



Commissioning and first lasing of FELiChEM: a new IR and THz FEL oscillator in China



Heting Li on behalf of FELiChEM team

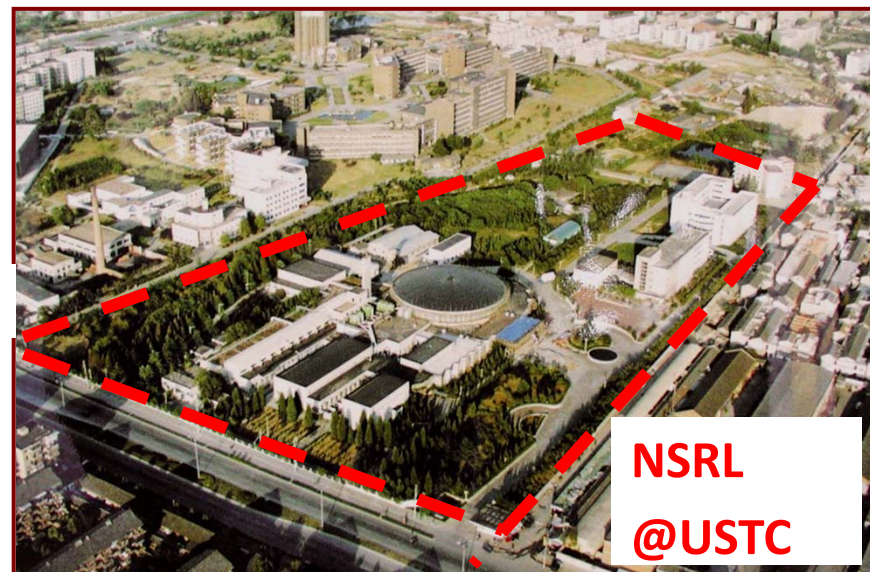
National Synchrotron Radiation Laboratory (NSRL),

University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, China

The 39th international conference, 26 Aug. 2019



National Synchrotron Radiation Laboratory



**Hefei Light Source II:
800 MeV linac and storage ring**



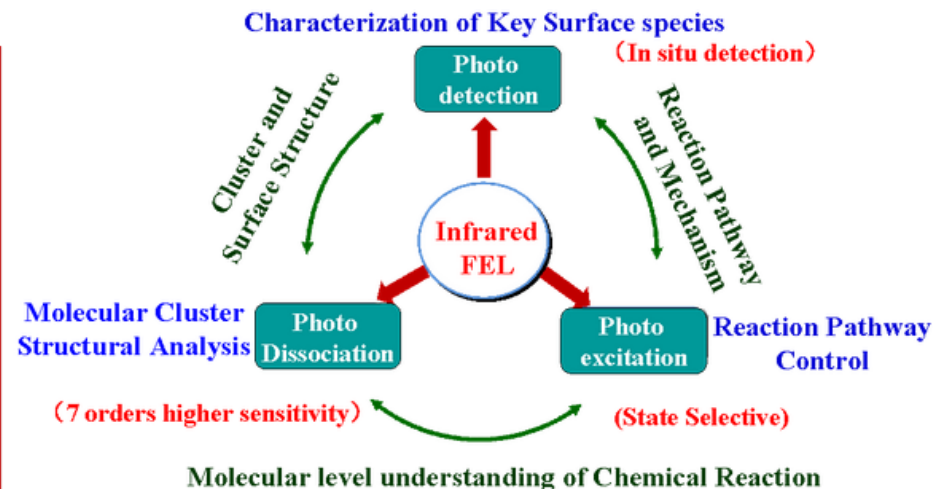
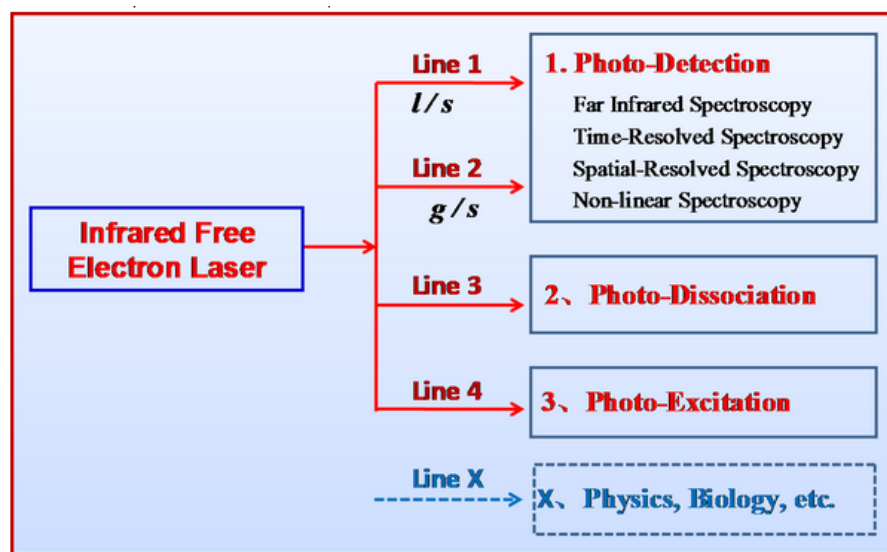


Introduction of FELiChEM

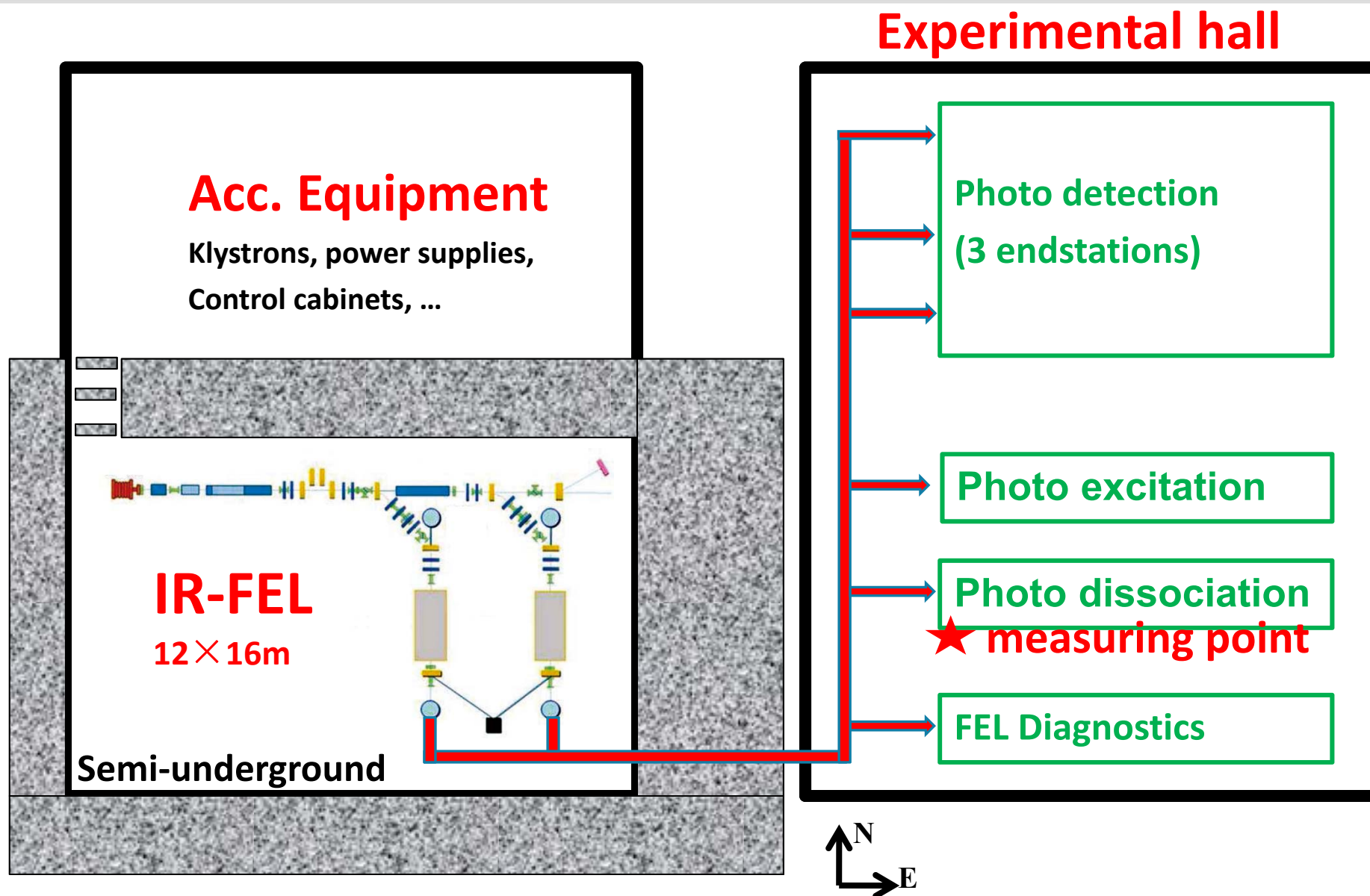


基于可调谐红外激光的能源化学研究大型实验装置
Tunable Infrared Laser for Fundamentals of Energy Chemistry

- Funded by National Natural Science Foundation of China (NSFC) from 2015
- A dedicated light source aiming at energy chemistry
- Consisting of **1 IR-FEL**, and **3 research stations: photo-detection, photo-dissociation, and photo-excitation.**



Schematic layout





Main FEL parameters

Laser Type	2 Oscillators
Wavelength Range	2.5-50 μm , 40-200 μm
Monochromaticity	0.3~3%
Polarization	Horizontal
Pulse Structure	Macropulse + micropulse
Macropulse	Repetition rate: 10/20 Hz Width: 5-10 μs Peak Power: ~5 kW (Pulse Energy: ~100 mJ)
Micropulse	Repetition rate: 476, 238, 119, 59.5 MHz optional Width: 1-5 ps Peak Power: ~5 MW (Pulse Energy: ~50 μJ)



Accelerator

Pulser-gated
thermionic gun

476, 238, 119,
59.5...MHz

Buncher
2856 MHz

Pre-buncher
476MHz

Acc. 1
2856 MHz

chicane

Acc. 2
2856 MHz

FIR
cavity

MIR
cavity

Main e-beam parameters

Parameter	Target	Achieved
Electron energy	15- 60 MeV	25-60 MeV
Energy spread	<240 keV	<200 keV@35MeV; <240 keV@60MeV
Normalized emittance	<30 mm·mrad	40-50 mm·mrad
Bunch charge	~1 nC	~1.2 nC
RMS bunch length	1-5 ps	~4.5 ps (w/o chicane)

FIR undulator

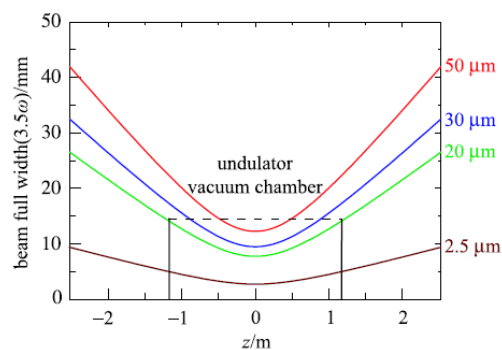
MIR undulator

15-30 MeV
40-200 um

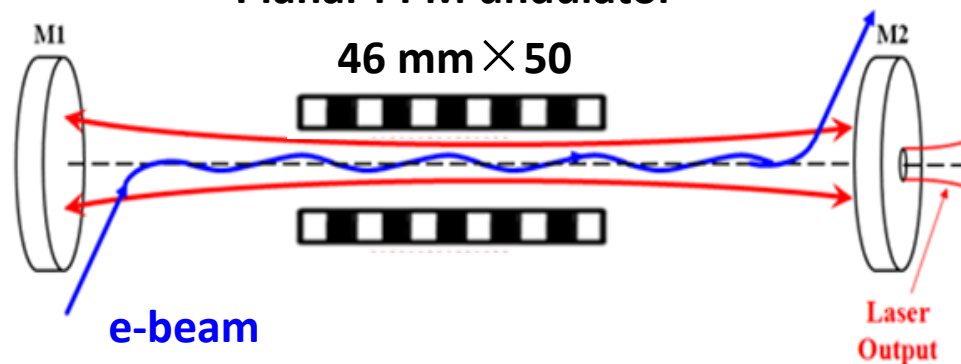
25-60 MeV
2.5-50 um

FEL oscillators

MIR oscillator

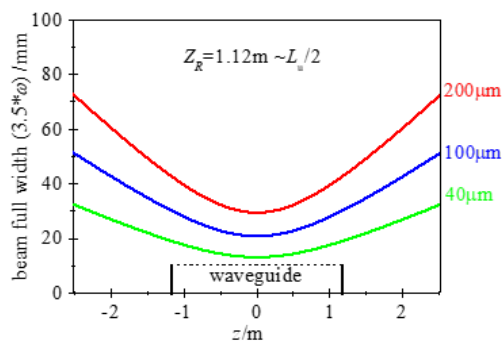


Planar PPM undulator

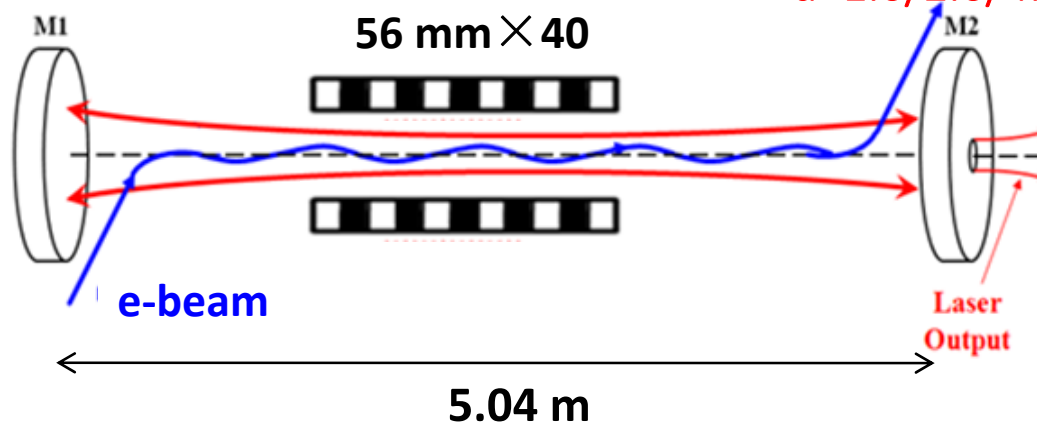


Outcoupling holes:
d=1.0/1.5/2.5/3.5 mm

FIR oscillator



Planar PPM undulator



Outcoupling holes:
d=1.0/2.0/4.0 mm



Commissioning status

✧ We experienced two stage commissioning

➤ 1st stage: Jul. 24 – Sep. 27, 2018

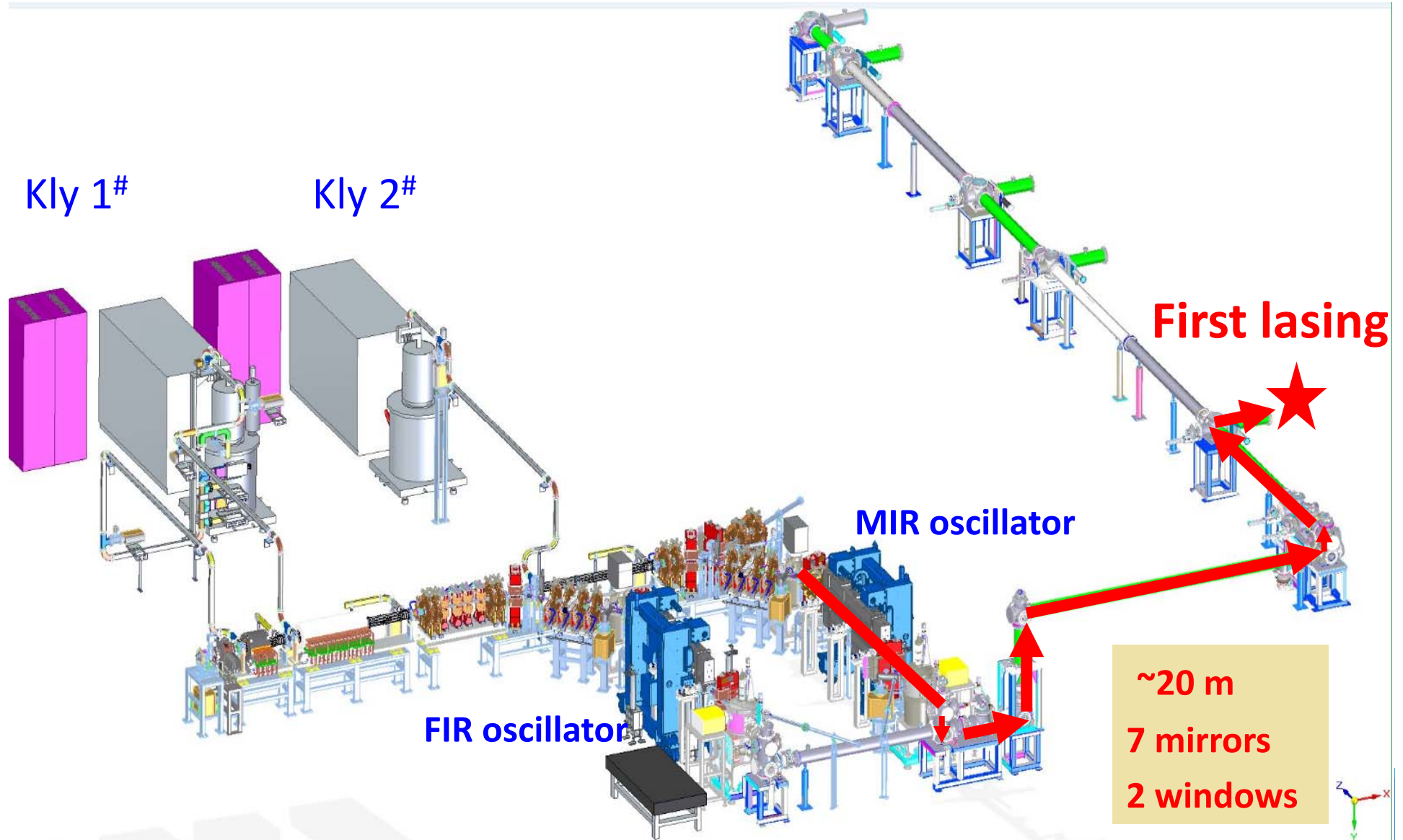
- **DC beam** from the e-gun (without grid pulser)
- Heavy beam load and large space radiation dose inside the tunnel
- Failing in detecting the IR undulator spontaneous radiation inside the tunnel due to the strong jamming

➤ 2nd stage: May. 24 – Jul. 22, 2019

- **Pulsed beam** from the e-gun (238/119/59.5/29.75 MHz)
- Detecting the IR radiation in the experimental hall
- **Success in observing the spontaneous radiation and the lasing signal in the first day of the FEL commissioning (9 June)**
- Shutdown on 22 Jul. to replace some components for improving the e-beam quality



FEL commissioning in 2nd stage



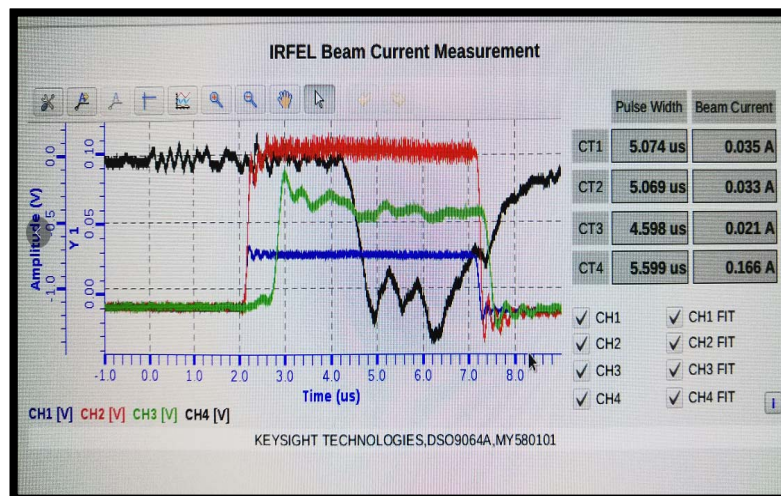
First lasing

Undulator spontaneous radiation

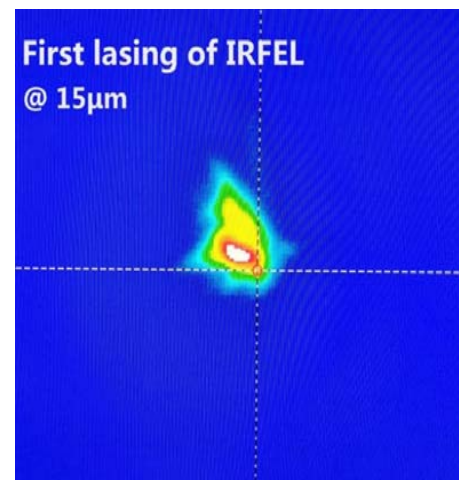


- Detected by a liquid-nitrogen cooled **MCT** (HgCdTe) **@ 15 μm**
- measured: **38 μW** **@ Endstation-1**
 - 20 m away from undulator exit
 - Passing through 2 windows & reflected by 7 mirrors
- Calculated: **60-180 μW** @ undulator exit

First lasing



Black line: FEL signal from a pyroelectric probe

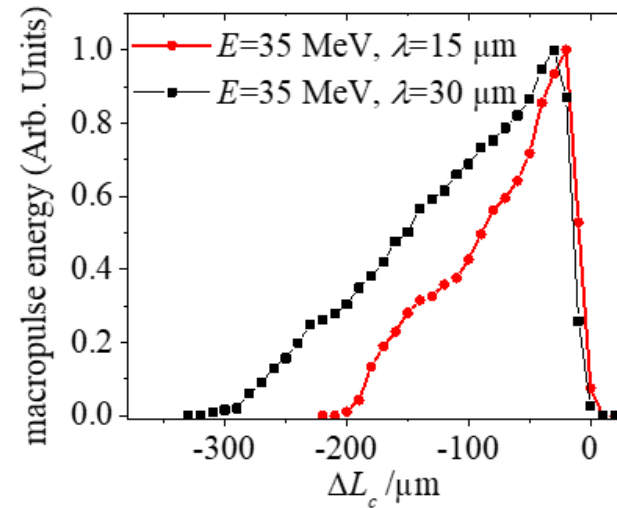
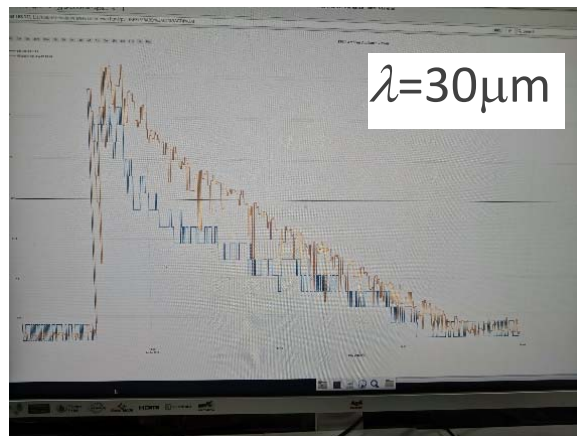


IR light spot @ Endstation-1

- **First lasing @ 15 μm**
- Detected at **Endstation-1** by a pyroelectric probe and a pyroelectric camera
- Max. **$\sim 27 \mu\text{J}$** /micropulse

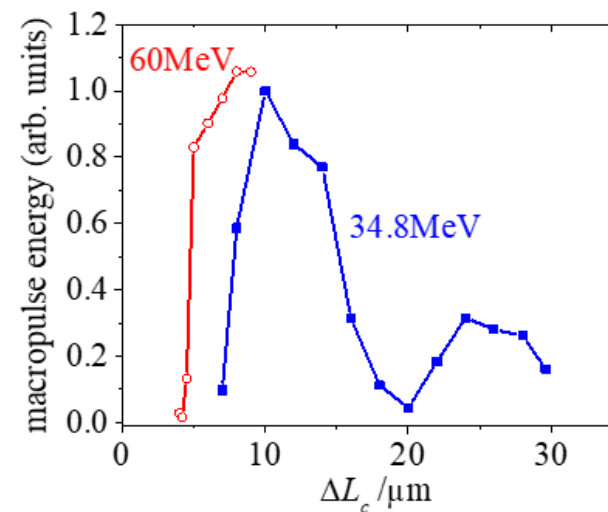
Measured results

Detuning curve



Lasing was observed over a cavity length scan range of about **10 times** of radiation wavelength.

Wavelength coverage



- 4-30 μm .
- What happened to 20 μm FEL? Absorption or power gap?
- It will be studied in next run.



Future plans

✧ Measurement of the basic FEL

- Spectrum
- spectral range
- temporal structure

✧ Increasing the electron beam current

- rep. rate of microbunch
- rep. rate and pulse width of macrobunch

✧ First user experiment with the mid-infrared FEL

- doing our best to make the MIR FEL stable
- commissioning the FIR oscillator in timesharing mode

Thanks for your attention !

Thank you to the entire FELiChEM Team

