# **Single Cycle THz Acceleration Structures**

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## Introduction

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Recently, gradients on the order of 1 GV/m level have been obtained in a form of single cycle (~1 ps) THz pulses produced by conversion of a high peak power laser radiation in nonlinear crystals (~1 mJ, 1 ps, up to 3% conversion efficiency). These pulses however are broadband (0.1-5 THz) and therefore a new accelerating structure type is required. For electron beam acceleration with such pulses we propose arrays of parabolic focusing micro-mirrors with common central. These novel structures could be produced by a femtosecond laser ablation system developed at Euclid Techlabs. This technology had already been tested for production of several millimeters long, multicell structure which has been testing with electron beam. We also propose using of structures where necessary GV/m E-fields are excited by a drive bunch travelling in the corrugated waveguide. The radiated by drive bunch sequence of short range delayed wakes are guided in this case by metallic disks and reflected back being focused exactly at time when the witness bunch arrives.









time, ps

THz pulse duration	1 <u>ps</u>
Period	260 µm
Wall thickness	60 µm
Beam hole diameter	100 µm
Aperture	2.5 mm
Focus strength	160 µm
Length (10 cells)	2.6 mm
Dielectric permittivity (quartz)	3.75
Dielectric length icrement	278 µm



#### Acceleration of CW electron beam



#### Simulation of bunch acceleration

### **First Prototype**

Period – 150 µm, gap between cells - 50 µm, beam channel size – 50 µm, aperture of





Field distributions at the parabolic mirror while focusing the short THz pulse, for six sequential instants in time.

parabolic mirror – 2 mm, focus – 0.5 mm, field in focal point – 1 GV/m, bunch length – 6 ps, gained energy – 0.4 MeV (gradient is 0.3 GV/m)

Collaboration with Jiaotong University, D. Xiang



Euclid Techlabs developed a femtosecond laser ablation process for diamond lens development.