

# Status of SCSS & X-ray FEL Project in Japan

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*Presented by T. Shintake, RIKEN/SPring-8*

*Representing JASRI+RIKEN Joint Team*

- **Status of 8 GeV XFEL/SPring-8 Construction**
- **What we learned from SCSS Test Accelerator**

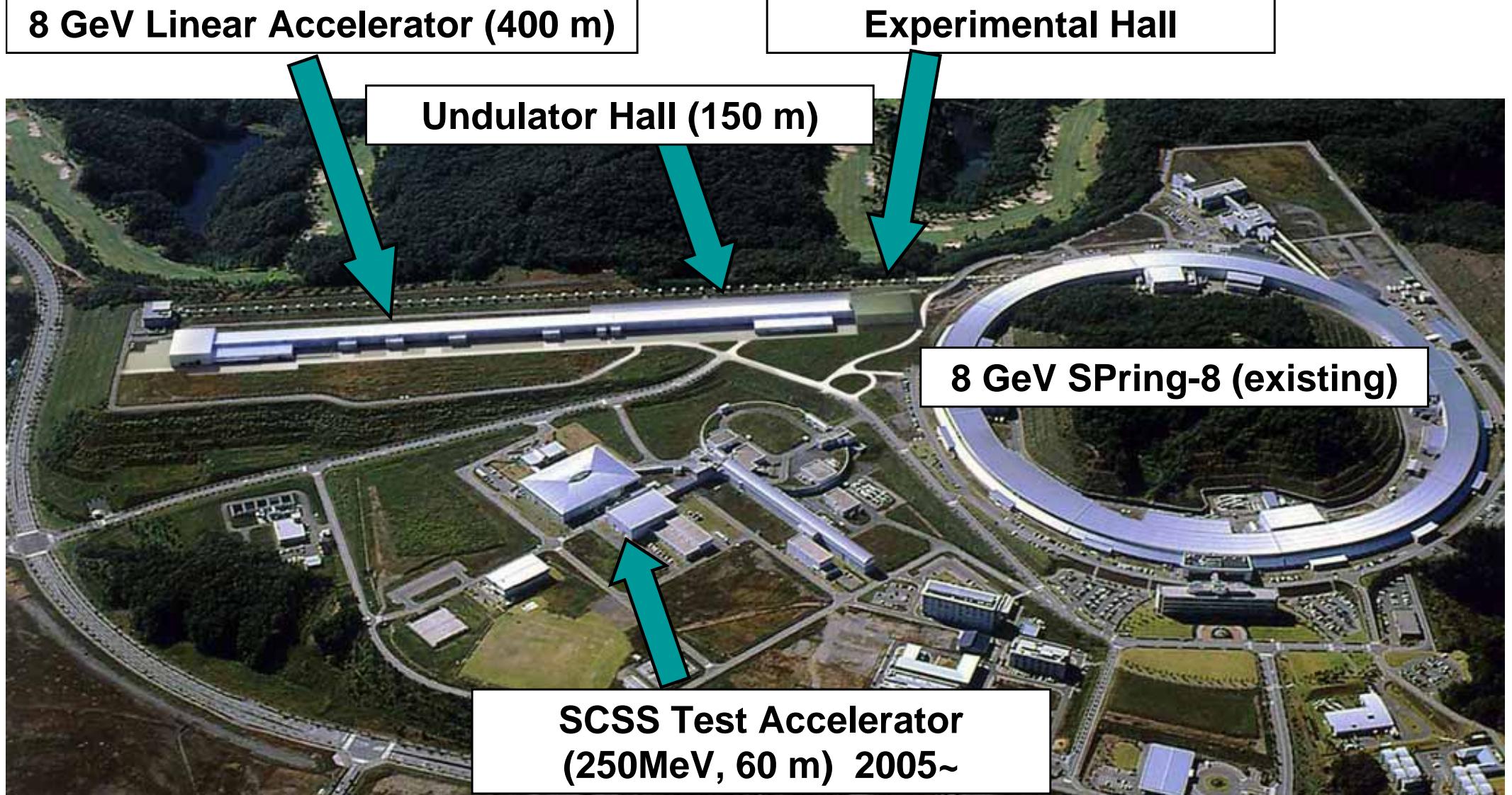
# JASRI+RIKEN Joint Construction Team (88)

鈴壽新 白糸佐櫻近香 原熊木北北木大大大大大今井 稲板石石安浅  
 木榮竹澤賀野井藤村 谷村村田矢畠端塚竹島島井上垣倉川井積野  
 松伸 俊 克年 瞳辰力芳 教洋英全光昇拓通孝雄和隆智 忍 隆早哲美隆芳  
 介宏 仁 幸樹 孝昭男伸春治雄 次雄 宏 宏苗也保夫裕  
 徹

森武松馬松増前細平福広備東林花西成富辻張玉谷田田田田武高反  
 本者下塚井田坂田野井野前谷 木野山樺 作口中中中中中部橋町  
 龍滿智裕 優里 佐剛比直秀達等子 輝彦篤志 美奈 博吉展照 忠雅超  
 久裕 久正呂康和 和 樹 賢真良治吾太郎 良義隆和人次 懇耕記  
 智裕 久正呂康和 和 樹 賢真良治吾太郎 良義隆和人次 懇耕記

田長倉福工大後中印渡青佐高冥深富柳 Xavier Marechal 川郷小永小渡吉山山矢  
 中谷持永藤橋藤嶋道辺柳治城 見澤田 島 林園嶋川田中下橋  
 川 博文 統治俊一征眞秀超徹奎 健宏謙一 博祥孝 利充覚和子 敦明牧  
 信一照雄 文吾彦治馬一樹樹爾也 司光一 广名晃

# XFEL/SPring-8 Project (CG)



# SCSS & X-ray FEL Beam Parameter

at undulator section

		Prototype	X-ray FEL	
Beam Energy	$E$	0.25	8.0	GeV
X-ray Wavelength	$\lambda$	60	0.1	nm
Beam Emittance	$\epsilon_n$	2	1.0	$\pi \text{mm.mrad}$
Bunch Length	$\Delta z$ FWHM	100 0.3	100 0.3	$\mu\text{m}$ psec
Transverse Beam Size	$\sigma_{x,y}$	100	25	$\mu\text{m}$
Peak Current	$I_p$	1	3	kA
Charge per bunch	$q$	0.3	1	nC
Undulator Parameter	$\lambda_u$ $K$	15 1.3	18 1.3	mm
Length	$L$	10	80	m
FEL Saturation Length	$L_{\text{sat}}$	20	60	m

# Tunnel Construction started June 2007

- Accelerator tunnel, on surface.
- Site length 700 m





Construction site (looking down east)



Piling started in June 2007



Stake hole machine's head.  
1.6 m diameter



Vertical drilling machine.



Lifting soil through  
drilling shaft.



Inserting reinforcing  
structure.

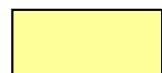
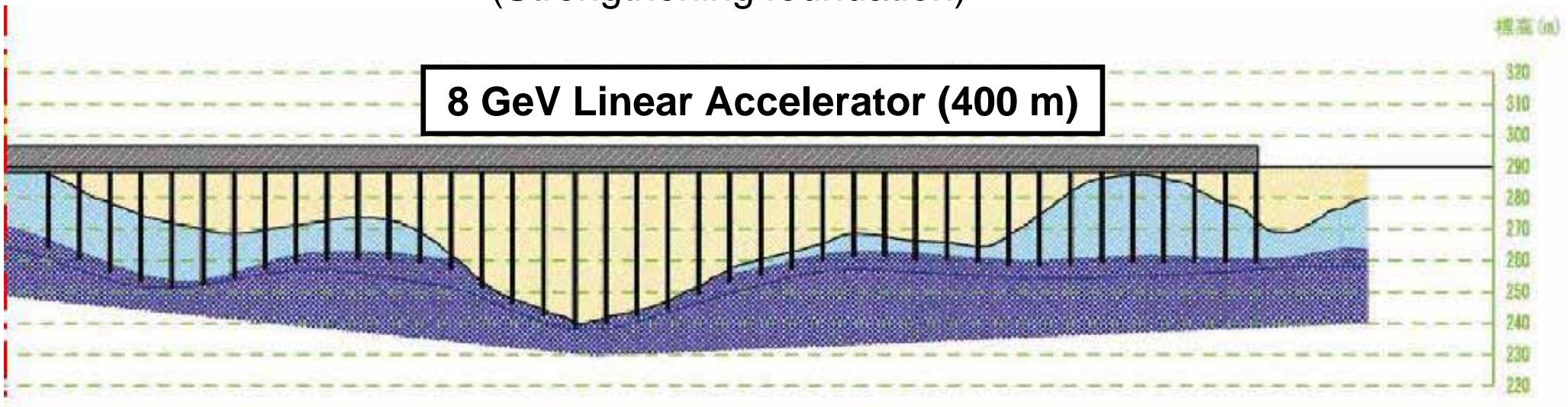


Filling concrete



# Basement Construction

(Strengthening foundation)



: Soil



**Soft hardness rock**



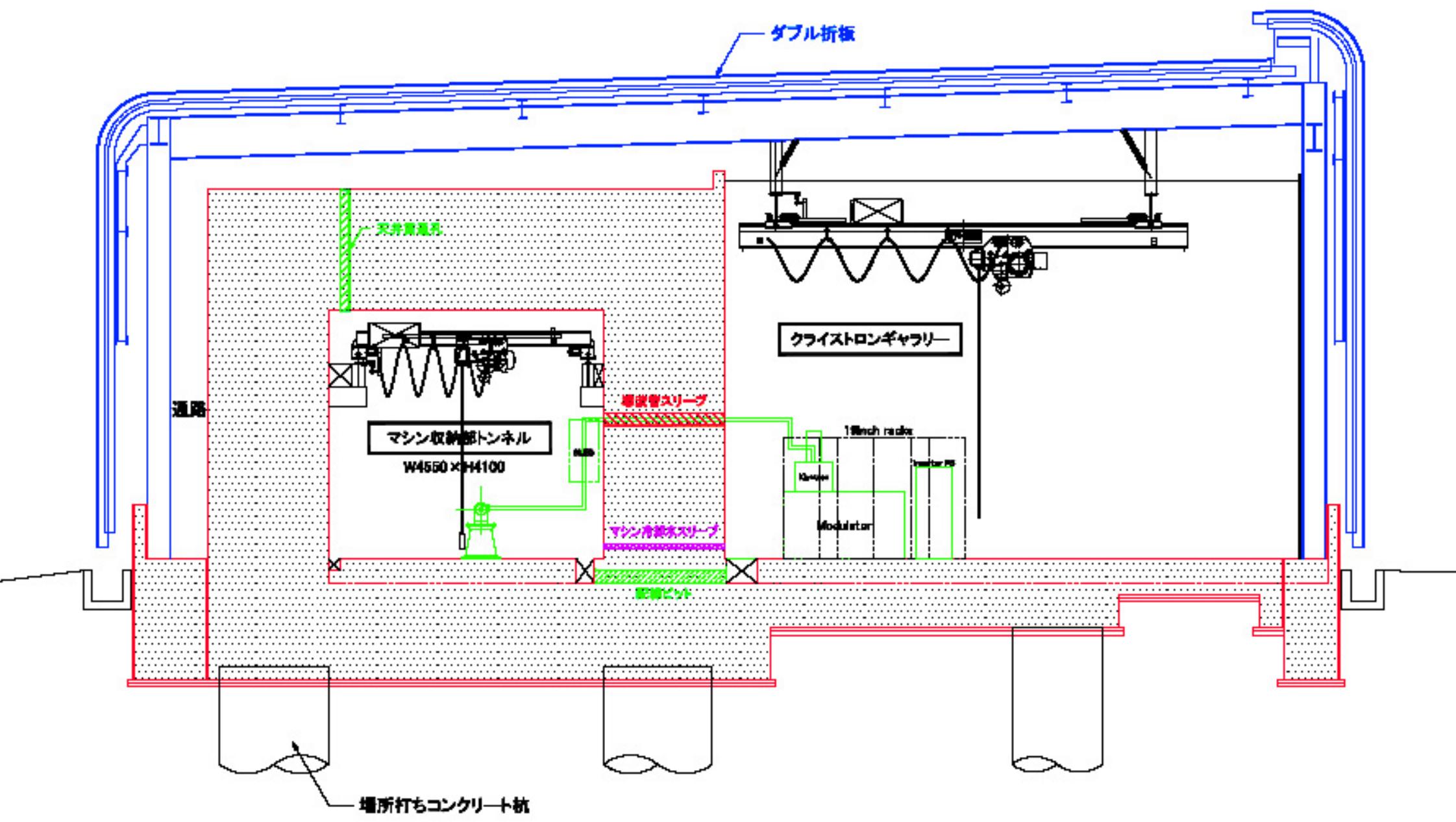
**Mid hardness rock**

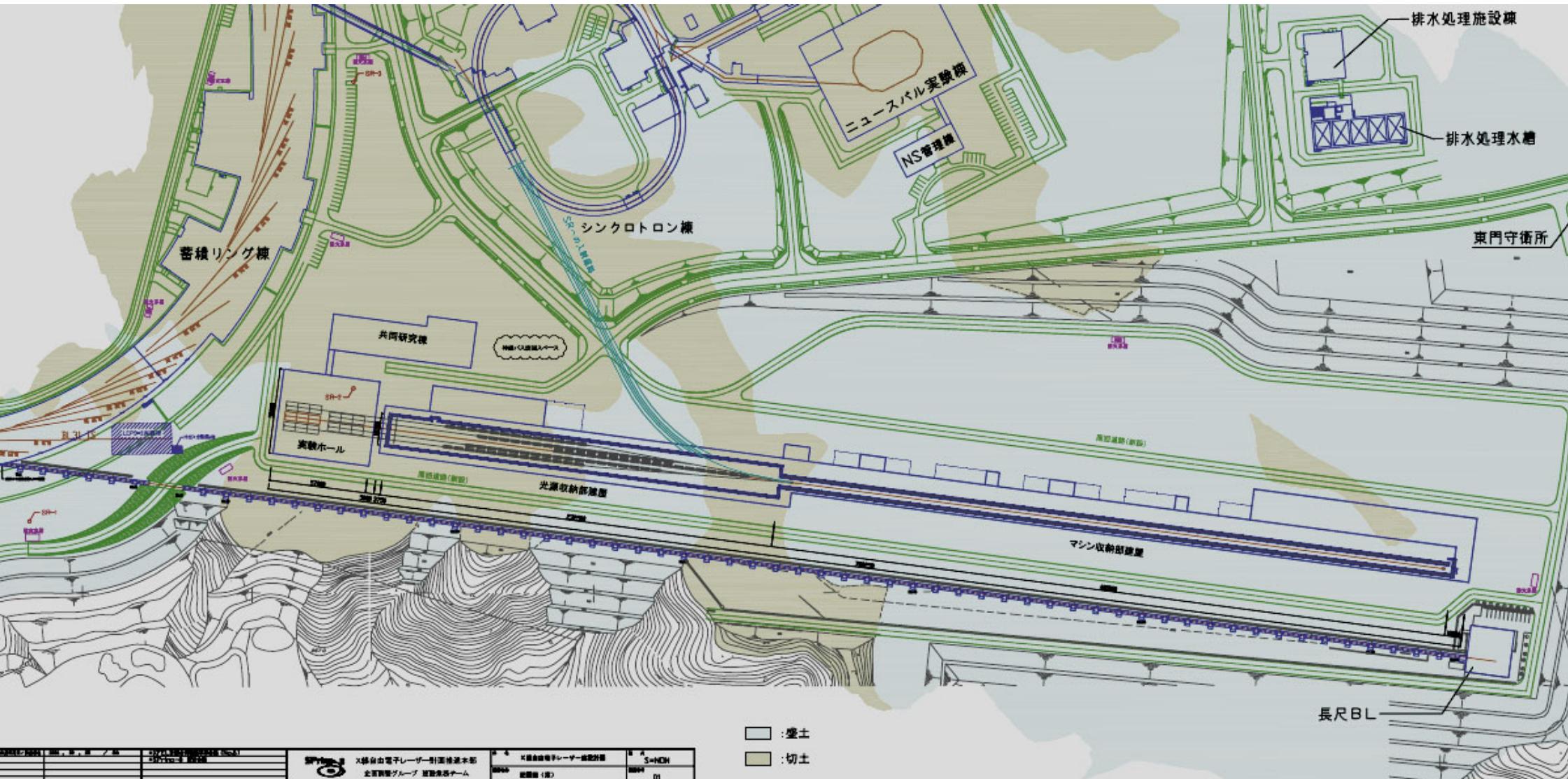
**Total Number of stakes: 139**

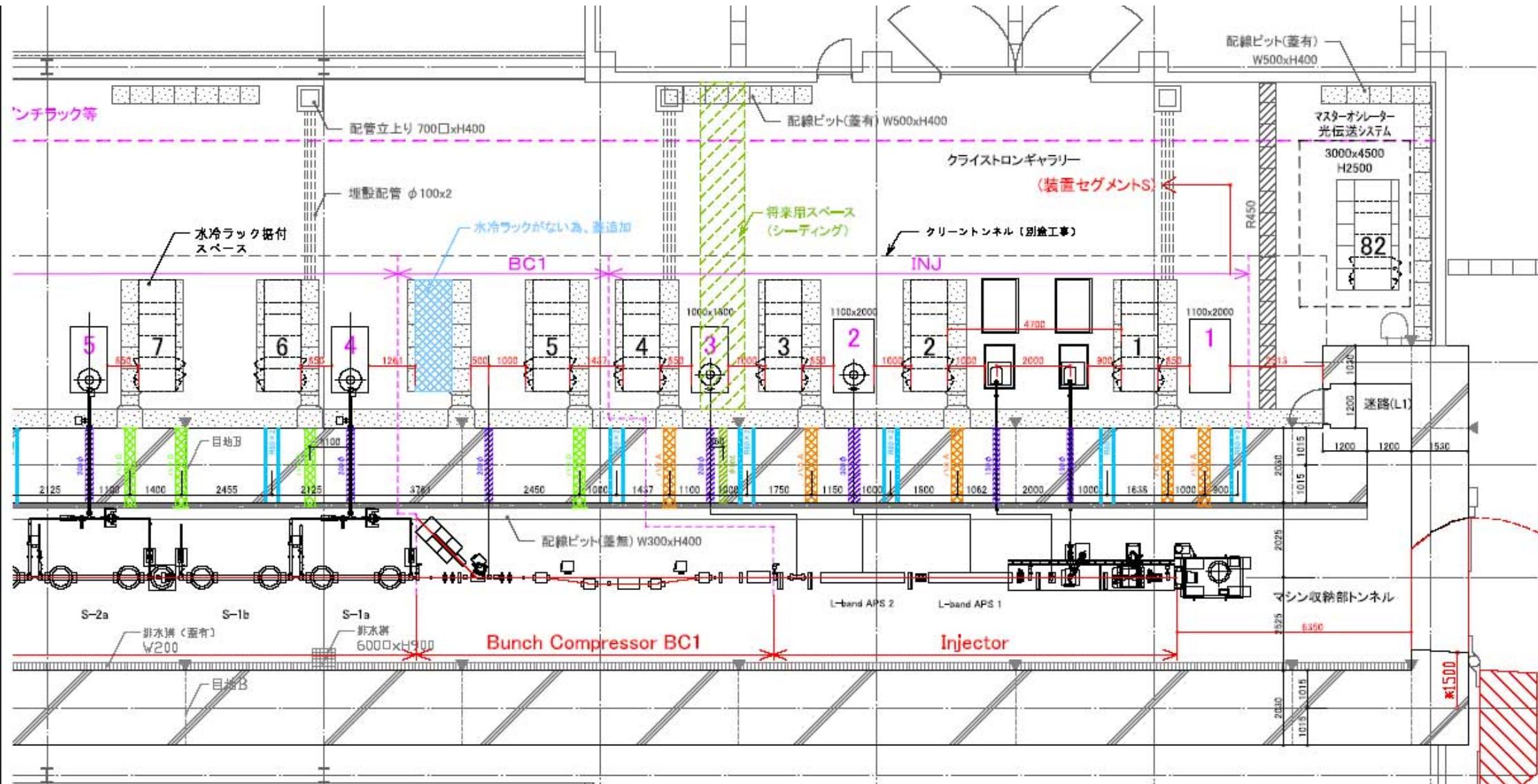
**Size : 1.5 m ~ 1.6 m**

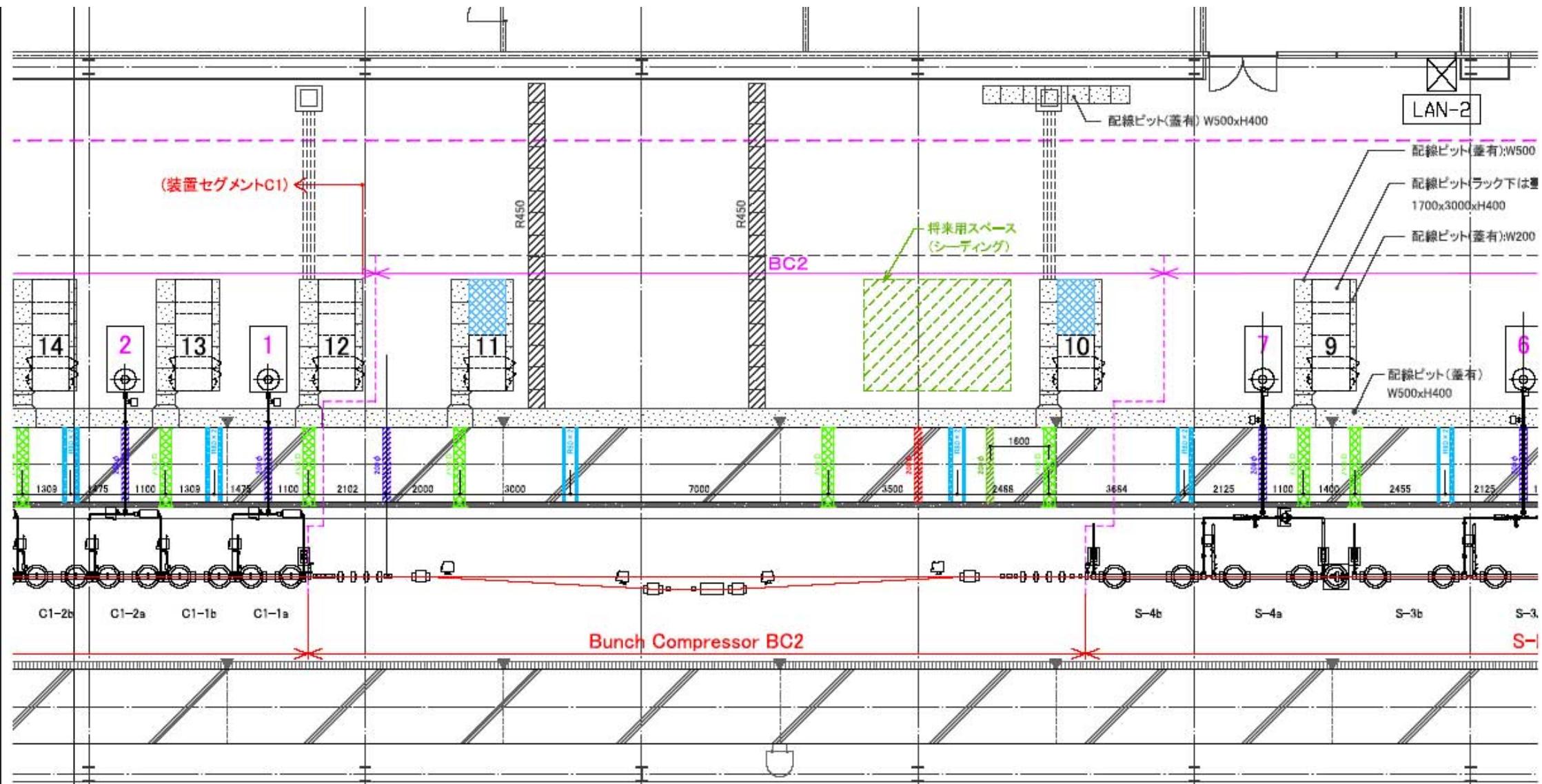
**Length: average ~30 m (max 52 m)**

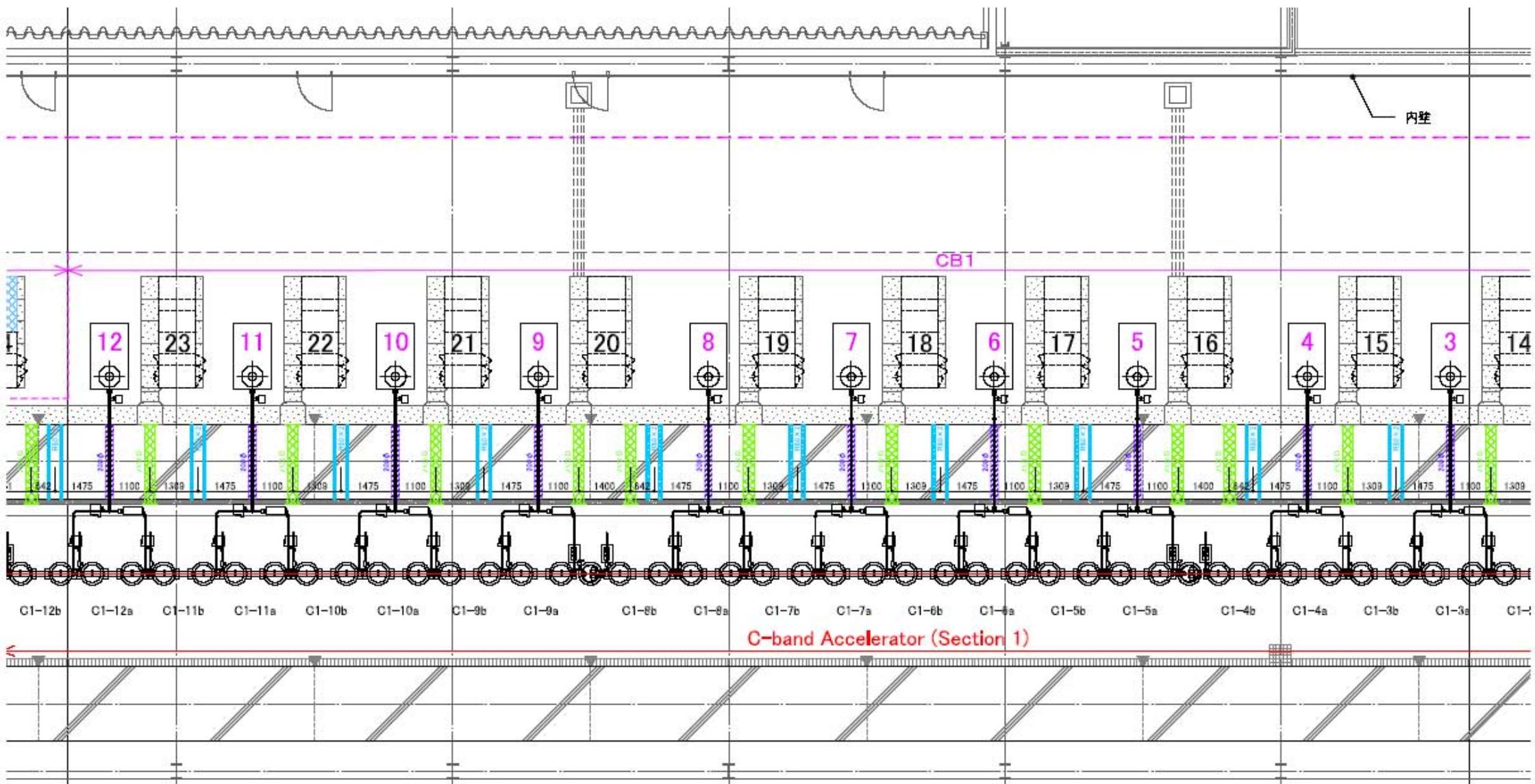
**Piling : June ~ October**

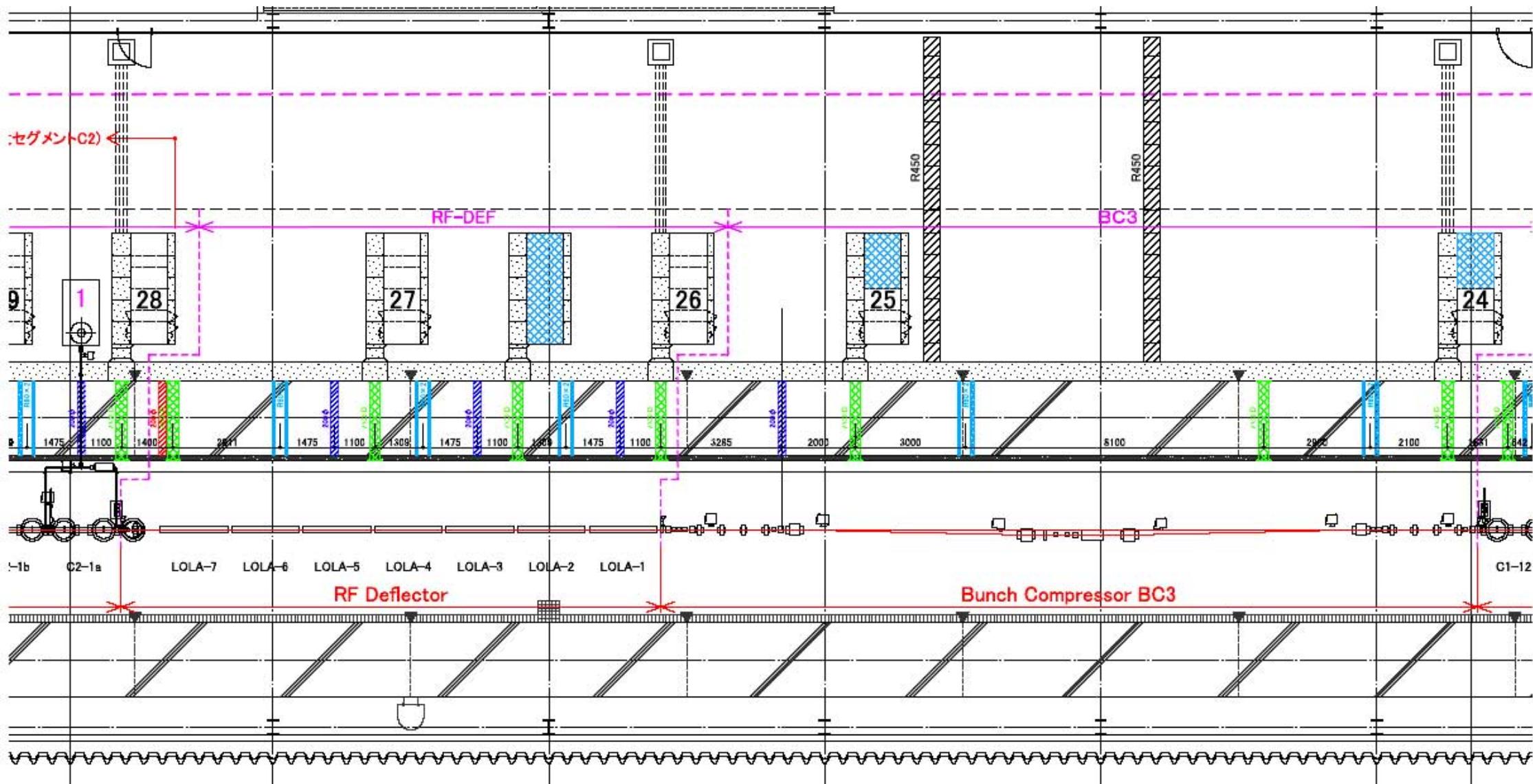


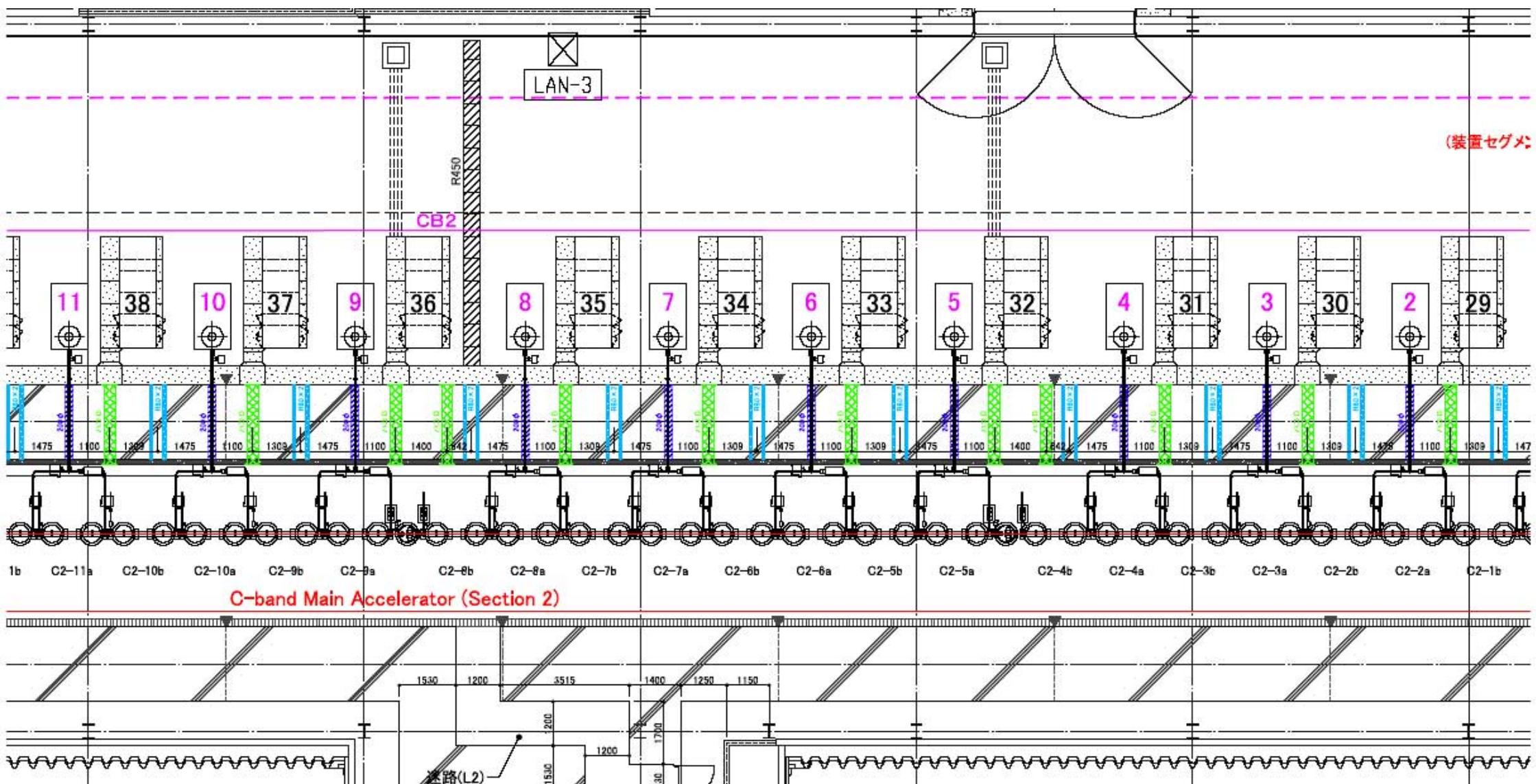


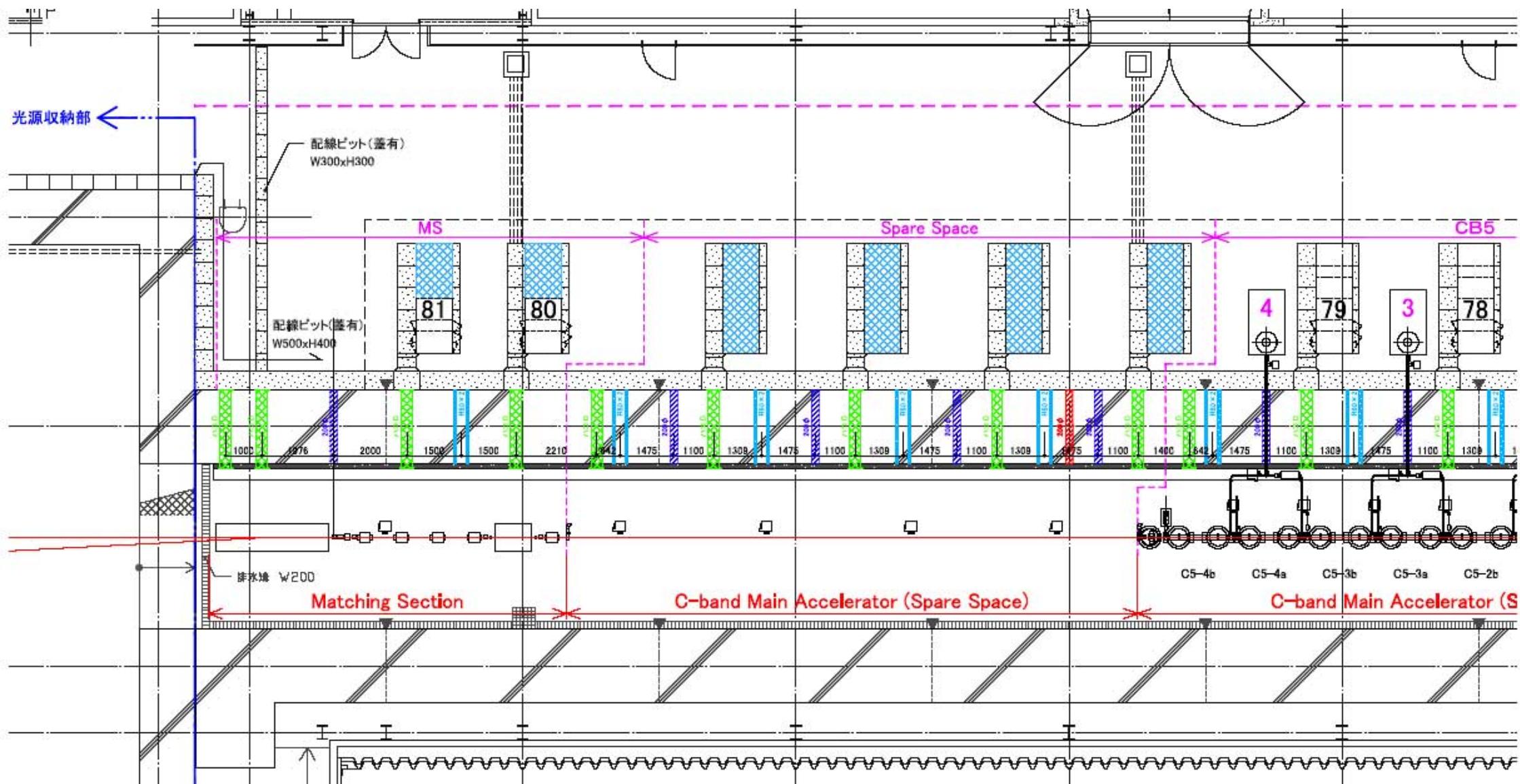


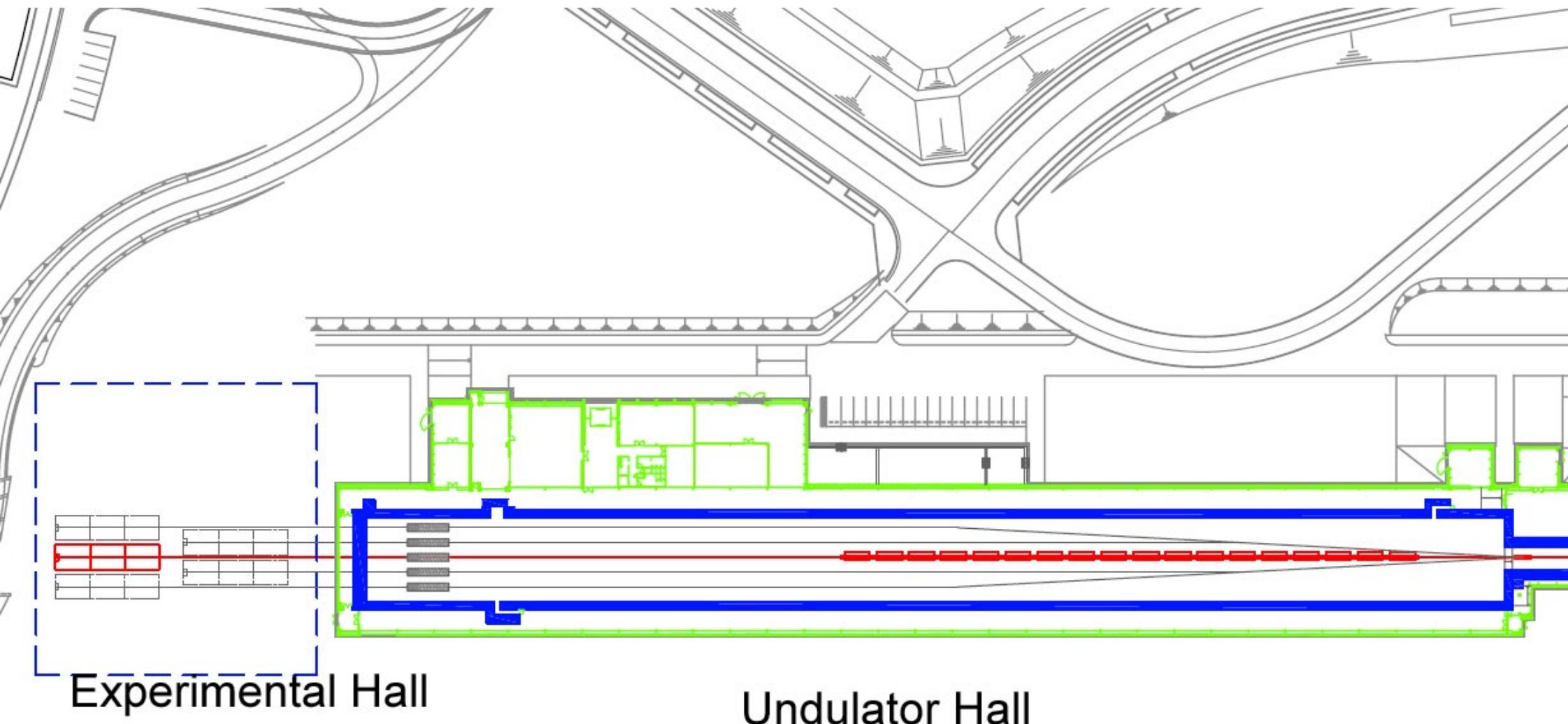






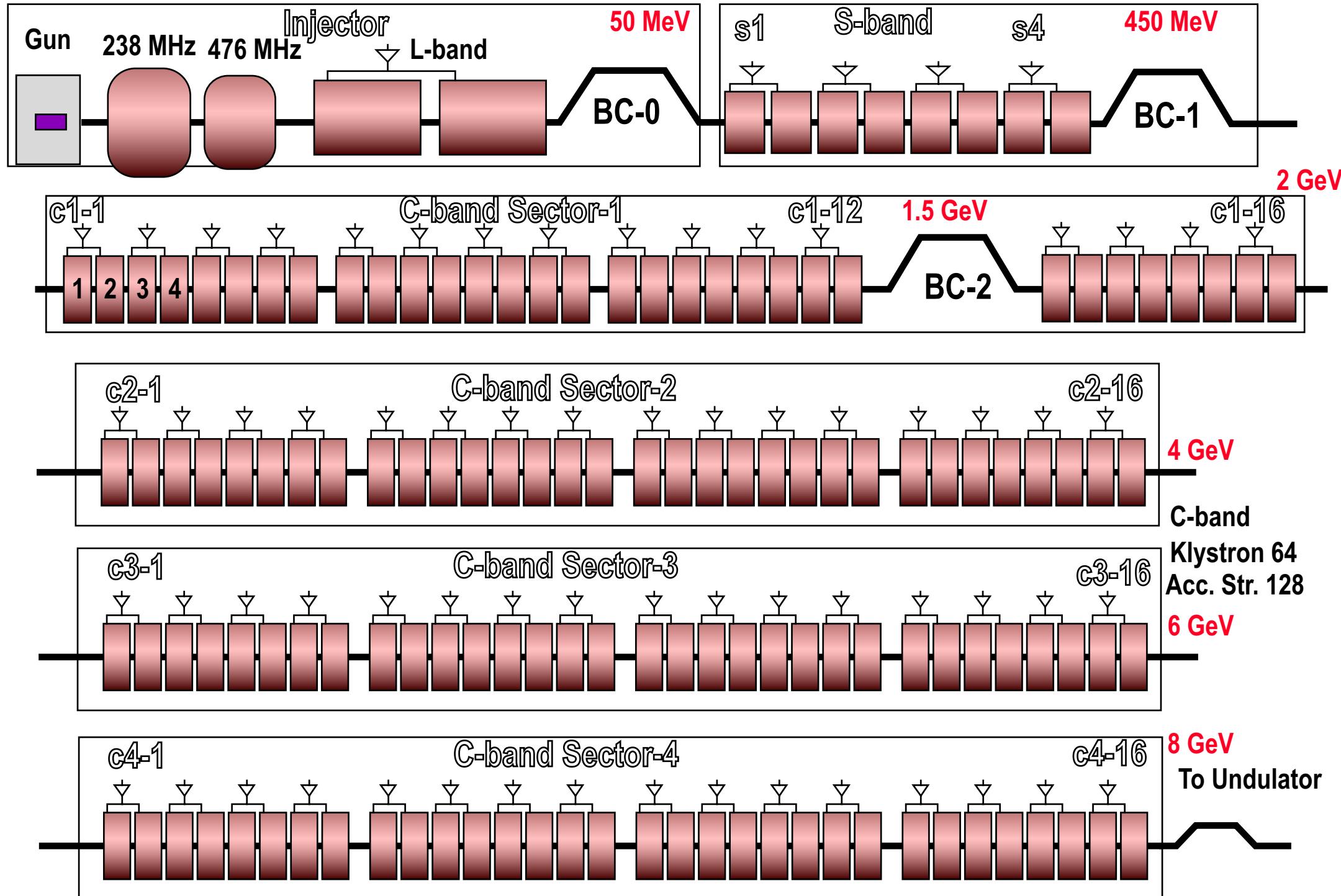






# RF Acceleration System in 8 GeV SPring-8 XFEL

T.Shintake 2007 March

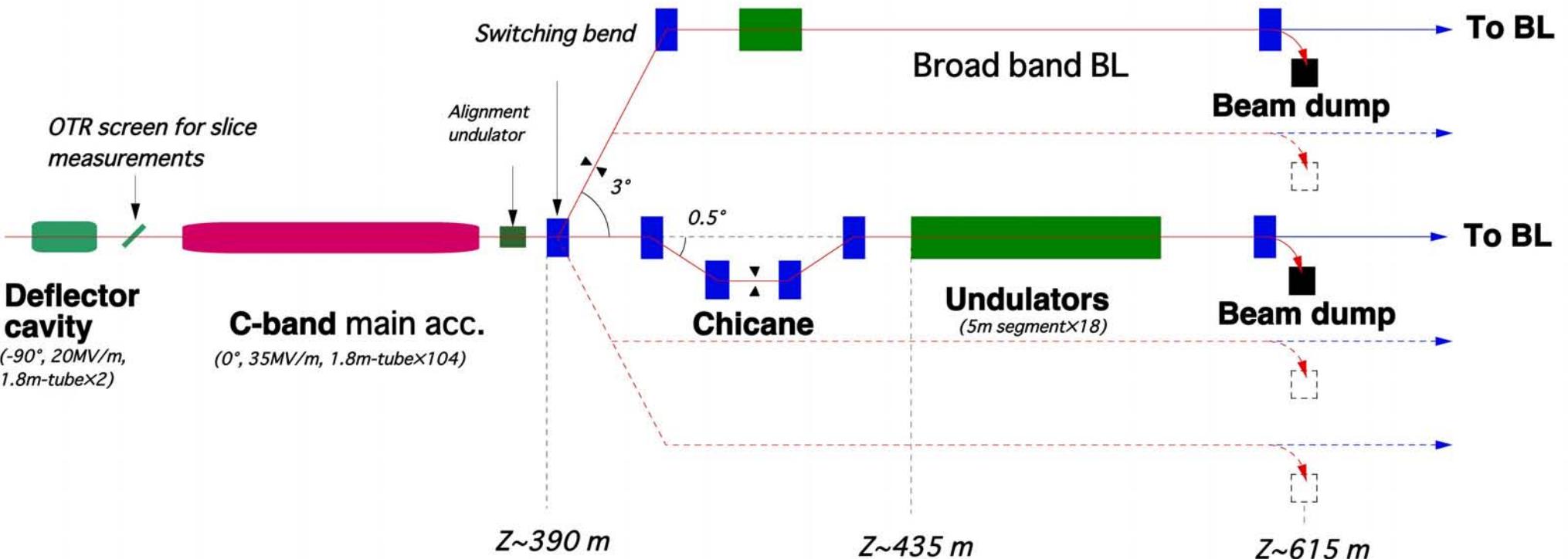
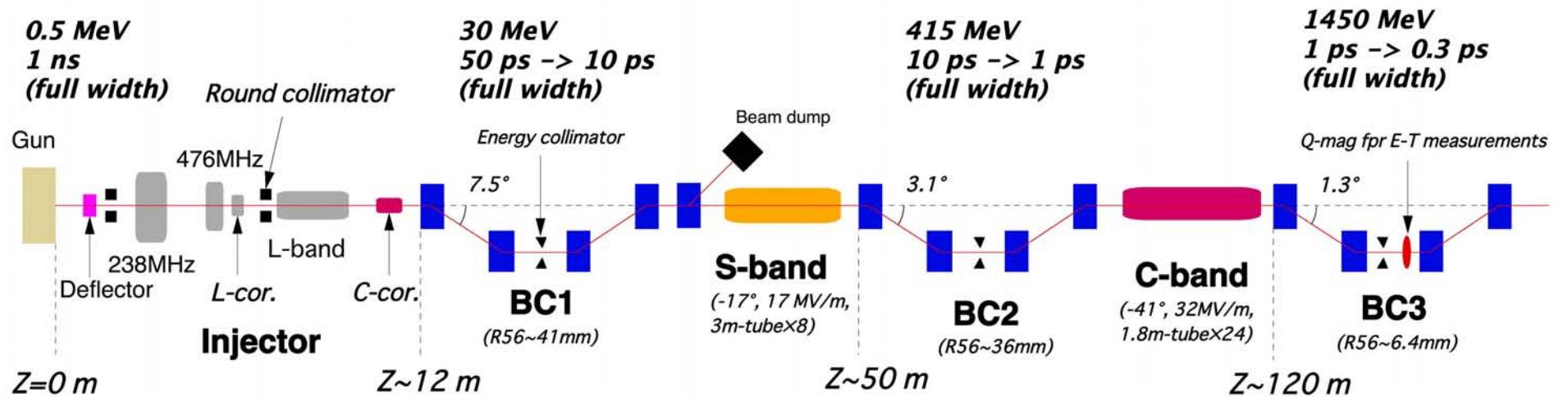


# Acc. Mass Production, July 20

Cells for C-band Choke Mode Cavity No. 0



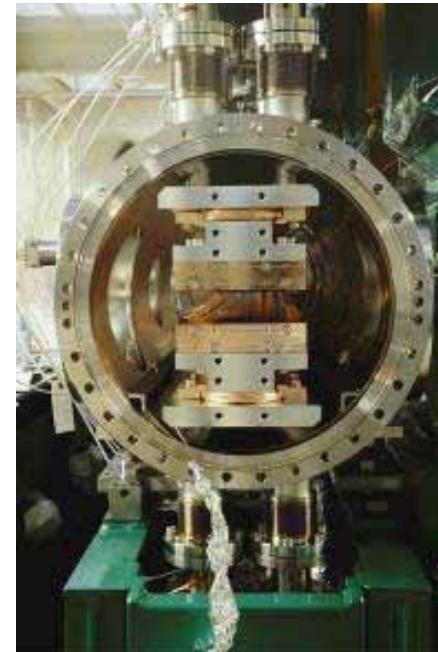
Coupler Matching Test



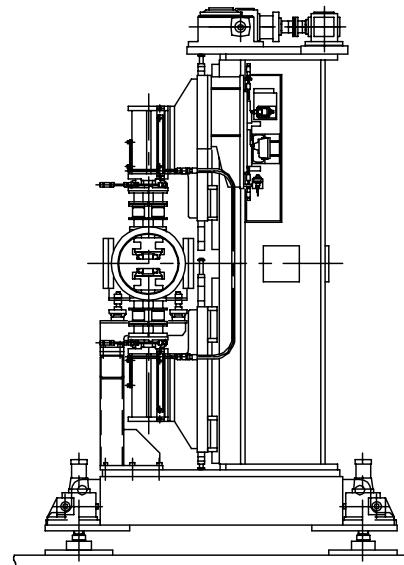
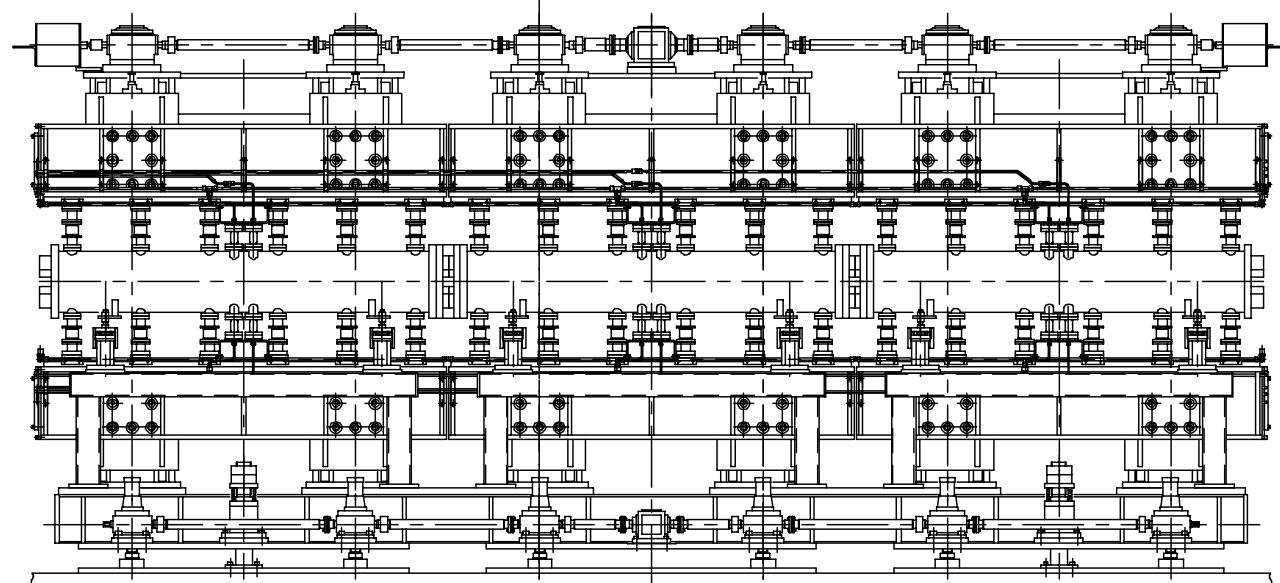
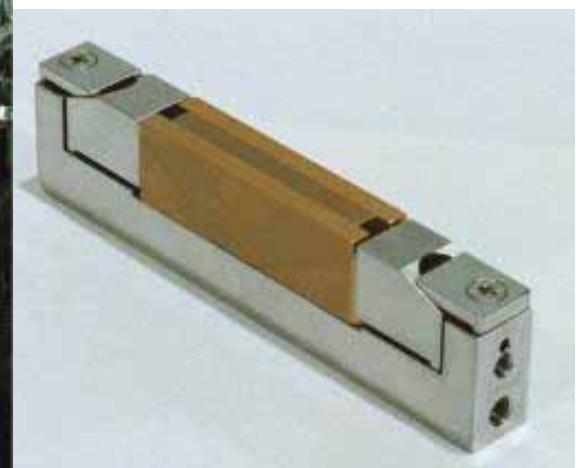
# Undulator for XFEL/SPring-8

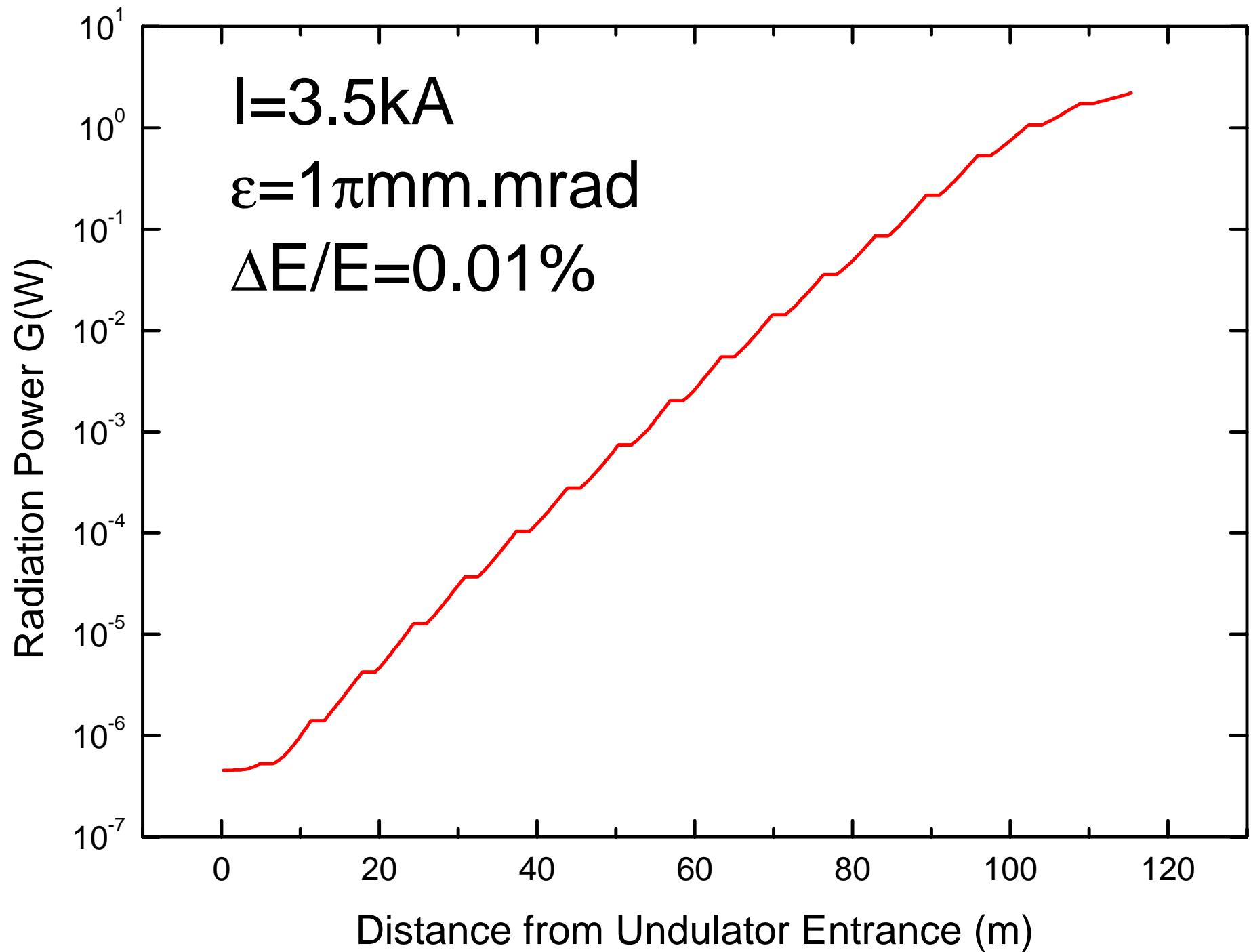
Takashi Tanaka

Magnetic Circuit	Hybrid	
Length	5 m	
Period	18mm	
Number of Periods	276	
Gap	Minimum	2mm
	At 1 ope	4mm
	Max	40mm
K-value	Max	2.1
	At 1 ope	1.9



**NeFeB Hybrid**



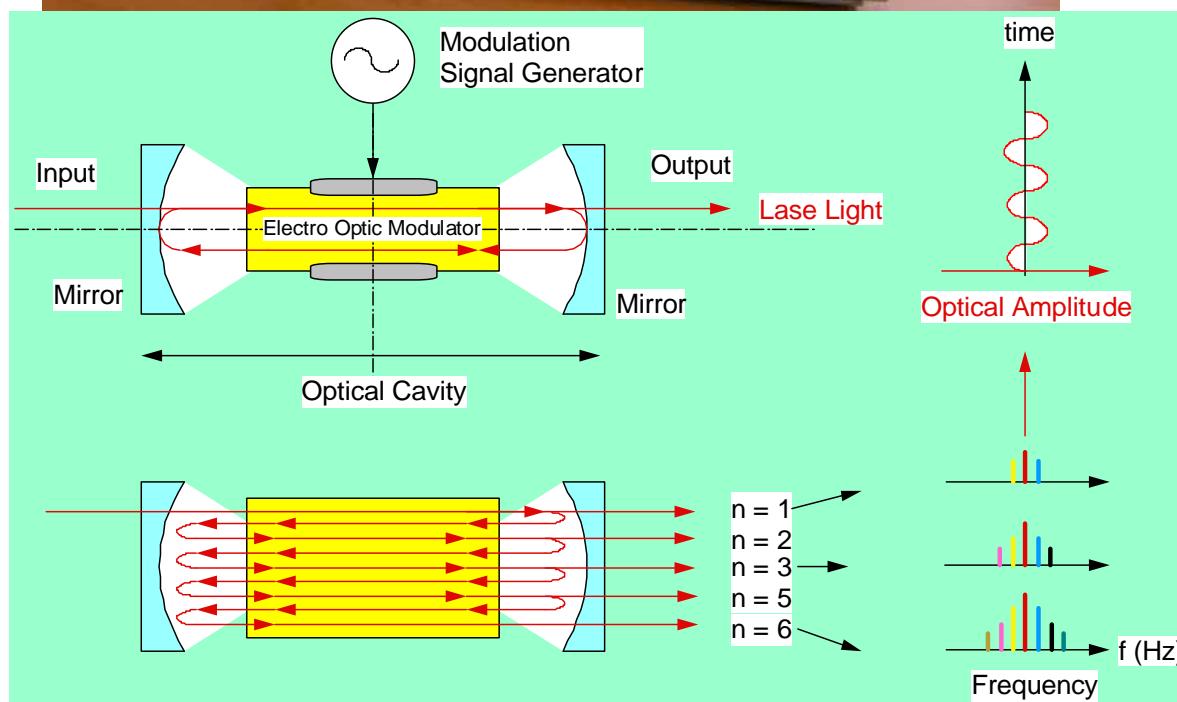


# *Optical Comb Generator as RF Optical Modulator*

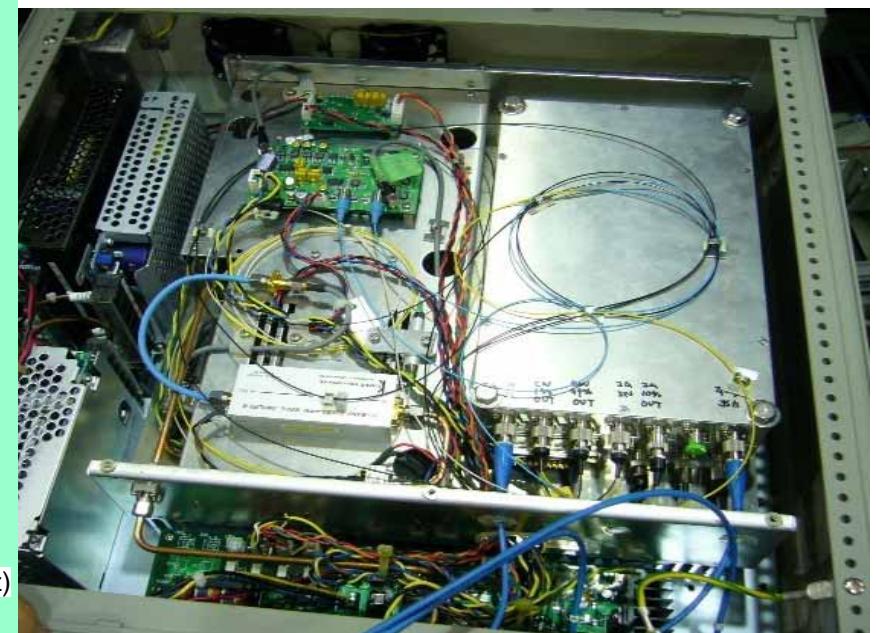
Y. Otake



DFB Solid State Laser looked to Acetylene Absorption Spectrum (1538 nm)



Inside of Optical Comb

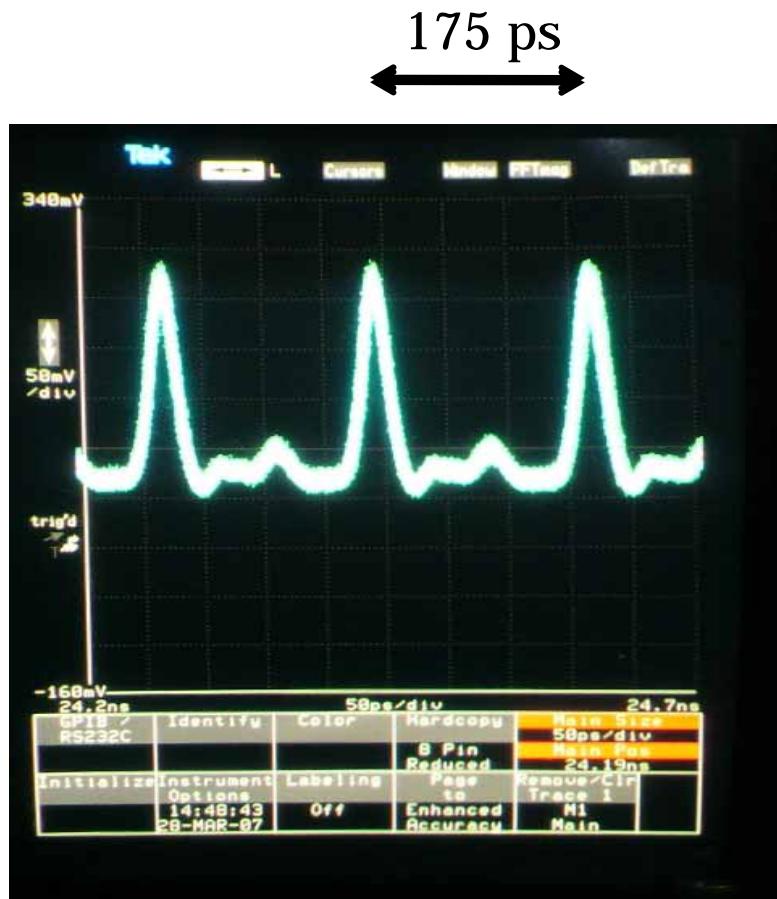


Principle of Optical Comb

# *Optical Output of Optical Comb Generator*

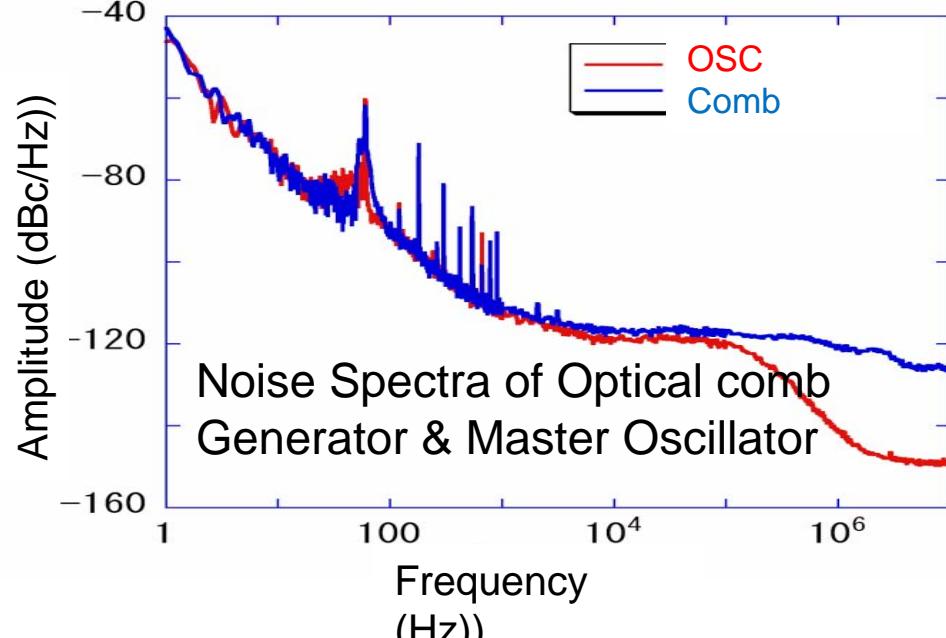
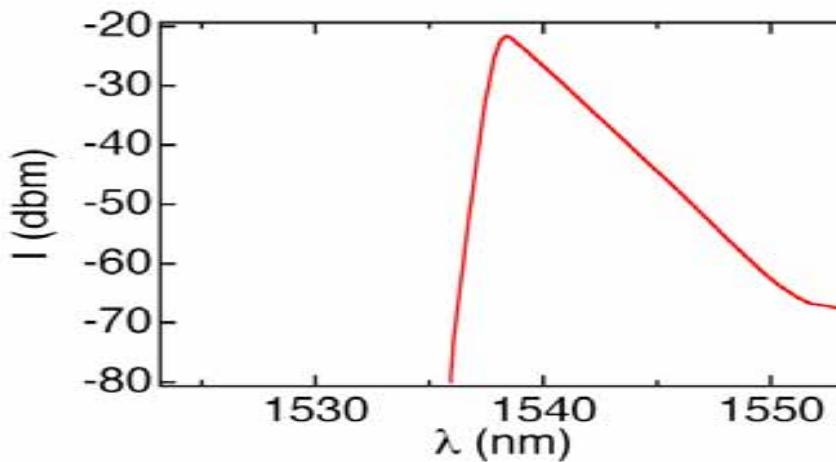
Driven by Master Oscillator (5712 MHz)

Y. Otake



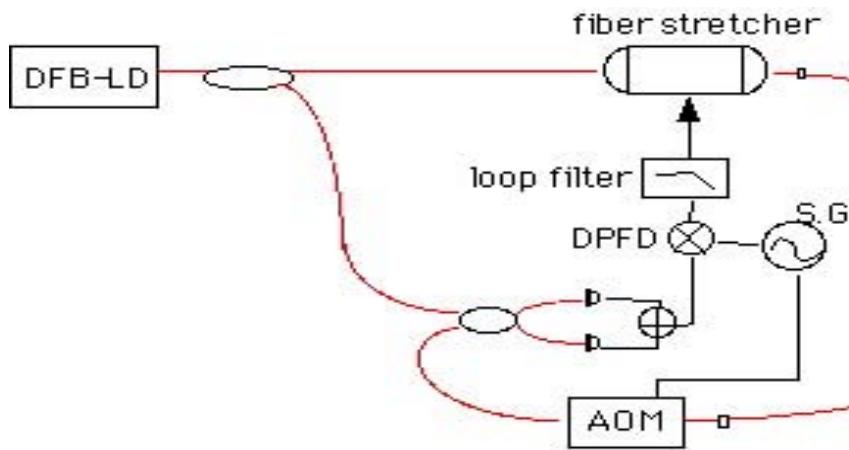
Wave Form of Optical Comb

Spectrum of Comb Light (Envelope)



# *Experiment for Optical Fiber Length Control*

Y. Otake



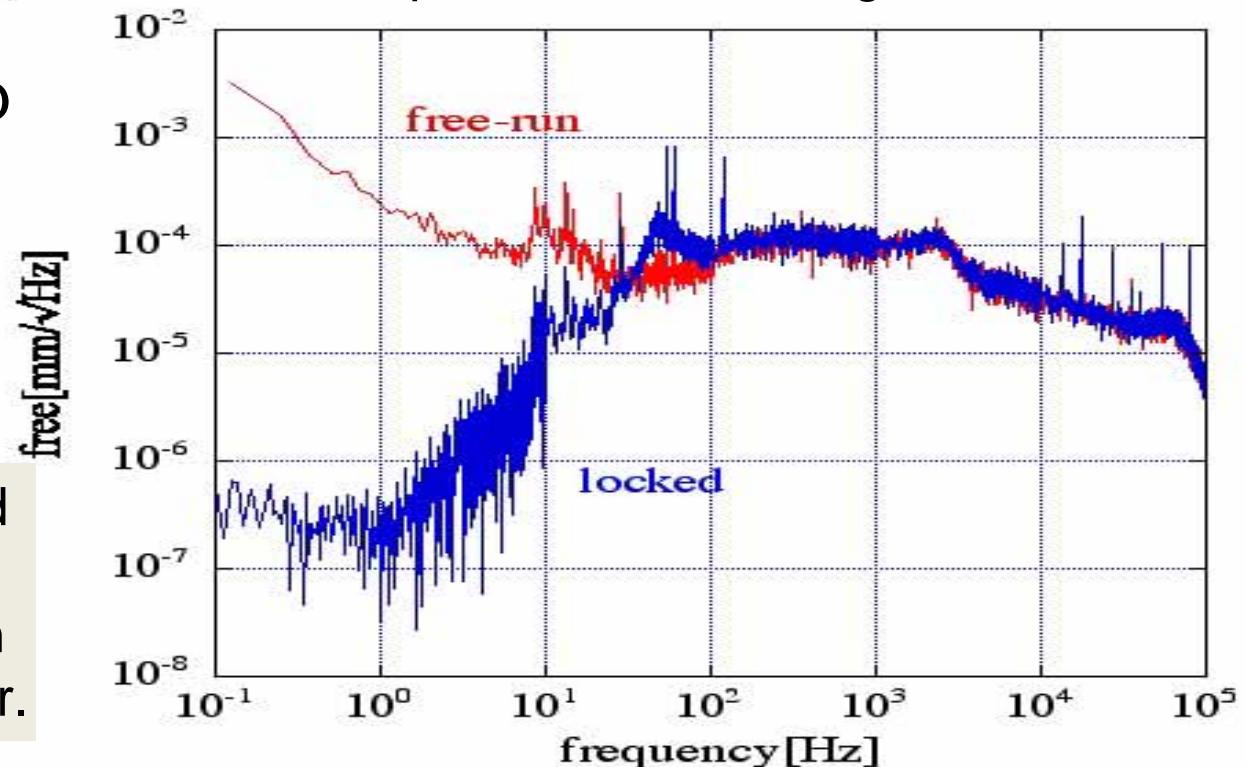
The optical fiber length was controlled  
**within  $3 \mu\text{m}$  for 2km long.**

**fs time stability**

Error Spectra of Fiber Length Feedback Control

## Experimental set up

This experiment was carried out by using a 1 km phase stabilized optical fiber laid in the Spring-8 ring accelerator.





# First Lasing at SCSS Prototype Accelerator.

June 15, 2006



# User Experimental Room has been build

**New Exp. Hall**



**User run will start in October 2007**

**X-ray beam pipe**



# What learned from SCSS Test Accelerator

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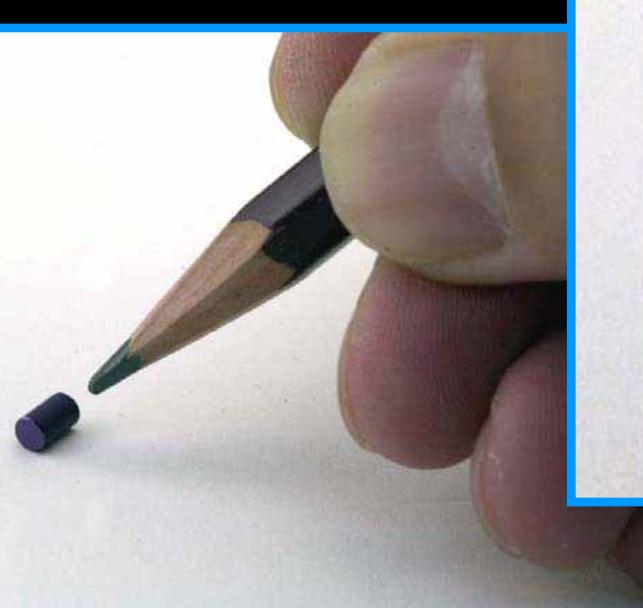
- **CeB<sub>6</sub> thermionic cathode is very stable and long life.**  
One and half year after installation, it's still OK.
- After stabilizing RF power supply and cavity temperature,  
**SASE lasing became very stable.**
- Measurement on **arriving time jitter showed only 50 fs**  
jitter. Bunching process (x100~x400) is fairly stable.
- **Collimator is important** to stabilize lasing.
  - Collision less bunching.

# *CeB<sub>6</sub> Cathode & Heater Assembly*

X-ray FEL

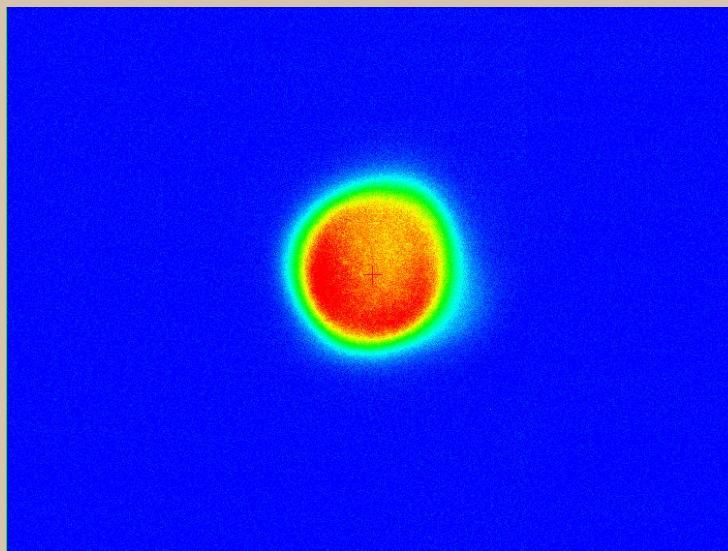


- CeB<sub>6</sub> Cathode 3 mm Diameter
- Emittance  $0.4 \pi \cdot \text{mm} \cdot \text{mrad}$   
(thermal emittance, theoretical )
- Beam Current 3 Amp.  
at 1450 deg.C  
(using graphite heater)
- Current Density  $> 40 \text{ A/cm}^2$

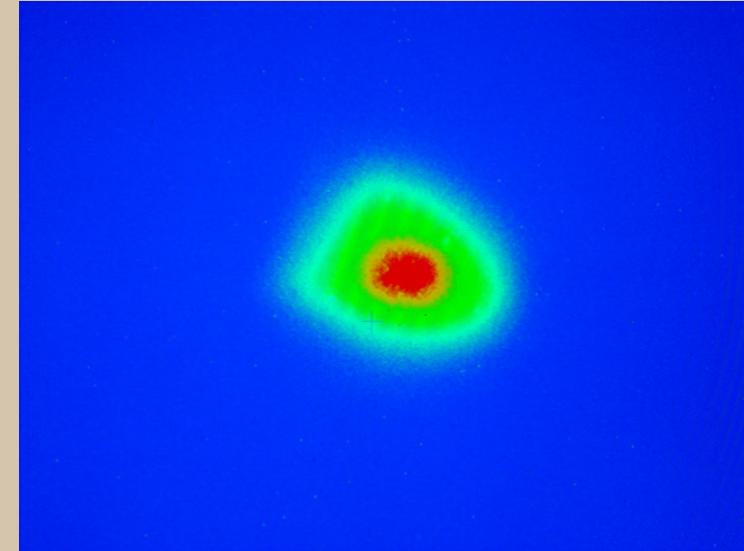


# CeB<sub>6</sub> Thermionic Gun provides stable beam.

Beam Profile  
CCD Image  
Scale 10 mm



500 kV Gun



50 MeV Injector Out



250 MeV Compressor

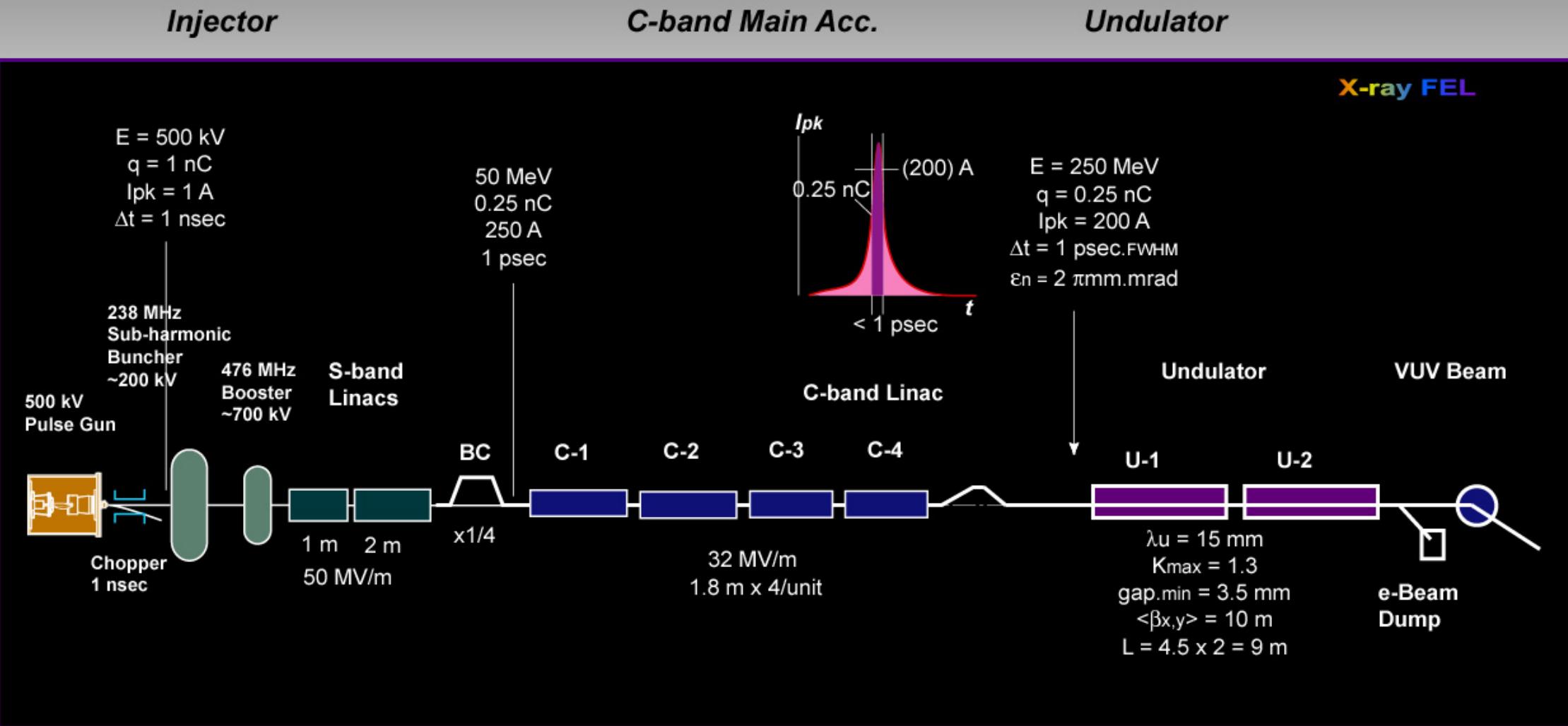


Undulator Input



Undulator Output

# Test Accelerator Layout

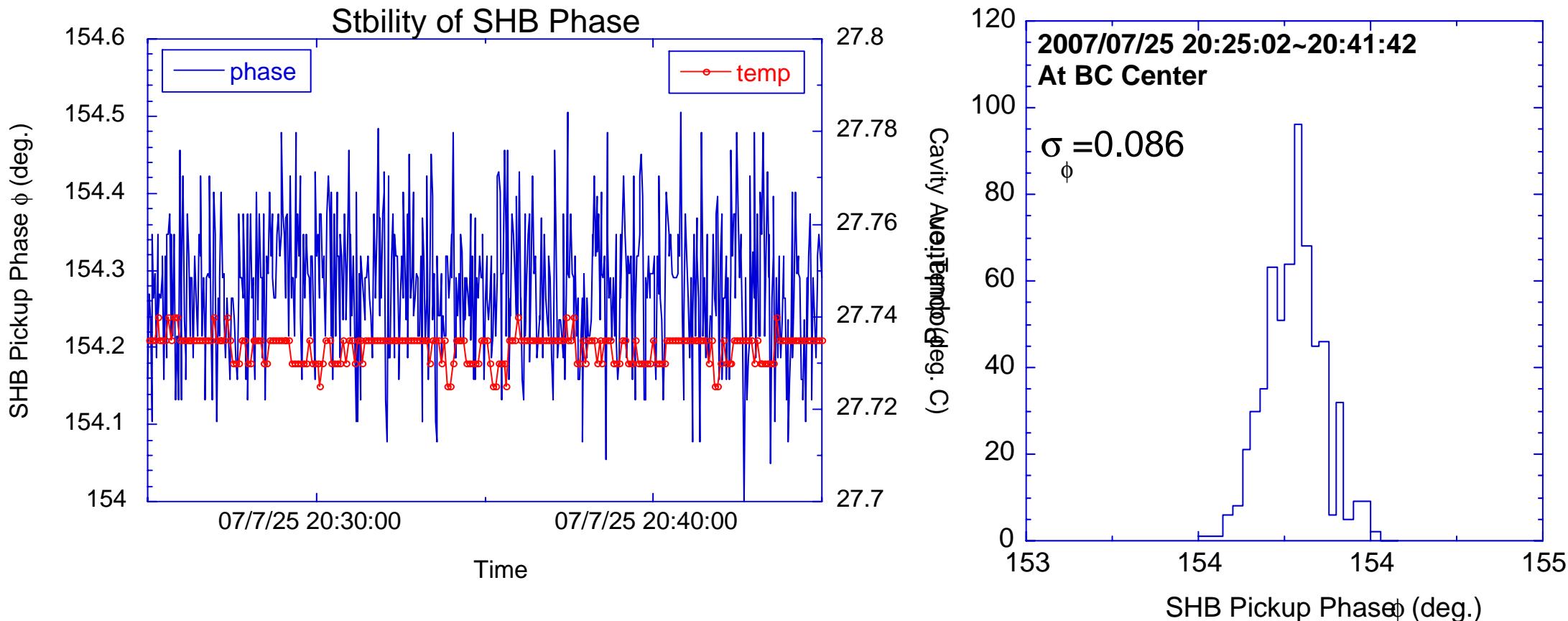


# Temperature Control on Sub-Harmonic Buncher Cavity

- Upstream **238 MHz Sub-harmonic buncher** cavity provide **time base** in this accelerator.
- It has same function as “**Mode-locker**” in the laser system → **time base**.
- Stability of this cavity dominate system performance.  
→ Cavity body is made by “**Massive Copper**”, which **eliminates jitter**.
- Using **electric heater**, the inlet water temperature is controlled at **constant**.



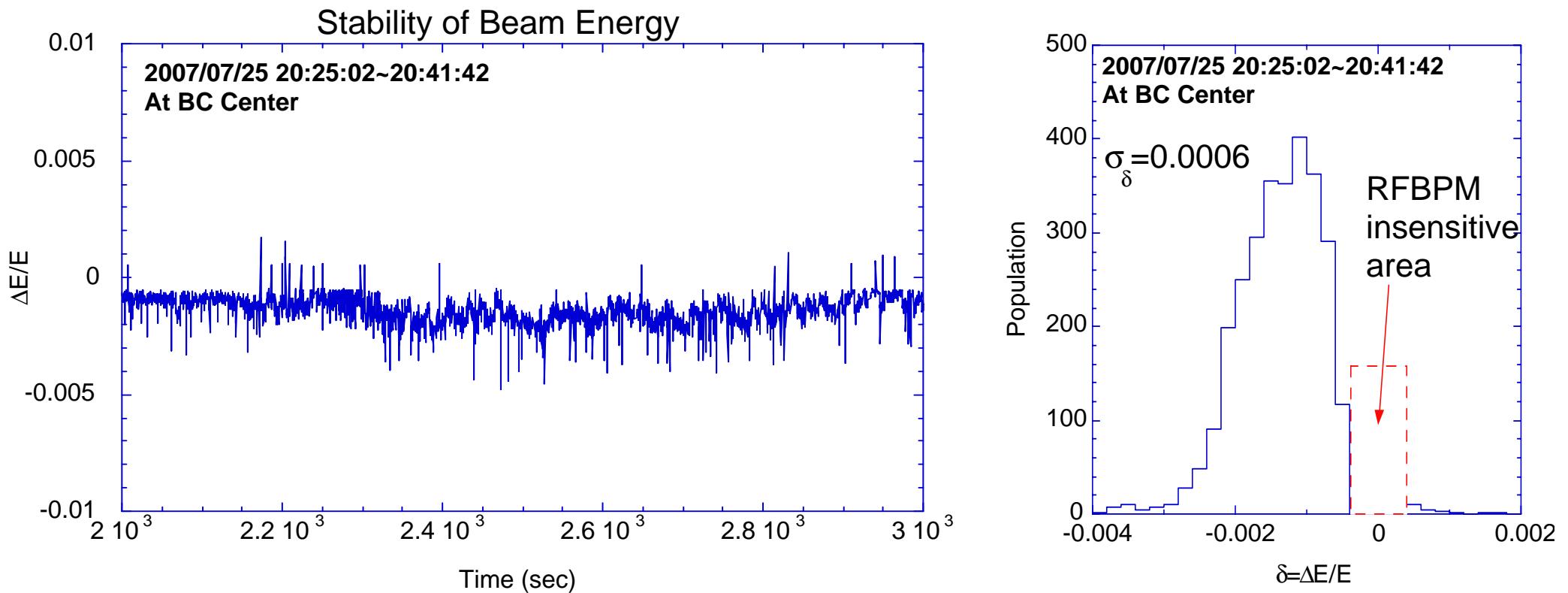
# Stability of Injector RF System



Phase Jitter = 0.086 deg. at 238 MHz (10 minute)

→ Cavity Temperature Fluctuation < 0.1 mK

# Stability of Beam Energy

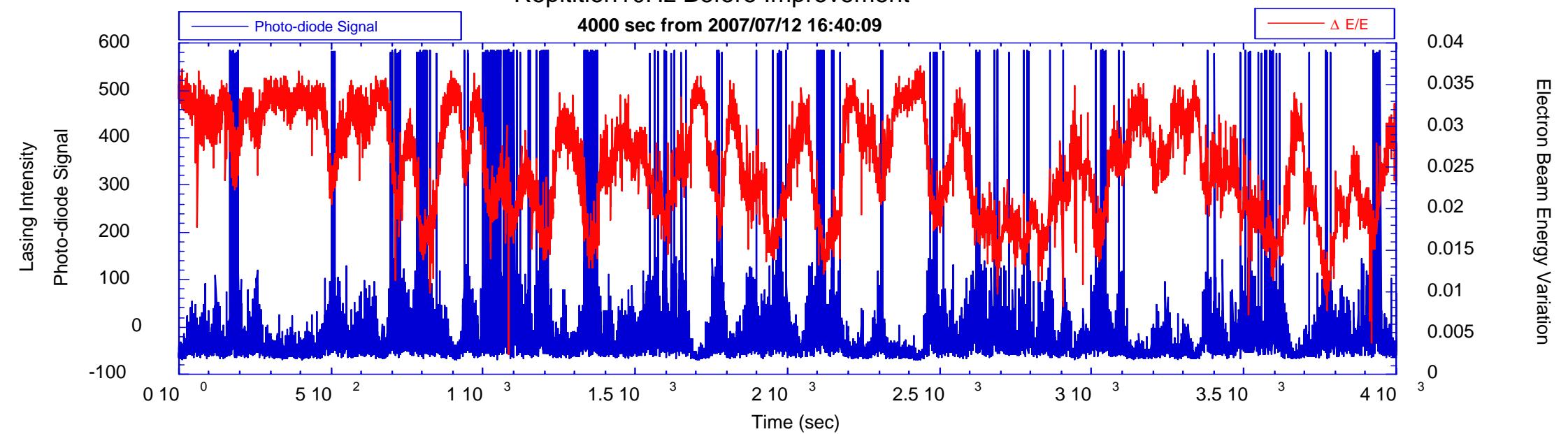


$$\delta E/E \sim 6 \times 10^{-4} \text{ (20 minute)}$$

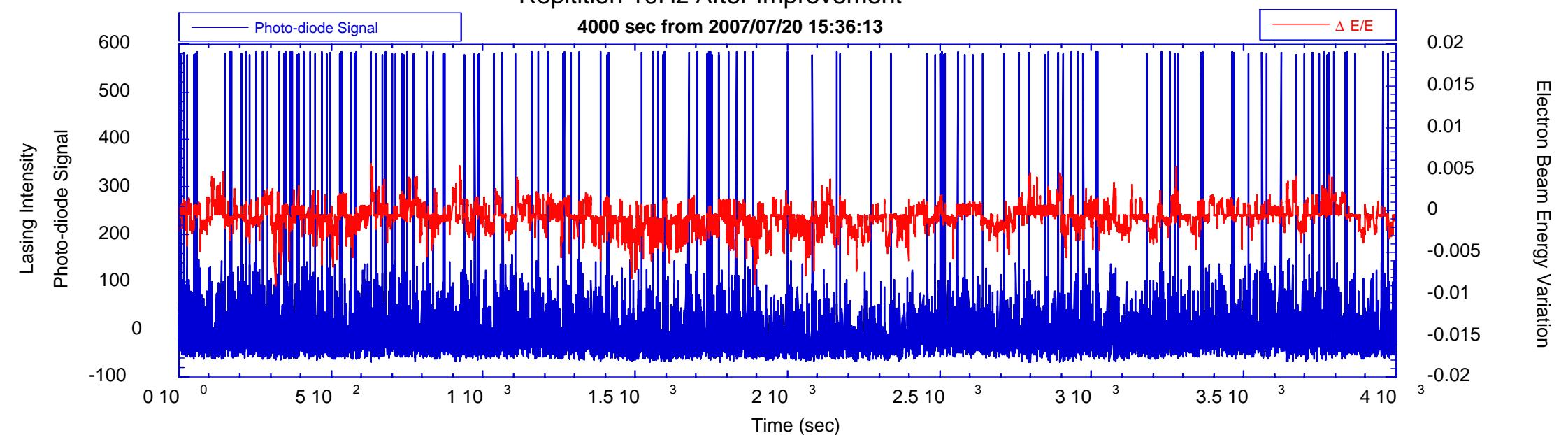
without RF Feedback on SHB and booster cavity.

# Stability of Lasing

Repetition 10Hz Before Improvement



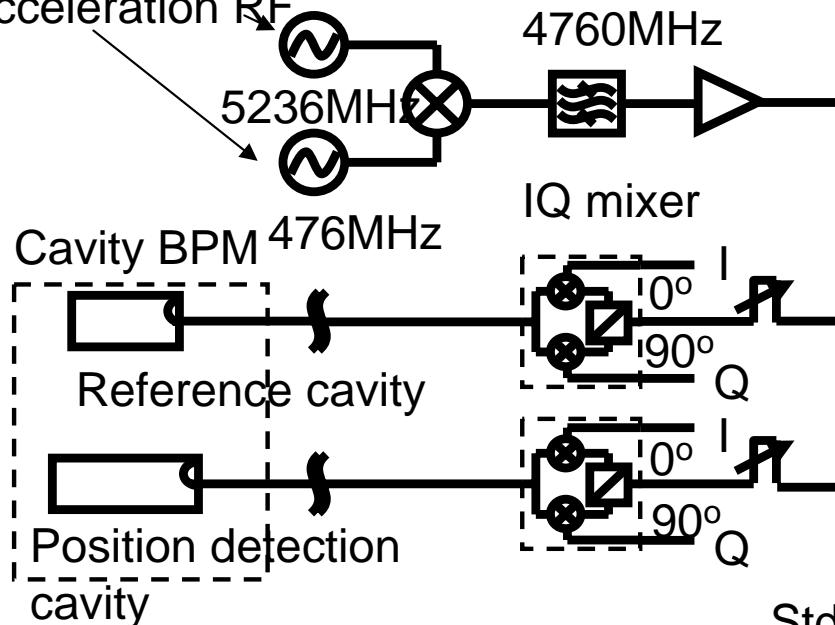
Repetition 10Hz After Improvement



# Beam Arriving Time Jitter Measurement

## The Block Diagram of the Beam Jitter Detection System

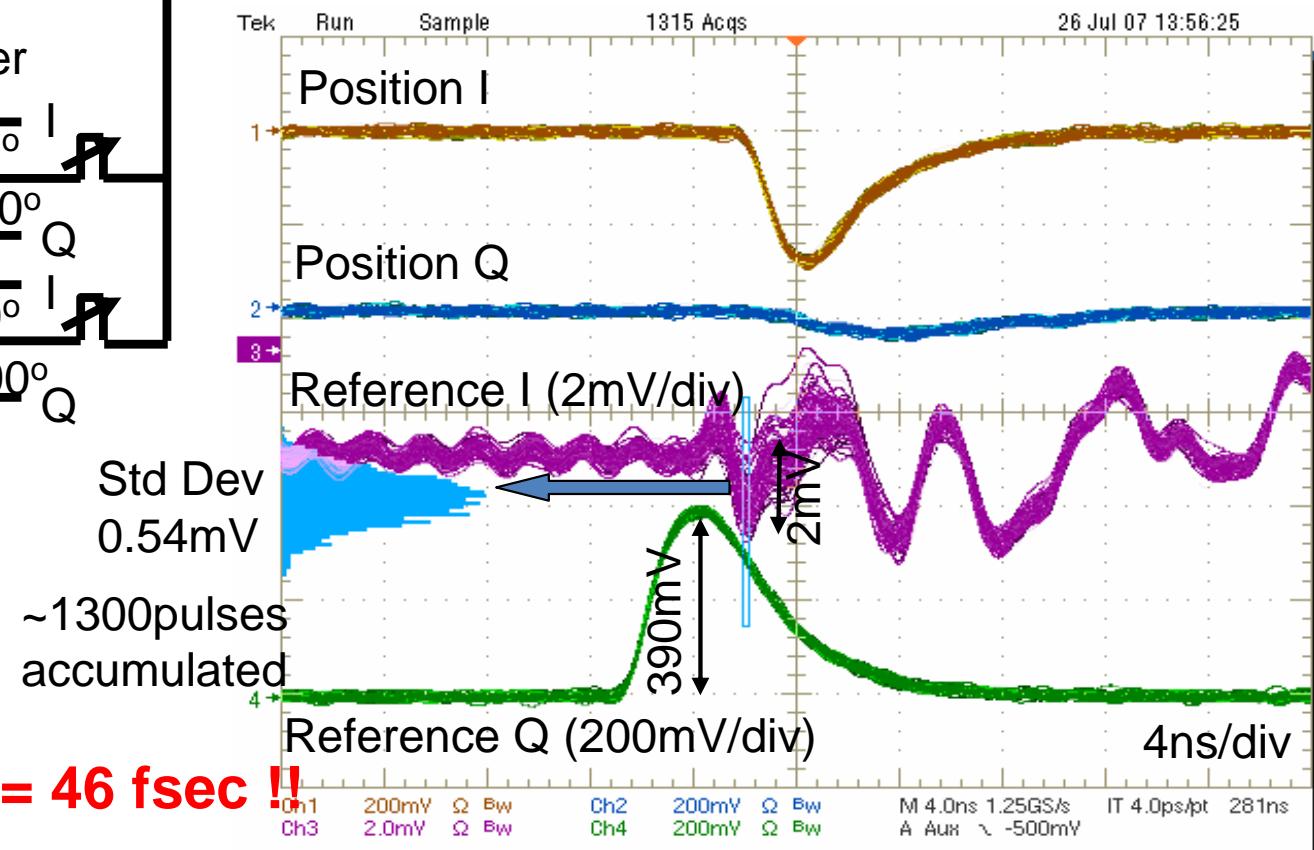
Synchronized with acceleration RF



**Arriving Time Jitter:**  
**1.38mrad / 4760MHz / 2**

**= 46 fsec !!**

Reference Cavity Amplitude (I Signal): 390 mV  
Reference Cavity Amplitude (Q Signal): 0.54 mV  
 $0.54\text{mV} (1 \text{ } ) \quad 0.54/390=1.38\text{mrad}$



# Schedule & Summary

- User run will start in October 2007 at SCSS Prototype Accelerator
- Mass production for 8 GeV main linac has started.
- Mass production of undulator will start in 2008
- Civil construction will end April 2009.
- Installation : 2009-2010
- First X-ray beam : End of FY 2010

# Thank you very much!

