Electro-Formed Copper Cooling Block for AGIPD @ European XFEL.



blue = flow direction of coolant (entry temp. =

orange = cooling

For optimal cooling

Sensitive areas are:

➤ sensor plane

efficiency turbulences must be generated.

- 60 °C)

channels

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1) Introduction

Here we present the production of a copper cooling block by electro-forming technology.

The requirements for the cooling block, used for AGIPD @ European XFEL, are:

- > 4 AGIPD sensors per cooling block
- ≻ total heat load = 200 W
- > 20 °C sensor temperature
- > non-uniformity of surface temperature less than 5 K
- coolant = silicone oil > cooling of electronic components with return flow
- > operation in high vacuum

How does it work?

3

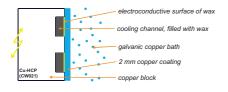
1. Fill all cavities with wax. 2. Pickle surface (acid cleaning).

6) Electroforming process

(2)

Cooling tests were successfully done on the final detector assembly.

4) Principle of electro-forming [1]



5. After electro-forming is finished warm up cooling block to 180 $^\circ\text{C}$ to melt wax

copper block after

2

1 day in galvanic bath

copper block afte

electroforming

process

3. Make surface of wax electrically conducting with graphite. 4. Put cooling block into galvanic bath for a couple of days (Deposit is approximately 20 - 25 µm/h of copper.)

copper block.

filled with wax

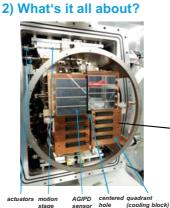
surface pickled, graphite on wax

losure of

deep bores

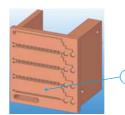
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out of all cavities. No structural changes in copper at 180 °C. 6. Now final machining (facemilling, bores, cut-outs, ...).



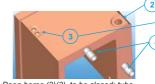
4 quadrants, independently moveable horizontally and vertically to achieve centered holes of
0 - 27 mm and slits

of 3 mm) \rightarrow 4 cooling circuits required



Copper block sensor plane (1) with inserted pins and slotted cylinders. to be covered with coppe

5) Pre-production



Deep bores (2)(3), to be closed; tube sockets (4), to be sealed vacuum tight

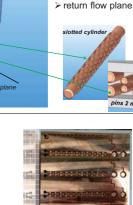
7) Final machining







3) How does the coolant flow? And for what reason?







9) Conclusion

Electro-forming is an excellent technique to produce cavities in copper parts. The essential advantage of electro-forming in comparison to high temperature brazing - the originally planned technique to manufacture the cooling blocks - is a higher process reliability and avoiding disadvantageous structural changes due to high temperatures.

10) References [1] Galvano-T (D/Windeck) www.galvano-t.de

11) Acknowledgements Fa. Körber & Körber (Birkenwerder) Fa. Galvano-T (Windeck) DESY-FS-DS group members DESY-ZM group members

