

Photon Polarization Switch at ALBA L. Torino, G. Benedetti, F. Fernández, U. Iriso, Z. Martí, J. Moldes, D. Yepez ALBA-CELLS, Cerdanyola del Vallès, Barcelona, Spain



Abstract

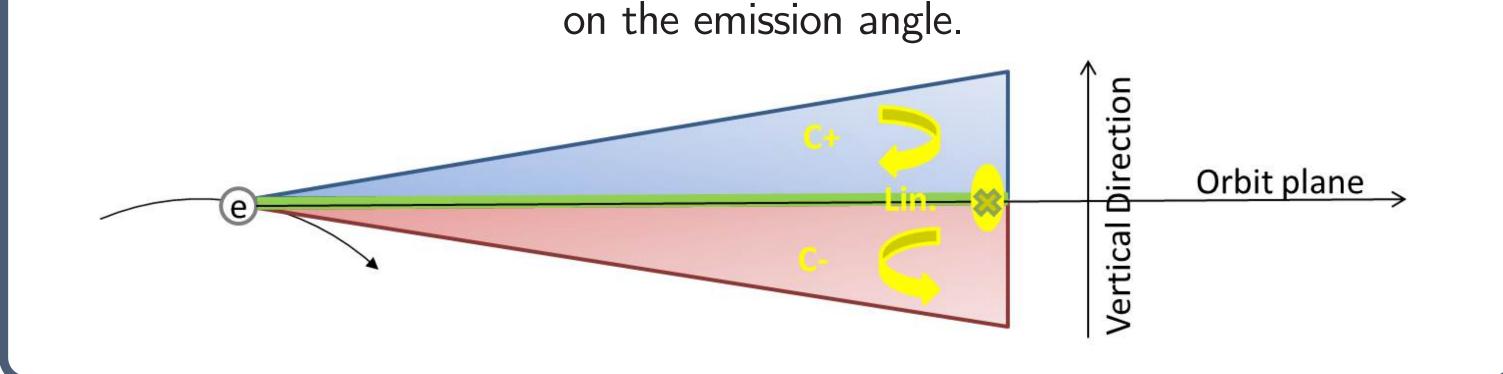
The polarization of the synchrotron radiation produced by a bending magnet can be selected by properly choosing the vertical emission angle. At beamlines this can be done by moving a slit to block unwanted polarization: this method is time consuming and not very reproducible. Another option is to fix the slit position, generate a local bump with the electron beam, and vary the emission angle at the source point such that the sample is illuminated with the desired polarization. At ALBA, we have implemented this option within the Fast Orbit Feedback, which allows to perform the angle switch in less than one minute without affecting other beamlines. This report describes the implementation of this technique for the dipole beamline MISTRAL at the ALBA Synchrotron.

Polarization Distribution

The distribution of the synchrotron radiation produced by a bending magnet depends

Switching Mechanism

Locally change the direction of the electron beam by performing a bump by changing



FOFB for Polarization Switch

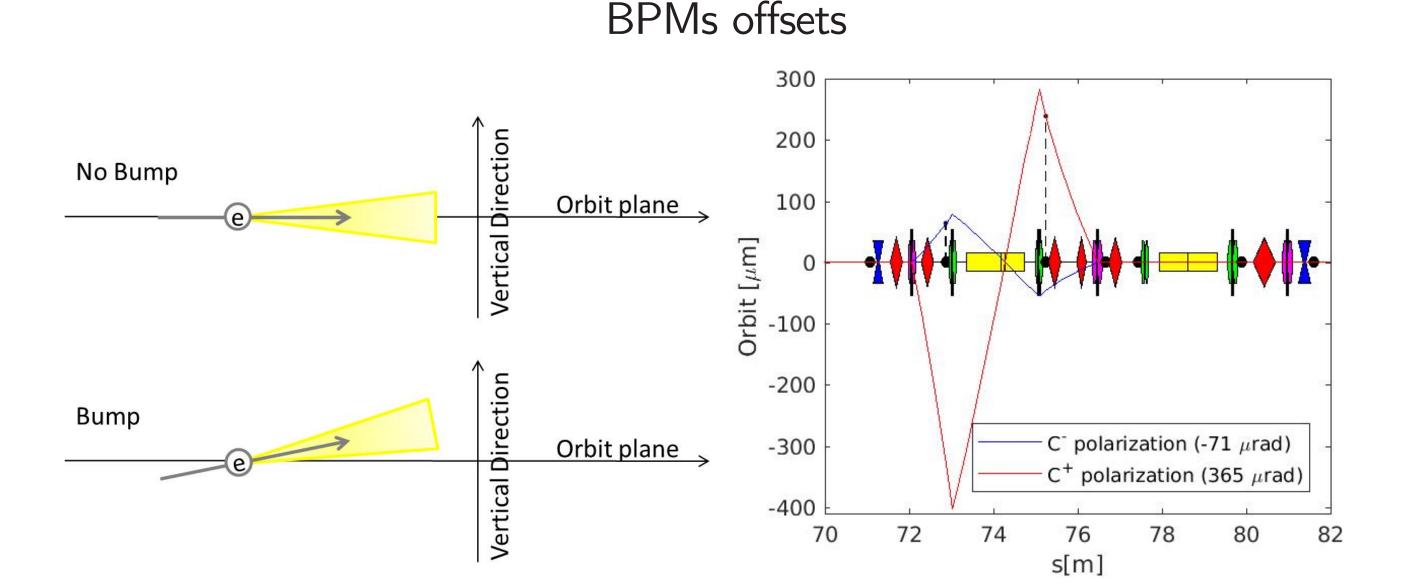
- ► Distributed system @5 kHz damping up to 100 Hz
- ► Diamond CC + PSI protocol
- ► 16 FOFB processing nodes:
 - ▷ PMC FPGA sniffer board (Micro-Research EVR-230)
 - Correction Calculation CPU (4 Cores)
 - Optical Link Interface (to the correctors)
- ► Horizontal: 88 BPMs (Libera Brilliance)
- Vertical: 87 BPMs + 1 XBPM (Libera Brilliance + Libera Photon) + 1 BPM
- ▶ 88 Correctors (Hor. and Vert.) integrated in sextupoles + 1 Cor. Vert.
- \rightarrow + 1 Skew (No FOFB!)

EOEB.

DS:

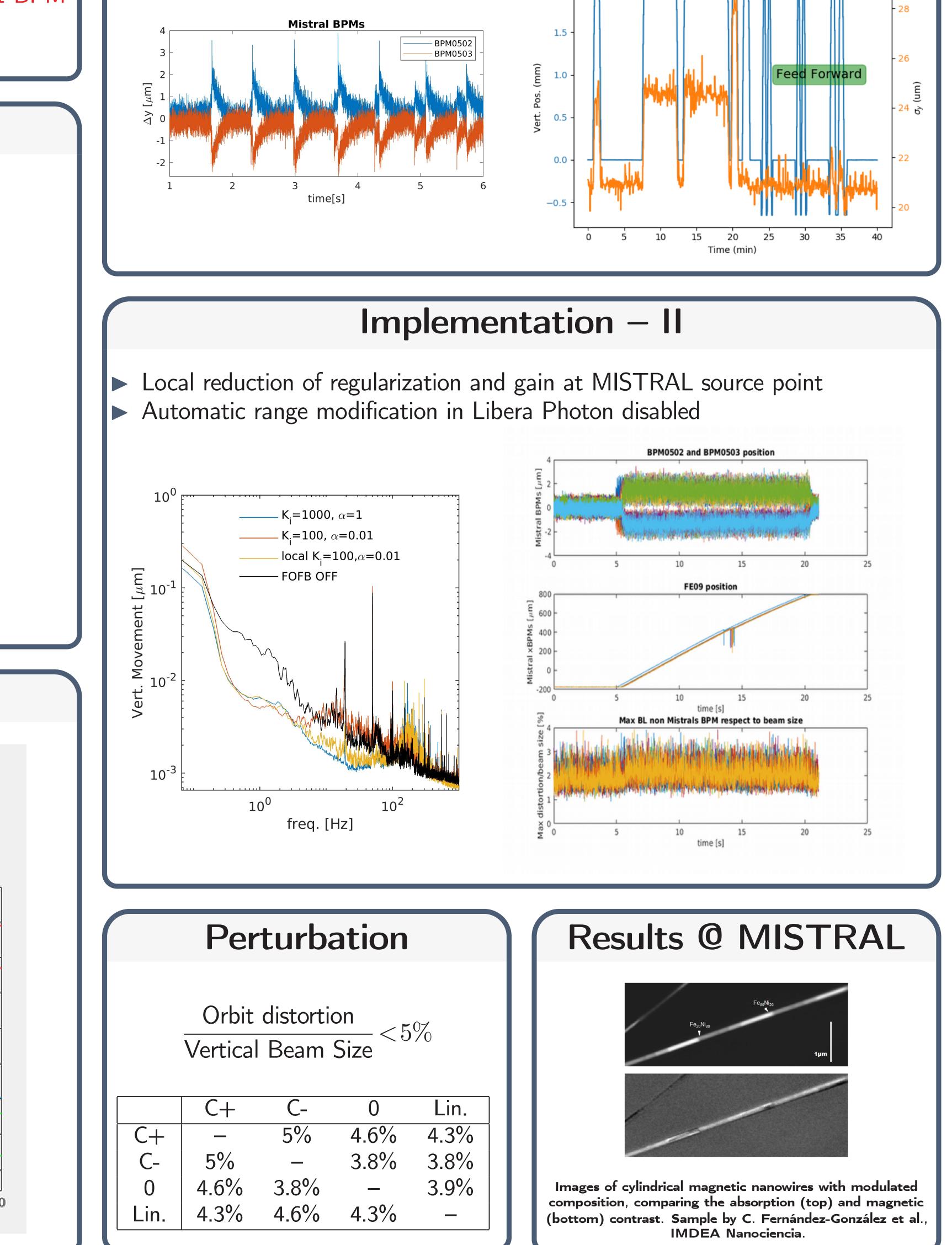
ARC

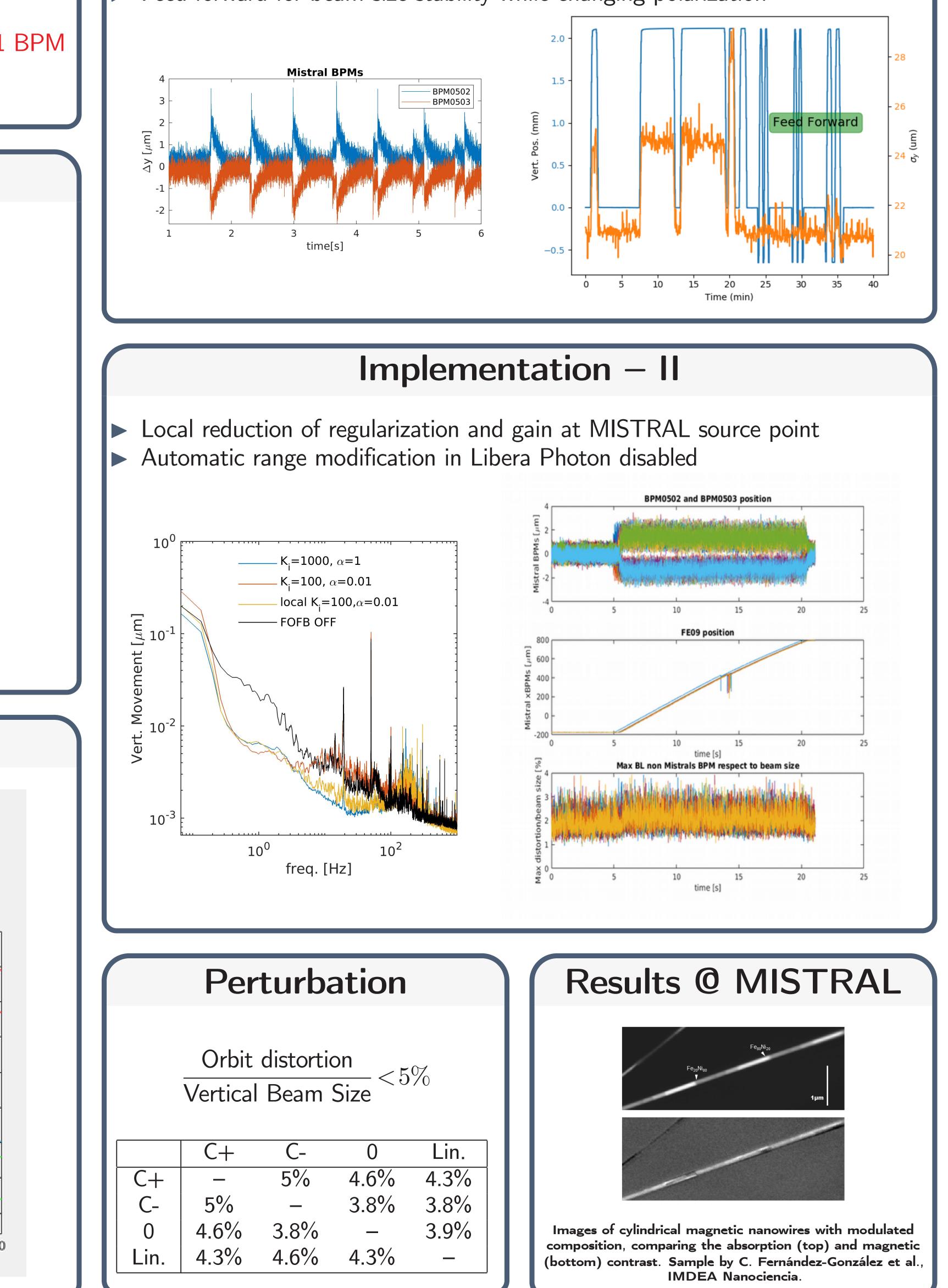
XBPM in FOFB

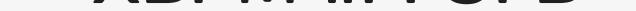


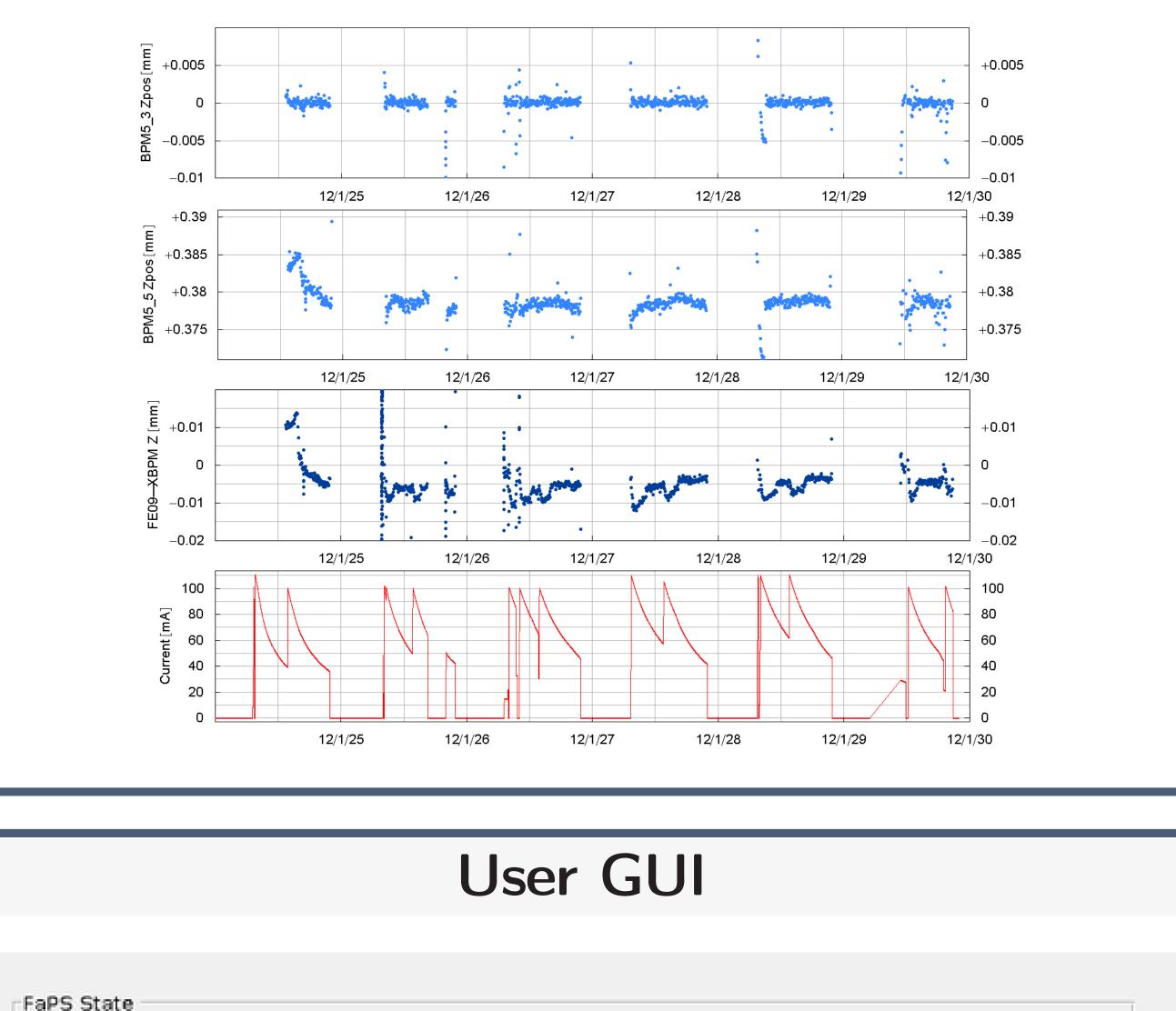
Implementation – I

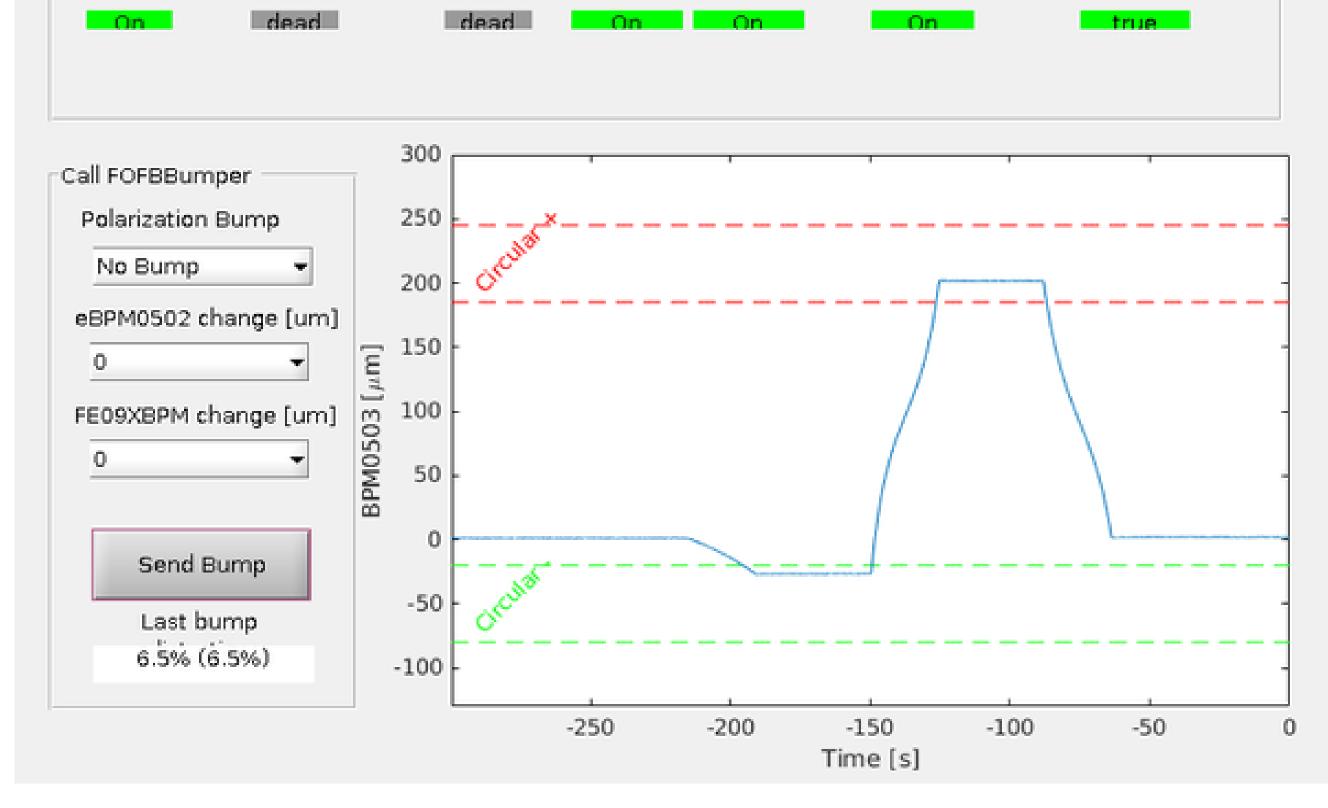
▶ BPM offset modified inside Liberas: Dev. Sever not fast enough ► Feed-forward for beam size stability while changing polarization











Skews

EaPS Response

Bumper