

One- and Two-Colour Photoionization Experiments at FLASH

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Outline

1 - One-colour experiments (FEL)

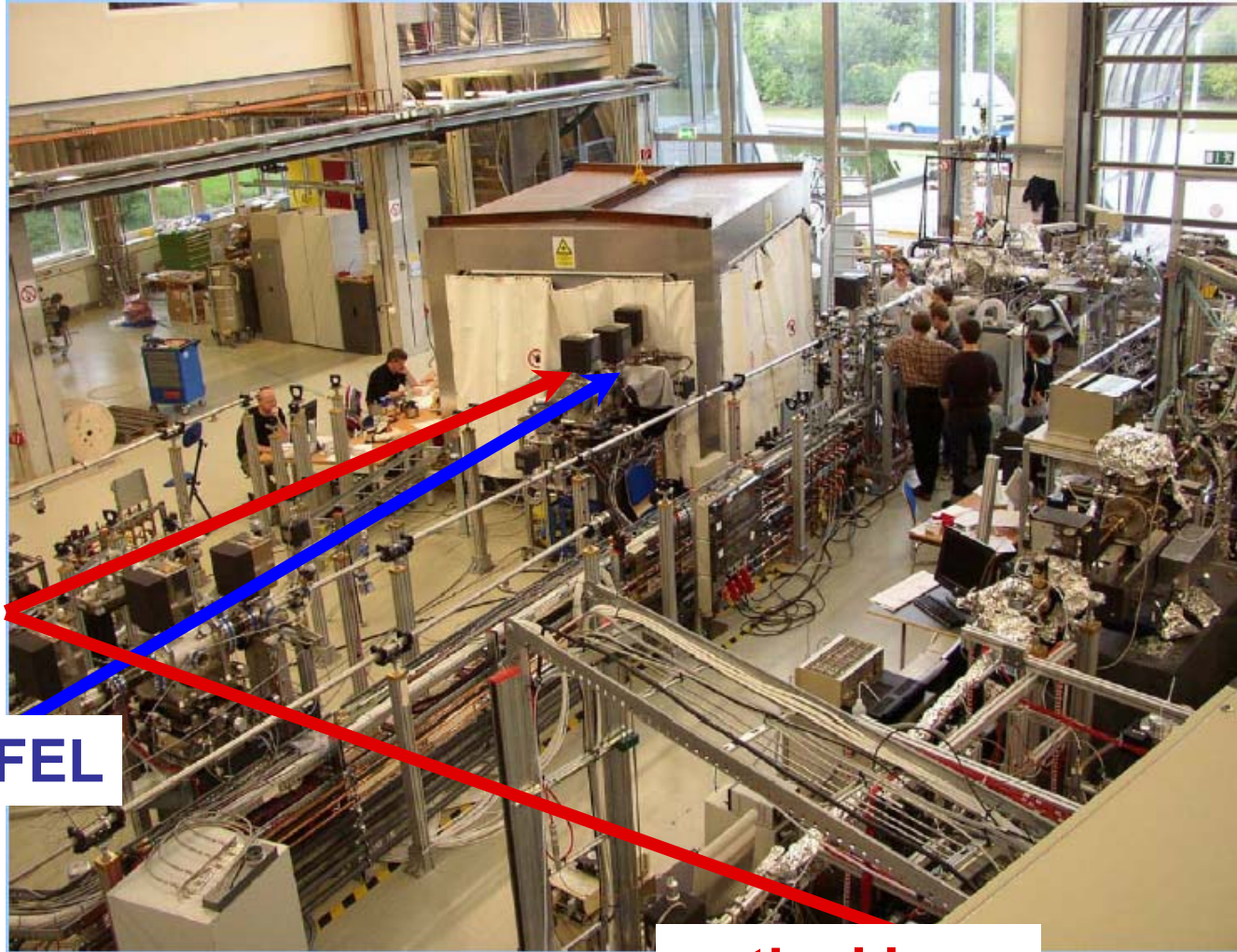
- One-photon ionization (FEL characterization)
- Multi-photon processes (Nonlinear vs. Higher order)

2 - Two-colour experiments (FEL + optical laser)

- Two-photon cross correlation (Temporal characterization)
- Multi-photon ATI (Nonlinear effects)
- Pump-probe applications
 - polarization dependence
 - coupling of autoionization states
 - molecular fragmentation

VUV-FEL Experimental Hall - BL 2

(August 2005, May/June 2006)



FEL

optical laser

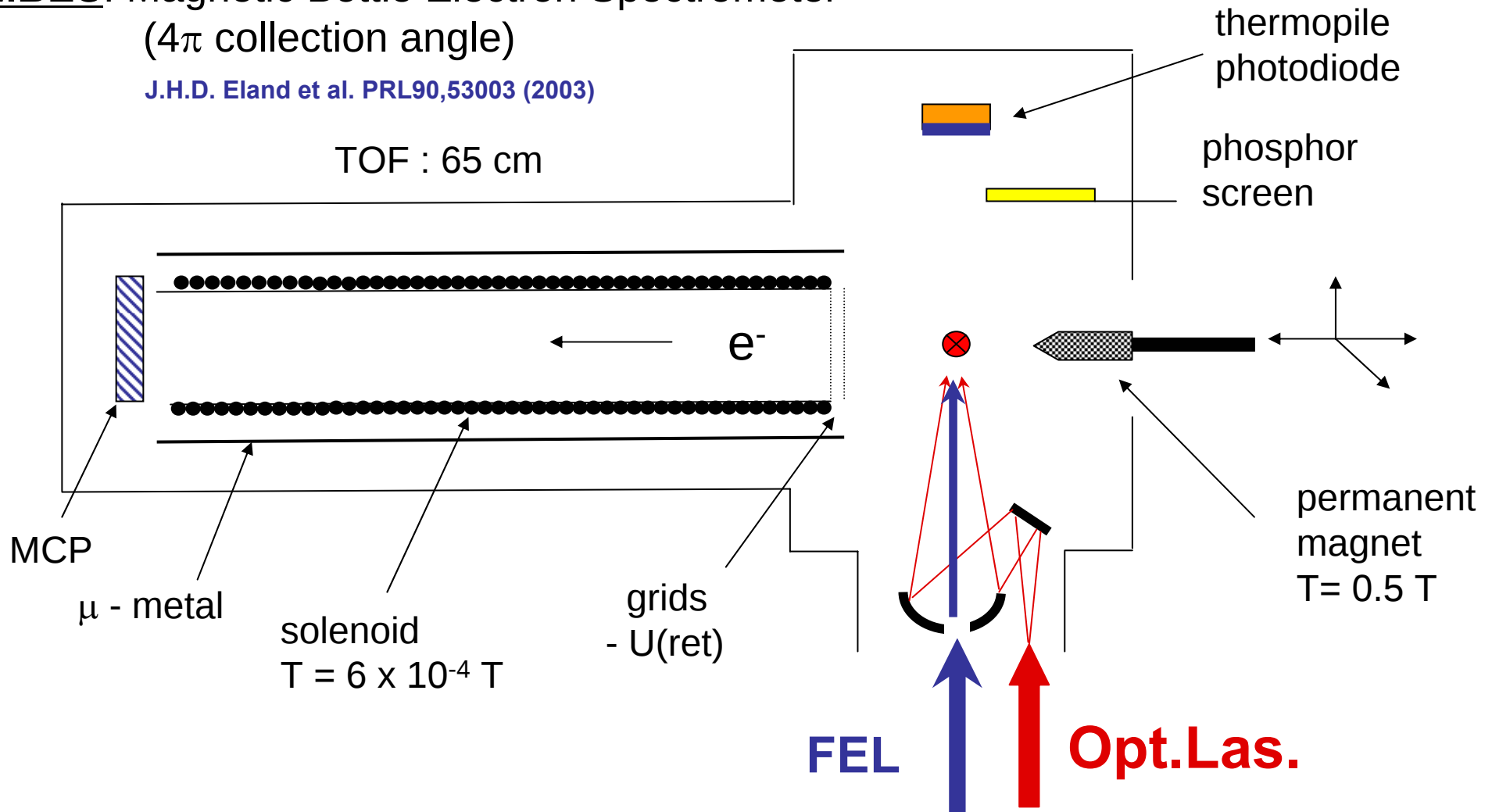
FEL - Parameters

- 32.2 nm (2005)
- 25.5, 13.8 nm (2006)
- 30 - 50 fs
- 1 - 10 μ J (average)
- 2 - 5 Hz (macro)
- ≤ 30 bunches
- 1 μ s separation
- B.w. : 0.5 - 1.0 %

Experimental set-up

MBES: Magnetic Bottle Electron Spectrometer (4π collection angle)

J.H.D. Eland et al. PRL90,53003 (2003)

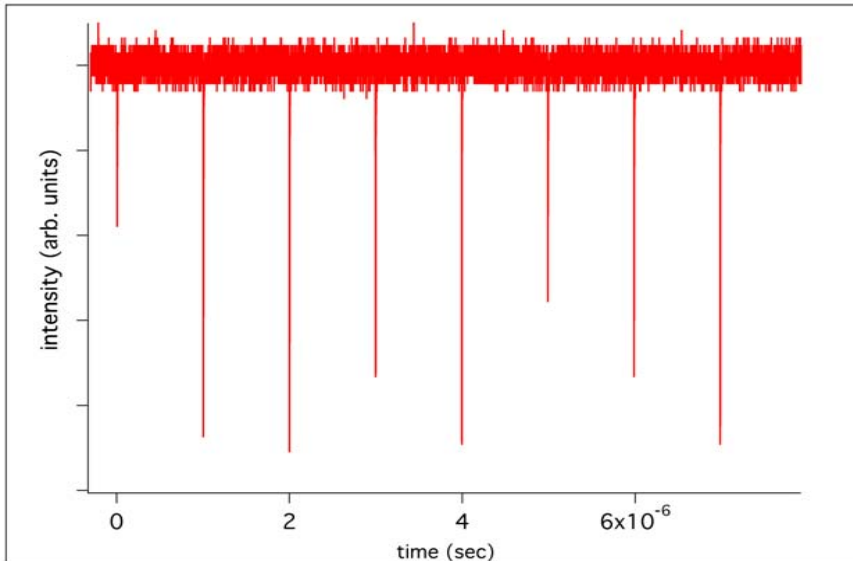


One - Colour / One - Photon

**Photoionization
of rare gases**

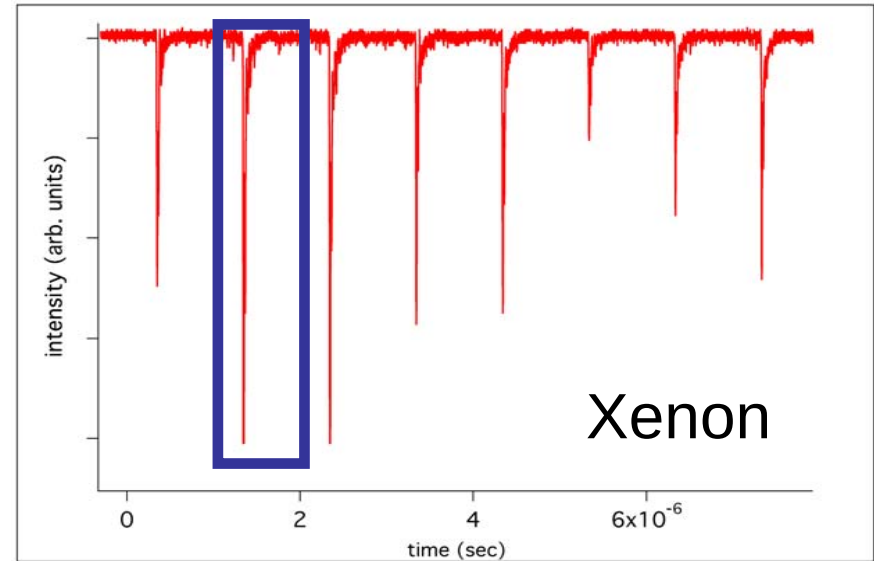
One-photon ionization of Xenon

thermopile - signal



- ΔT (bunch) = 1 μsec
- relative intensity
- definition of T_0

photoelectron - signal

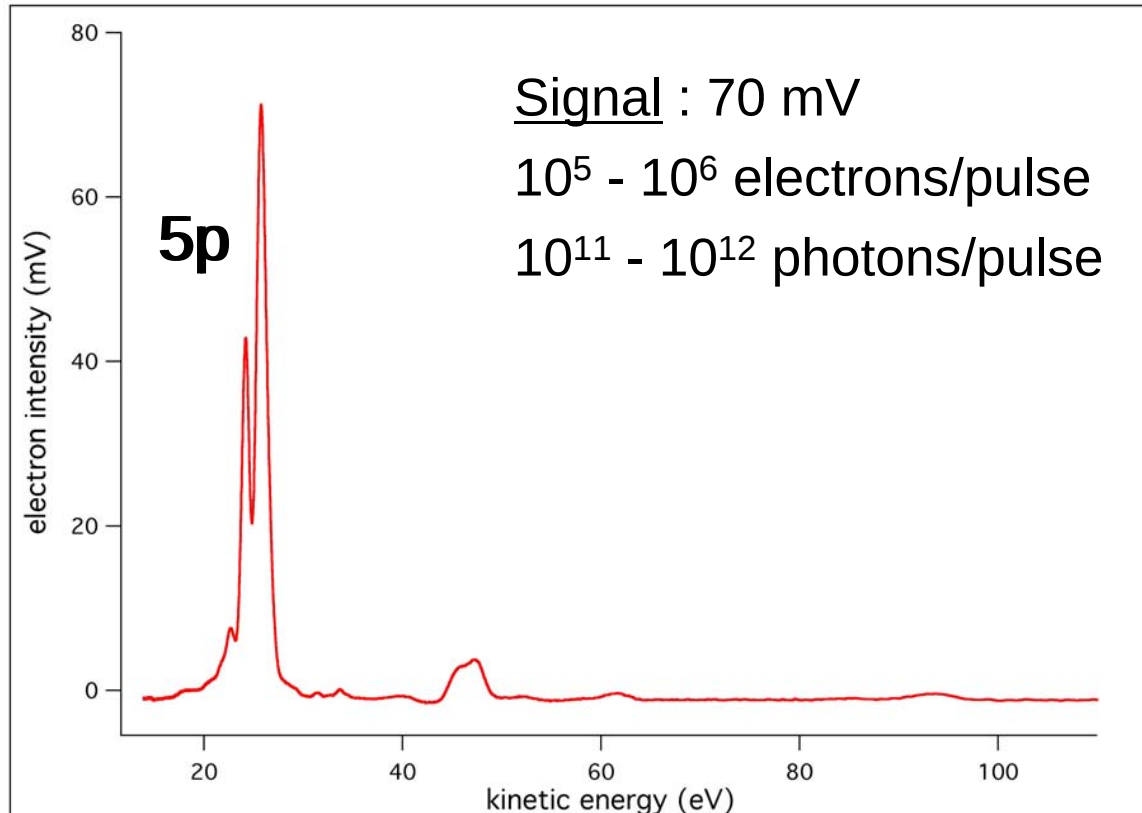


- photoionization of Xe
- time-of flight
- single-shot spectra

One-photon ionization of Xe

$U(\text{ret}) = -15\text{V}$

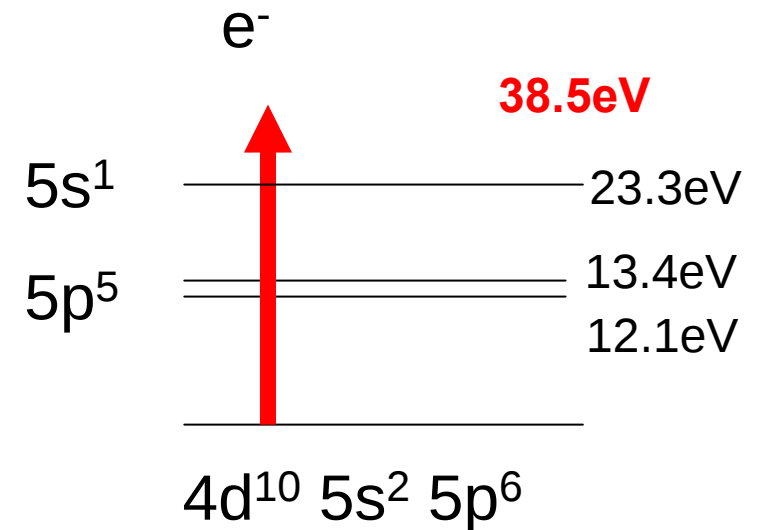
Xenon



$h\nu (\text{FEL}) = 38.5 \text{ eV}$

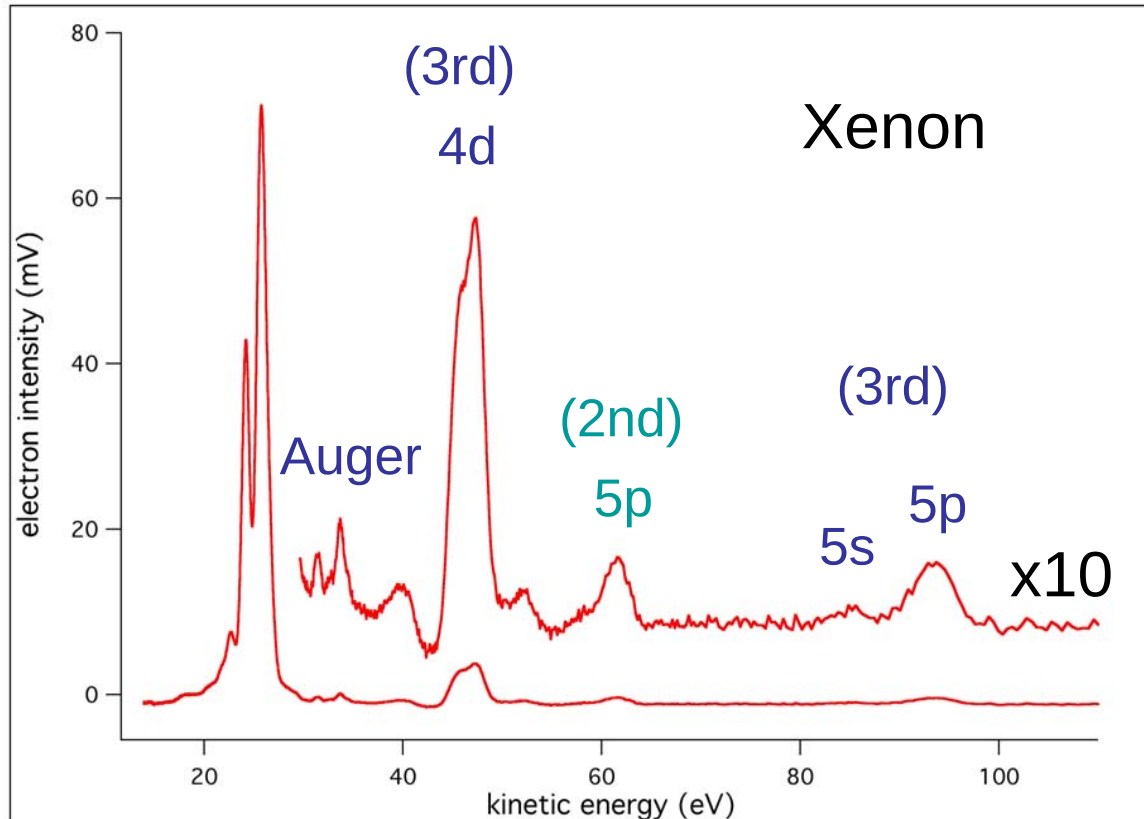
- single shot analysis
- nonlinear effects

- space charge
- $\Delta E = 300 \text{ meV}$
 $\Delta E(\text{max.}) = 50 \text{ meV}$

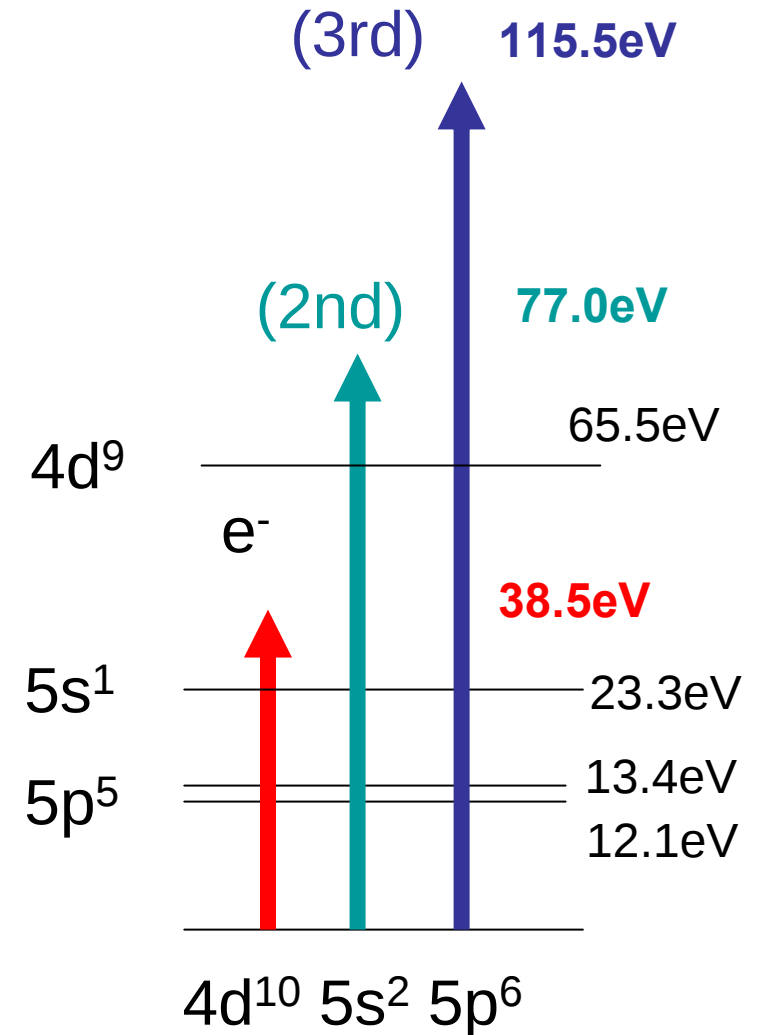


One-photon ionization of Xe

$U(\text{ret}) = -15\text{V}$



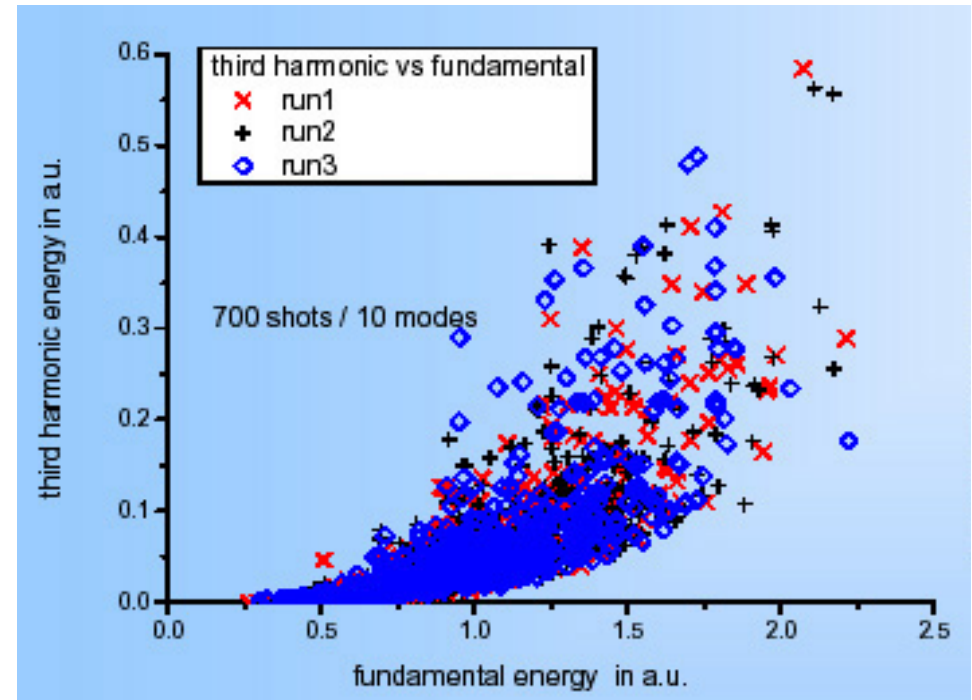
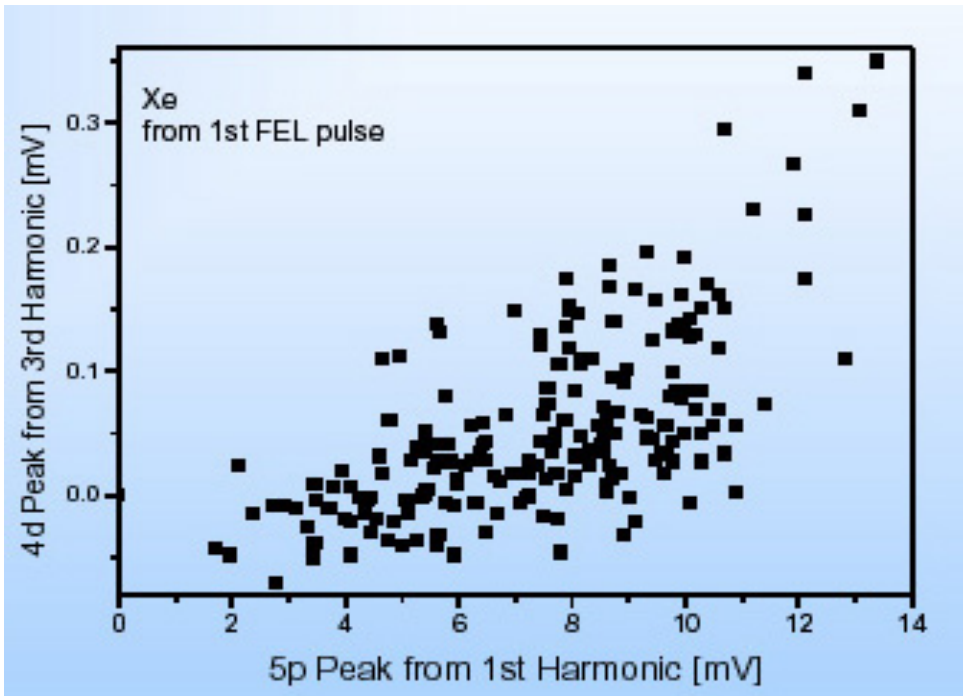
$h\nu (\text{FEL}) = 38.5 \text{ eV}$



Statistical behavior of higher harmonics

Single shot correlation fundamental - third harmonic

S. Düsterer et al.
Opt.Lett. 31, 1750
(2006)



Experiment average 3 μJ
 max. 10 μJ

Simulations (G. Geloni, E. Saldin)
 10 modes

Higher harmonics of FEL radiation

32.2 nm
August 2005

Measured harmonic ratios

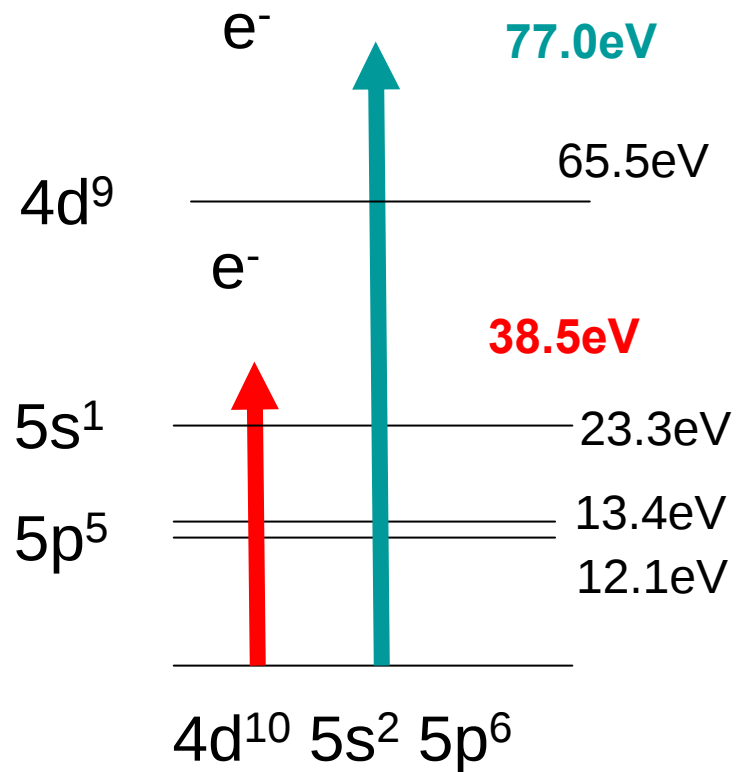
gas	2nd / 1st	3rd / 1st	I (FEL)
Xe	0.6 (2) %	0.5 (2) %	5 - 7 μJ
	0.3 (2) %	0.2 (2) %	3 μJ
Ar	0.3 (2) %	0.35 (20) %	3 μJ
He	0.5 (2) %	0.85 (2) %	5 - 7 μJ

average over 254 single-shot spectra

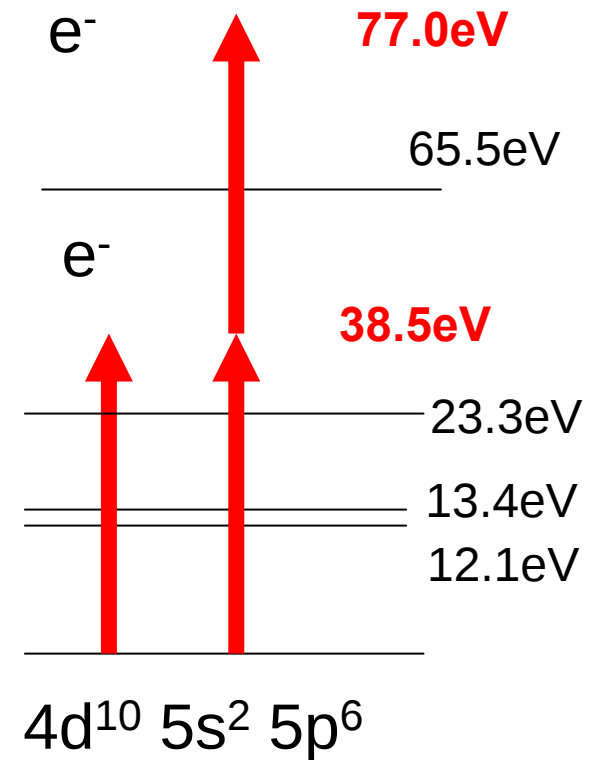
Higher harmonics vs. multi-photon

?

2nd harm.



2-photon



Higher harmonics vs. multi-photon

Harmonics (August 2005):

- similar values for He, Ar, Xe
- observed in focused and unfocused beam
- observed in the spectral distribution
- TDSE calculations

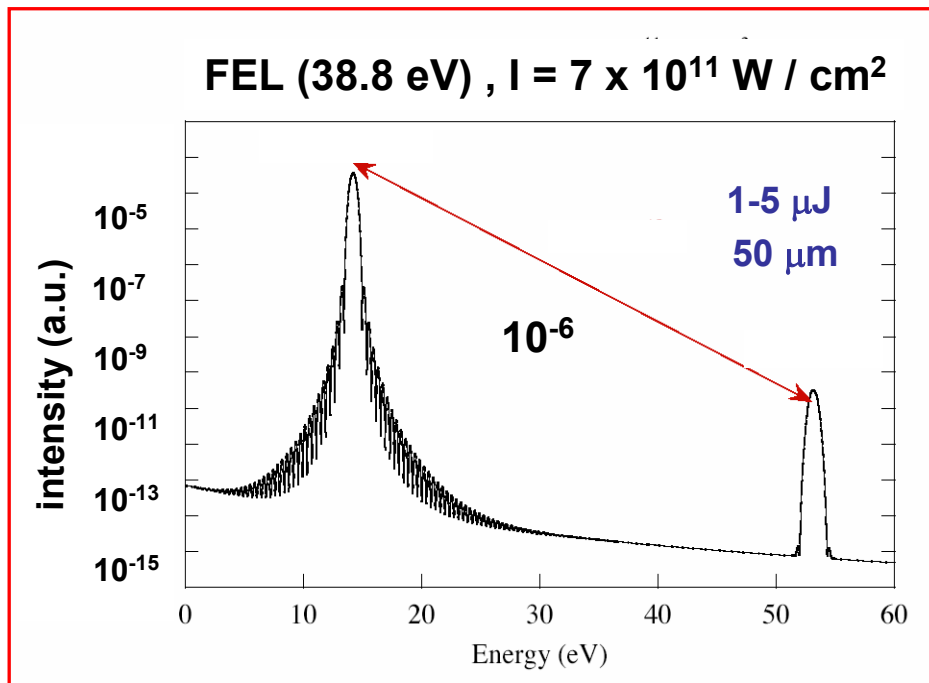
(R. Taïeb, A. Maquet, LCP-MR, Paris)

Multi-photon (August 2006):

- FEL pulse energy **$> 50 \mu\text{J}$**
- focus size **$30 \mu\text{m}$**
- FEL intensity **$> 3 \times 10^{13} \text{ W/cm}^2$**



Non-linear processes:
Two-photon double-ionization



Two-photon double-ionization in He

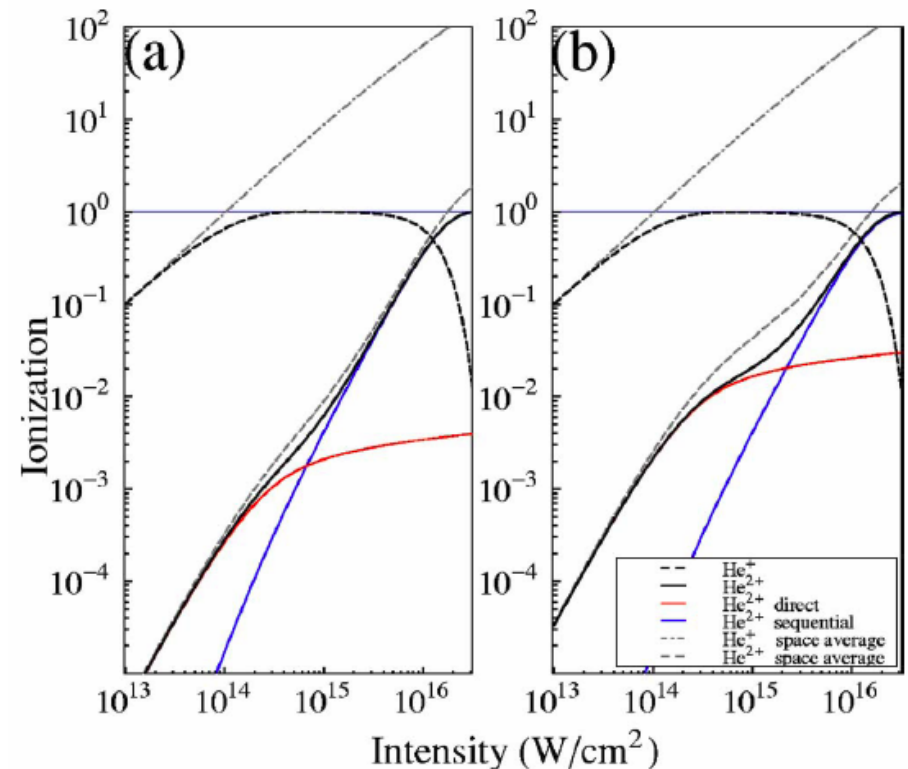
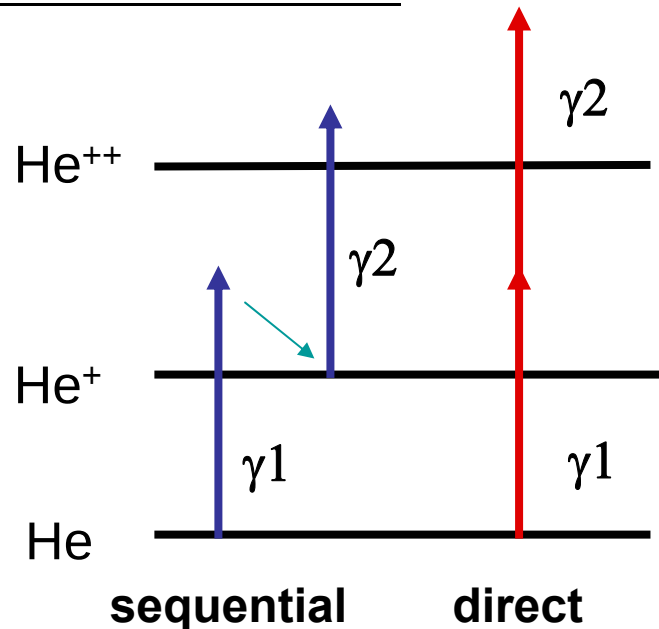
Lambropoulos, Nikolopoulos, Makris, Phys.Rev. A 72, 013410 (2005)

Theory: $h\nu = 45 \text{ eV}$

$I = 10^{13} - 10^{16} \text{ W/cm}^2$

— **direct**
— **sequential**

Double-ionization



Two - Colour / Two - Photon

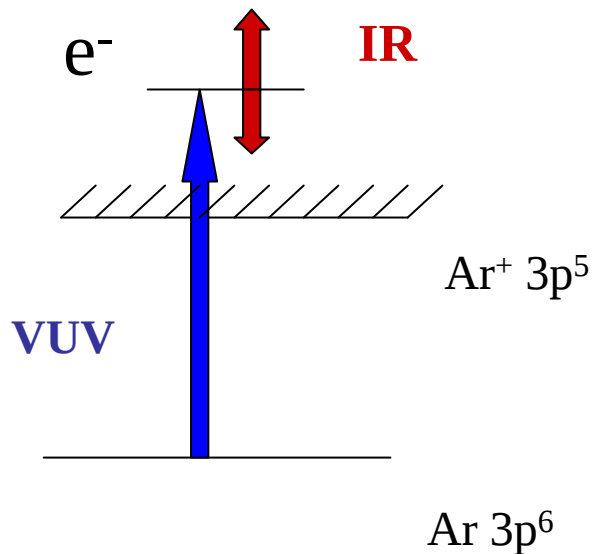
**Photoionization
of dressed atoms**

Two-photon (two-color) ionization

**General idea: photoionization in a strong field
(dressed atoms)**

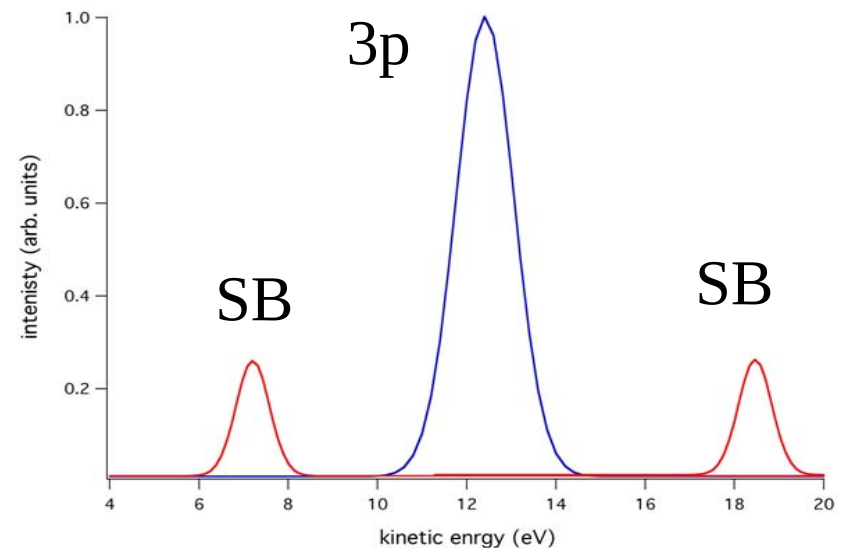
E.S. Toma et al.
Phys. Rev. A 62, 061801 (2000)

Photoionization of Ar



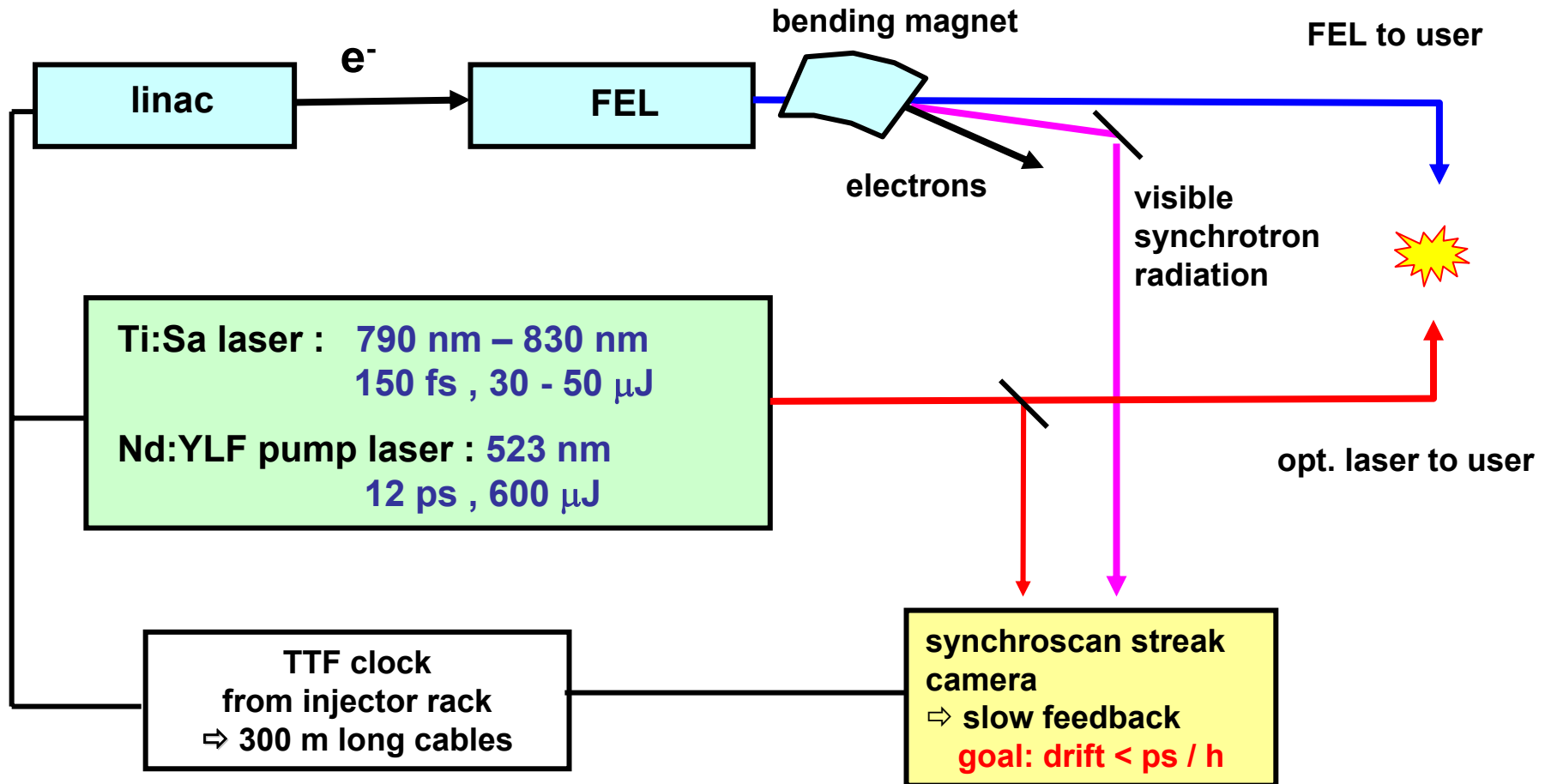
Ti:Saph: 800nm, 40fs, 1 kHz
dressing beam: up to $50\mu\text{J}$ $\rightarrow$ 13 TW/cm^2

Photoelectron spectrum

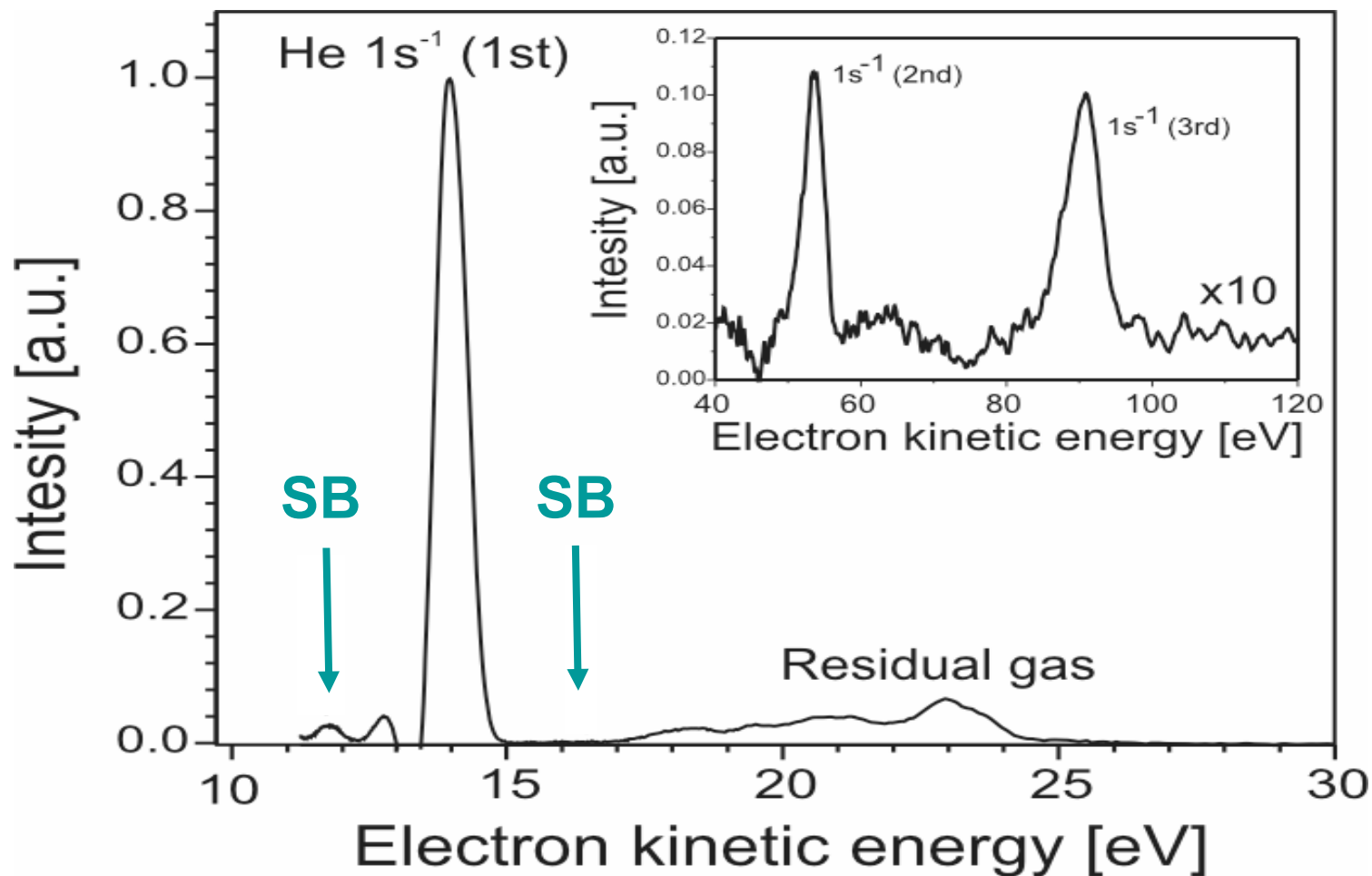


**Sideband intensity
very sensitive
to temporal overlap**

FEL + Optical Laser



One-photon ionization of He

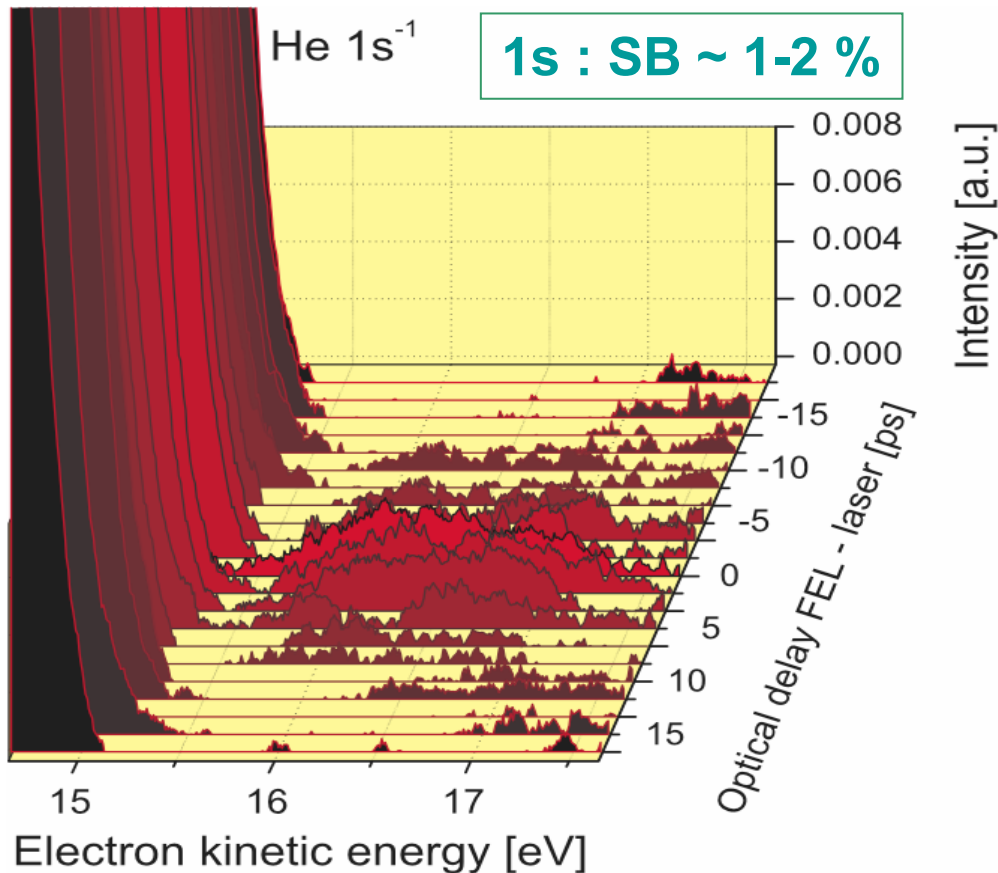


$h\nu$ (FEL) = 38.5 eV

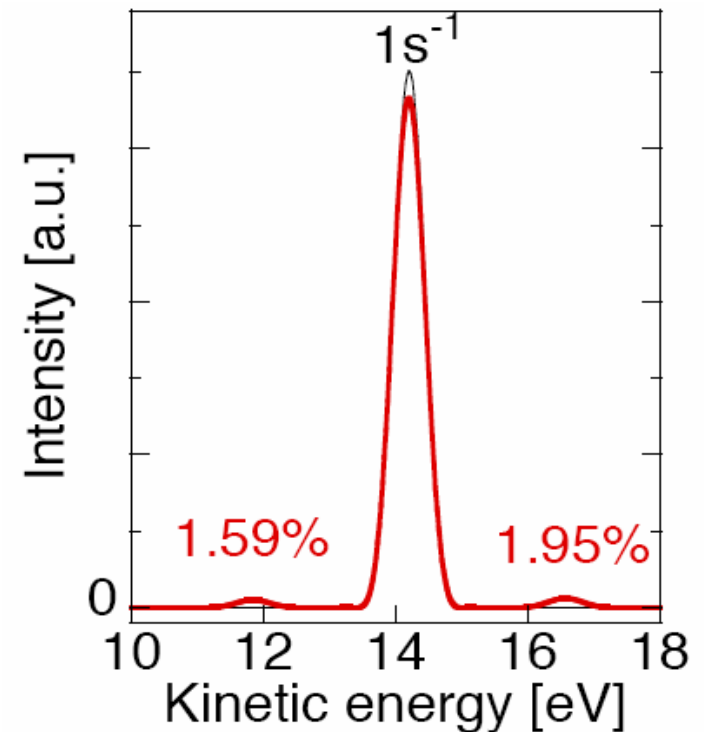
Two-photon ionization of He

FEL: 32 nm, 1 - 3 μJ , 50 μm focus, 50 fs, $\sim 10^{12} \text{ W/cm}^2$

Laser : 523 nm, 250 μJ , 50 μm focus, 12 ps, $\sim 10^{11} \text{ W/cm}^2$



TDSE calculation (R. Taïeb, A. Maquet)



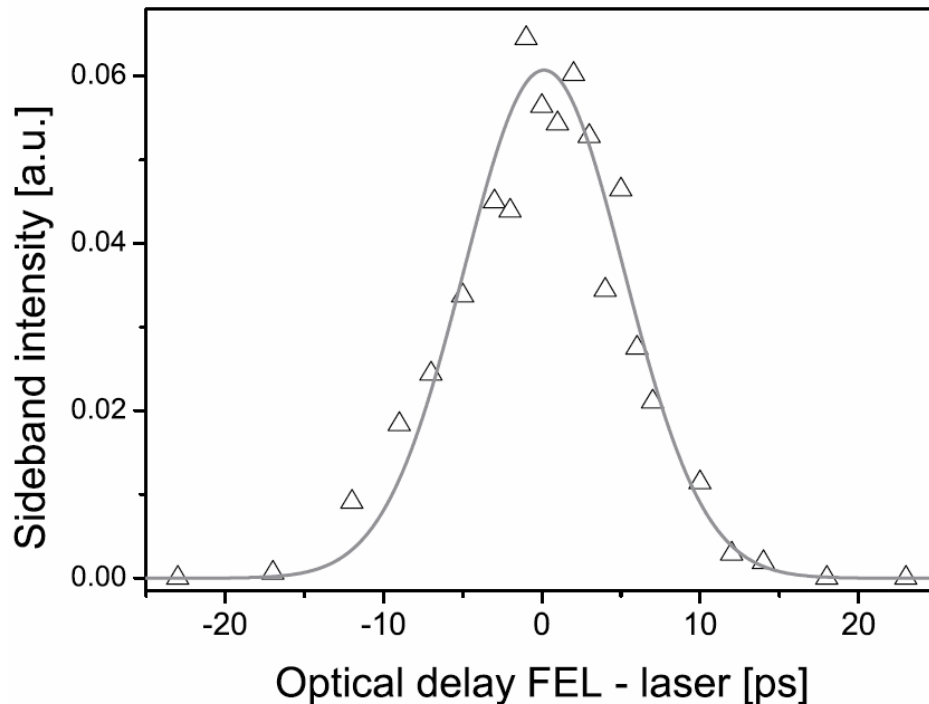
Two-photon (FEL + ps laser) ionization of He

Cross correlation FEL (32.2 nm) - optical laser (523 nm)

FWHM = 12.0 ± 0.4 ps

$\Delta t(\text{opt.las}) = 11.8 \pm 0.4$ ps

$\Delta T(\text{FEL}) = 50$ fs



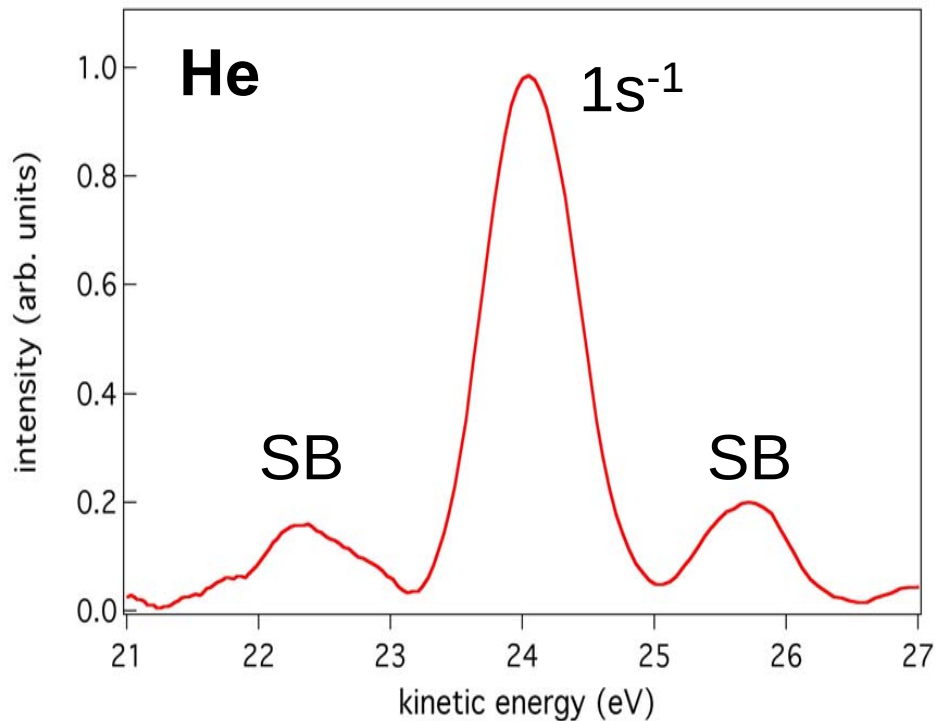
1) Determination $\Delta T = 0$ ps

2) Jitter (FEL) < 1 ps

Two-photon (FEL + fs laser) ionization of He

FEL: 25 nm, 5 μJ , 50 μm focus, 30 fs

Laser : 800 nm, 20 μJ , 50 μm focus, 150 fs

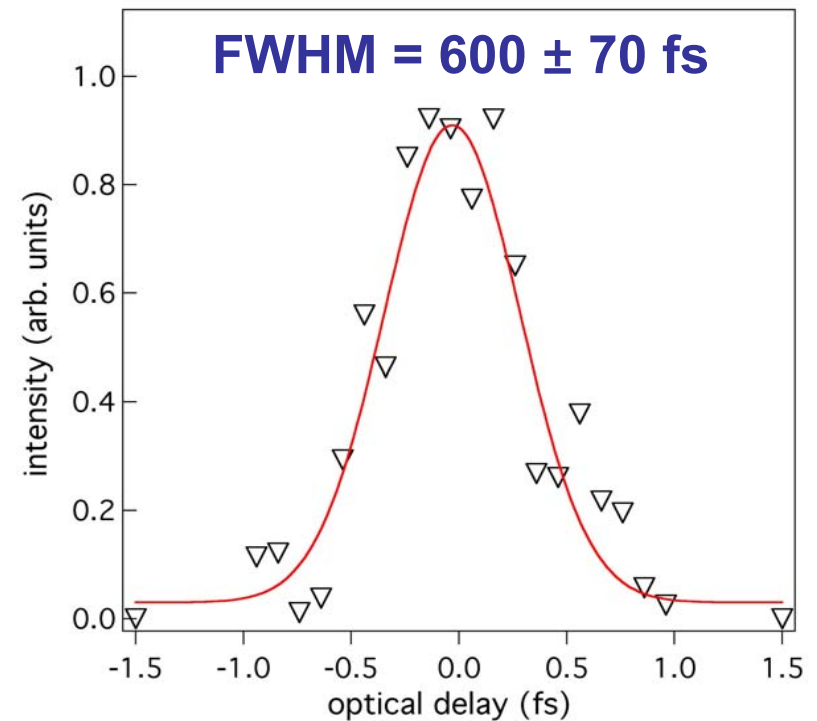
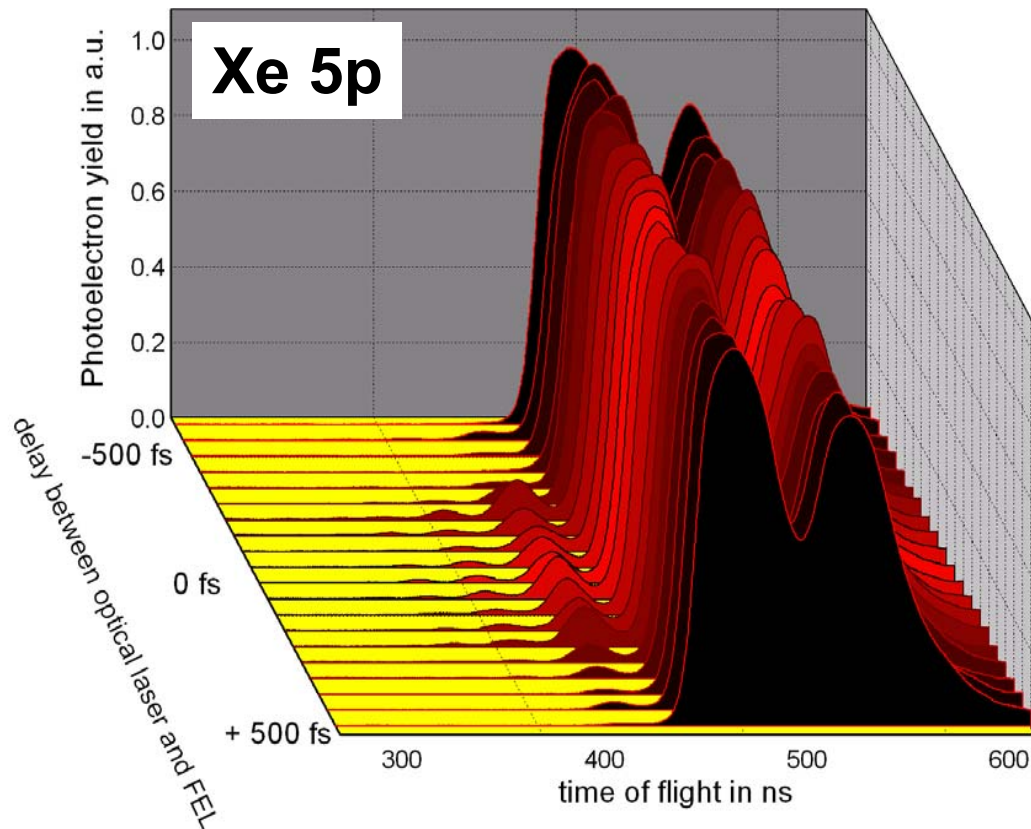


$$\text{SB} / 1\text{s}^{-1} = 0.20$$

Two-photon (FEL + fs laser) ionization of He

FEL: 25 nm, 5 μ J, 50 μ m focus, 30 fs

Laser : 800 nm, 20 μ J, 50 μ m focus, 150 fs



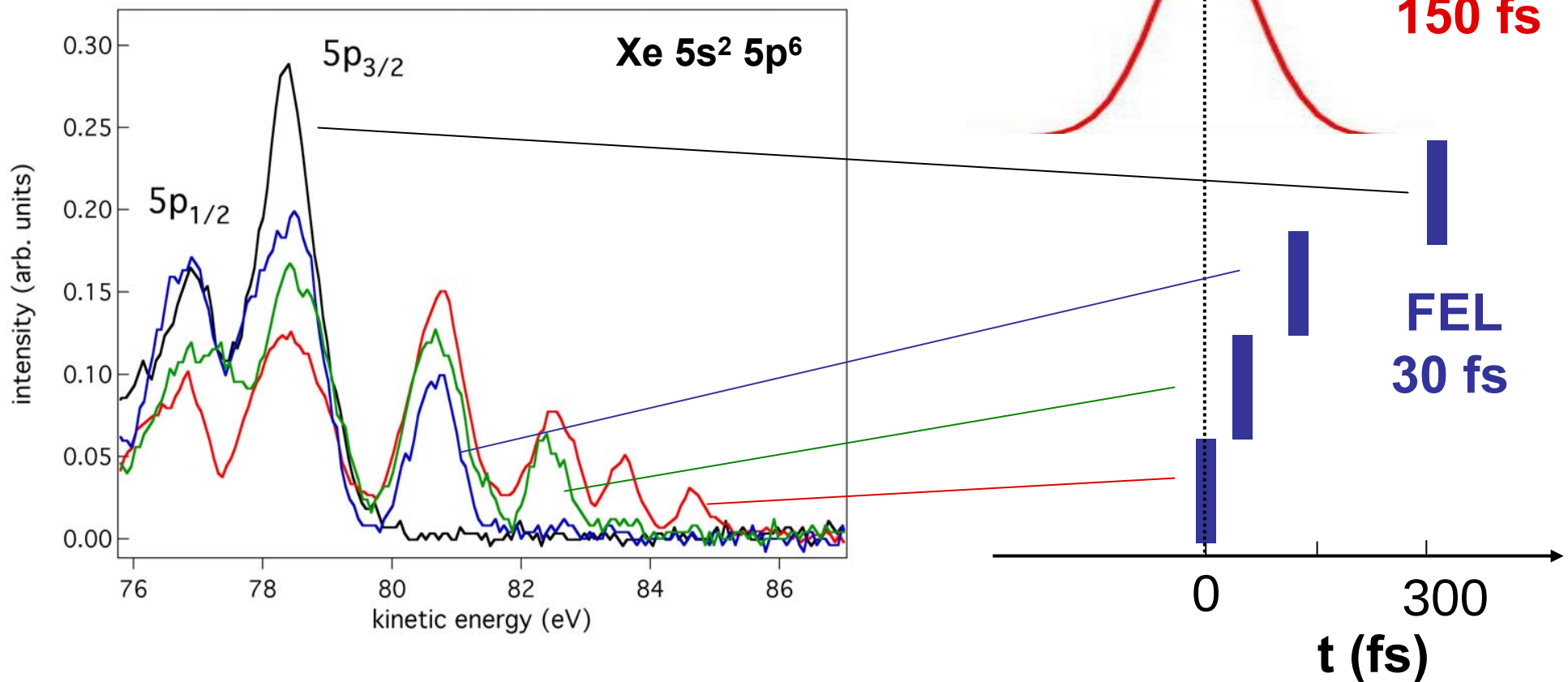
➡ **Jitter (FEL) = 550 ± 80 fs**

Two-photon (FEL + fs laser) ionization of Xe

$h\nu(\text{FEL}) = 90.6 \text{ eV}$

IR : 150fs, 20 μJ

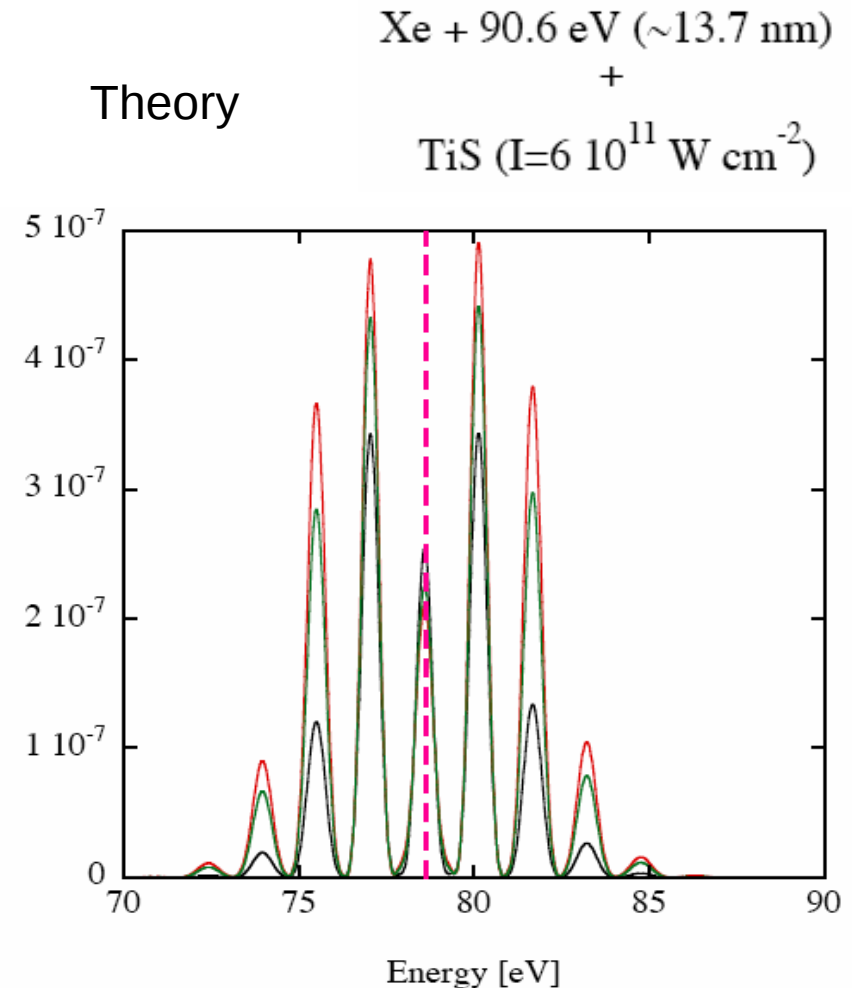
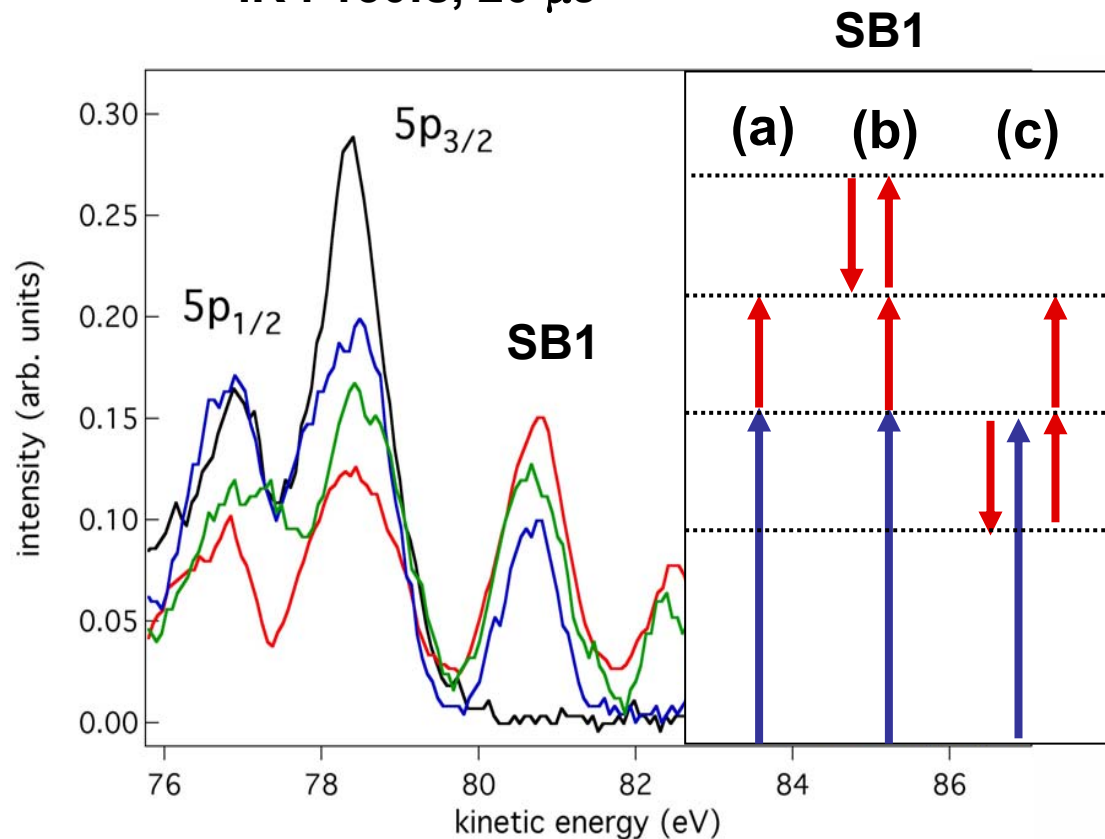
$\Delta T = 0 \text{ fs}$



Two-photon (FEL + fs laser) ionization of Xe

$h\nu(\text{FEL}) = 90.6 \text{ eV}$

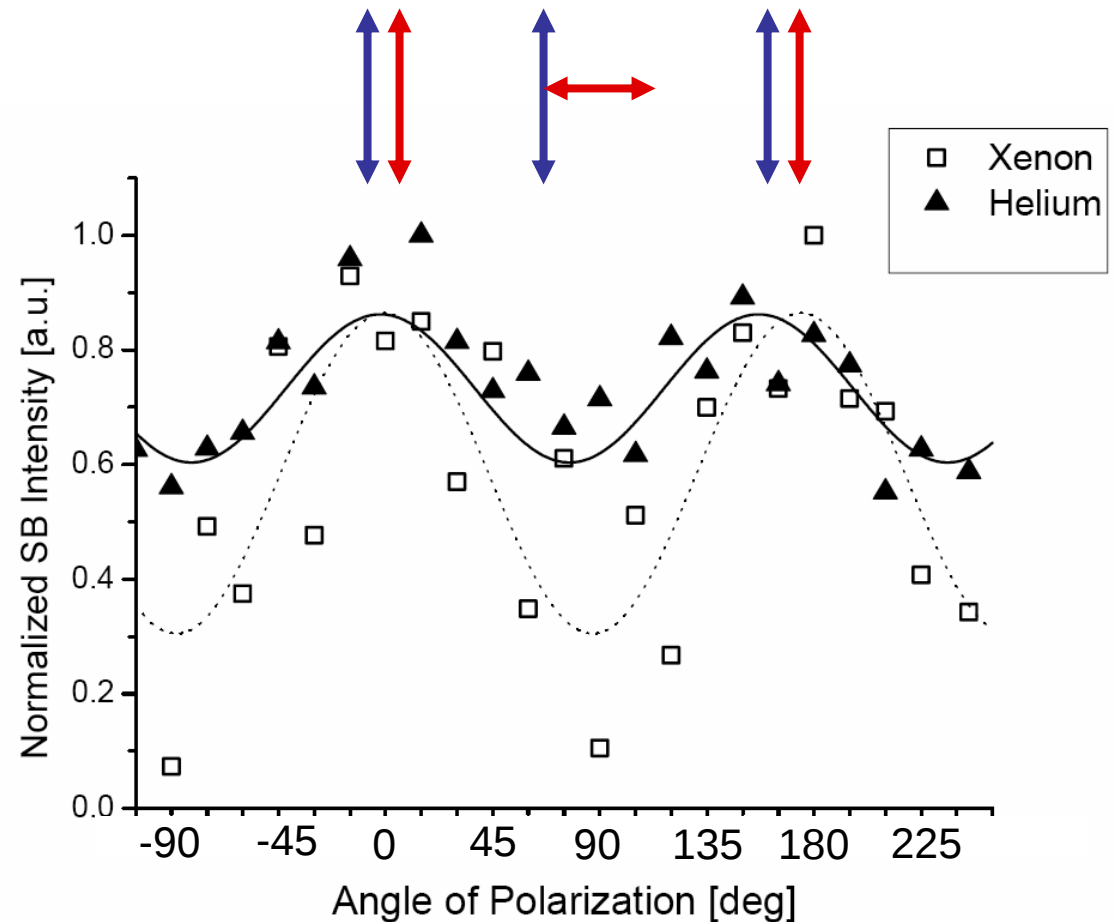
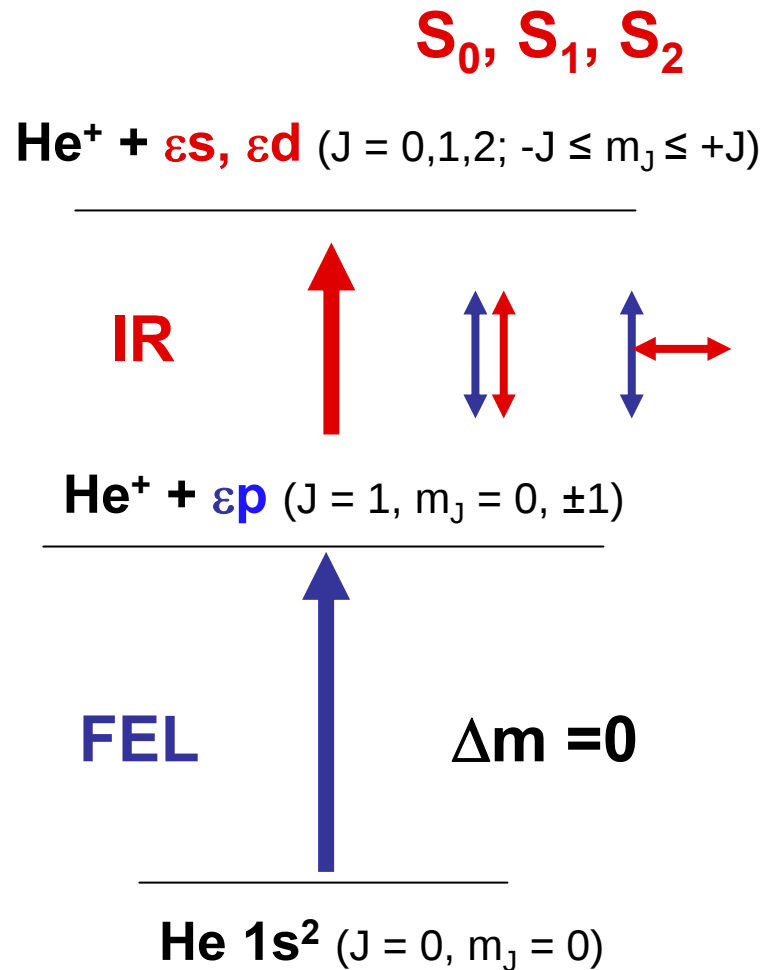
IR : 150fs, 20 μJ



Two - Colour / Two - Photon

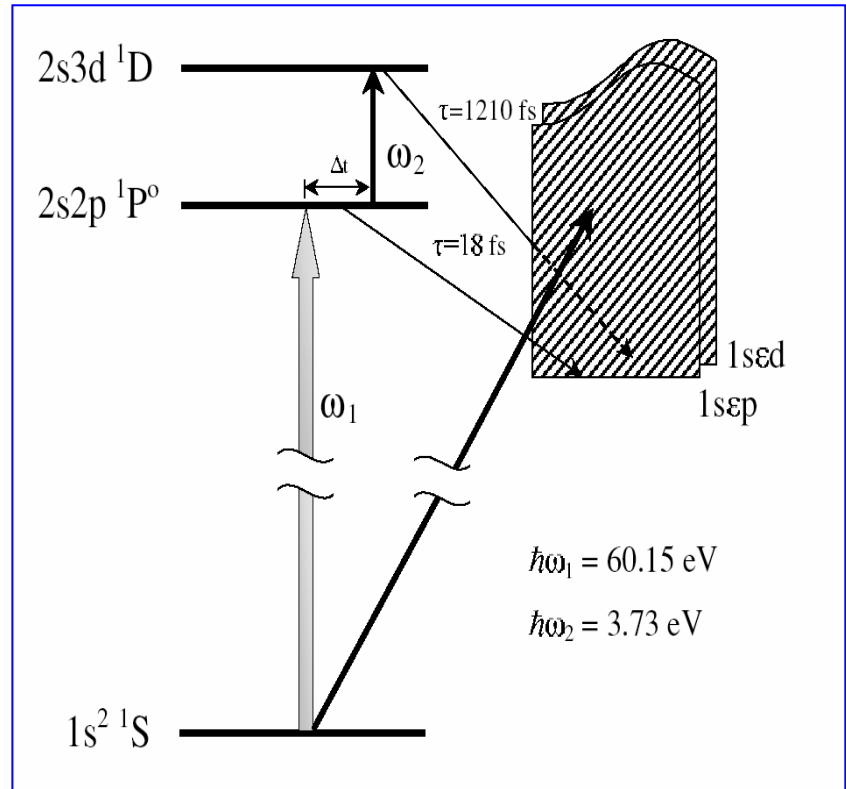
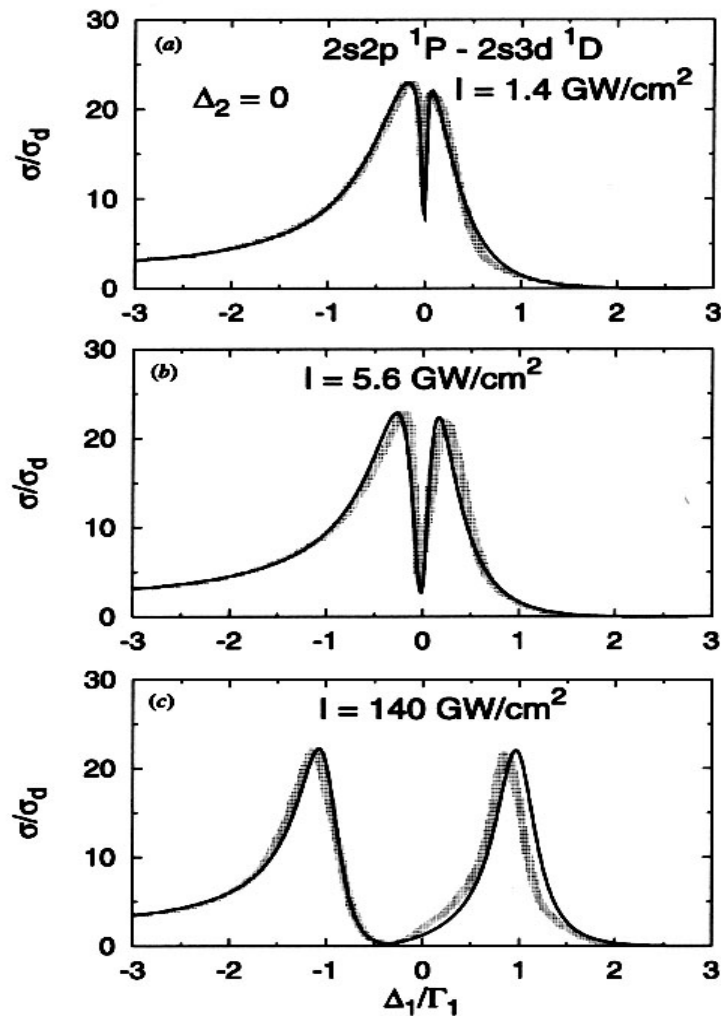
First applications

Two-photon (FEL + fs laser) : Polarization effects



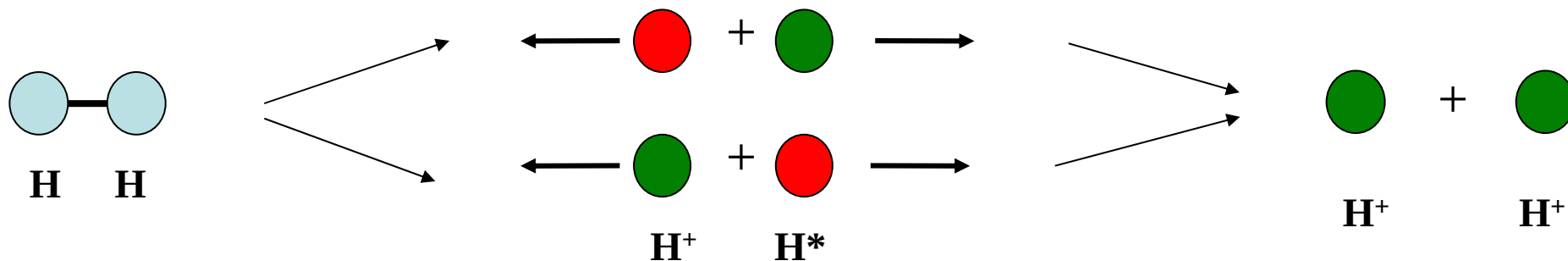
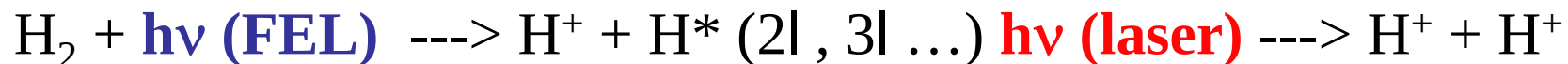
$$W(E_c) = C(3(S_1 + S_2) + (2S_0 - 3S_1 + S_2) \cos^2\Theta)$$

Dynamics of autoionizing states : coupling between two AIS by a strong laser field



- S.I. Themelis, P. Lambropoulos, M. Meyer
J. Phys. B 37, 2832 (2004)
- H. Bachau, Lambropoulos, Shakeshaft,
PRA 34, 4785 (1986)

Interference effects in molecular fragmentation



Experiment:

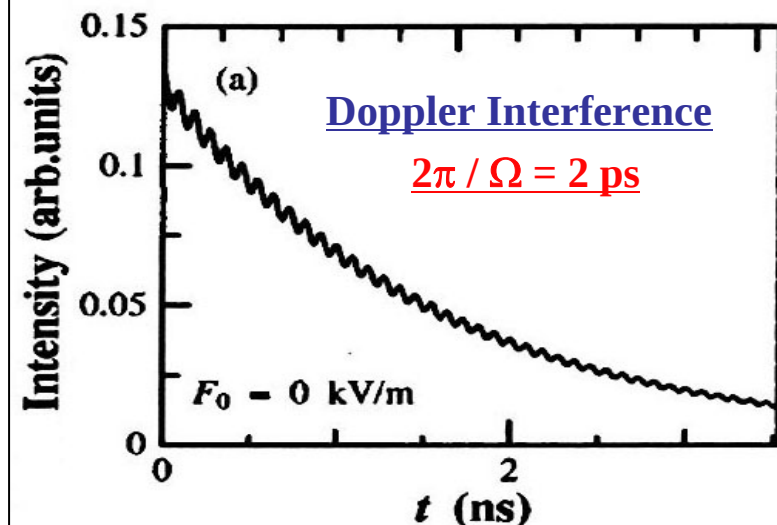


Doppler Interference

$$\lambda(\text{las}) \approx 800 \text{ nm} \quad \longrightarrow \quad E_{\text{kin}}(e^-) = 0.1 \text{ eV}$$

$$h\nu(\text{FEL}) = 16.8 \text{ eV} \quad \longrightarrow \quad E_{\text{kin}}(\text{H}^*) = 0.3 \text{ eV}$$

$$\underline{2\pi / \Omega = 2 \text{ ps}}$$



Summary

One-color experiments

- single shot spectra (high photon flux)
 - > **statistical behavior of the FEL**
- two- and multiphoton processes (short pulses)
 - > **non-linear processes** (coming up!)

Two-color experiments

- sideband spectra of He, Xe and Kr (ps and fs optical laser)
 - > **temporal stability of FEL**
- polarization effects
 - > **two-photon ionization continua**
- pump-probe applications
 - > **electron and nuclear dynamics in atoms and molecules**