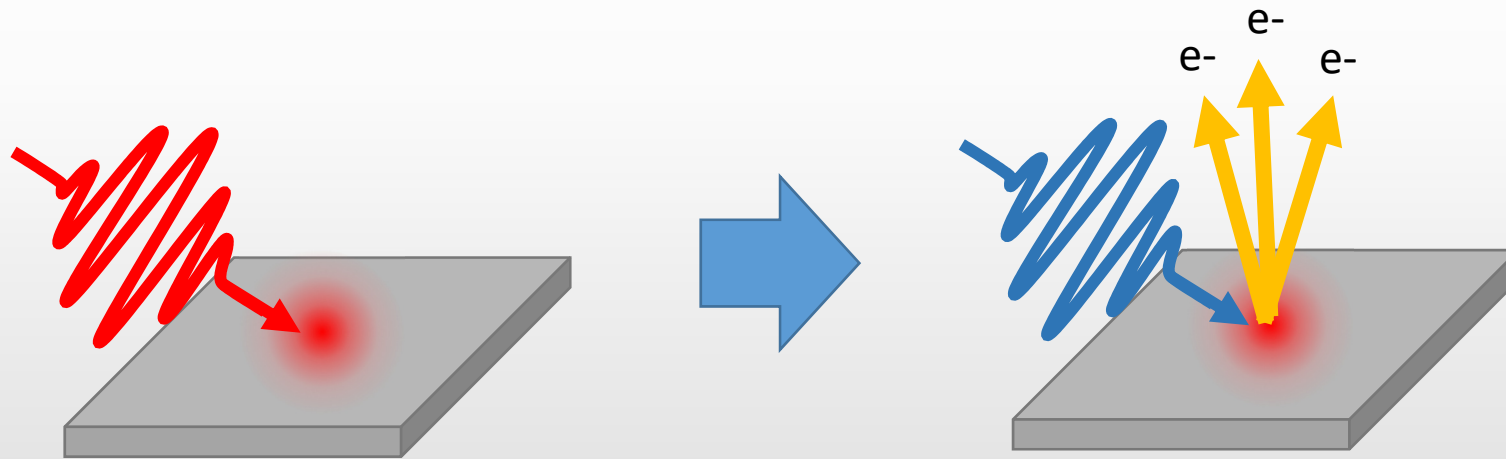


Measuring the Mean Transverse Energy of Pump Probe Photoemitted Electrons

“Hunt for the Narrow Cone”



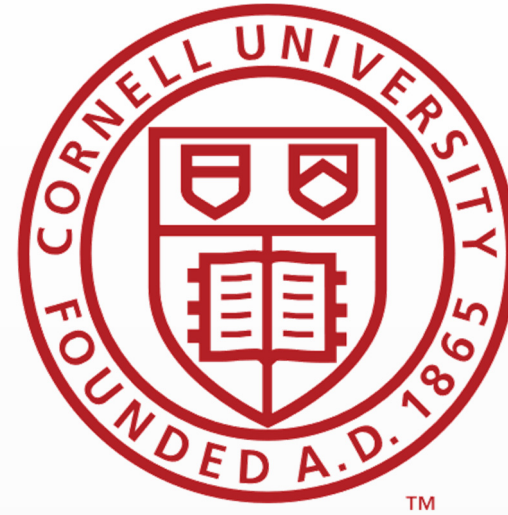
Christopher M. Pierce

Acknowledgements

I would like to thank everyone who helped make this experiment possible

- Ivan Bazarov
- Jared Maxson
- Luca Cultrera
- Tomás Arias
- J. Kevin Nangoi
- Simon Rothman

This work was supported by the U.S. National Science Foundation under Award PHY-1549132, the Center for Bright Beams

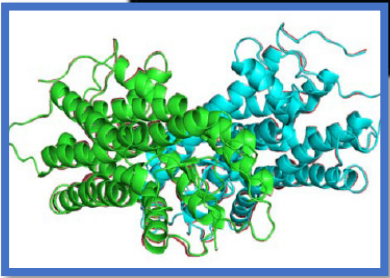


The Center for
**BRIGHT
BEAMS**
A National Science Foundation
Science & Technology Center

Introduction – Brightness

Modern applications need
brighter beams

Ultrafast Electron Diffraction

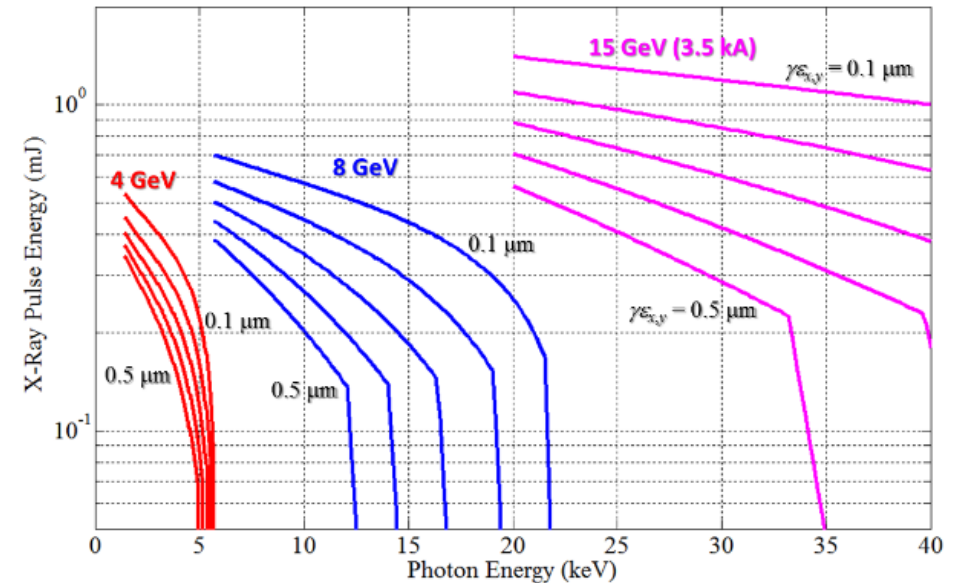


Increase $L_{\perp}$ to
protein scales

Free Electron Lasers

Shorter linac for same
pulse energy

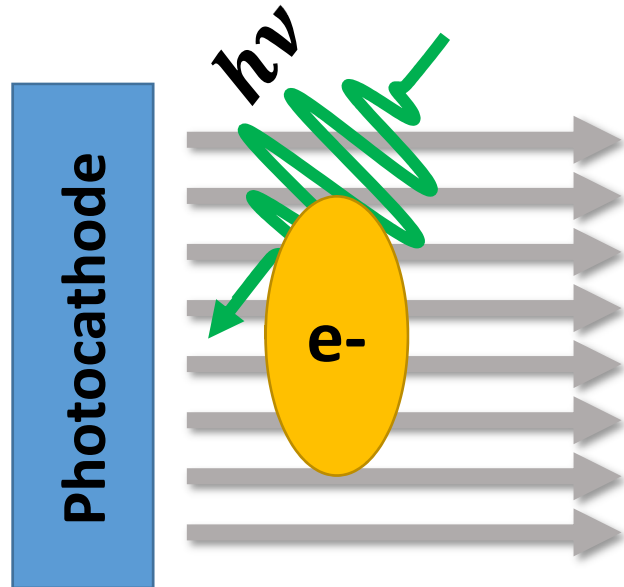
HXR ($\lambda_u = 26$ mm) with SCRF Linac (red, blue) and Cu-Linac (magenta)
and emittance of 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, and 0.5 μm



Courtesy of SLAC

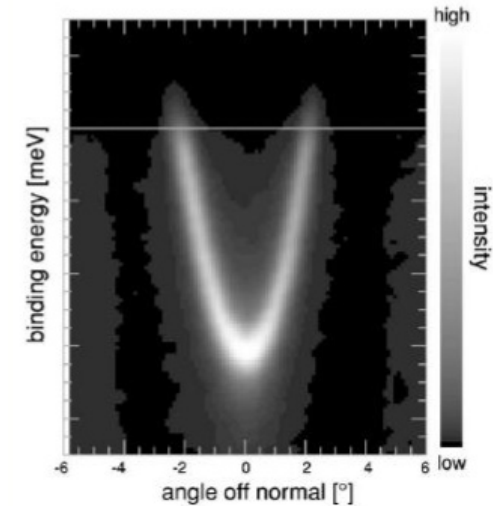
Introduction – Brightness

Spatial Density



Limit due
to space
charge

Angular Density



MTE = Mean
Transverse
Energy

PRB, 63, 115415 (2001)

$$B_{4D} \propto \frac{E_z}{\text{MTE}}$$

Pancake Regime

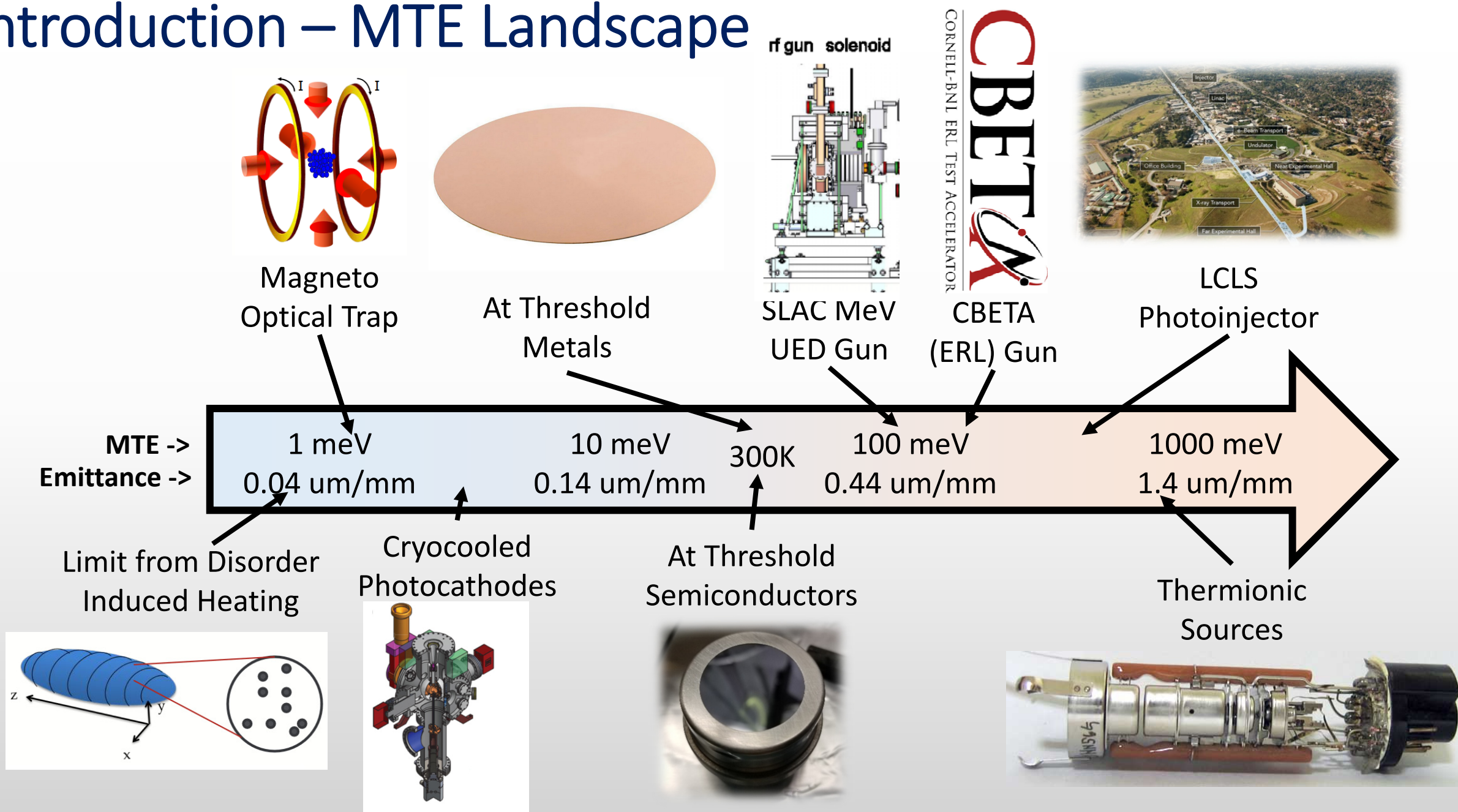
Bazarov et al., PRL 102, 104801
(2009)

$$B_{4D} \propto \frac{E_z^{3/2}}{\text{MTE}} \frac{\sigma_t}{\sqrt{\sigma_x}}$$

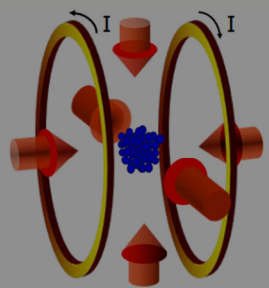
Cigar Regime

Filippetto et al., PRAB 17,
024201 (2014)

Introduction – MTE Landscape

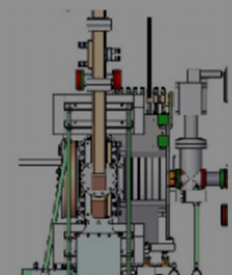


Introduction – MTE Landscape



Magneto Optical Trap

rf gun solenoid



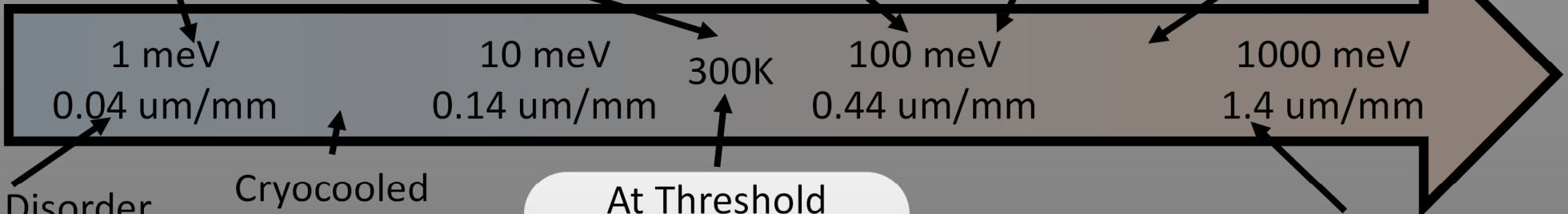
CORNELL-BNL ERL TEST ACCE
CBET



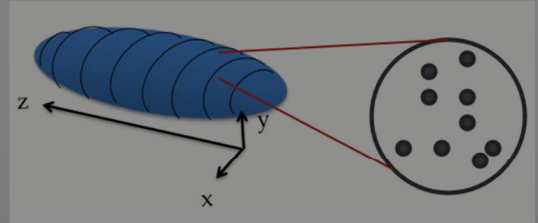
LCLS
Photoinjector

Talking about GaAs

MTE ->
Emittance ->



Limit from Disorder Induced Heating



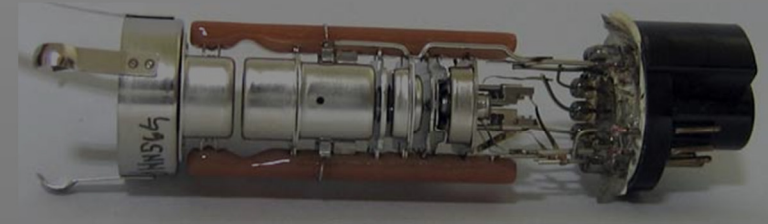
Cryocooled Photocathodes



At Threshold Semiconductors



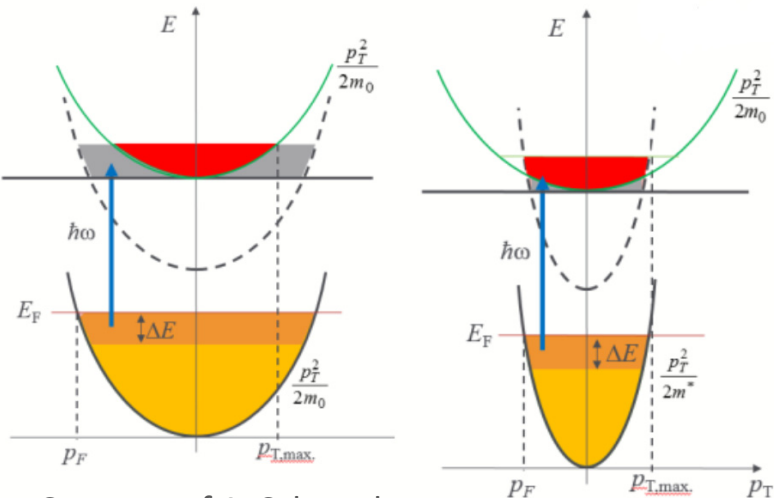
Thermionic Sources



Introduction – Narrow Cone

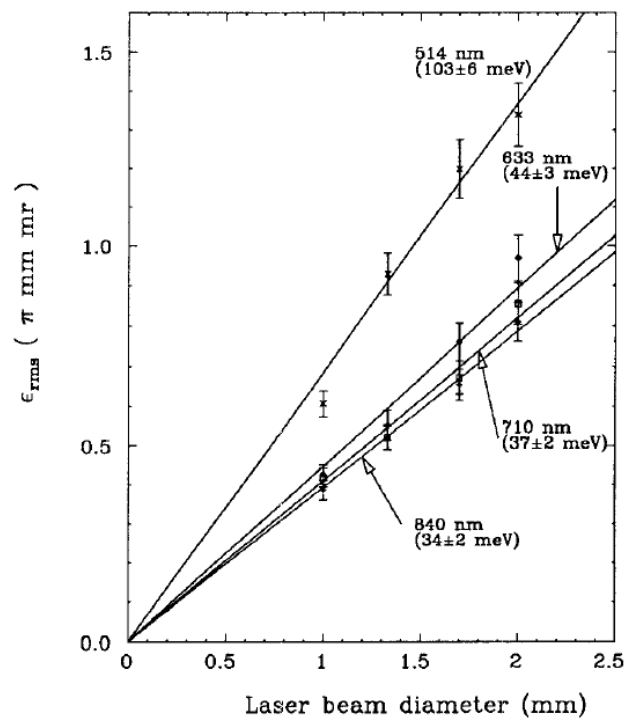
Mystery of NEA GaAs MTE “The Narrow Cone”

Should be 2 meV from m^*

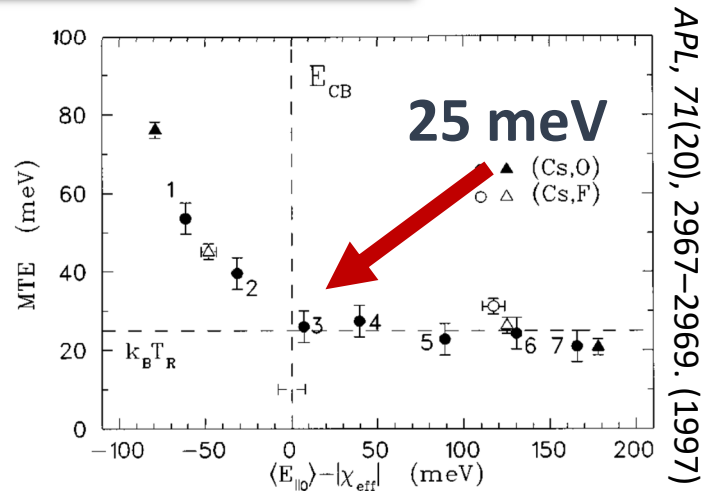


Courtesy of A. Schroeder

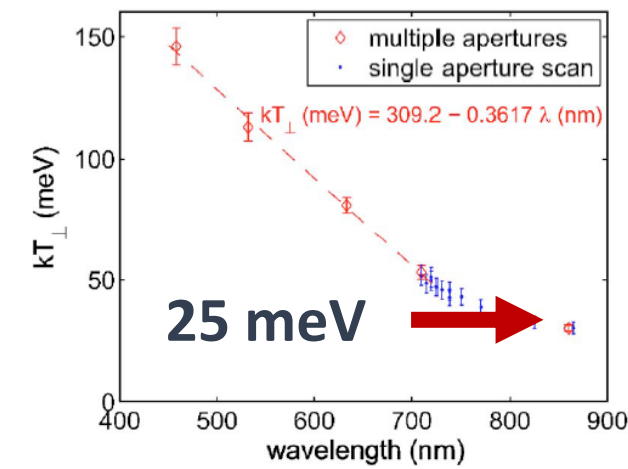
Measured at > 25 meV



IEEE, 2, 1030-1032 vol.2 1995.



APL, 71(20), 2967-2969. (1997)

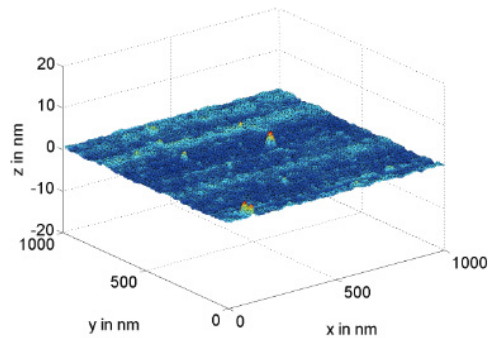


JAP, 103(5), 054901. (2008)

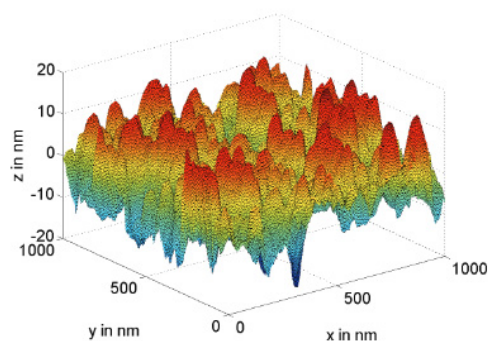
Introduction – Narrow Cone

Active area of research – No resolution

Physical Roughness



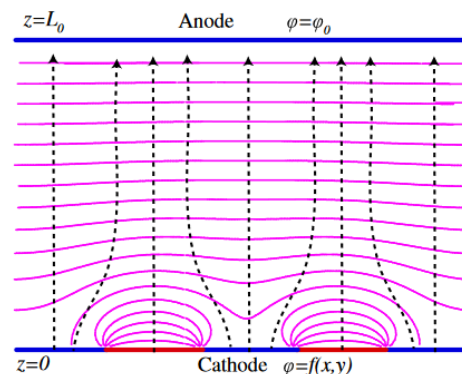
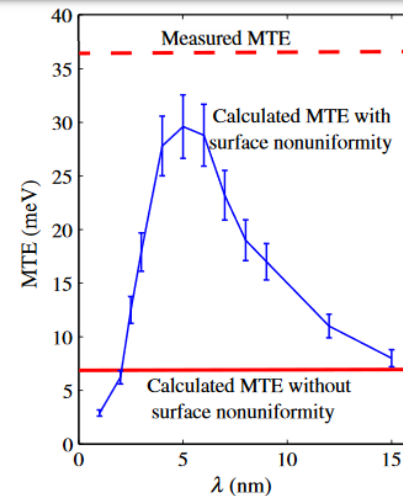
(a) Surface of atomically polished GaAs crystal before heat cleaning (smooth surface)



(b) Surface of heat cleaned and activated GaAs crystal used in the Cornell dc photoemission gun (rough surface)

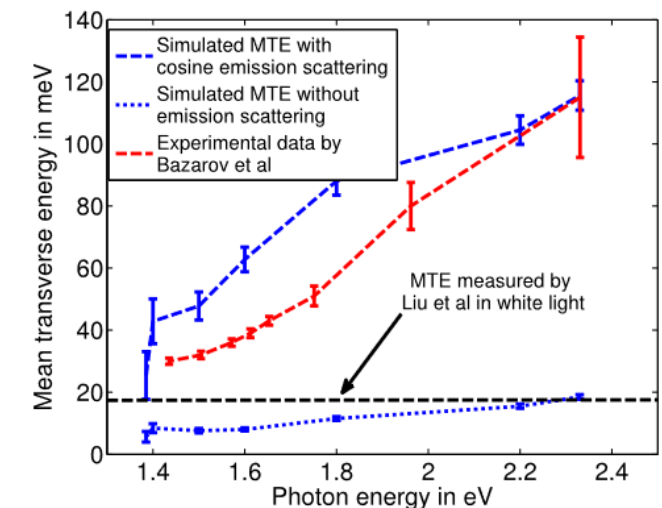
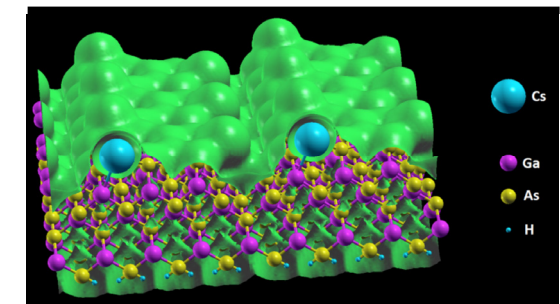
Applied Physics Letters, 98(9), 094104.

Chemical Roughness



Karkare, S., 2015 Physical Review Applied, 4(2).

Scattering in Cs



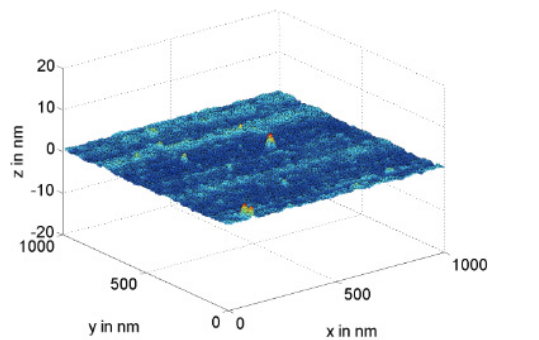
Journal of Applied Physics, 113(10), 104904

Introduction – Narrow Cone

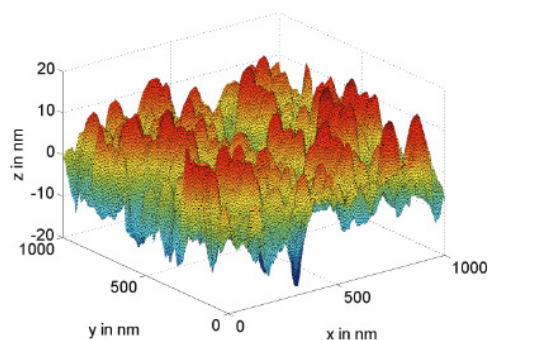
Active Region Resolution

Looks like small MTE?

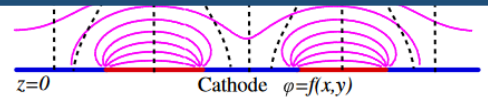
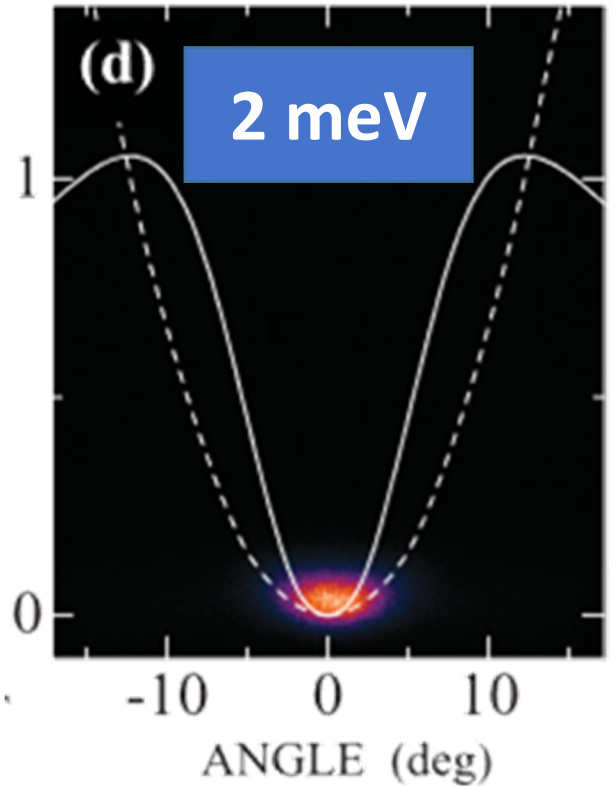
Physical Roughness



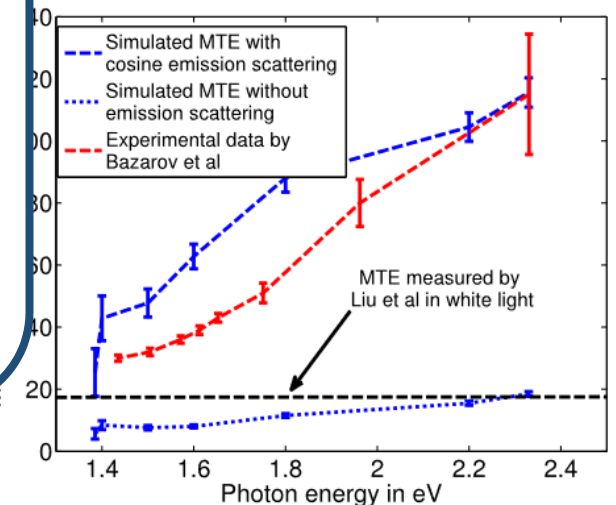
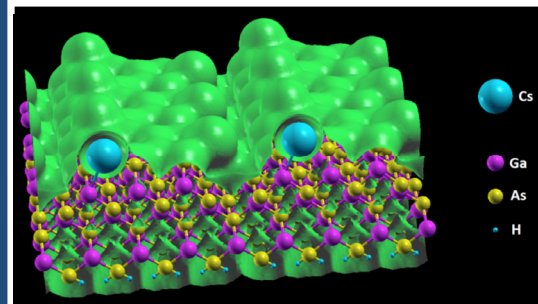
(a) Surface of atomically polished GaAs crystal before heat cleaning (smooth surface)



(b) Surface of heat cleaned and activated GaAs crystal used in the Cornell dc photoemission gun (rough surface)



Scattering in Cs

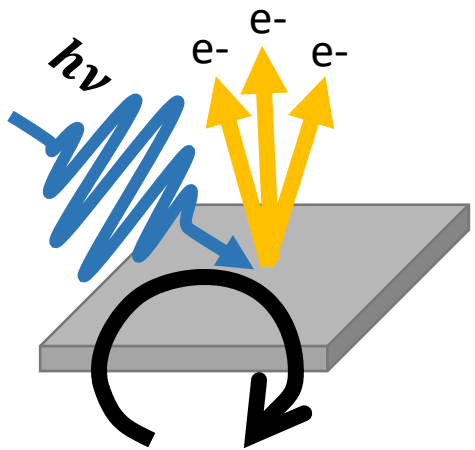


Journal of Applied Physics, 113(10), 104904

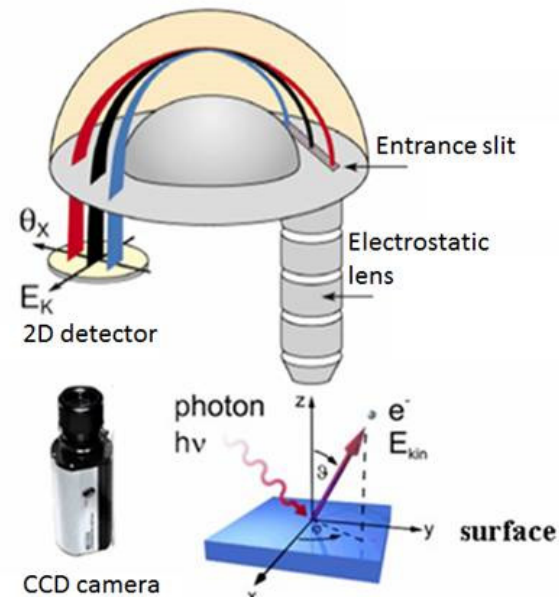
Introduction – Narrow Cone

What is ARPES?

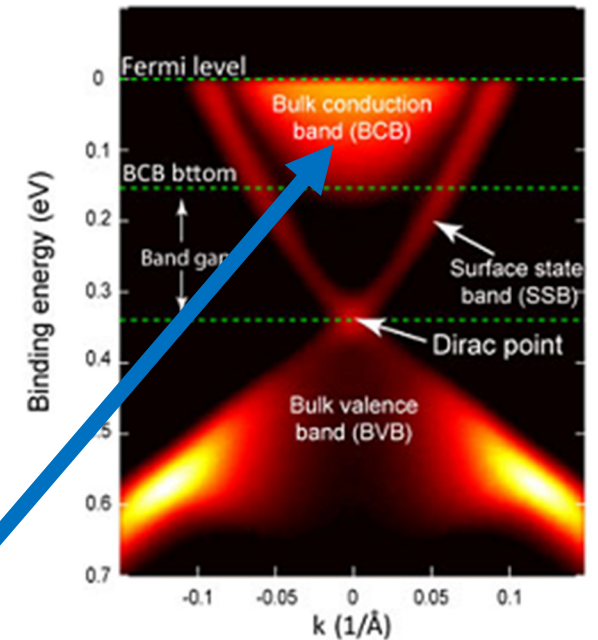
Eject Electrons



Filter E and θ



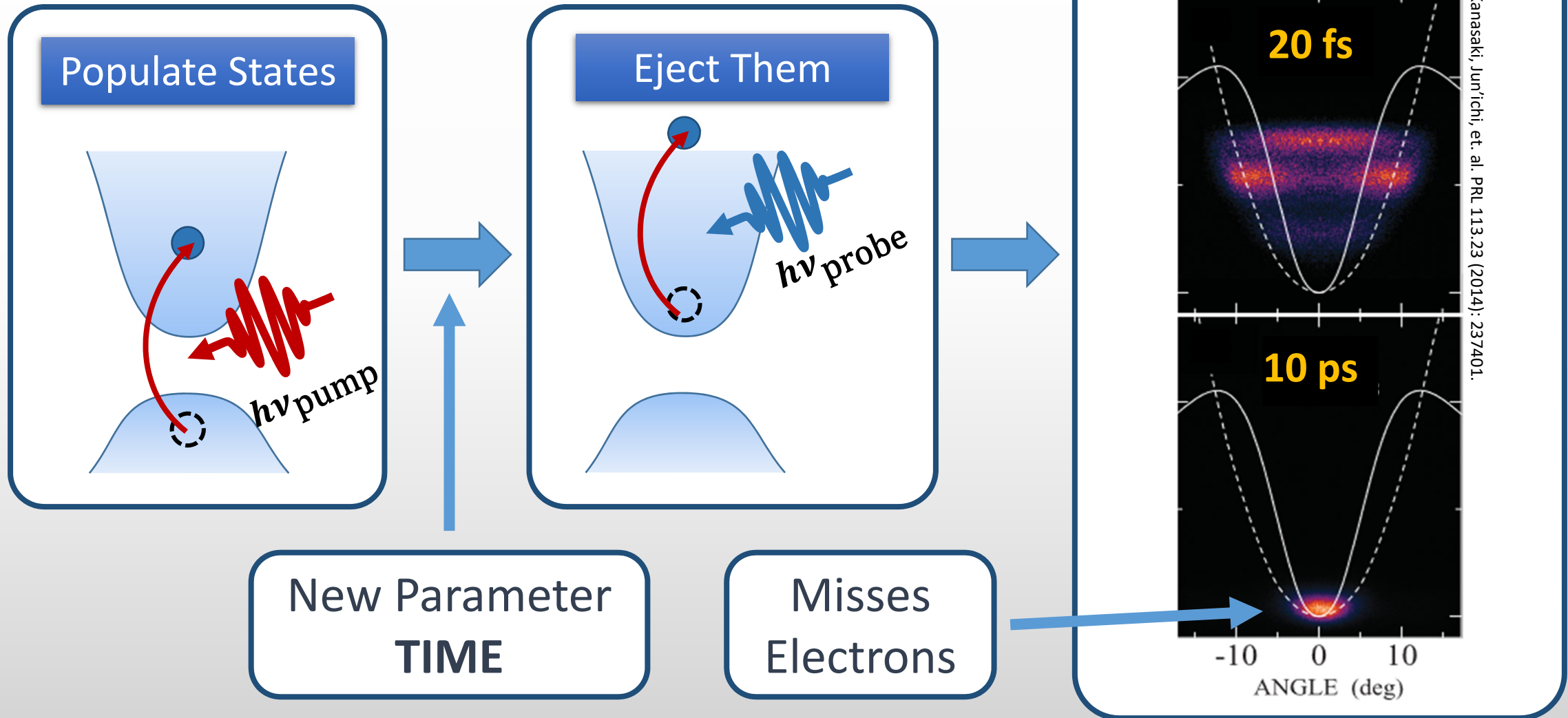
Electronic Structure



Can only measure occupied states

Introduction – Narrow Cone

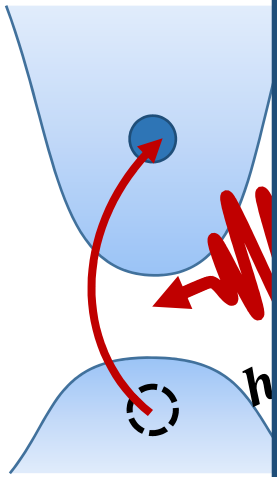
Occupy empty states



Introduction – Narrow Cone

Occupy empty states

Populate States



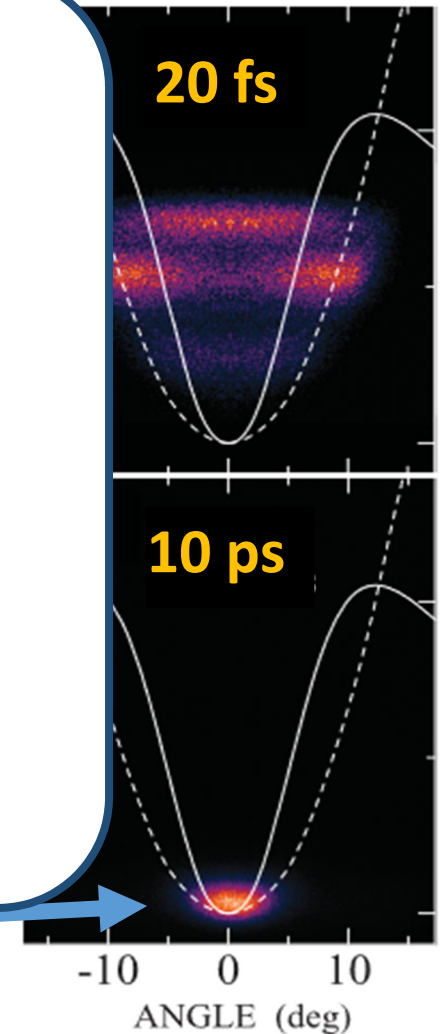
Several Challenges

- Photoemission needs ultra clean **surface**
- Intricate **engineering of laser** for using those states
- Can we even **measure** single meV MTEs?

TIME

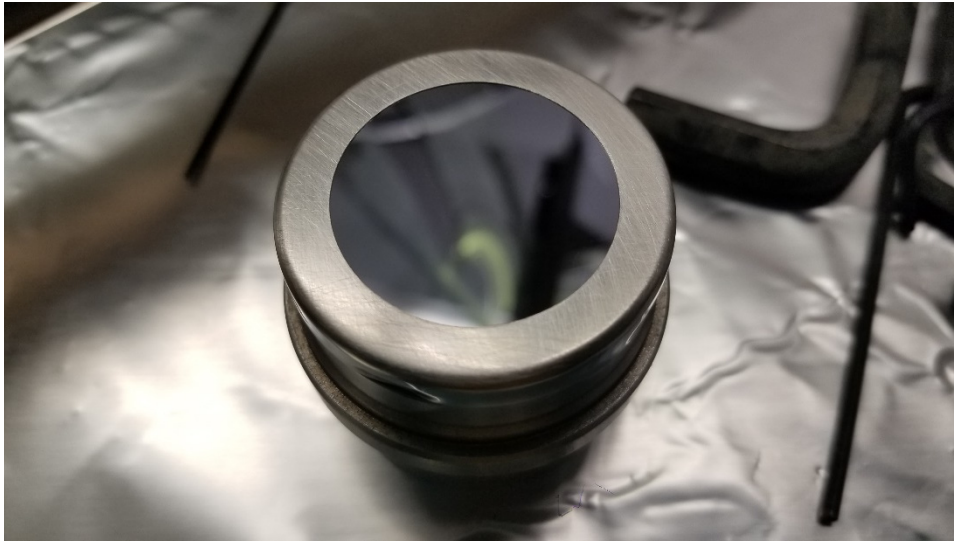
Electrons

GaAs (110) CBM



Experimental Setup

Surface Prep



From NEA GaAs experience
Etch and Anneal

Optics

OPA and Ultrafast Yb Fiber Laser



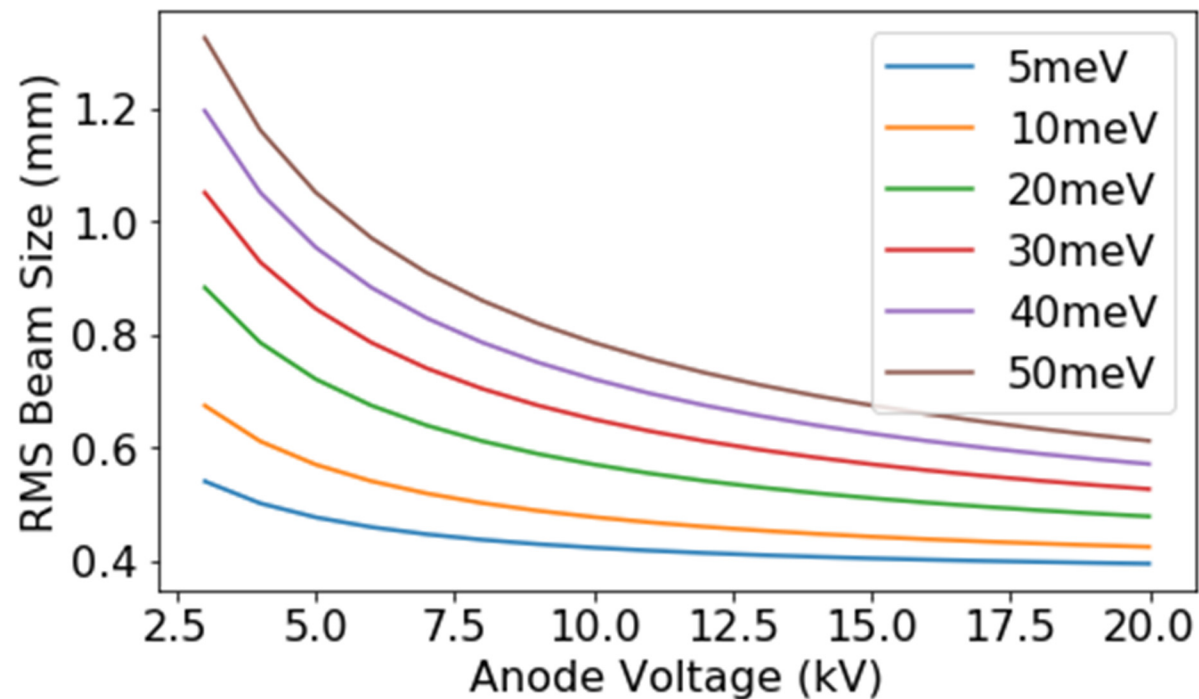
Pump – 750 nm
Probe – 343 nm

Experimental Setup

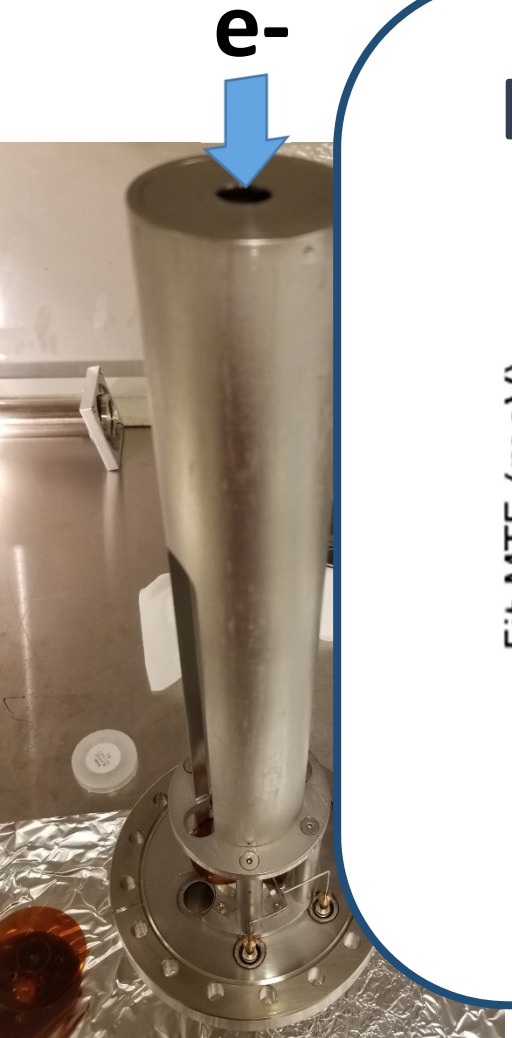


Voltage Scan

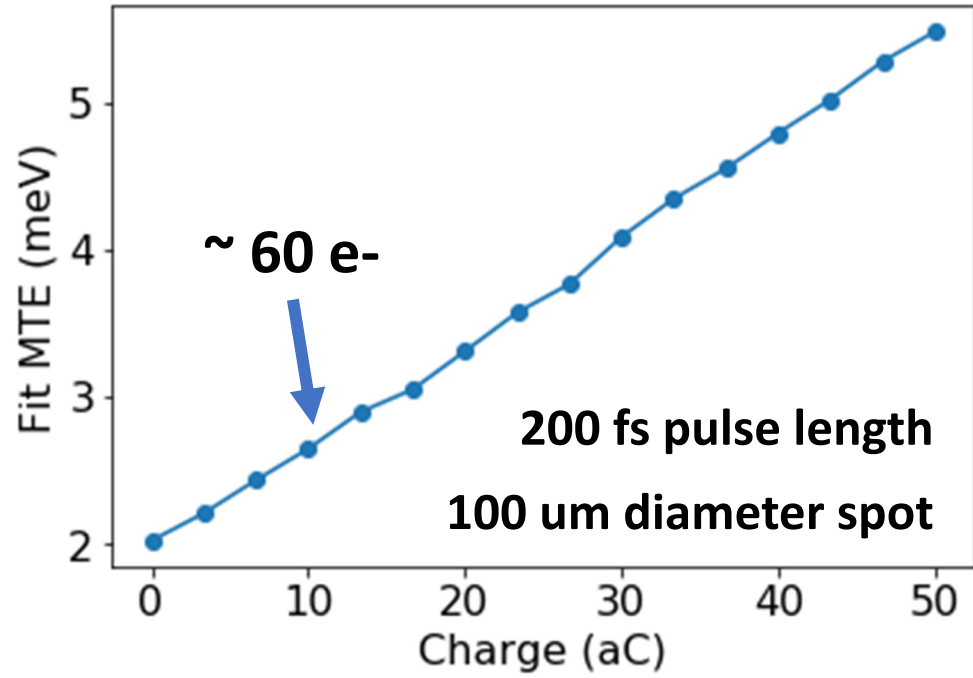
Measure σ_x vs E after drift



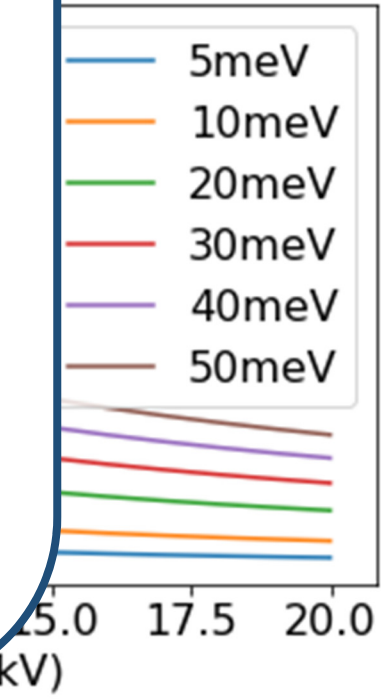
Experimental Setup



But, need ultra low current

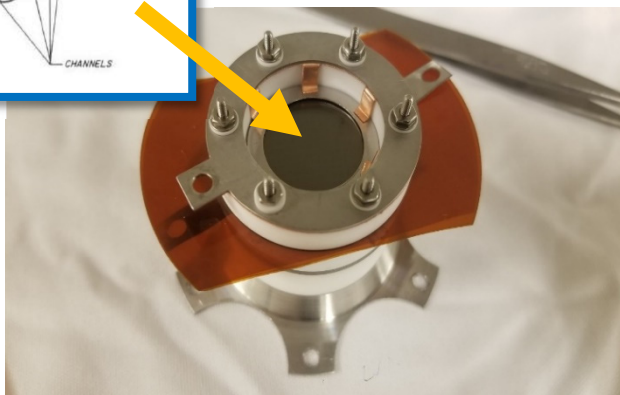
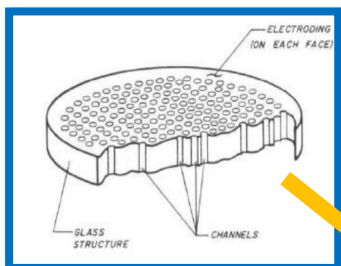


after drift

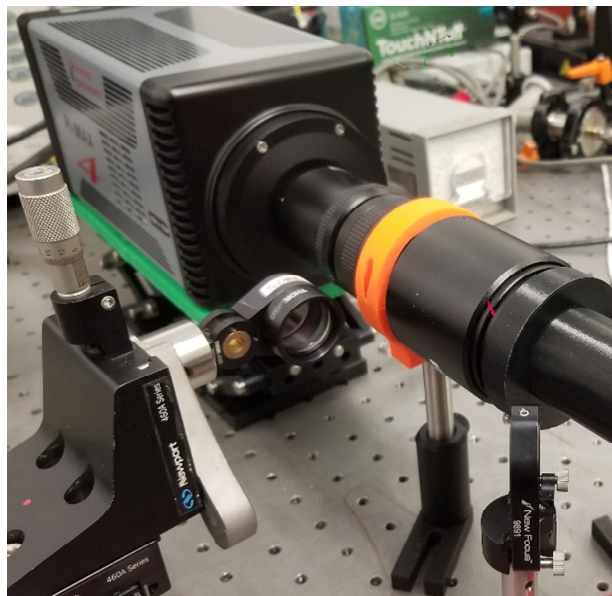


Experimental Setup

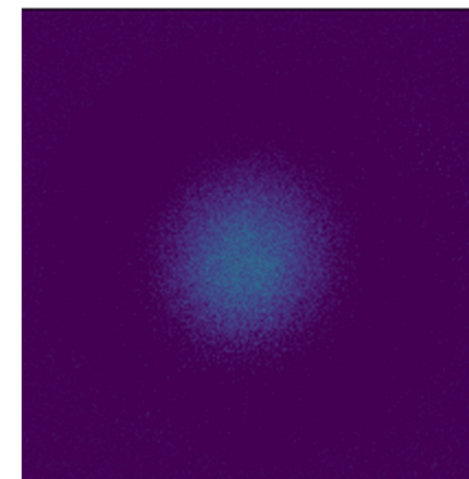
Design an Amplifier



Use ICCD Camera



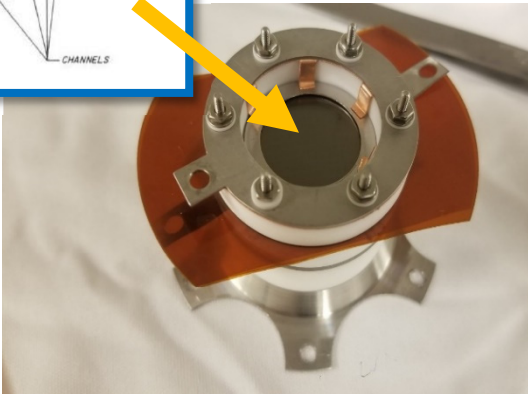
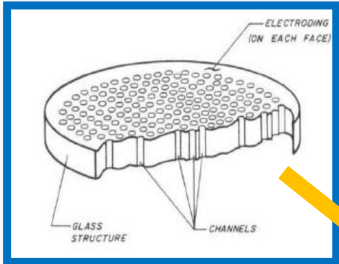
Testing



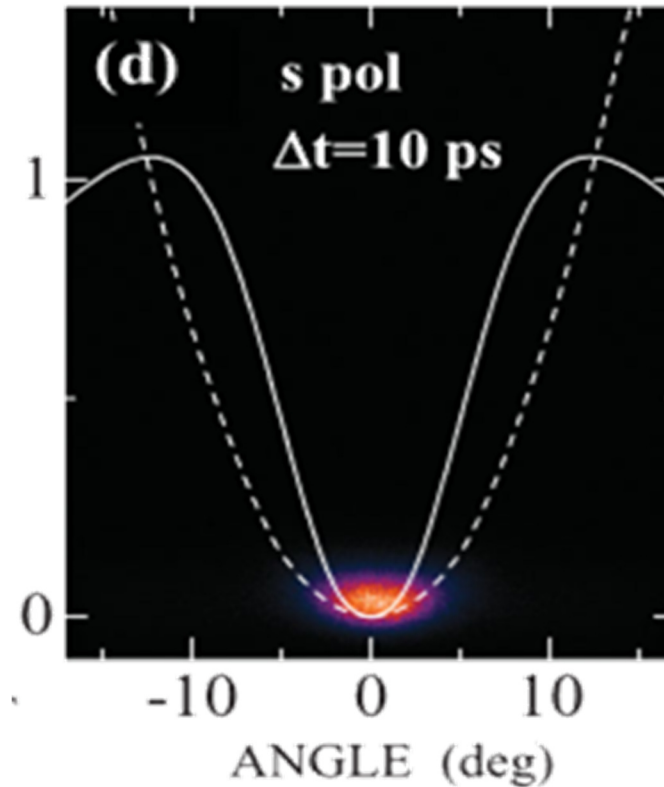
~10 e⁻ per pulse
250 kHz rep rate

Experimental Setup

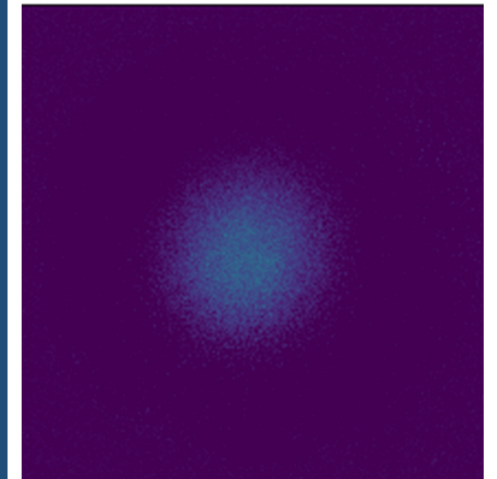
Design an Amplifier



Ready to measure 2 meV!



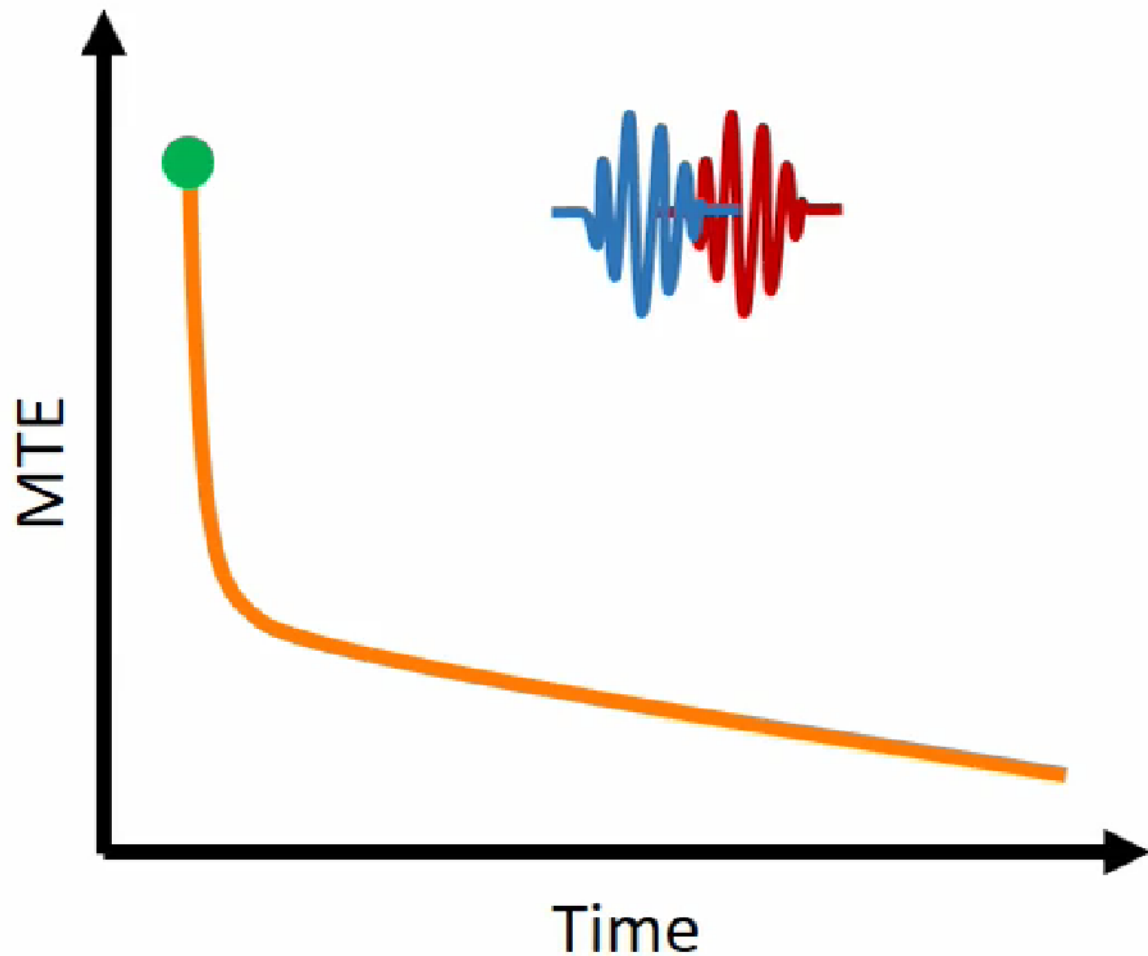
Testing



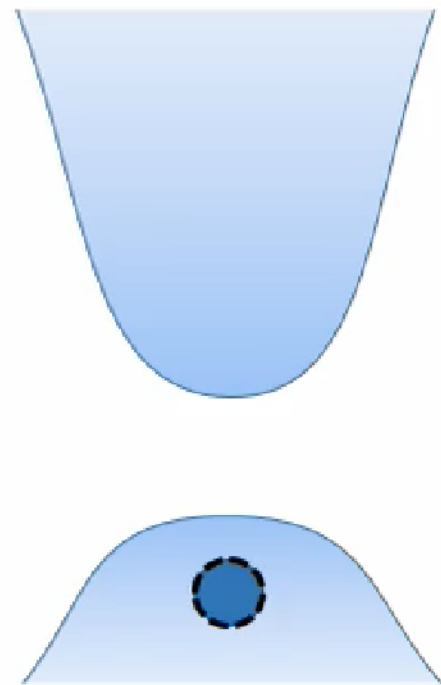
~10 e- per pulse
250 kHz rep rate

MTE Measurements

Mean Transverse Energy

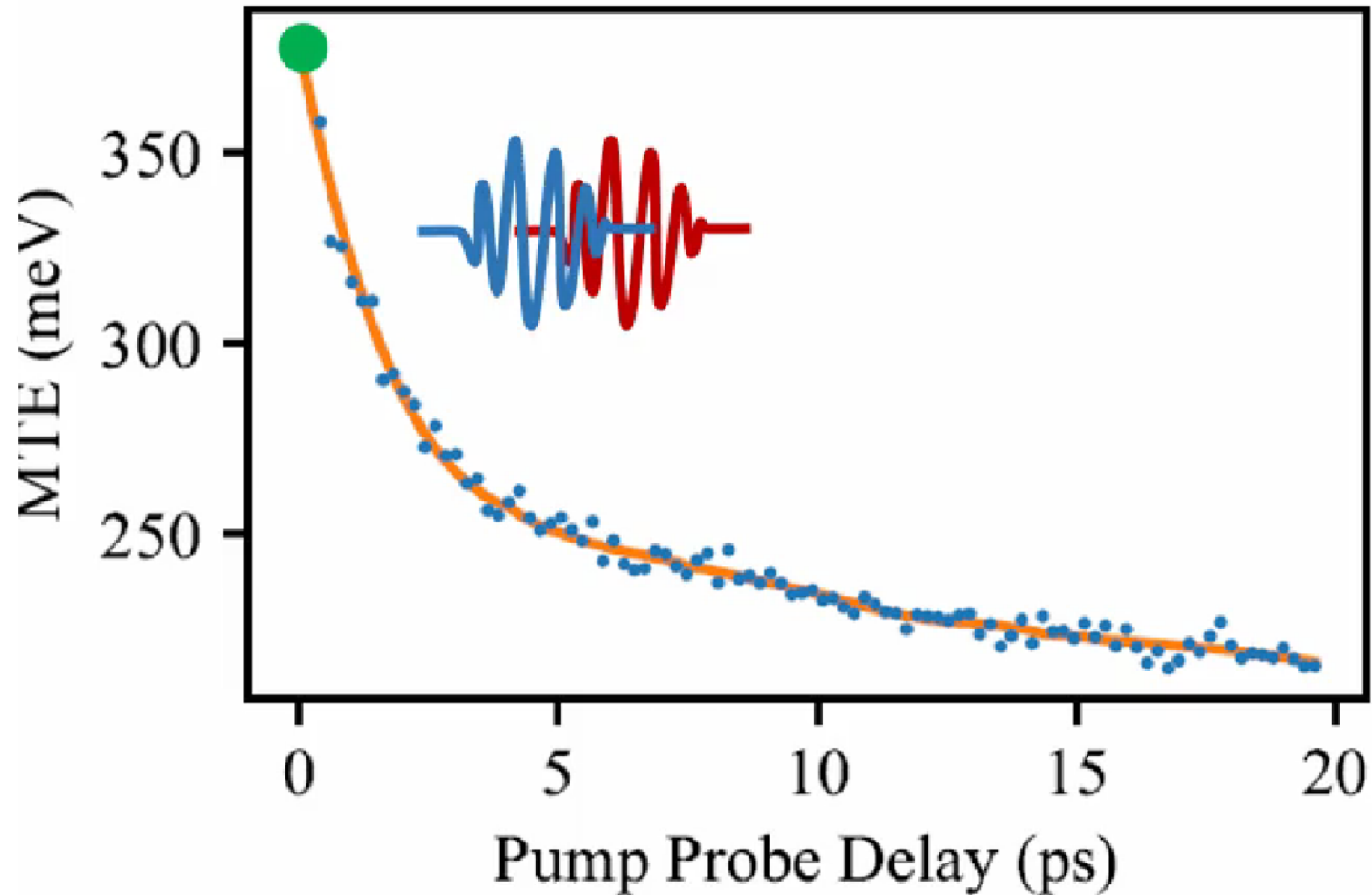


Excited States



MTE Measurements

We measured 200 meV

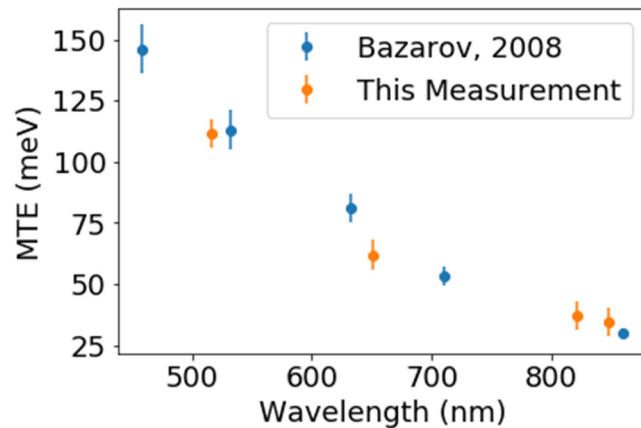


Sanity Checks

Is our measurement wrong? Probably not.

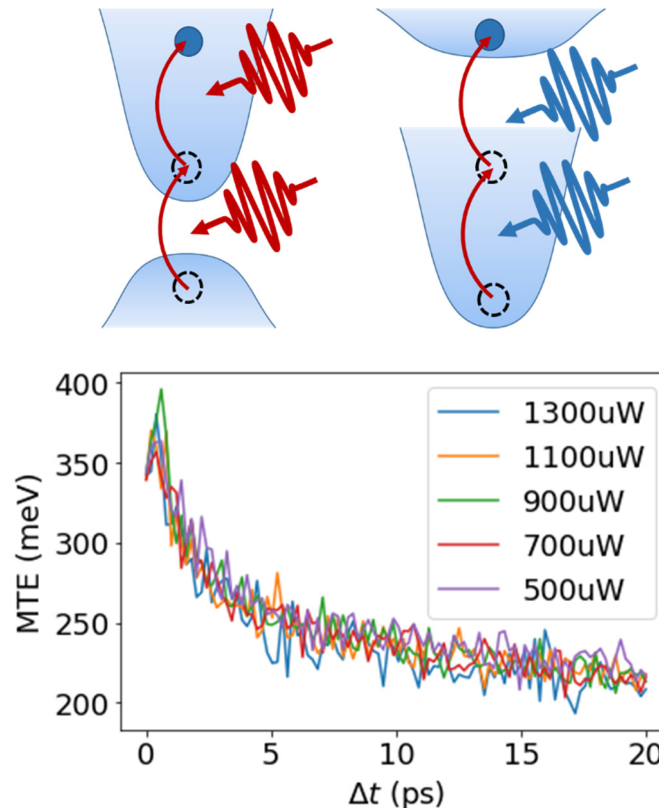
The Instrument

Prepare Cs:GaAs



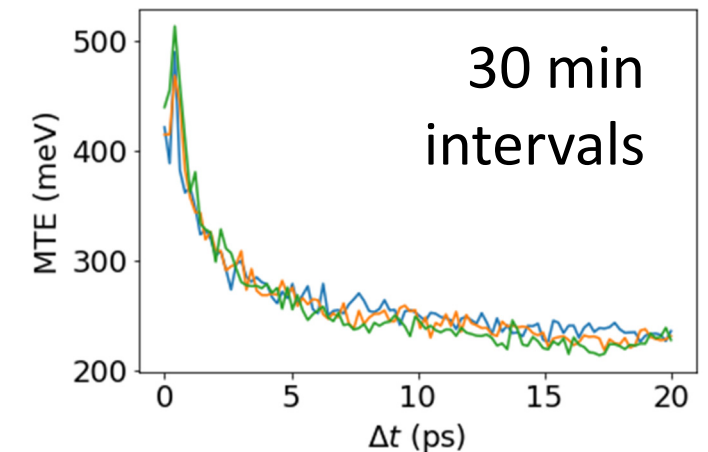
Saw MTE = ~ 25 meV

Multiphoton



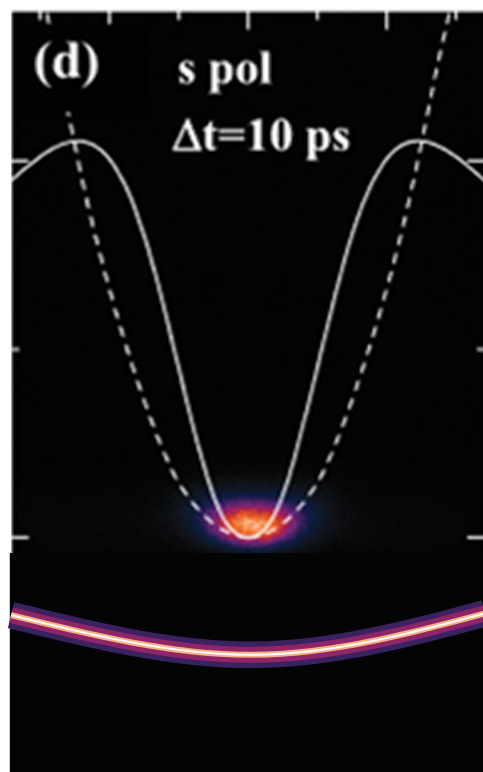
Adsorbates

Annealing didn't help



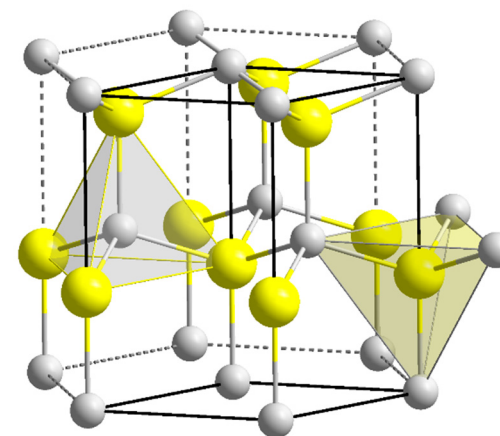
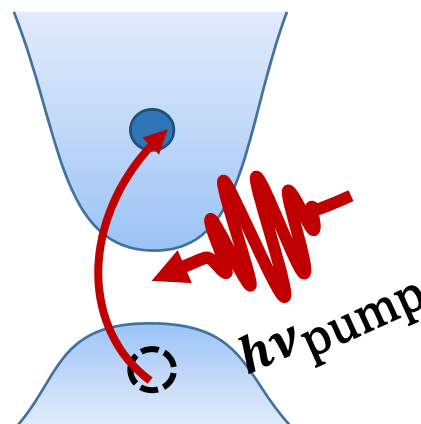
MTE is Uniform

Surface State



New Paradigm for Photocathodes

Engineered carrier distribution for photocathodes



Excited to try other materials

Slide 21

WU16

Add more positive "lessons learned"

Windows User, 8/30/2019

WU17

We have a new paradigm of emission

Windows User, 8/30/2019

WU18

Add positive slide w/ "engineering the distribution" or new time resolved

Windows User, 8/30/2019

Thanks for Listening!
Questions?