

# Performance of S-band Photocathode RF-gun with Coaxial Coupler

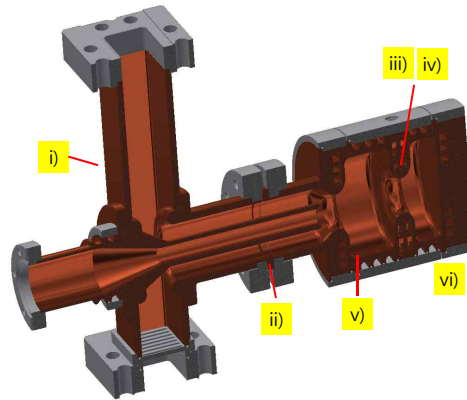
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## Abstract

To improve the characteristics of electron beams, new S-band photocathode RF gun with a coaxial coupler has been developed and fabricated at the Pohang Accelerator Laboratory (PAL). This new RF gun is improved the field symmetry inside a cavity cell by applying the coaxial coupler, and the cooling performance by improving the cooling lines. The RF gun is installed in the injector test facility (ITF) for high power rf test. This paper reports the recent results on the RF conditioning process and the beam tests of the rf gun with high power rf at ITF. We present and discuss the measurement results of the basic beam parameters.

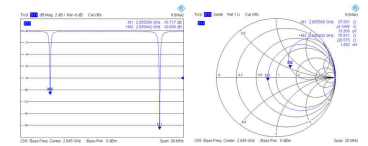
## Coaxial Coupler Type RF-gun

- Coaxial coupler: Axisymmetric E-field, To eliminate the high-order fields
- Gasket between Gun&Coupler: To adjust coupling coefficient
- Large coupling iris radius and short coupling iris length: To increase 0 and  $\pi$ -mode separation
- Elliptical iris: To reduce the surface E-field
- Rounded cell edge: To increase the quality factor, To decrease the thermal stress
- Modified Cooling channels: To be uniform the RF heating



\*(#): Design Value

Property	Coaxial Type
Frequency [MHz]	2856
Mode Separation [MHz]	20
$\beta$	1.1 ( $1 \pm \alpha$ )
Q	14400
Repetition rate [Hz]	10 (1000)
Maximum Field Gradient @ Cathode [ MV/m]	130 (120)



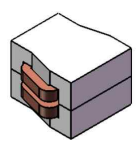
## ITF Setup & Performance

### Accelerating Column (ACC)

#### Dual-feed racetrack type

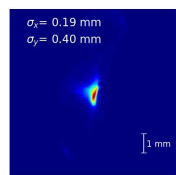
### Energy Spectrometer

#### Dipole Magnet (DM)

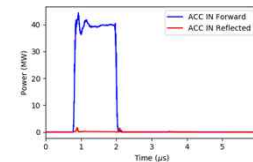
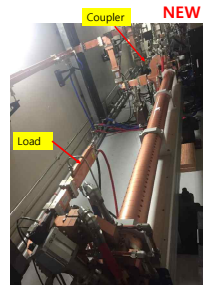


RADIABEAM  
135 MeV Dipole (30 °)

#### Screen Monitor (S3)

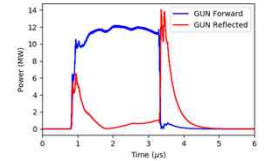
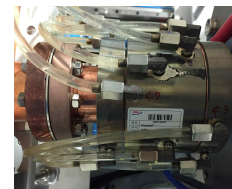


$U = 70 \text{ MeV}$   
 $\Delta U < 0.1 \%$

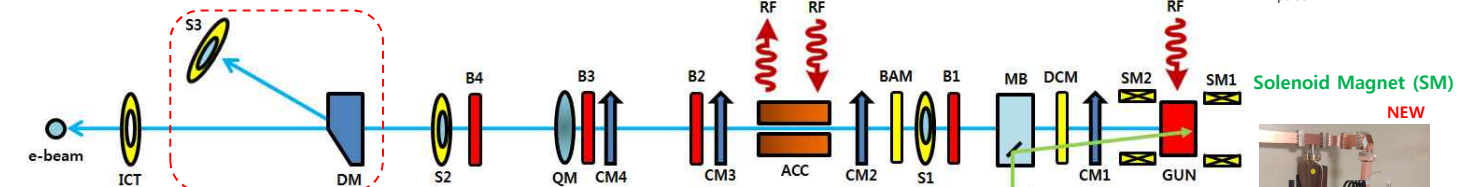


$P_{\text{max}} = 40 \text{ MW}$   
 $f_{\text{rep}} = 10 \text{ Hz}$   
 $\tau_{\text{pulse}} = 1.2 \mu\text{s}$

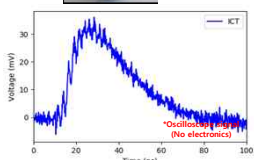
### GUN Coaxial coupler type



$P_{\text{max}} = 12 \text{ MW}$   
 $f_{\text{rep}} = 10 \text{ Hz}$   
 $\tau_{\text{pulse}} = 2.5 \mu\text{s}$



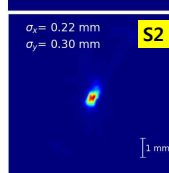
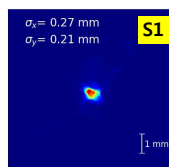
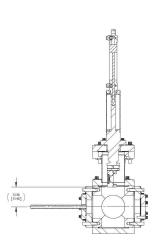
### Integrating Current Transformer (ICT)



$Q = 200 \text{ pC}$   
 $QE = 4.5 \times 10^{-5}$

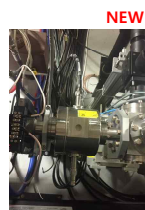
\*Top view (from gun to laser mirror box)

### Screen Monitor (S1 & S2)

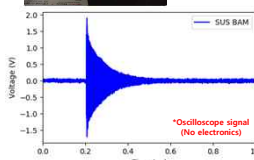


RADIABEAM  
Yag:Ce  
 $\Phi 25.4 \text{ mm} \times$   
 $X 100 \mu\text{m}$

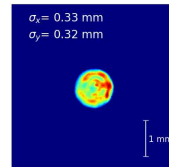
### Bunch Arrival-time Monitor (BAM) SUS Material type



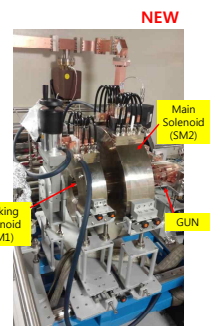
$f = 2826 \text{ MHz}$   
 $\beta = 0.25$   
 $Q_0 = 1120$   
 $Q_L = 760$   
 $\tau_L = 40 \text{ ns}$



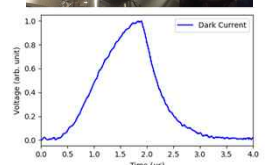
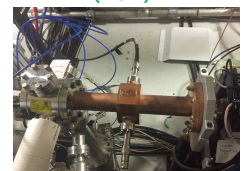
### UV Laser



$P_{\text{laser}} = 20 \mu\text{J}$   
 $\sigma_T = 3 \text{ pS (FWHM)}$



### Dark Current Monitor (DCM)



### 1st Electron generation by Coaxial Coupler Type RF-gun at PAL

Parameter	Value	Unit
Electron Beam (GUN / GUN+ACC)		
Energy	6 (estimate) / 70	MeV
Energy Spread	- / 0.1	% (rms)
Charge	200	pC

Parameter	Value	Unit
RF		
Peak power	12 / 40	MW
RF-pulse Width	2.5 / 1.2	μs
Repetition Rate	10	Hz
Laser		
Spot size	0.32	mm (rms)
Pulse Length	3	ps (FWHM)
Pulse energy	20	μJ

Difficult laser transmission → "Laser Mirror Box" will be modified