
Development of Ultracold neutron Accelerator for Time focusing of pulsed neutrons

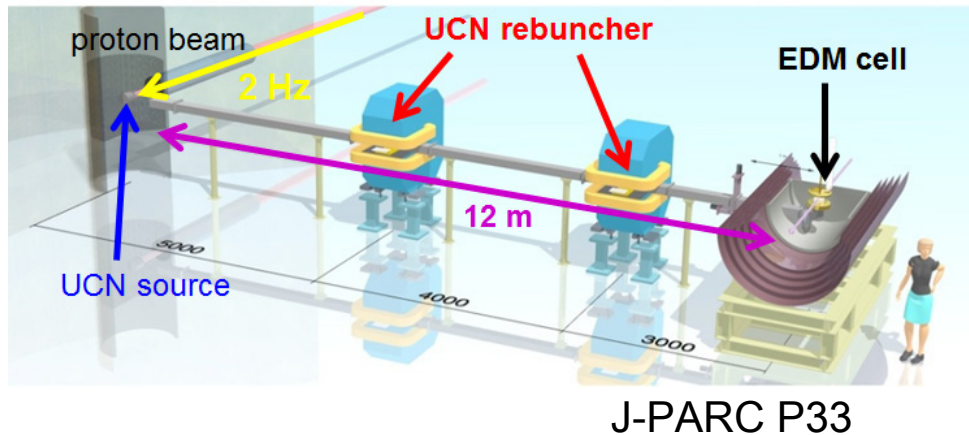
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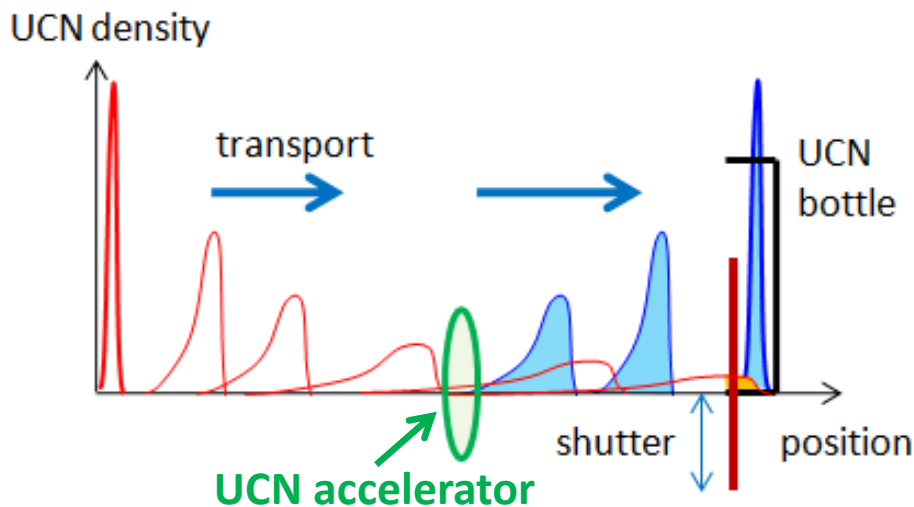
^D Dep. of Phys. Nagoya Univ., ^E ICEPP, Univ. of Tokyo

EDM experiment with pulsed source

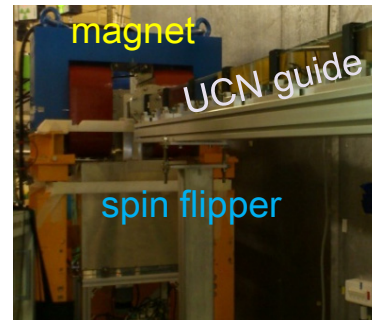
EDM experiments with pulsed source



Time focusing

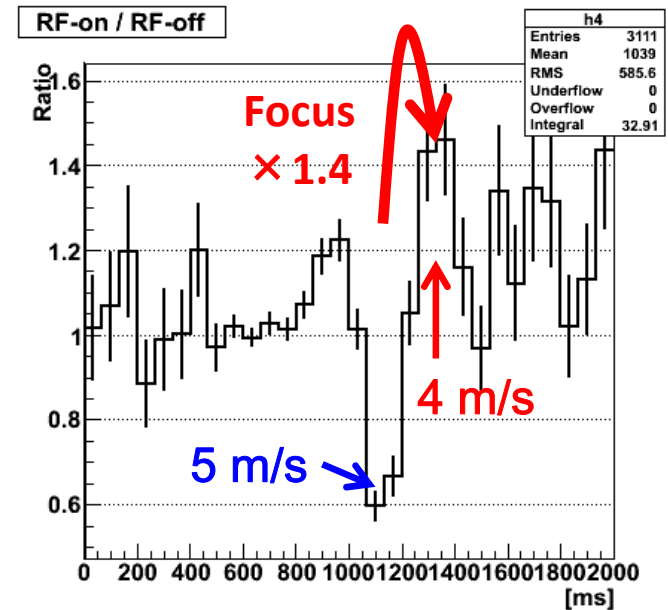


• UCN Accelerator



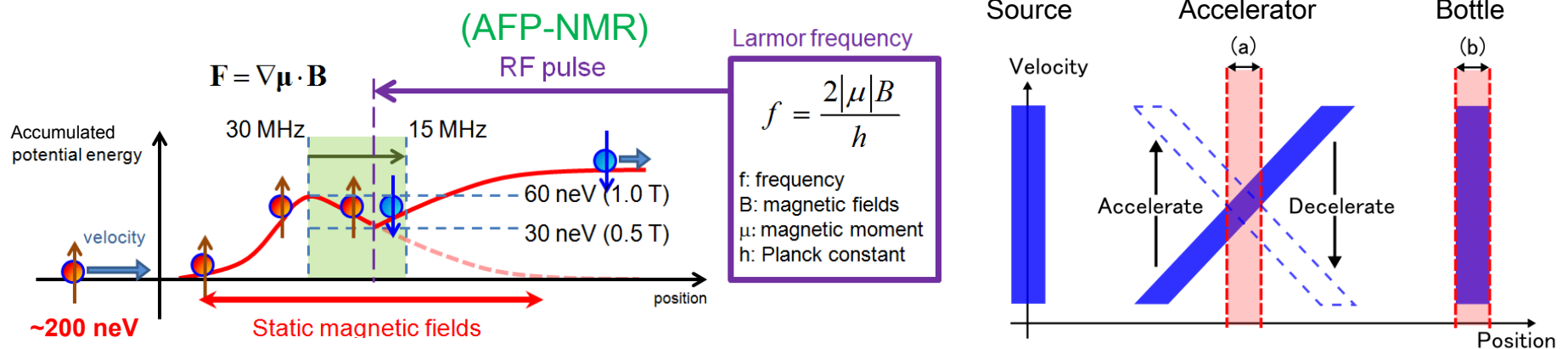
Demonstrated at ILL in 2011.

We succeeded in focusing UCN.

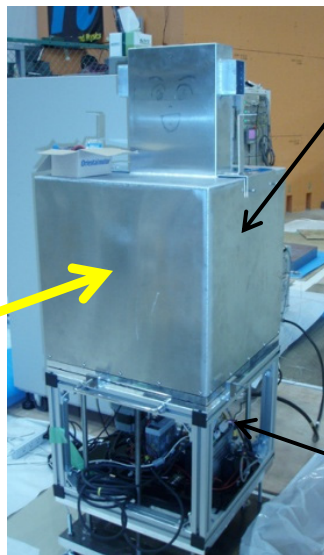
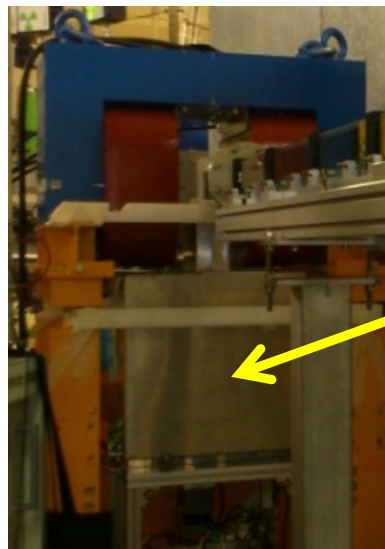


Phys. Rev. A **86**, 023843 (2012)

The Mechanism of UCN Accelerator



UCN accelerator named “**UCN Rebuncher**”

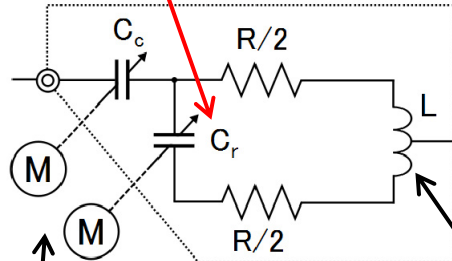


RF cavity

Capacitor :

- matching
- resonance

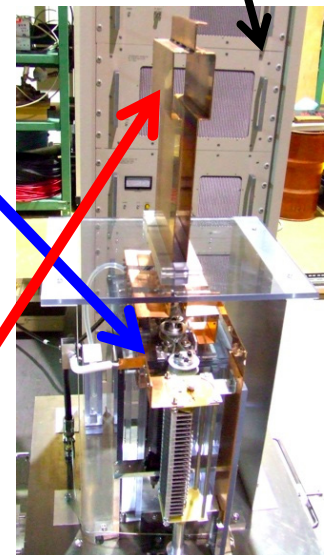
Shield Box



motors

RF coil

1 kW power amplifier



Adiabatic Fast Passage - NMR

Adiabatic condition

$$k = \frac{\omega_L}{\omega_B} \geq \frac{-\gamma_n B_1^2}{dB_0/dt} = \frac{-\gamma_n B_1^2}{v dB_0/dx} \gg 1$$

v : a neutron velocity

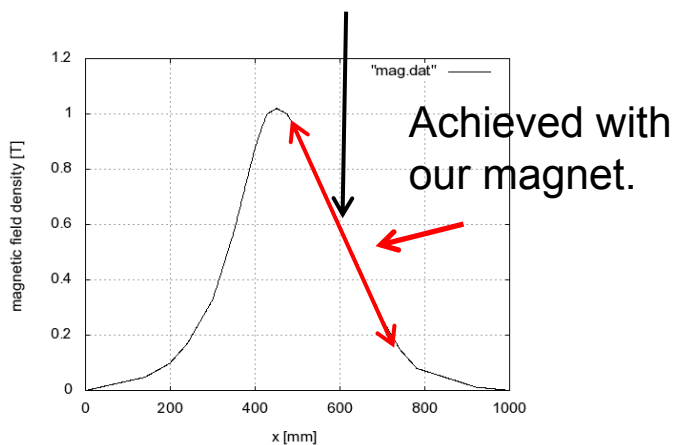
B_0 : static magnetic flux density

B_1 : rotating magnetic field strength

x : propagating direction of a neutron

γ_n : gyromagnetic ratio of a neutron

Field gradient $\sim 3.2 \text{ T/m}$



Physica Procedia **17**, 20-29 (2011)

IEEE Trans. Appl. Supercond. **22**, 4500704

Spin flipping ratio

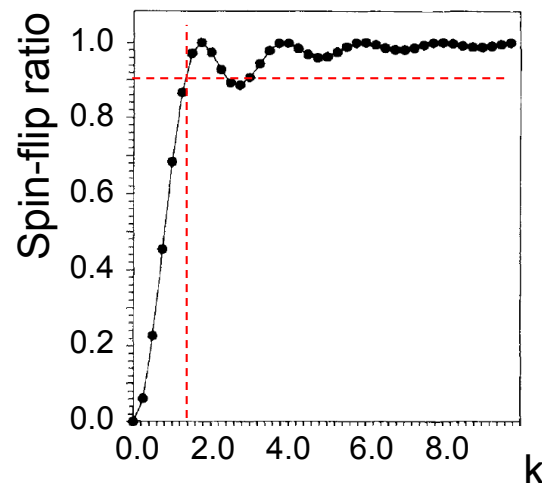
> 0.9

Adiabatic parameter

$k > 1.4$



$B_1 > 0.35 \text{ mT}$
($v = 5 \text{ m/s}$)



Nucl. Instr. Meth. Phys. Res. A **384**, 451-456 (1997)

Frequency

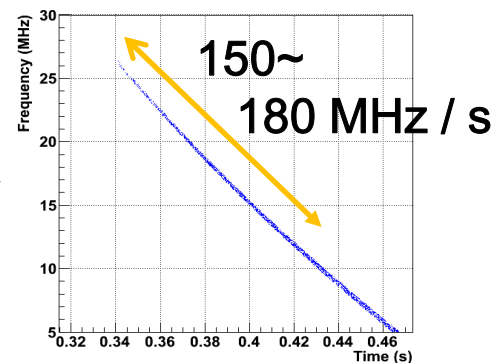
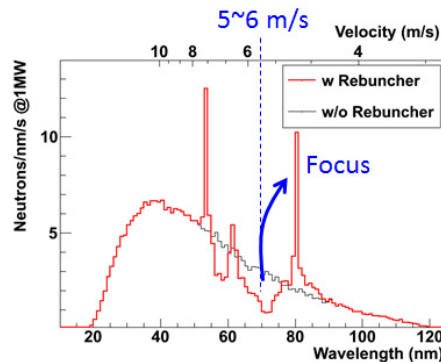
1st : 17.5 ~ 28.6 MHz ($\pm 70 \sim 114 \text{ neV}$)

Goal : 6 ~ 30 MHz ($\pm 24 \sim 120 \text{ neV}$)

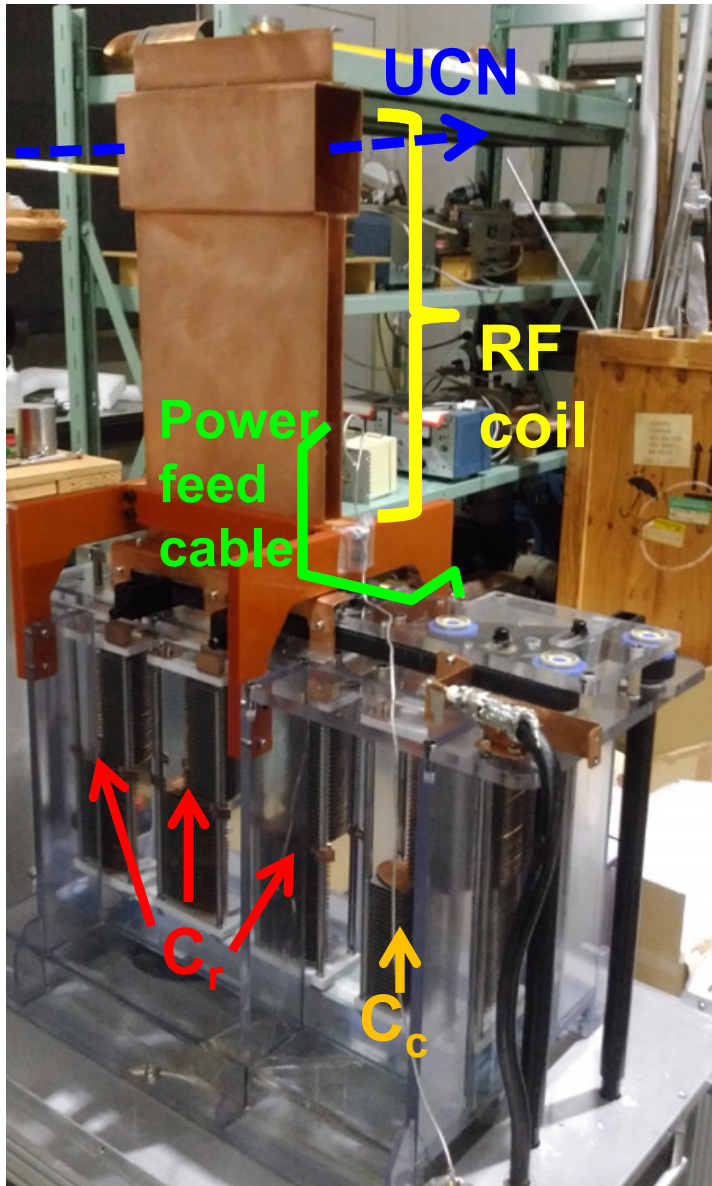
Spin-flip ratio

1st : ~ 0.5

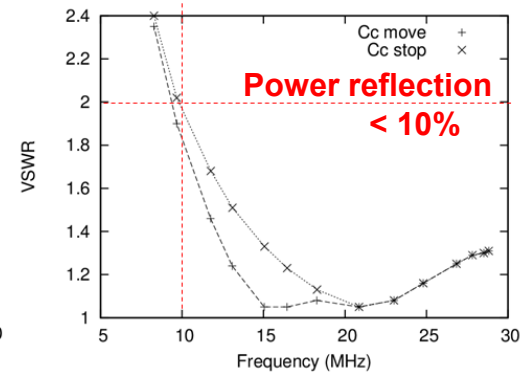
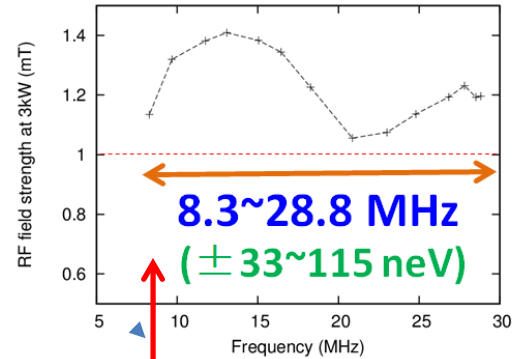
Goal : ~ 1



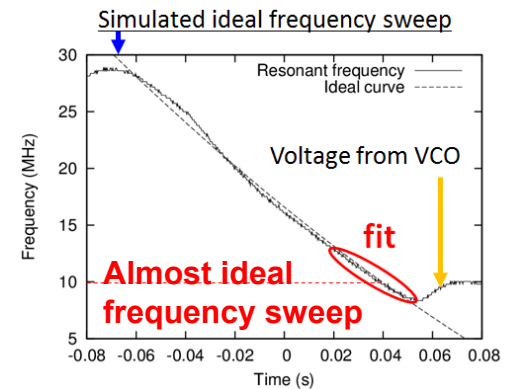
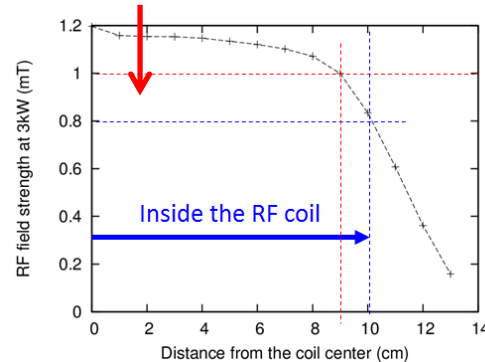
Present status of the 2nd rebuncher



Result of 0.4 W power supply test



RF magnetic field > 1 mT
(Scaled up to 3 kW)



*The second rebuncher is
near completion!*