

The CERN Antimatter Facility

A status report - with input from many CERN equipment groups

Tommy Eriksson CERN/BE/OP





Outline



CERN antiprotons: timeline

AD: news & status 2015

AD consolidation

ELENA overview and status



Antiproton machines timeline

1980-1986

AA

(Antiproton Accumulator)

- 3.57 GeV/c Antiproton Accumulator ring; 6 stochastic cooling systems
- 10^{12} pbars stored (peak). p/pbar collisions in SPS + low energy experiments in LEAR

1986-1996

AAC (AA+AC)

(Antiproton Accumulator Complex)

- Large acceptance Antiproton Collector ring added. 15 stochastic cooling systems
- Upgraded Target Area
- Production rate increased 10-fold to $6 \cdot 10^{10}$ pbars/h; 4,8 s repetition rate

1998-2015

AD

(Antiproton Decelerator)

- AC converted from fixed energy storage ring to Decelerator. 3 stochastic cooling systems + electron cooler (previously used in ICE and LEAR)
- $4 \cdot 10^7$ pbars decelerated to 100 MeV/c (5.3 MeV kinetic). 100s cycle. Local experimental areas.

2016-2030+

AD/ELENA

(AD/Extra Low ENergy Antiprotons)

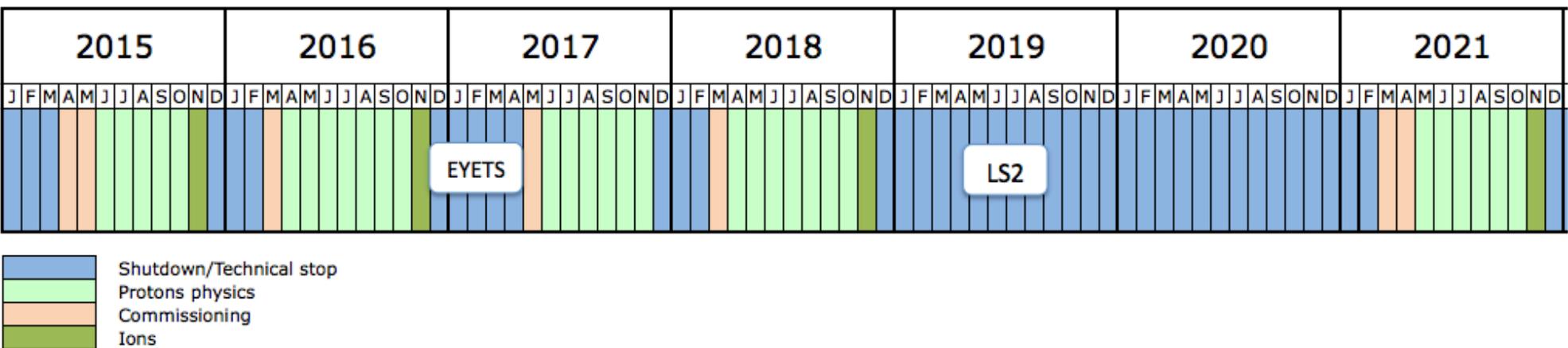
- Small post-decelerator ring with electron cooler to be added
- $1.8 \cdot 10^7$ pbars decelerated to 13.7 MeV/c (100 keV kinetic), 100 s repetition rate
- New ejection beamlines with electrostatic elements and extended experiment area

AD operation/planning

- Serving 5 active experiments: ALPHA, ASACUSA, ATRAP, AEGIS, BASE
- Running for physics since 2000, some 42000 physics hours realized, no machine runs in 2005 & 2013 (LS1):

| AD statistics | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|--------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| run time (h) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Physics hours | 1550 | 2250 | 2100 | 2300 | 3090 | 0 | 2765 | 3760 | 3140 | 4460 | 4550 | 4530 | 5360 | 0 | 2135 |
| Beam available for physics (%) | 86 | 89 | 90 | 90 | 71 | | 65 | 76 | 81 | 78 | 87 | 84 | 90 | | 85 |

- (not yet official) planning for the CERN accelerators with a 2-year stop 2019/2020



AD basic parameters

| | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| • Circumference | 182 | m |
| • Production beam | $1.5 \cdot 10^{13}$ | protons/cycle |
| • Injected beam | $5 \cdot 10^7$ | pbars/cycle |
| • Beam momenta max-min | 3.57 – 0.1 | GeV/c |
| • Momenta for beam cooling | | |
| • Stochastic | 3.57 and 2.0 | GeV/c |
| • Electron | 0.3 and 0.1 | GeV/c |
| • Transverse emittances h/v | 200 – 1 | p.mm.mrad |
| • Momentum spread | $6 \cdot 10^{-2} - 1 \cdot 10^{-4}$ | dp/p |
| • Vacuum pressure, average | $4 \cdot 10^{-10}$ | Torr |
| • Cycle length | 100 | s |
| • Deceleration efficiency | 85 | % |

AD extracted beam parameters

| Parameters (at extraction) | Design | Operational | | |
|--|---------|-------------|----------|--------------------|
| | | 100MeV/c | 500MeV/c | 100MeV/c, multiej. |
| Transverse emittances H/V [μm] | 1π | $<1\pi$ | 8π | $<1\pi$ |
| Total energy spread [4σ] [10^{-3}] | 1 – 0.1 | 0.8-0.4 | 2 | >1 |
| Bunch length [ns] | 200-500 | ~ 130 | 500 | 50 |
| Number of antiprotons [10^7] | 1.2 | 4 | 4 | 0.5*6 |
| Cycle time [s] | 60 | 100 | 85 | 112 |



AD news & status 2015

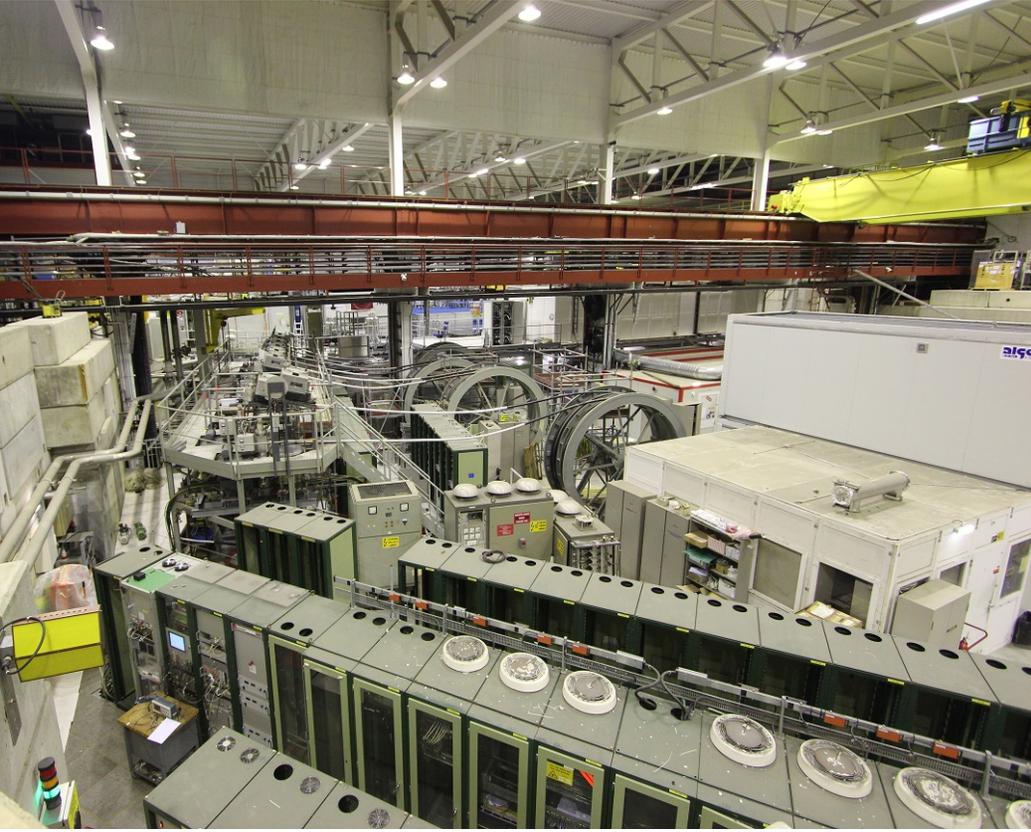
AD physics run started July 6:th as planned

- Relatively smooth start-up
- Shutdown work 2014/15 – some examples:
 - Continued target area renovation – preparing for major items in LS2
 - Continued stochastic cooling renovation
 - Kicker pulse generator re-location
 - Magnet renovation
 - Cabling clean-up in view of ELENA installation
 - Cryogenic Current Comparator (CCC) construction/installation
 - Injection line instrumentation – renewal/addition of BCT:s

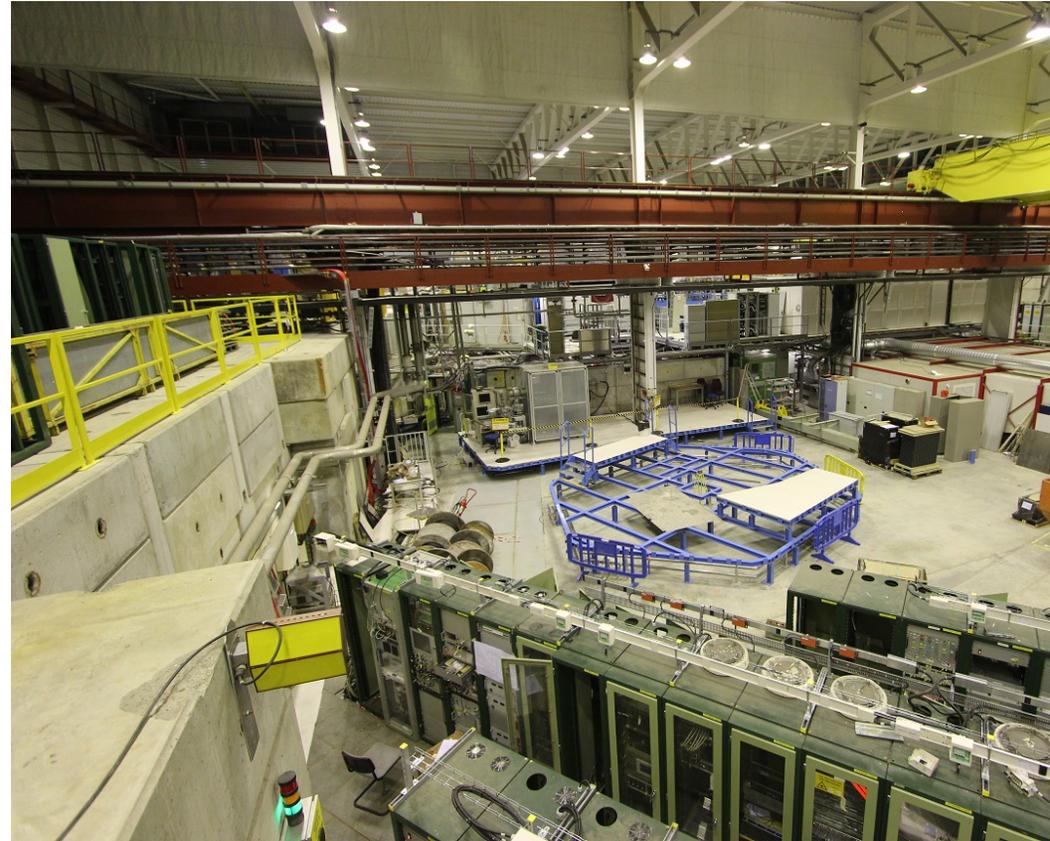
Injection/ejection kicker pulse generators for AD and ELENA



at end of run 2014



Situation in early Ju



...have been removed to make place
for ELENA

October 1:st 2015

COOL'15, Jefferson Lab, Newport News, Virginia USA

Kicker platform replacement

Pulse generators re-located to B393 including renewal of electronics/interlocks/controls interface etc.

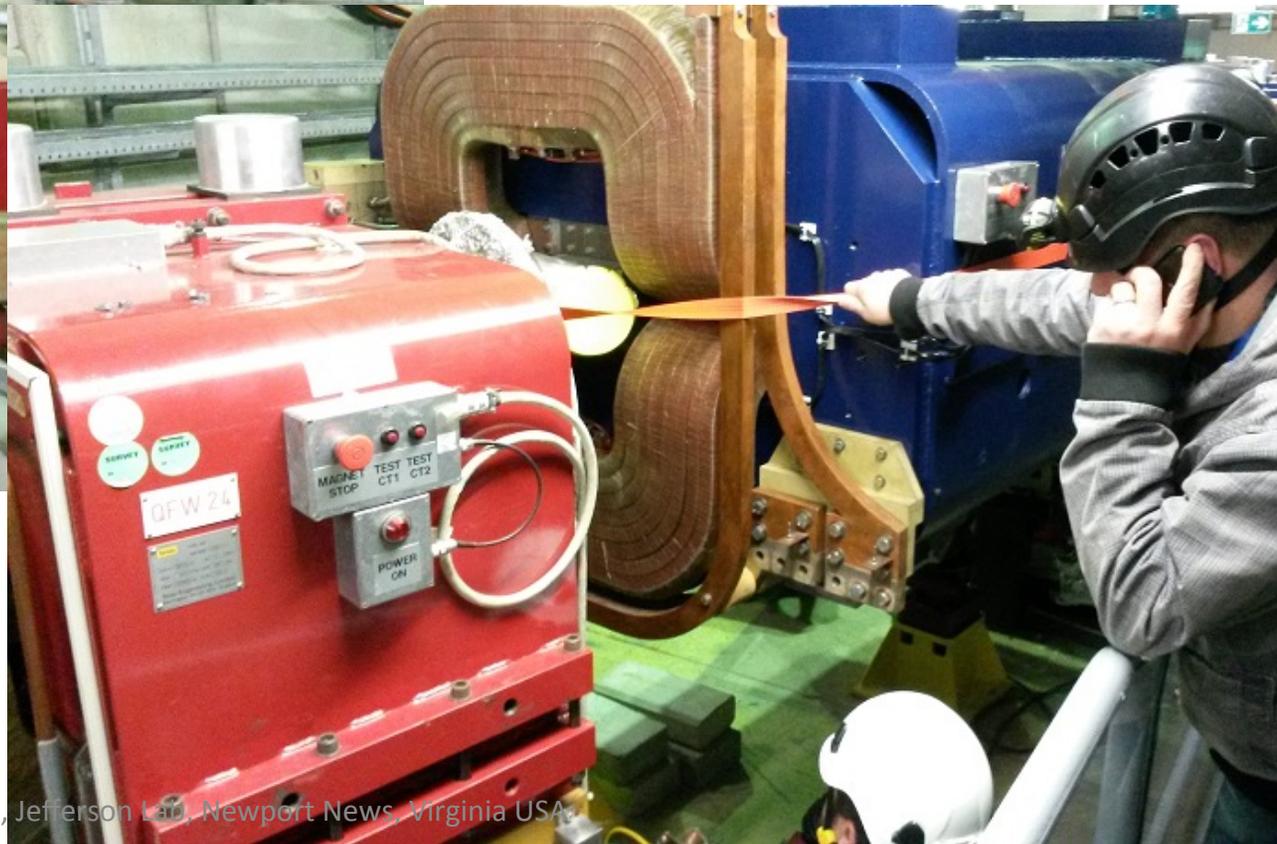


pulse generators in the new building B393

Ring main dipole magnet refurbishment



BHZ23 & BHZ24 renovated, 21 more of these will be done over the next years.



Locations, AD equipment or
mental installations is installed on
the shielding above...

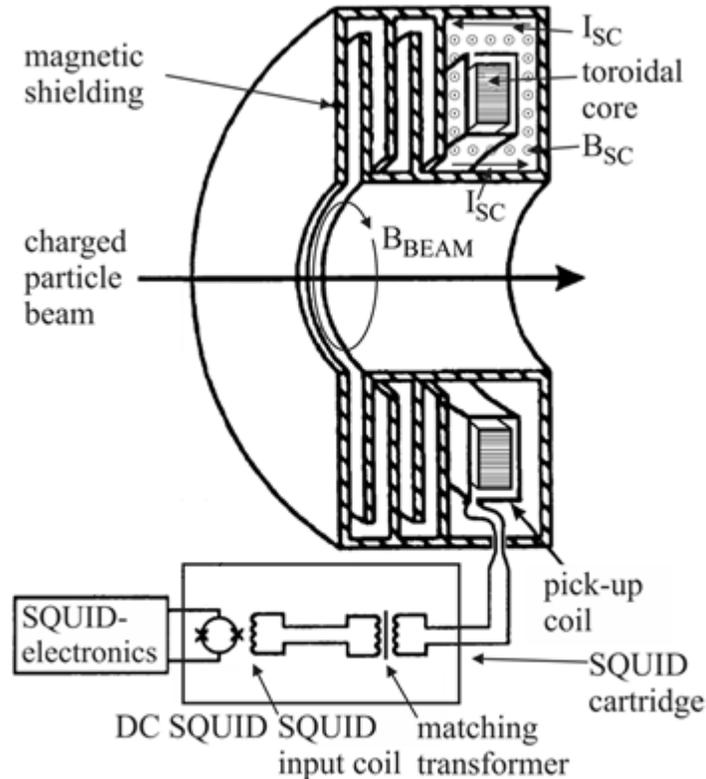
SQUID based Cryogenic current comparator



Requirements for a new current/density monitor:

Current resolution: 10 nA
 Density resolution: 5×10^5 e
 (depends on β)
 Bandwidth: DC - 1 kHz

“no boil off” using a pulse
 refrigerator as
 cryocooler unit
 low vibration levels
 long term operation
 Installed in section 15
 during 2014/15 shutdown
 will be upgraded next
 shutdown due to Cryo
 problems.



- Would permit more precise intensity measurements in AD, especially during beam cooling phases

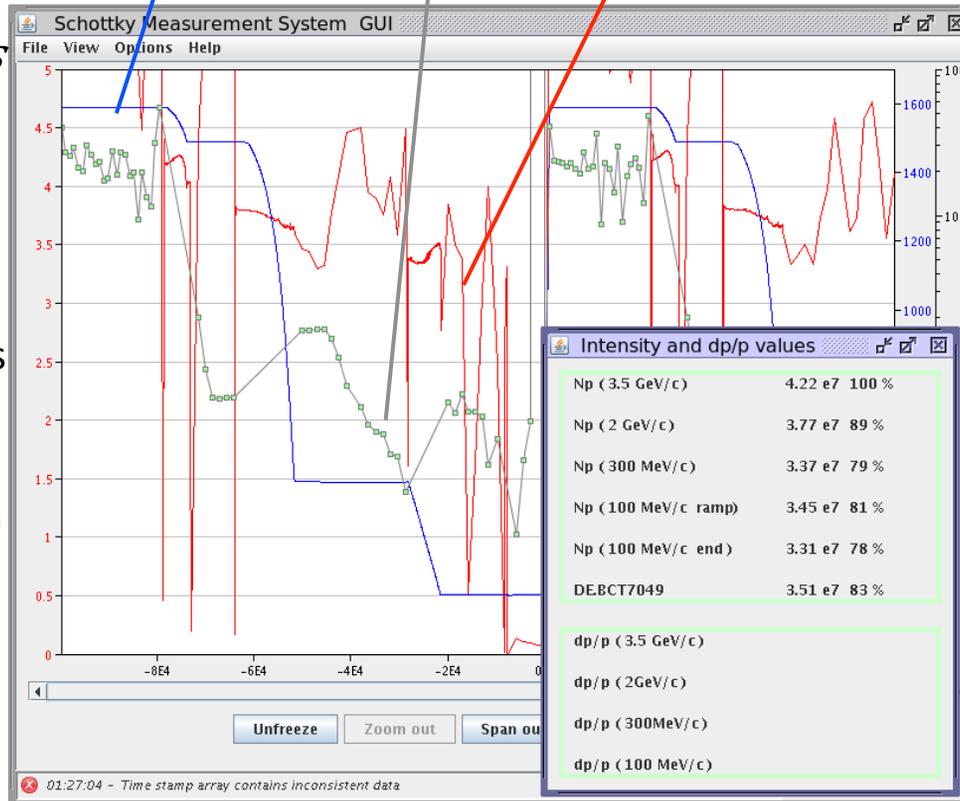




CCC results and Schottky comparison

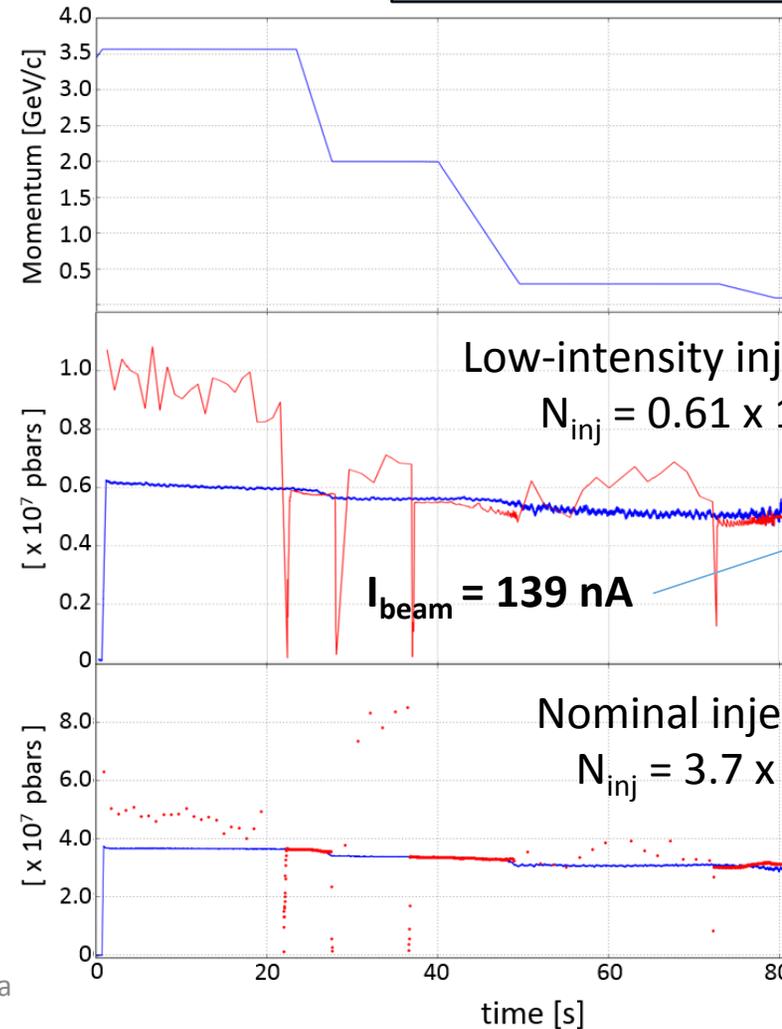
Resolution of 200 ms
 Accuracy error $> 10\%$
 Resolution of 20 ms
 Accuracy error of $< 10\%$
 Length dependency
 calibration process
 Resolution ($1\mu\text{A}$)
 Low current regime
 bunched phases

f_{rev} ϵ_{long} $N(p)$



First ccc results are encouraging !

Courtesy: Miguel Fe



AD consolidation

- Most of AD dates from ~1980 => Main components are 30-35 years old....,
- CERN-wide standardisation also a motivation
- Due to other important CERN programs (LHC), only urgent issues were addressed for the first ~10 years of AD operation
- For many years, AD items were below the budget cut-off line due to LHC priorities
- A small consolidation program (~2.3 MCHF), independent of the LHC program, started in 2009 in view of running AD until 2016 or so
- After approval of the ELENA project, the scope of the consolidation increased and is aimed at continued operation of AD for at least 10-15 years after ELENA physics has started which means 2030 - 2035
- Concerned items are: Target area, magnets, power converters, vacuum system, beam cooling, instrumentation, RF, control system, Infrastructure etc.
- AD is at the moment in the middle of a major consolidation program with a budget plan of 23.8 MCHF allocated for the period 2014 – 2020

Target Area

- During the SPS pp & LEAR programs (1980 – 1996) a full team was looking after design, operation and maintenance
 - Since the AD start-up only limited follow-up was done
 - Most of control equipment was conceived as prototypes
- Few problems occurred during 15 years of AD operation
 - Repetition rate is now ~ 100 s, the target area was designed for 2,4 s
 - Very reduced maintenance over the year – loss of expertise
- Significant **impact on AD physics** in case of failure between LS2 and LS3
 - Know weak points (target, horn, magnets...)
 - Very long physics stops (\geq year)
- Increase **contamination levels and associated radiological risks**
- Horn assembly failure (stripline clamping system breakdown) discovered in LS1 is an indication that urgent consolidation is needed for the whole area



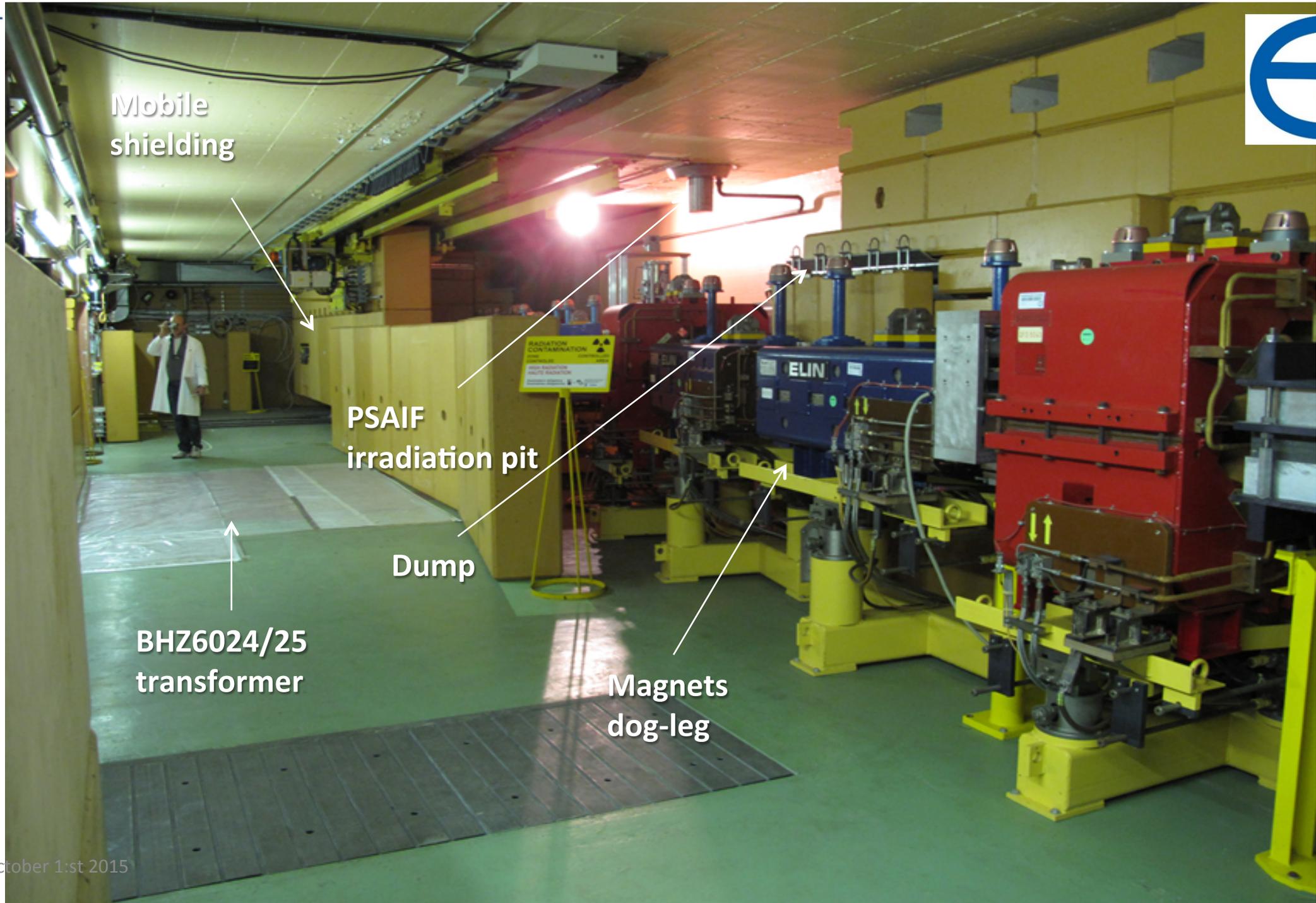
Mobile shielding

PSAIF irradiation pit

Dump

BHZ6024/25 transformer

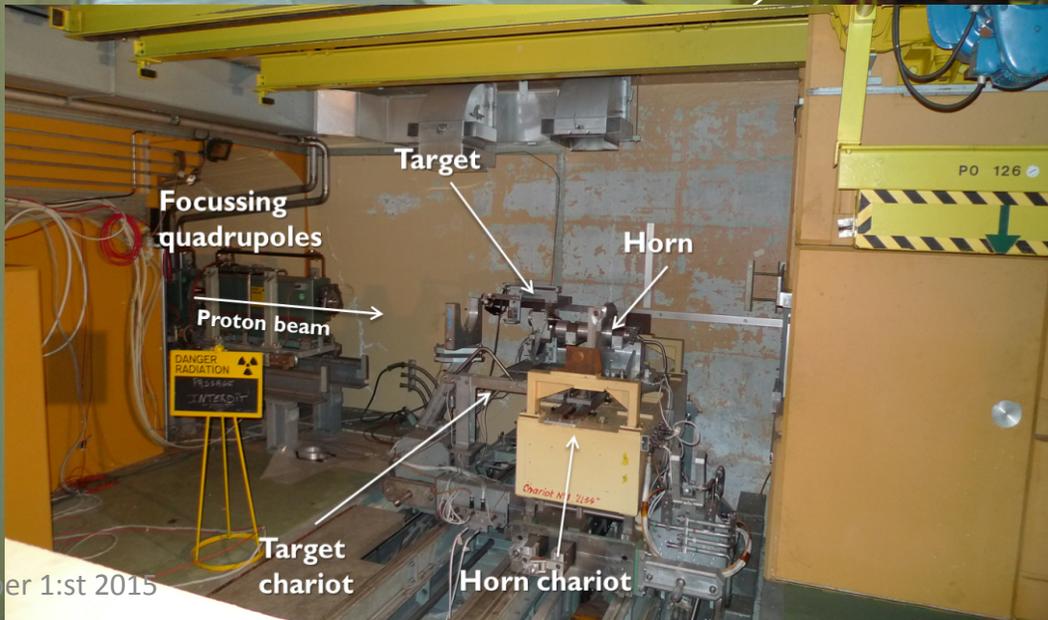
Magnets dog-leg





Mobile shielding

PSAIF irradiation pit



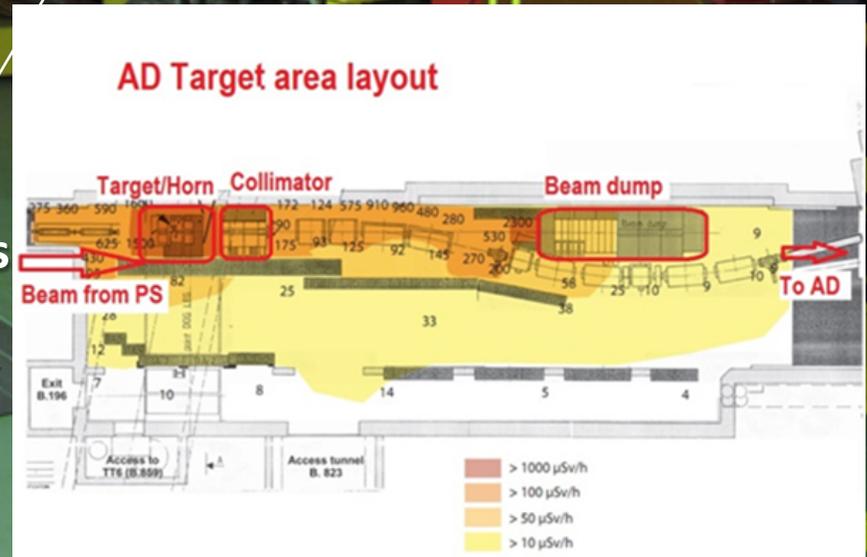
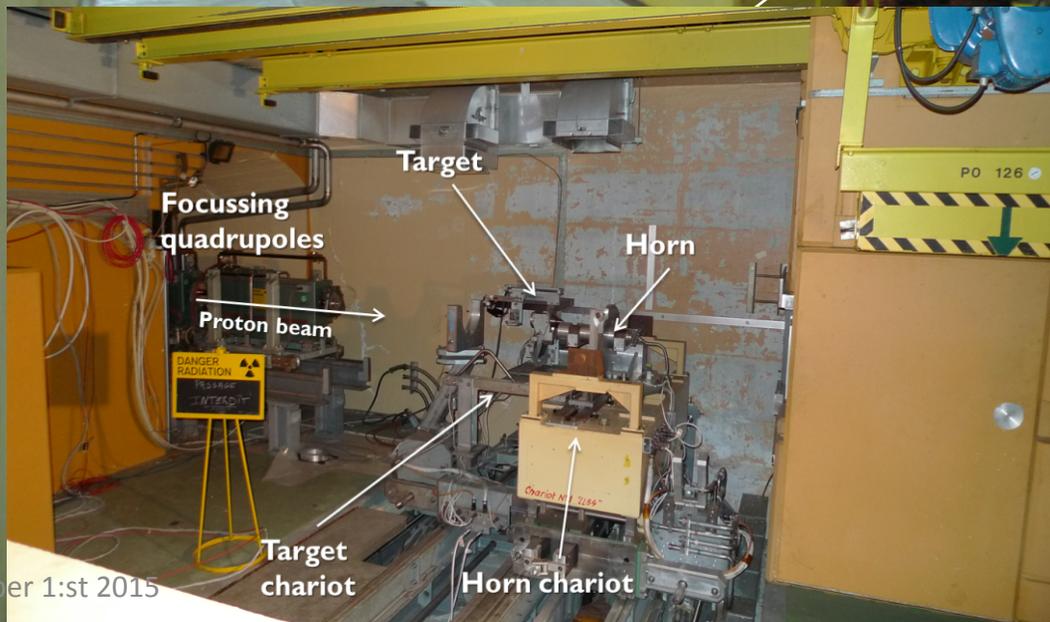
October 1:st 2015

ets
g



Mobile shielding

PSAIF irradiation pit





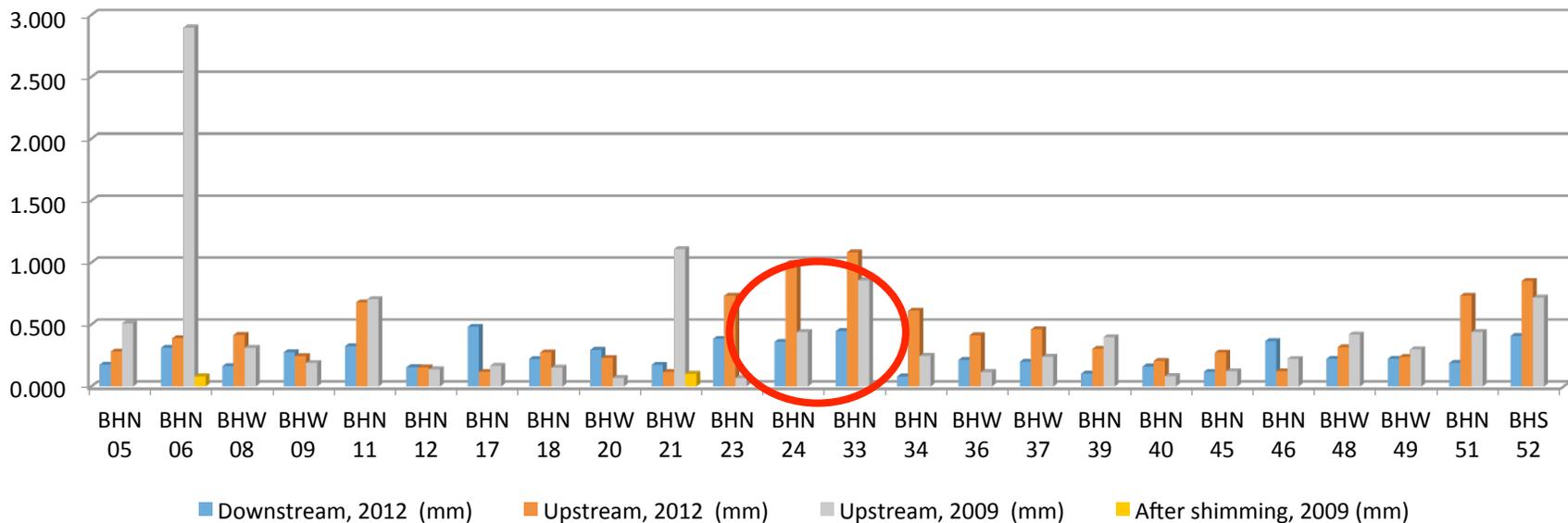
Target Area, main items

- Re-design of targets – air cooled targets instead of water cooled; heat loads under various future operational scenarios are being estimated.
- Magnetic Horn; production of new units (spare situation critical...)
- Target & Horn chariots + transport systems renewal
- Target area magnets:
 - Quadrupoles upstream of target (9050 & 9052). Area is very hot, 1 spare exists but lack of knowledge about state, manipulation & connections. Alternative designs are being considered including permanent magnets (SmCo). Radiation levels in the precise locations are being measured during this run.
 - Remaining Bendings and quads: renovation of spare (irradiated) units
- Surface buildings renovation
- Ventilation & cooling system renewal
- Etc. etc.



Magnets, ring and transfer lines

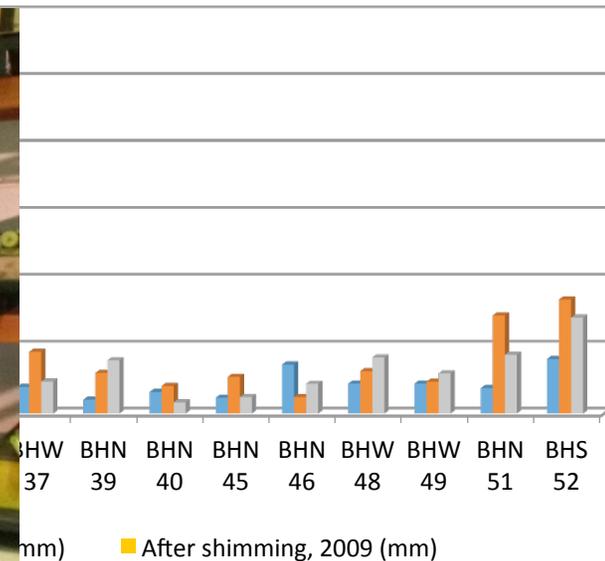
- **Most urgent units renewed**, spare inventory almost complete.
- **Ejection line magnets** (except DEM-line) will be replaced by e-static units for ELENA ~2017
- **Main bendings (24):**
 - Renovation and re-shimming: Regular coil movement measurements on remaining units will determine which one(s) next.
 - 3 units will be renovated so far. 21 to go.





Magnets, ring and transfer lines

- **Most urgent units renewed**, spare inventory almost complete.
- **Ejection line magnets** (except DEM-line) will be replaced by e-static units for ELENA ~2017
- **Main bendings (24):**
 - Renovation and re-shimming: Regular coil movement measurements on remaining units will determine which one(s) next.
 - 3 units will be renovated so far. 21 to go.



Magnets, ring and transfer lines

- **Most urgent units renewed**, spare inventory almost complete.
- **Ejection line magnets** (except DEM-line) will be replaced by e-static units for ELENA ~2017
- **Main bendings (24):**
 - Renovation and re-shimming: Regular coil movement units will determine which one(s) next.
 - 3 units will be renovated so far. 21 to go.



Magnets, ring and transfer lines

- **Most urgent units renewed**, spare inventory almost complete.
- **Ejection line magnets** (except DEM-line) will be replaced by e-static units for ELENA ~2017
- **Main bendings (24):**
 - Renovation and re-shimming: Regular units will determine which one(s) need to be renewed
 - 3 units will be renovated so far. 21 more to go



Stochastic cooling

- **Controls, electronics, delay/attenuator platform installation, individual u-wave amplifier power supplies and p/u & kicker movement motors/electronics all renovated or replaced during LS1.**
- **Notch filters:** Replacement of large cable-box with optical filter system. 2015. Glassfiber notch filter (to replace coax line filters) obtained from GSI and lab tests underway..
- **0.8 – 1.6 GHz power amplifiers (48):** Obsolete semi-conductors, increased failure rate. Prototyping for new design (if old amplifiers become unreparable or too unreliable).
- **Vacuum tanks:** Life expectancy and mechanical integrity of pickup and kicker vacuum tanks & s-cooling equipment inside. ***Possible consolidation not yet addressed.***

Stochastic cooling

- **Controls, electronics, delay/attenuator platform installation, individual u-wave amplifier power supplies and p/u & kicker movement motors/electronics all renovated or replaced during LS1.**
- **Notch filters:** Replacement of large cable-box with optical filter system. 2015. Glassfiber notch filter (to replace coax line filters) obtained from GSI and lab tests underway



complete semi-conductors, increased failure
amplifiers become unreparable or too

mechanical integrity of pickup and kicker
side. ***Possible consolidation not yet***

Stochastic cooling



- **Controls, electronics, delay/attenuator platform installation, individual u-wave amplifier power supplies and p/u & kicker movement motors/electronics all renovated or replaced during LS1.**
- **Notch filters:** Replacement of large cable-box with optical filter system. 2015. Glassfiber notch filter (to replace coax line filters) obtained from GSI and lab tests underway



Electron cooling consolidation



• **Renewal of electron cooler:**

- Build a new state-of-the-art cooler
- 2015 – 2018. Aim for installation in LS2.
- Existing cooler:
 - Is >35 years old
 - We have no spare magnets; very long down time if failure, significant cost for new spares
 - Performance issues
 - e- bpm:s not operational

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Momentum pbar | 300 MeV/c | 100 MeV/c |
| Electron energy | 30 keV | 2.8 keV |
| Electron current | 2.5 A | 100 mA |
| Cooling length | 1.5 m | |
| Drift magnet field | 590 Gauss | |
| Electron beam radius | 25 mm | |
| Cooling time | 16 s | 15 s |
| $\varepsilon_x / \varepsilon_y$ | 3 / 3 ($\pi \times \text{mm} \times \text{mrad}$) | 0.8 / 0.5 ($\pi \times \text{mm} \times \text{mrad}$) |
| dp/p | 10^{-4} | $< 7 \times 10^{-5}$ |

Electron cooling consolidation



- **Renewal of electron cooler:**

- Build a new state-of-the-art cooler
- 2015 – 2018. Aim for installation in LS2.



| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Momentum pbar | 300 MeV/c | 100 MeV/c |
| Electron energy | 30 keV | 2.8 keV |
| Electron current | 2.5 A | 100 mA |
| Cooling length | 1.5 m | |
| Drift magnet field | 590 Gauss | |
| Electron beam radius | 25 mm | |
| Cooling time | 16 s | 15 s |
| ϵ_x / ϵ_y | 3 / 3 ($\pi \times \text{mm} \times \text{mrad}$) | 0.8 / 0.5 ($\pi \times \text{mm} \times \text{mrad}$) |
| dp/p | 10^{-4} | $< 7 \times 10^{-5}$ |

And also.....

- **Instrumentation:**

- **Orbit system:** solution with individual ADC:s, similar to planned ELENA system. Will permit measurements during ramps. Standard analysis/correction SW operational in AD.
- **BBQ-tune measurement:** Using existing pickup, commissioned but not yet in regular operation.
- **Schottky analysis** (longitudinal): integrate ageing DSP equipment into new C02 LL beam control system + new system for visual monitoring. 2016 – 2018

- **RF:**

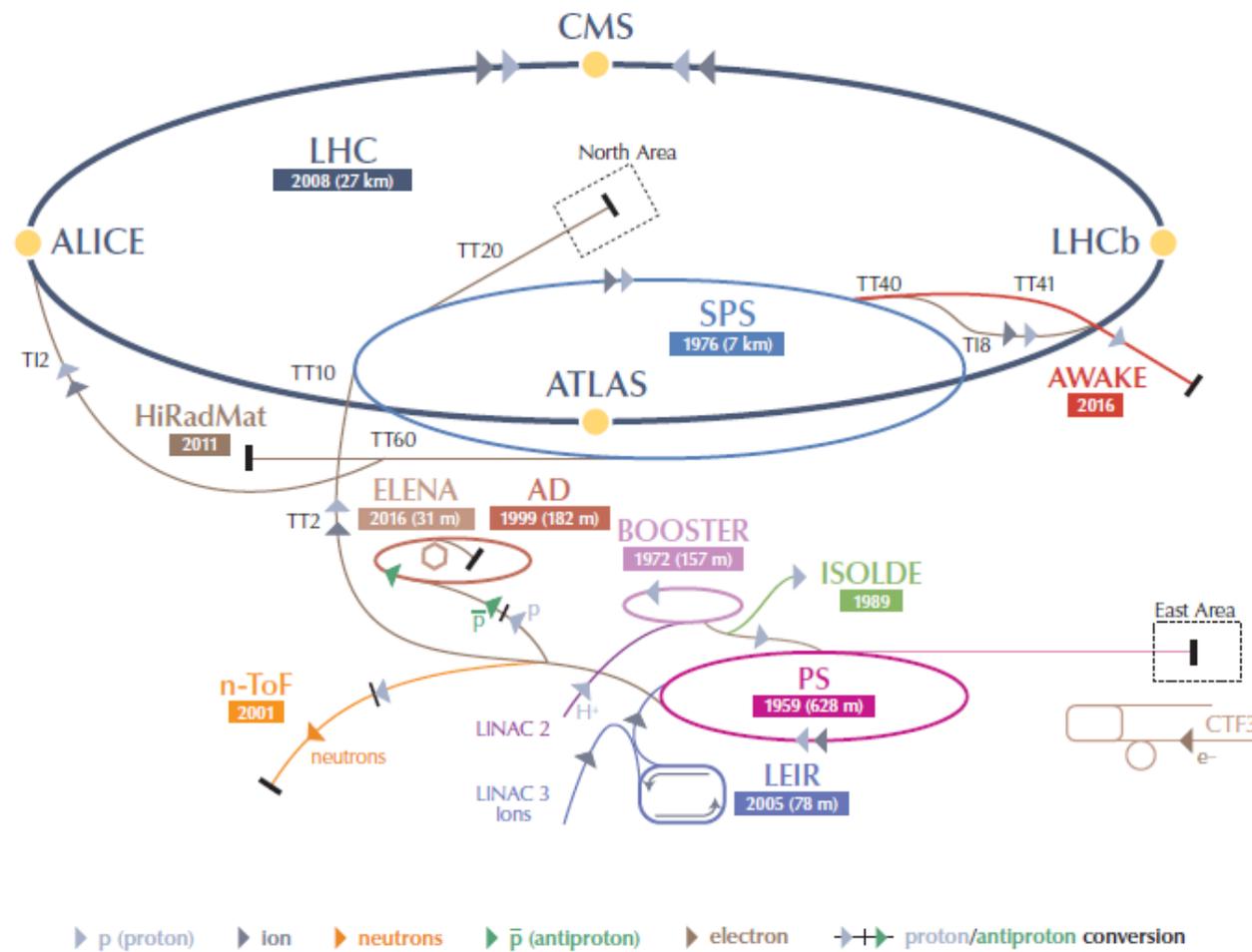
- **C02 HV & tuning power supplies.** New, smaller systems. Re-located to make space for ELENA.
- **C02 Low-Level:** Migration to PSB/ELENA-like DSP based system (including Schottky analysis).
- **C02/C10 interlock system renewal;** PLC-based standard CERN implementation
- **C10 Low-Level & High-Level renewal:**
 - C10 final stage (obsolete TH116 valves): New power amplifier/control/interlock systems to be developed.
 - Re-build existing stock of used TH116 – being investigated

- **Controls/software:**

- **Major LS1 renovation:**
- Front-end upgrade (ACCOR): ~complete (80-90%) renewal in LS1
- Central Timing: re-design for de-coupling AD from the LHC injector complex
- Cycle Generation: adaptation to comply with new central timing system
- New Beam Request Server
- Similar CT, CG and BRS systems will be implemented in ELENA
- Obsolete SW has been eradicated; complies with present CERN standards
- Some implications:
 - Major debugging effort during 2014 start-up !

ELENA

CERN's Accelerator Complex

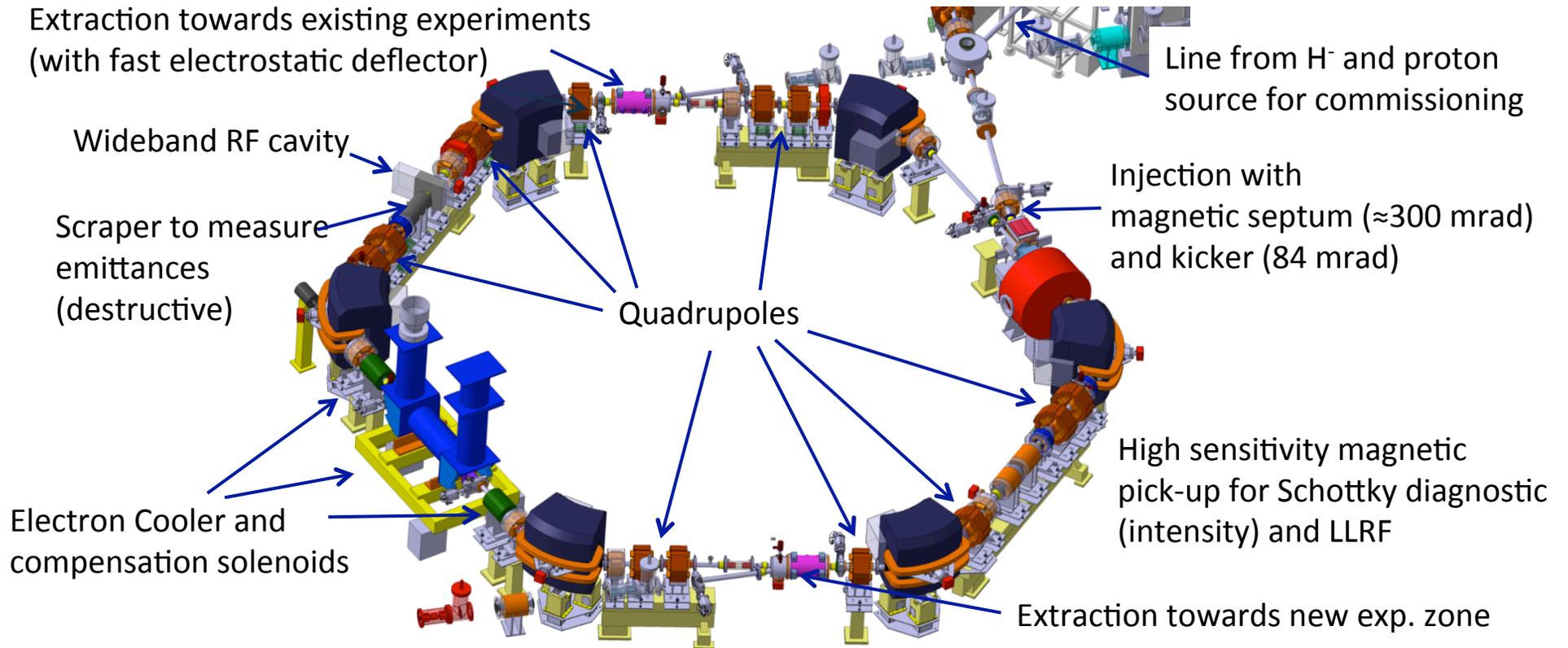


ELENA

- Motivation:
 - Build a smaller version of AD for further deceleration
 - Electron cooling at 2 energy levels will permit efficient deceleration and higher beam densities
 - Final deceleration at experimental traps will be reduced to 100 => 5 keV (vs. 5.3 MeV => 5 keV)
 - => use of much thinner degrader foils
 - => less losses and blow-up
 - Pbar trapping efficiency at the experiments expected to increase by up to 2 orders of magnitude
 - Several experiments can be served simultaneously by using fast kickers and deflectors
- Concept (and name!) was proposed first in 1981 by H.Herr as an addition to LEAR
- **Approved by CERN research board in 2011 as an addition to AD**

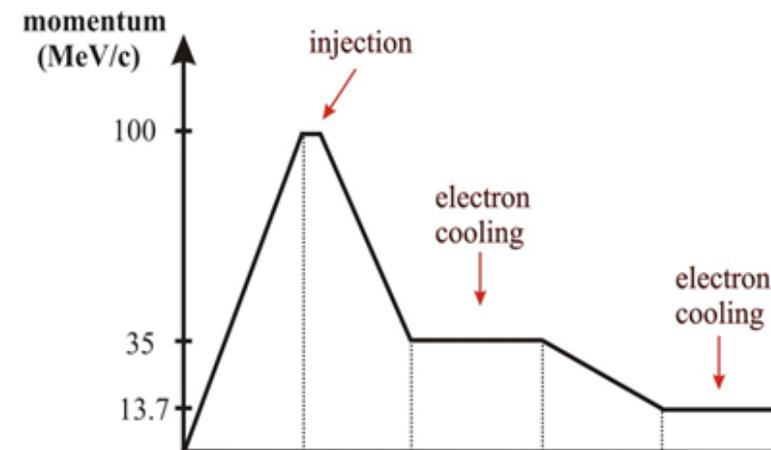
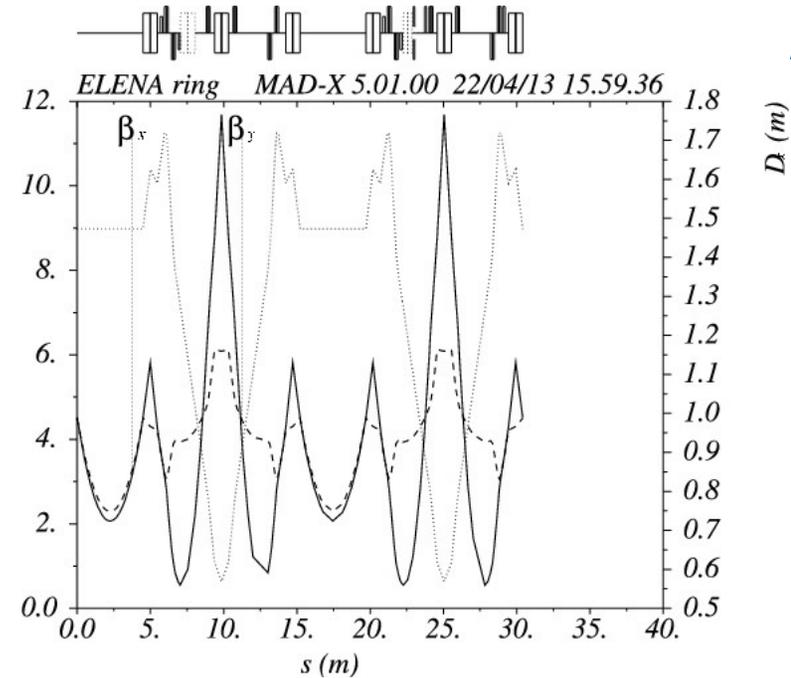
ELENA Overview

- Deceleration of antiprotons from 5.3 MeV to 100 keV to improve efficiency of experiments
- Circumference 30.4 m (1/6 the size of the AD)
 - Fits in available space in AD hall and allows installing all equipment without particular efforts
 - Lowest average field (beam rigidity over average radius) $B\rho/R = 94$ G (smaller than for AD 115 G)

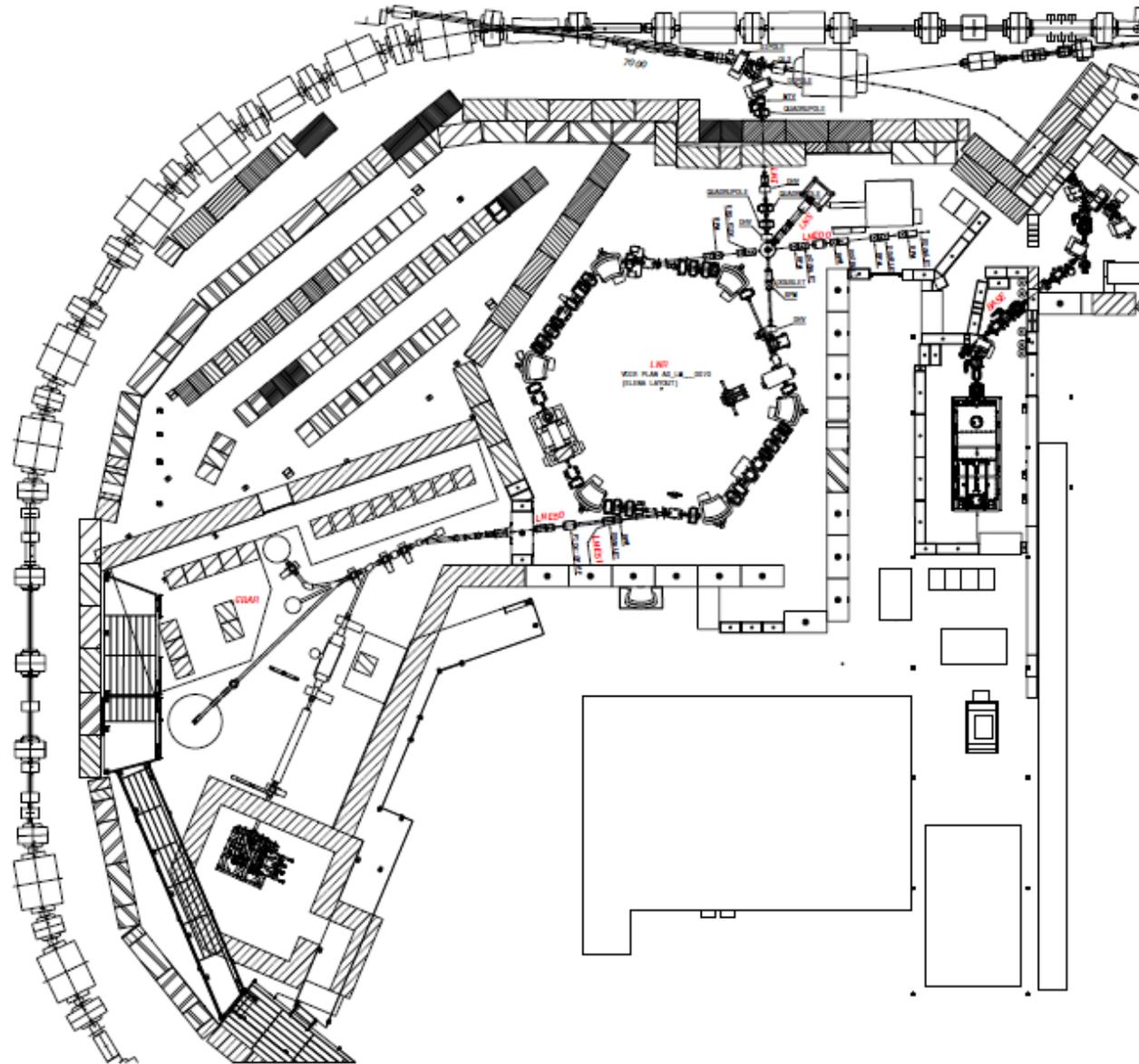


ELENA basic parameters

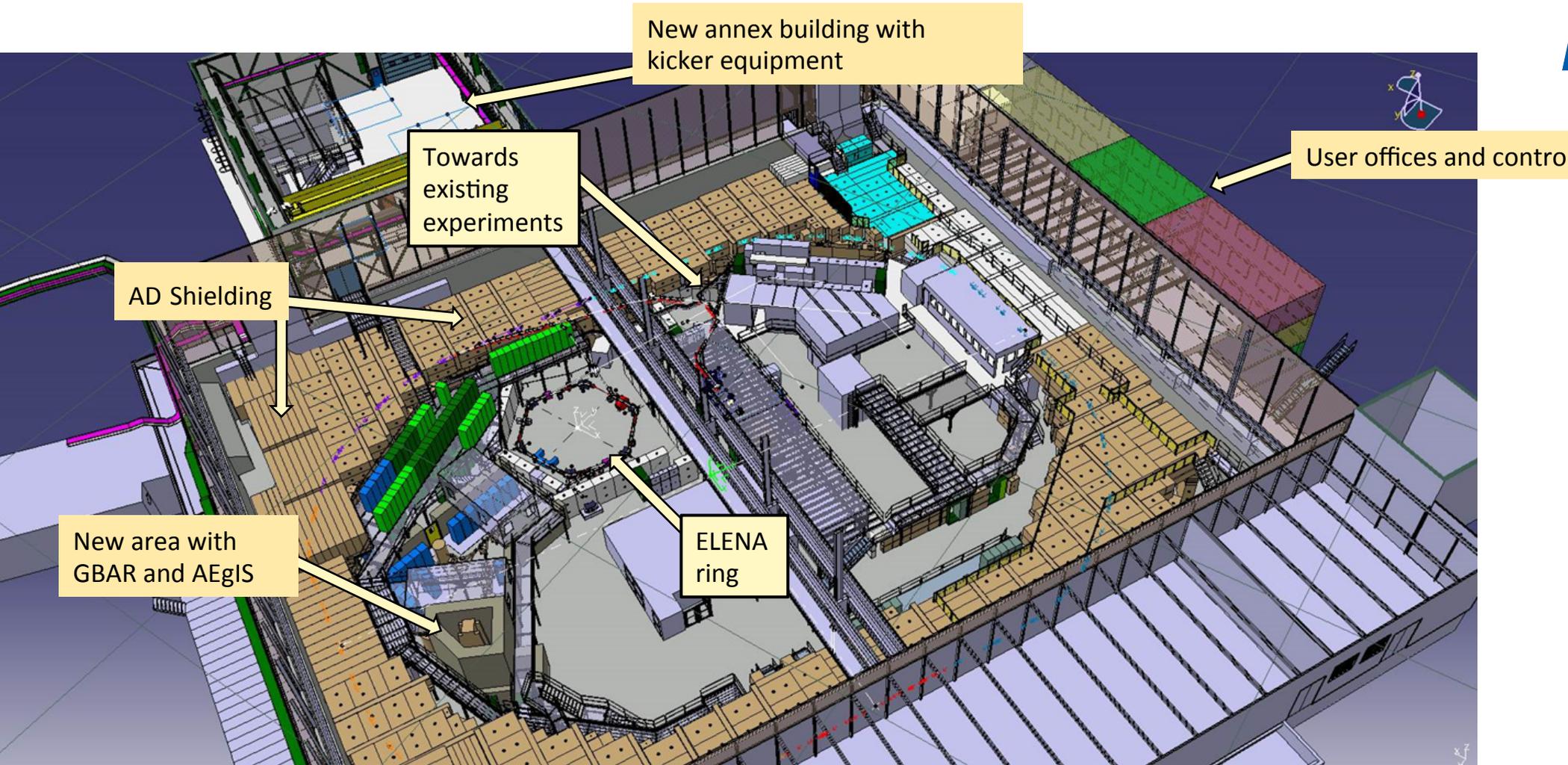
| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Momentum range, MeV/c | 100 - 13.7 |
| Energy range, MeV | 5.3 - 0.1 |
| Circumference, m | 30.4 |
| Density of injected beam | 3×10^7 |
| Density of ejected beam | 1.8×10^7 |
| Number of extracted bunches | 1 to 4 |
| Emittances (h/v) at 100 KeV, $\pi \cdot \text{mm} \cdot \text{mrad}$, [95%] | 4 / 4 |
| ϵ/p after cooling, [95%] | 10^{-3} |
| Bunch length at 100 keV, m / ns | 1.3 / 300 |
| Required vacuum pressure, pTorr | 3 |



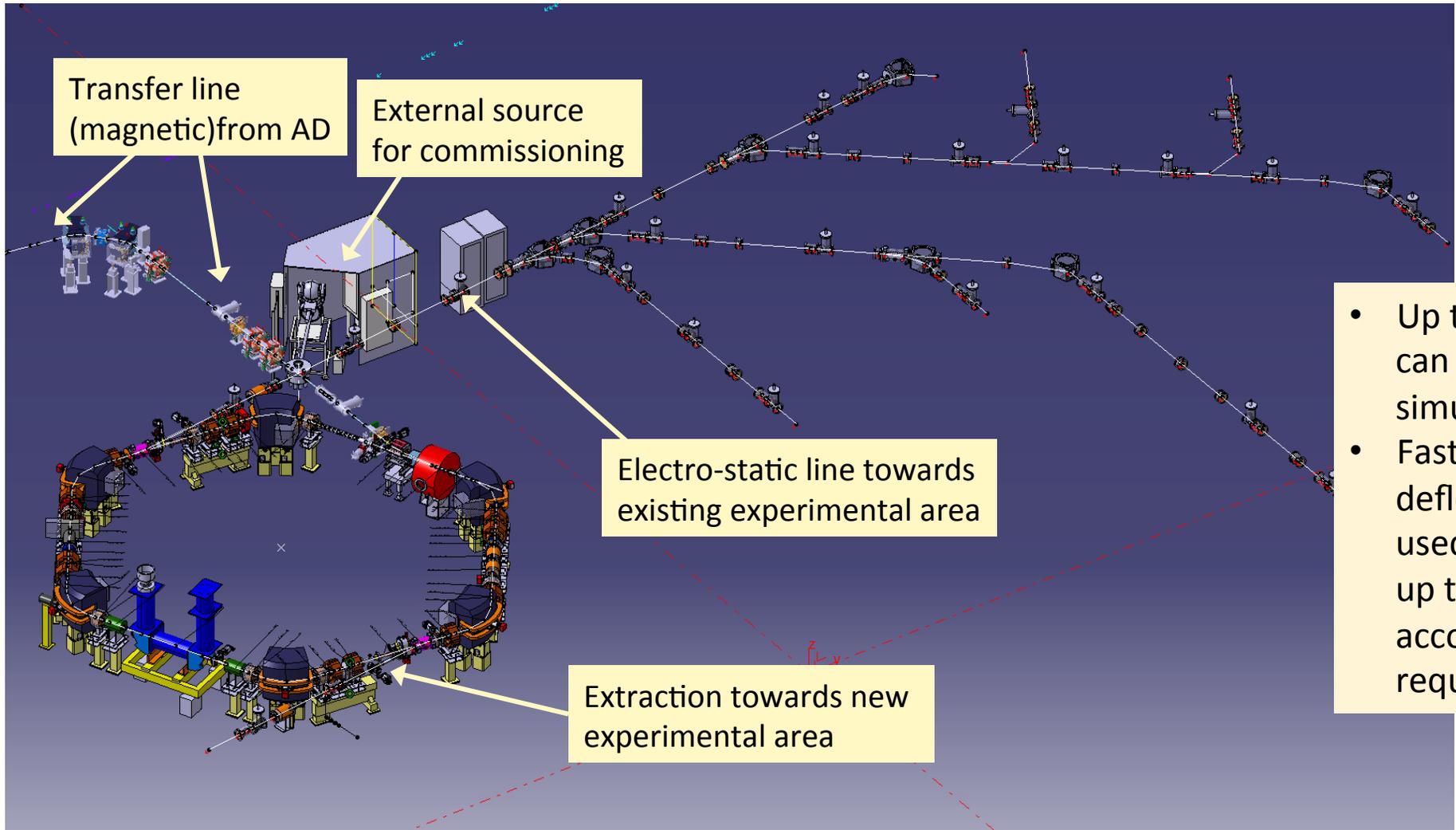
ELENA Overview and Layout - 2016



ELENA Overview and Layout



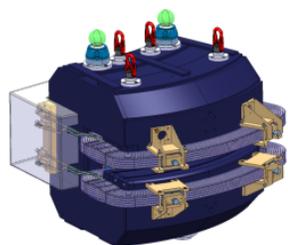
ELENA Overview and Layout



Selected Features and Challenges

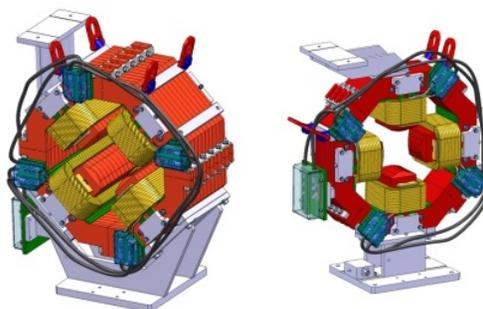
- Energy Range
 - Machine operated at an unusually low energy for a synchrotron (down to 100 keV!)
- Lattice and geometry
 - Many Constraints (Long straight Section with small Dispersion for Electron Cooling, Geometry in AD hall, Beta Functions and resulting Beam Sizes, Working Point ...)
 - Hexagonal shape and optics with periodicity two (two long Straights without Quadrupole Magnets)
- Electron cooling
 - Applied at two plateaus to mitigate losses and generate dense bunches
 - Very low energy electrons at bottom plateau
 - Bunched Beam Cooling at 100 keV extraction Energy to generate dense Bunches for Experiments
 - Effect (perturbation) of magnetic field of cooler on circulating antiprotons: delicate study started, continuation under discussion
- Expected main performance limitation: Intra Beam Scattering
 - Determines beam parameters with cooling (equilibrium between the two processes)
- Vacuum System: fully baked with NEGs where possible to reach $3 \cdot 10^{-12}$ Torr
 - ▣ Interactions with rest gas (Blow-up, Losses) not the dominant limitation despite the low energy
- Beam Diagnostics with very low Intensities and at low Energy
 - E.g.: Beam currents down to well below 1 mA far beyond reach standard slow BCTs
 - ▣ Intensity of coasting beam measured with Schottky diagnostics or ccc

Main components production status

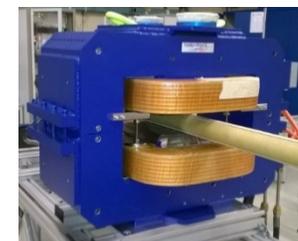
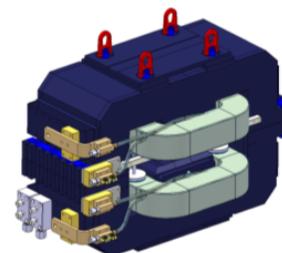
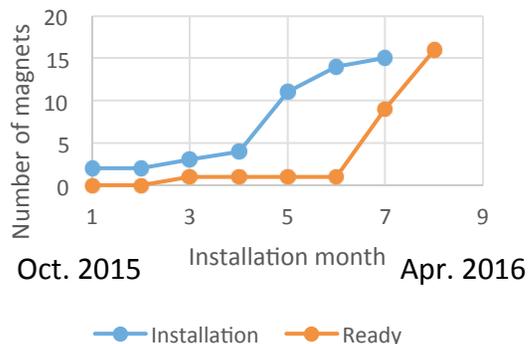


8 dipoles

| Magnet | Ready |
|----------|------------|
| Sector 2 | 18/02/2016 |
| Sector 3 | 18/02/2016 |
| Sector 4 | 16/03/2016 |
| Sector 5 | 16/03/2016 |
| Sector 6 | 13/04/2016 |
| Sector 1 | 13/04/2016 |



16 quadrupoles 3 skew quadrupoles

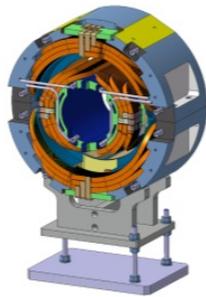


3 TL dipoles

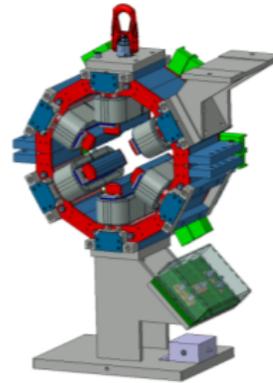
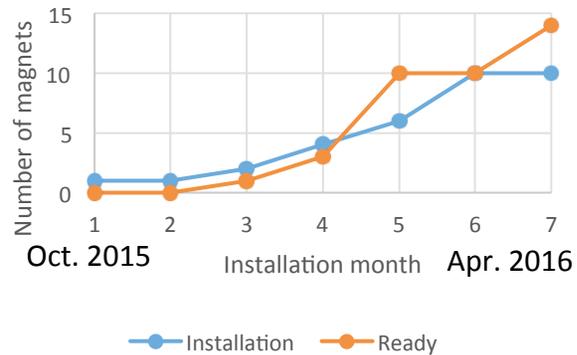
| Magnet | Ready |
|-----------|--------------------------------|
| 3 magnets | 1 available 2 in October 15 |

Courtesy: D. Schoerling

Main components production status (2)

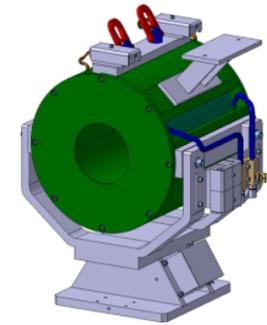


14 H/V correctors



5 sextupoles

| Magnet | Ready |
|------------|---------|
| Pre-series | 10/2015 |
| Series | 12/2015 |



3 solenoids

| Magnet | Ready |
|-----------|---------|
| 2 magnets | 01/2016 |

Courtesy: D. Schoerling

Main components production status

ic measurements on ELENA MBR pre-series

ntense measurement campaign has been carried out.

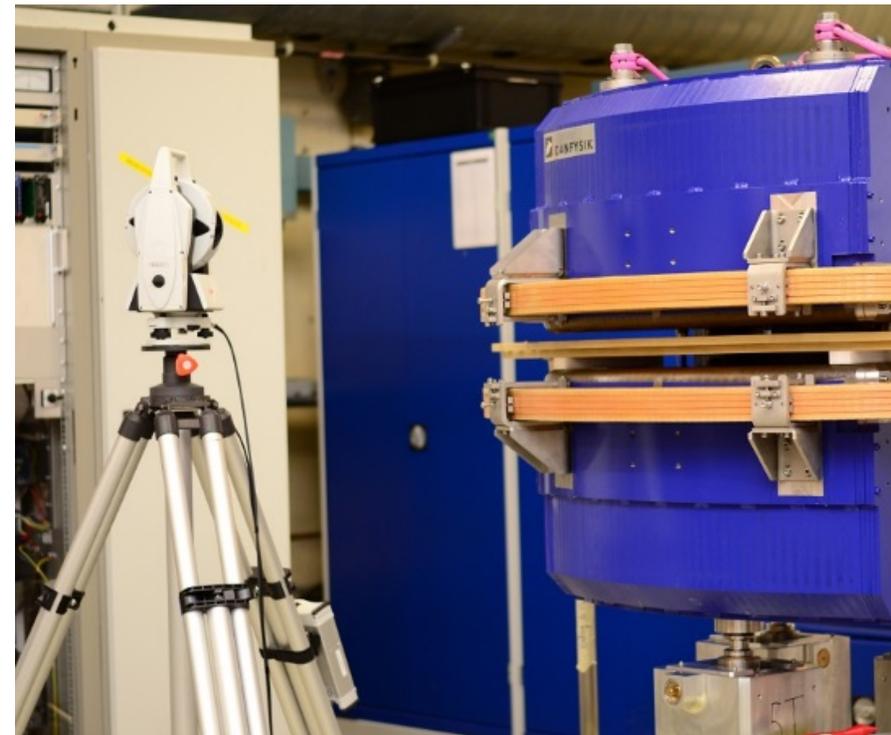
nstrumentation and methods:

- Fluxmeter
- Hall-probe mapper
- Stretched wire

mplete characterization of the magnet:

- Central field $B_0 = 0.42881 \text{ T at } 326 \text{ A}$
- Integral field $Bdl = 0.4179 \text{ T m at } 326 \text{ A}$
- Magnetic length $L_m = 974 \text{ mm}$
- Remnant field $Bdl_{\text{remnant}} = 0.78 \text{ mT m}$
- Field homogeneity **within ± 2 units**
- Eddy currents **within 10 units at 200 A s^{-1}**

magnet is within specifications.



Courtesy: D. Schoerling

Main components production status (3)

Electron cooler:

Critical for ELENA!

Operate at very low electron energies (down to 55 eV).

Operate at very low magnetic field to minimize disturbance to circulating low energy antiprotons – we have chosen 100 Gauss in the cooler.

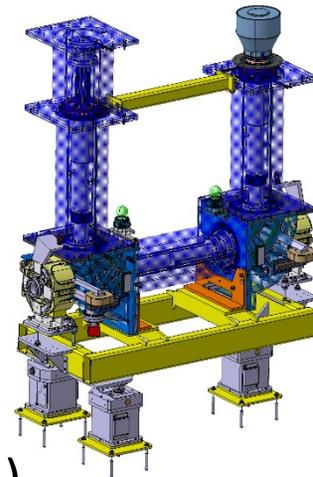
Have extremely good vacuum.

Adiabatic expansion to reduce transverse temperatures.

Very good field quality – especially in the cooler solenoid ($B_{\perp}/B_{\parallel} < 5 \times 10^{-4}$).

Orbit correctors and solenoid compensators.

Magnetic system in production at TESLA, vacuum system designed and to be produced at CERN, Delivery expected first half of 2016



Main components production status (4)

Other components: All in production – on time (!)

RF Finemet cavity

Scraper

BTV

Longitudinal pick-ups

Beam Position Monitors

Septum

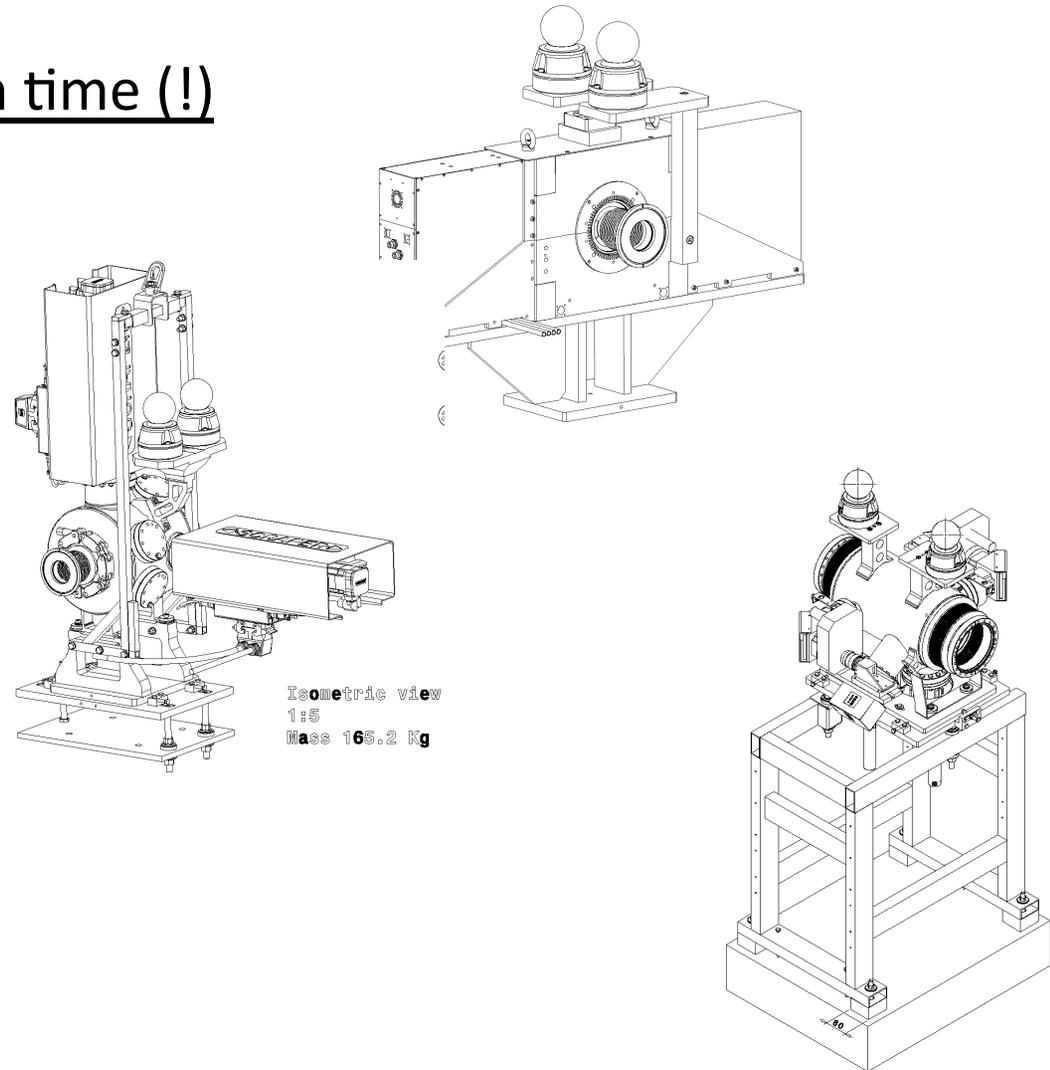
Injection kicker magnet

Electrostatic elements

Ejection line u-wire SEM grids

Vacuum equipment

Supports



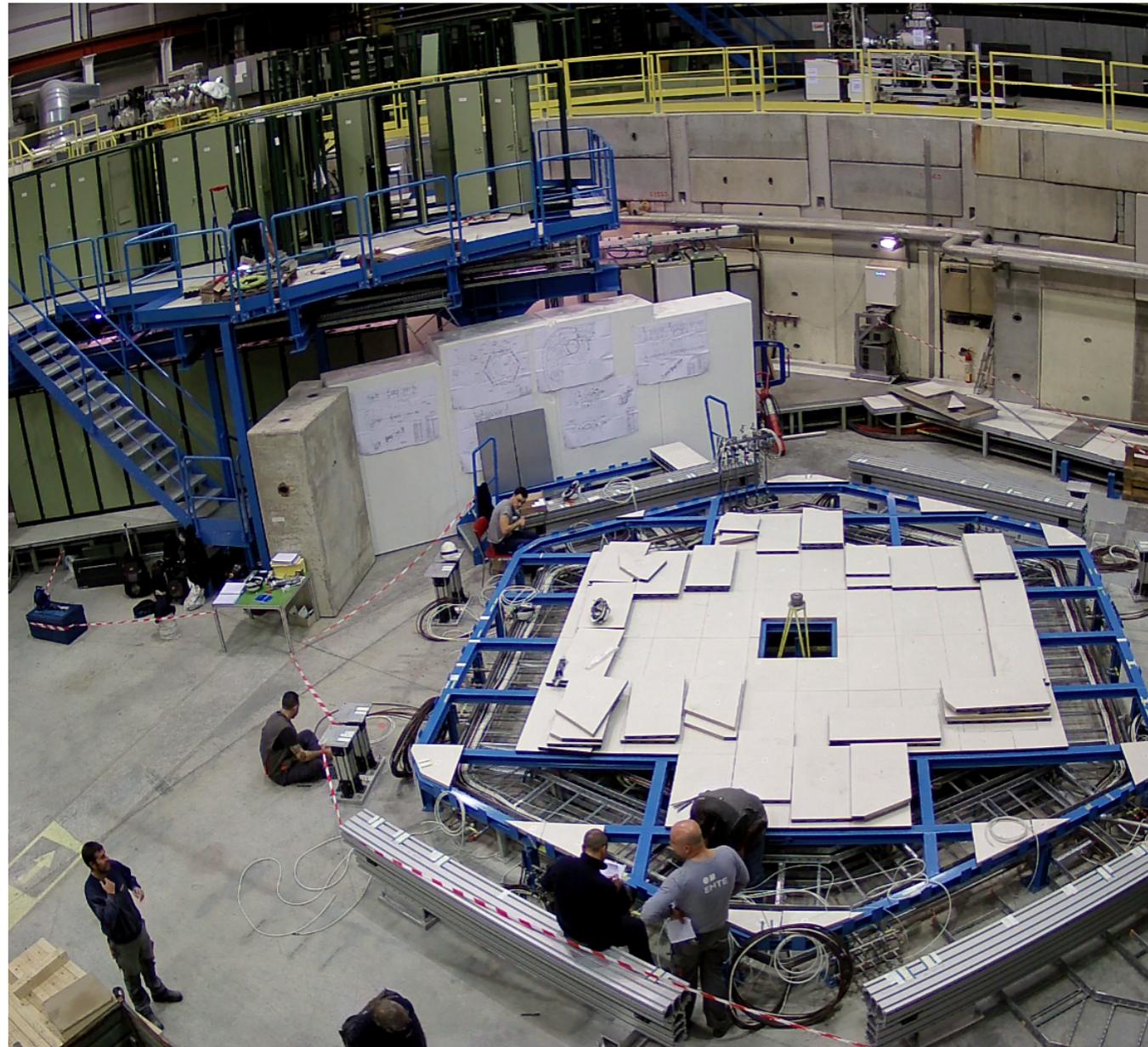


Current situation of ELENA Installation in AD hall:

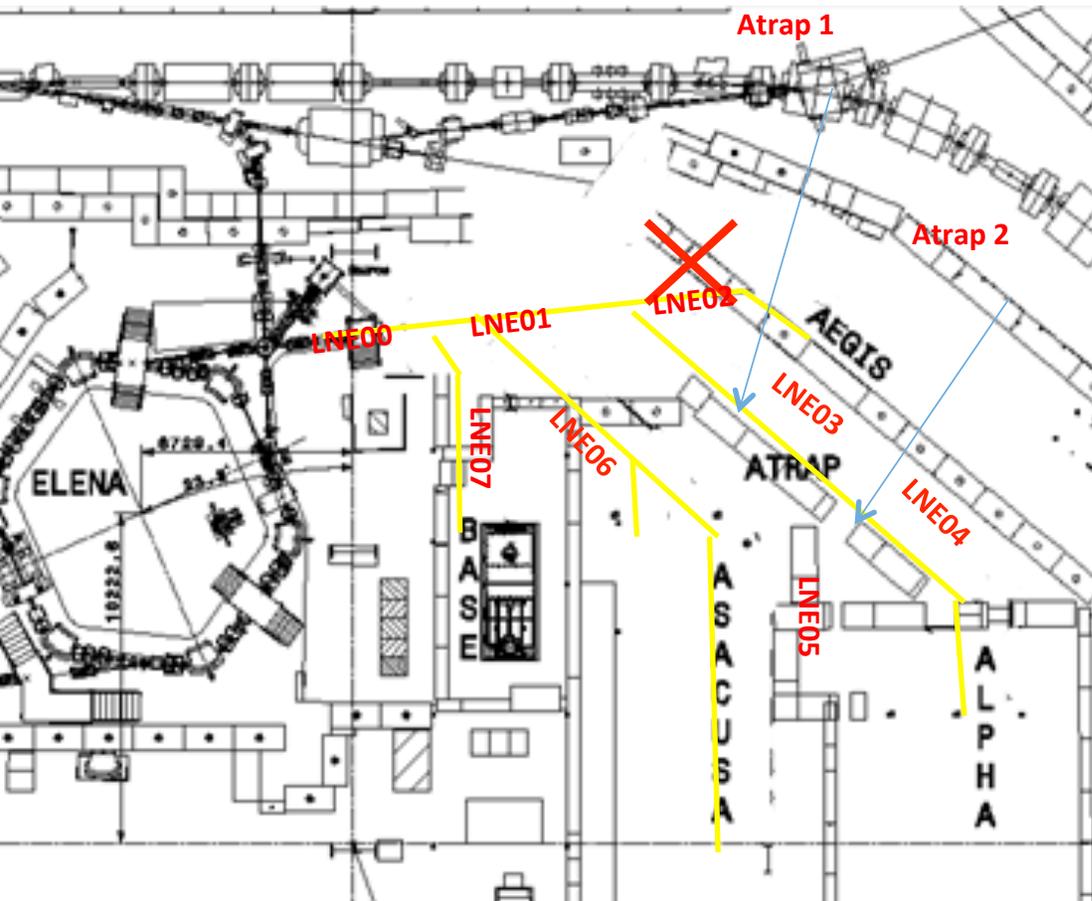
Completed: false floor, water
distribution, straight section
racks, Ion source (final location),
ion septum, 2:nd level
equipment racks, cable trays, AD
on line modifications

Remaining: Cabling, shielding,
defining experimental area etc.

Installation on 22 Sept. =>

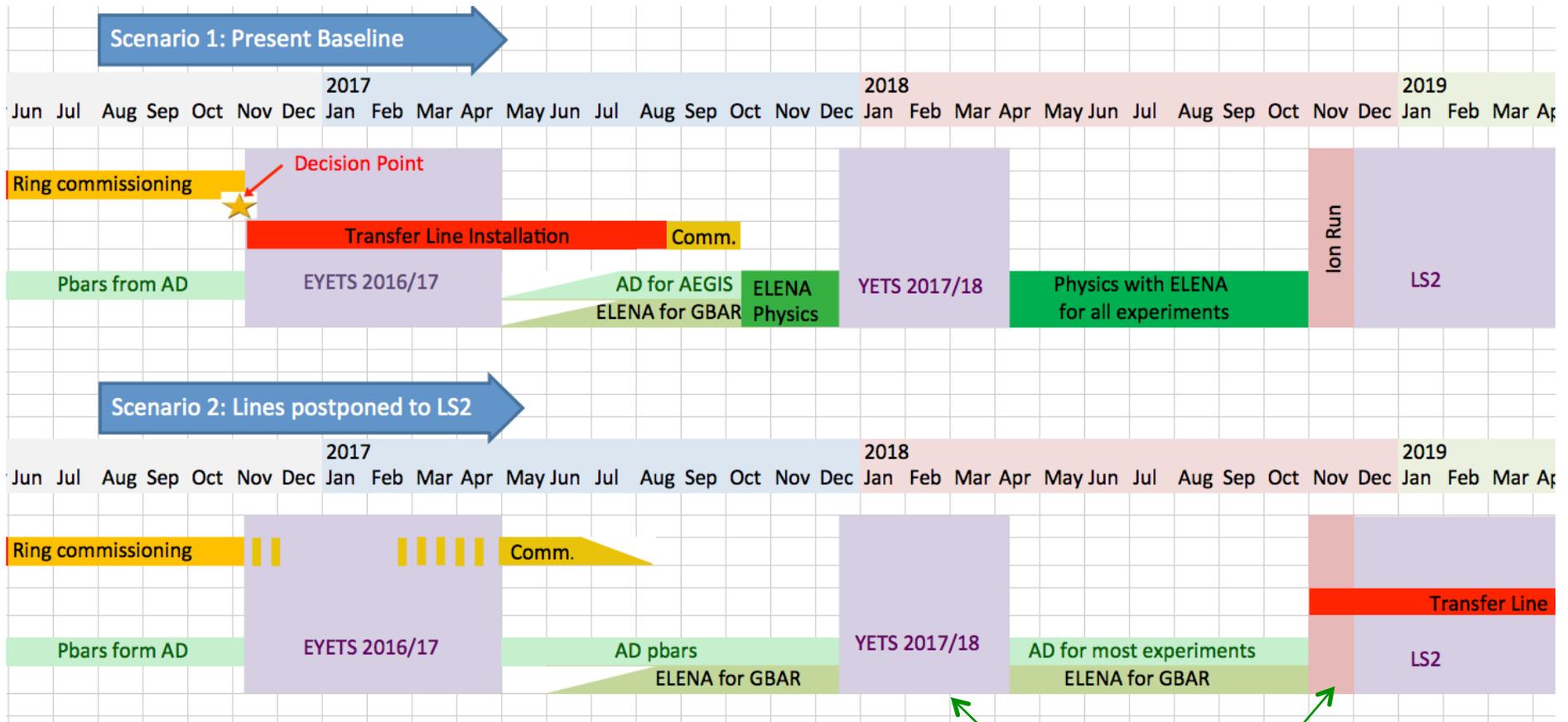


Replacing the magnetic lines from the AD by electrostatic lines from ELENA



ELENA ring will be commissioned in 2016 during the physics run. Once completed, the current magnetic ejection lines will be replaced with the new electrostatic lines which will take about 9 months!! + commissioning ~ 6 weeks!

Possible scenarios for 2017 and 2018 with LS2 starting around end 2018



Detailed planning not yet available
(dates guessed)

Summary and Outlook

AD off to a good start 2015.....after a somewhat troublesome post-LS1 start-up 2014
Major upgrade work underway at the AD
ELENA design finished – production underway
ELENA installation has started and is progressing according to plan
Outlook: > 20 more years of low-energy Pbar physics !! (?)

Thanks!