ASPECTS OF THE CONTROL SYSTEM OF THE LINEAR ELECTRON ACCELERATORS BUILT IN ROMANIA

A. Jianu, Nilprp-Bucharest; D. Martin, Nilprp-Bucharest; S. Marghitu, Nilprp-Bucharest; C. Oproiu, Nilprp-Bucharest; M. Toma, Nilprp-Bucharest

The paper presents the control system of the linear electron accelerator ALID-7 of 5.5 MeV and 0.7 kW built in Romania. The system provides: personnel and sensitived evices protection against dangerous events; programmed interlocking and warning signals during accelerator operation; single electron pulses or electron pulse trains; control of high voltage on magnetron and electron gun, electron pulses length and repetition rate, electron beam intensity, magnetron frequency, sweeping amplitude and frequency, conveyor velocity, irradiation time and electron pulse counting. An important feature of the system is an original control technique for obtaining programmed beamsingle shots and pulse trains with programmed pulse number, pulse repetition frequency and pulse duration by discrete pulsetemporal position modulation of the gunelectron pulses and magnetron microwave pulses. Another facility, which showed new results the material processing field, wasdesigned to permit simultaneous electronbeam and microwave irradiation. The PC-based control methods are used in parallel with classical techniques in order to increase the personnel and accelerator safety.