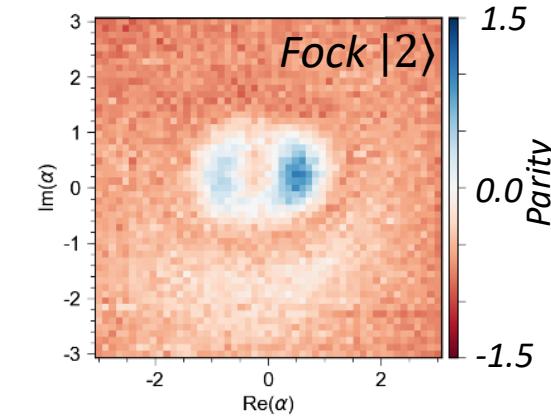
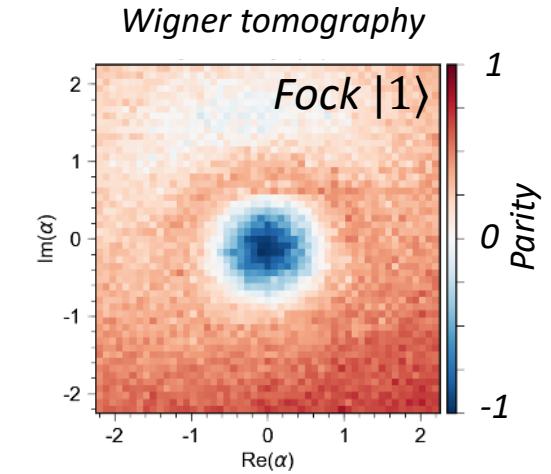
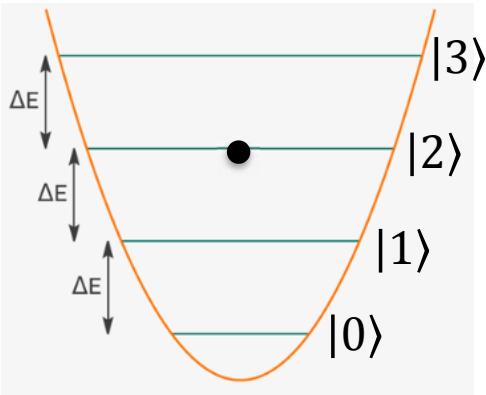
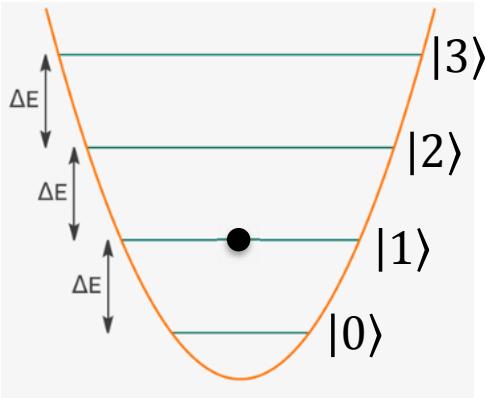
*Prepare quantum states*



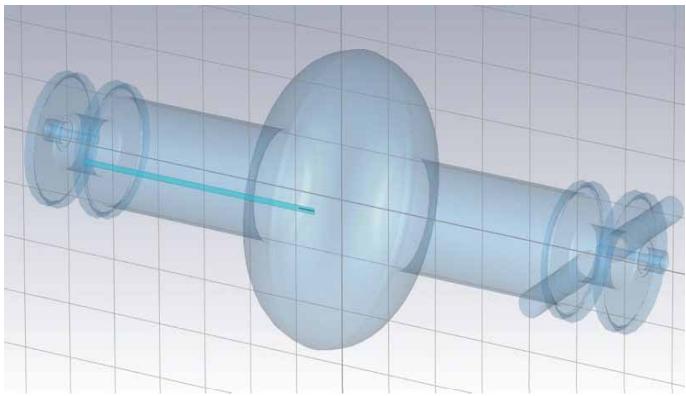
# Second Milestone



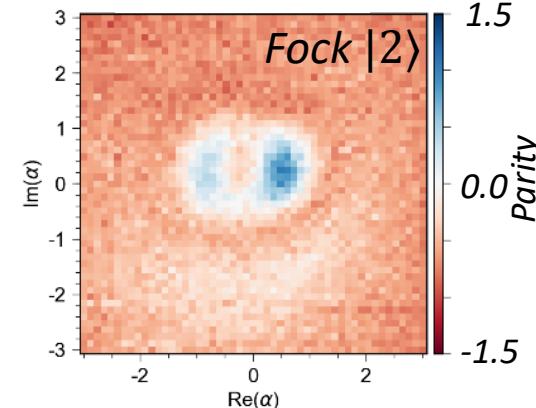
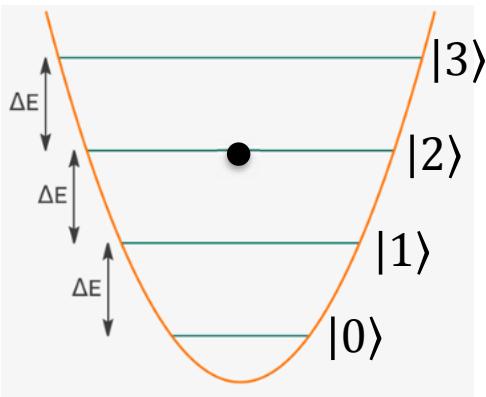
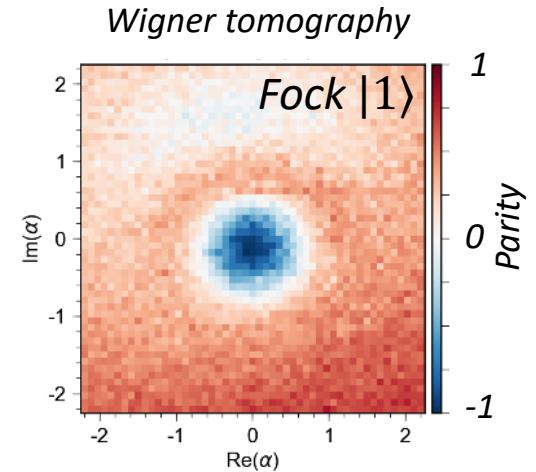
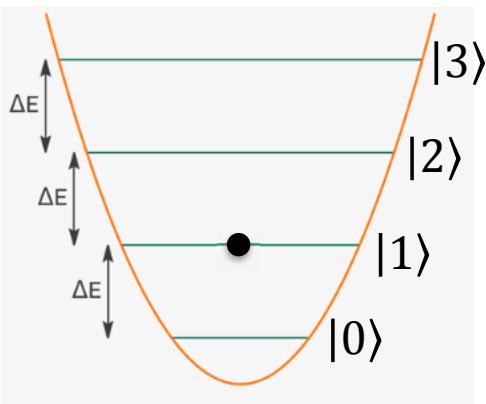
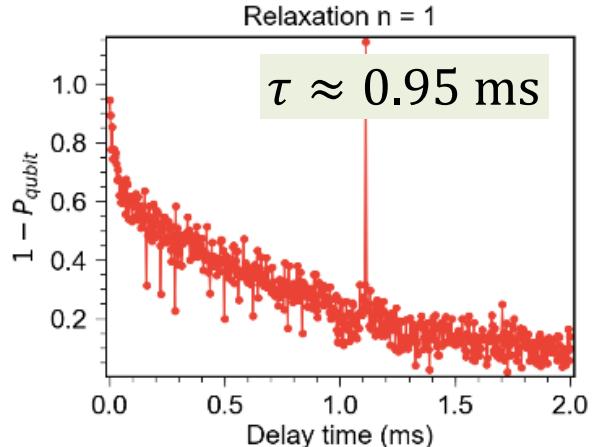
*Prepare quantum states*



# Second Milestone



Prepare quantum states



Tanay Roy - Fermilab

# Multqudit Architecture



# Multqudit Architecture

*Crosstalk issues*



# Multqudit Architecture

*Crosstalk issues*



*Transmon*

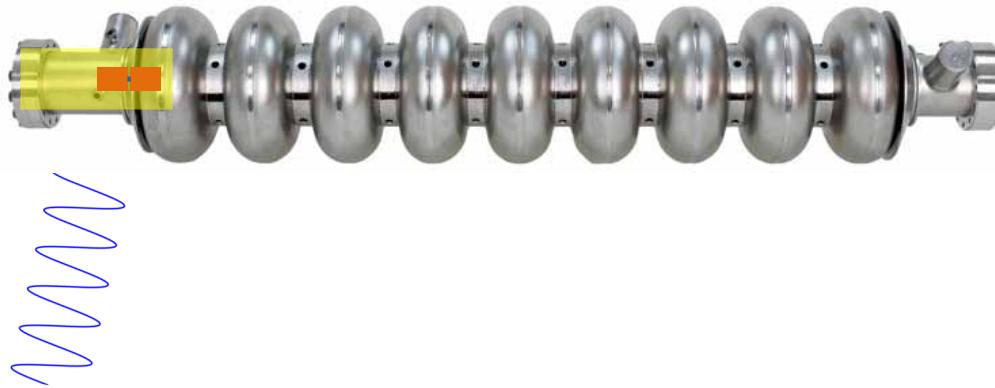
*Manipulator*

*Coupler*

*Storage*

# Multqudit Architecture

*Crosstalk issues*



*Moderate-Q cavities*

*High-Q 3D cavities*

*Transmon*

*Manipulator*

*Coupler*

*Storage*

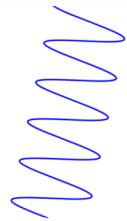
*CPU*

*BUS*

*RAM*

# Multqudit Architecture

*Crosstalk issues*



*Faster scaling:  $d^N > 2^N$*

*Moderate-Q cavities*

*High-Q 3D cavities*

*Transmon*

*Manipulator*

*Coupler*

*Storage*

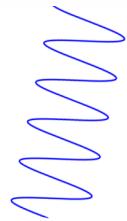
*CPU*

*BUS*

*RAM*

# Multqudit Architecture

*Crosstalk issues*



*Faster scaling:  $d^N > 2^N$*

*All-to-all coupling*

*Moderate-Q cavities*

*High-Q 3D cavities*

*Transmon*

*Manipulator*

*Coupler*

*Storage*

*CPU*

*BUS*

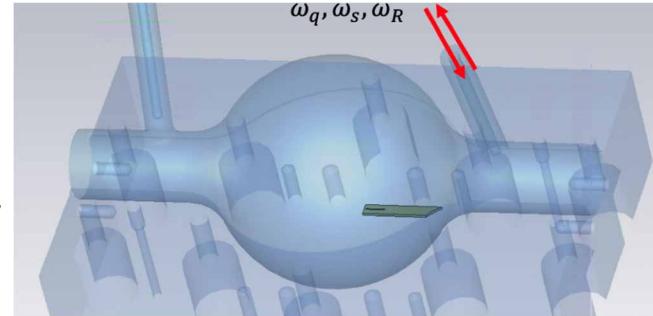
*RAM*

# Outlook

- ❖ *Improve single-cell devices*
  - *Optimize transmon design, placement*
  - *Investigate other SRF cavity geometries*

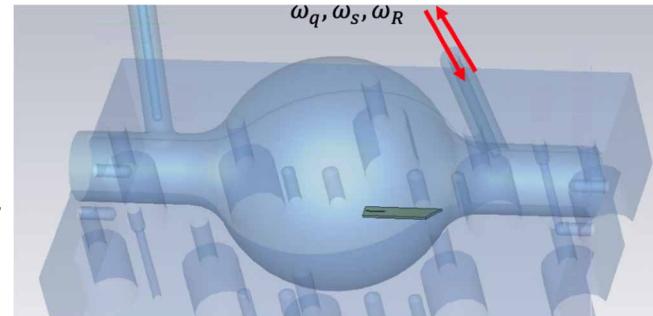
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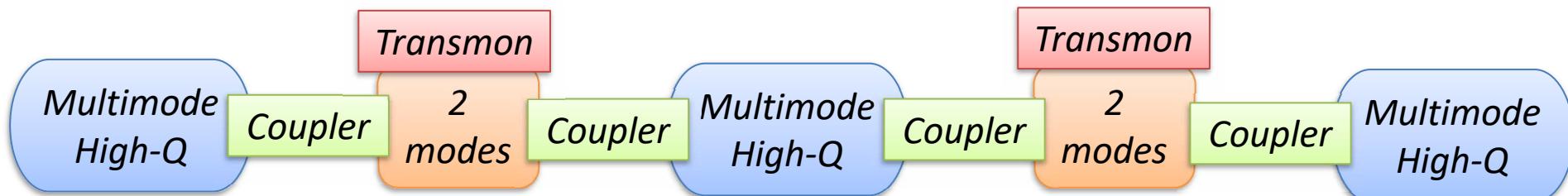


# Outlook

- ❖ Improve single-cell devices
  - Optimize transmon design, placement
  - Investigate other SRF cavity geometries



- ❖ Scaling up
  - Develop modular architecture
  - Connect several modules



# Brand New SQMS Facility at Fermilab



Tanay Roy - Fermilab

# Thank You!



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