Lattice optimization for the stochastic cooling in the Antiproton Source at Fermilab

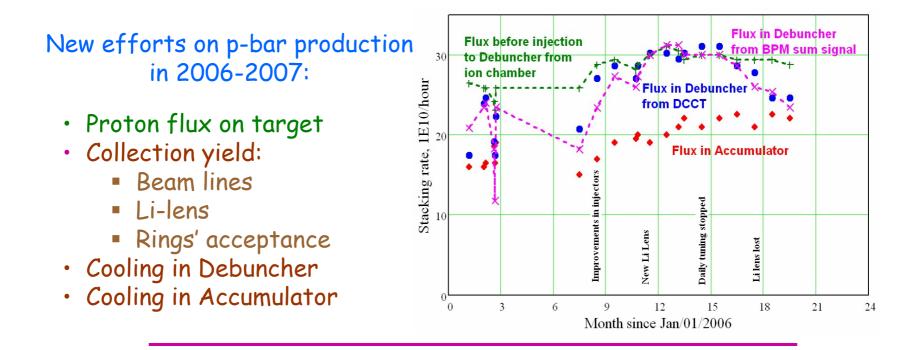
Vladimir Nagaslaev, Fermilab

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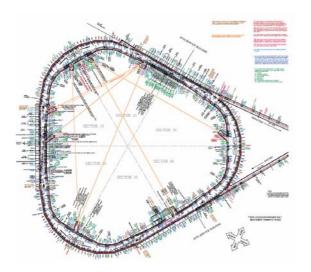
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Recent efforts to increase the p-bar production rates



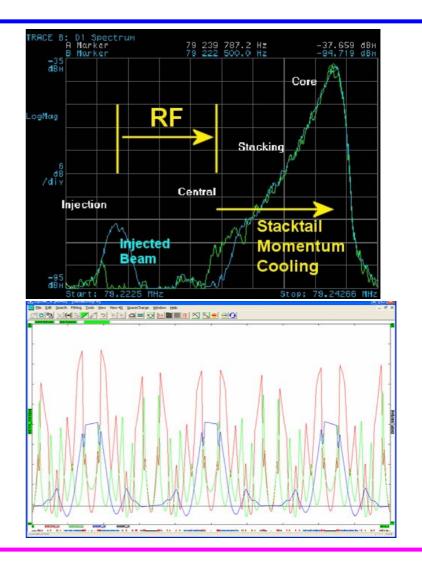
- > Substantial progress in all components
- > The most tight link: Accumulator Stack-Tail system
- Lattice optimization done in Debuncher and Accumulator

Accumulator lattice



Main features:

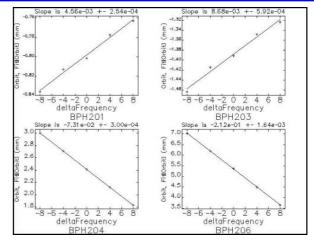
- Large momentum aperture
- Large dispersion in arcs
- Low dispersion in straights
- Narrow aperture in straights



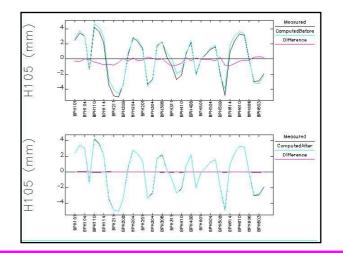
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Accumulator optics model

- Calculations: OptiM program
- Measurements
 - o differential orbits for RM
 - o dispersion: frequency scan
- Model parameters fit (LOCO)
 - o quadrupole errors
 - o PS corrections
 - o trims and BPMs individual gains



Dispersion measurement: Full $\Delta p/p=\pm0.1\%$, $\delta D \sim 1mm$



Differential orbits fit with LOCO: Rms = 10-15µ

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- Slip factor increase by 15%:
 - helps stochastic cooling
 - $J_{\max} = T_0 |\eta| W^2 x_d$

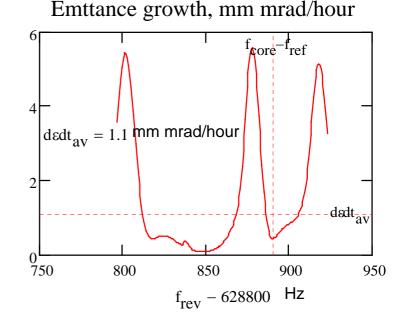
Transverse heating:

- Mitigate "3.25GHz resonance"
- Suppress dispersion in straights
- Lower beta-functions (IBS)

Apertures:

Reduce beam size at tight locations

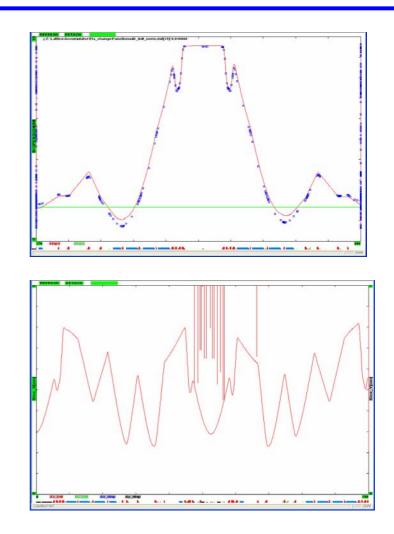




New lattice design

Approach:

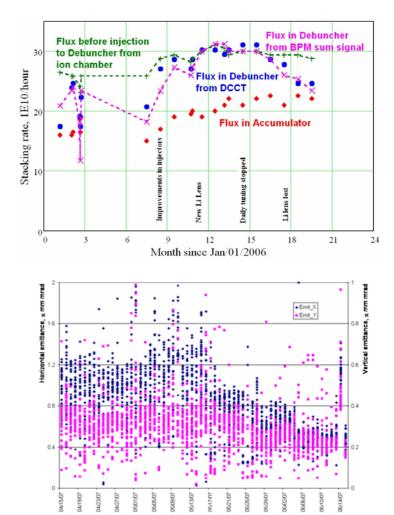
- Dispersion in negative "wells"
- Beam line regime
- > Iterations
- New hardware installed



Results

Changes:

- Slip-factor change (+15%), verified
- Lowering beta-functions (12% for IBS)
- \blacktriangleright Apertures \rightarrow 15 π
 - > 6 known locations, min = 11π
- Dispersion in straights 15cm-> 2.5cm
- > PU->KI Phase advances



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Summary

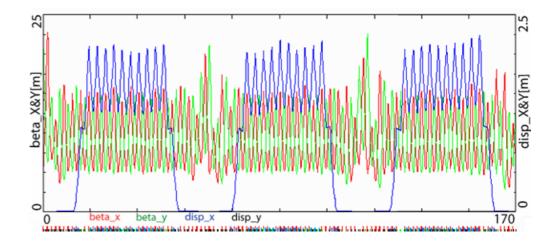
- 1. Based on recent studies of the stack tail stochastic cooling system, new lattice parameters have been proposed.
- 2. Optics model of the Accumulator and its optimization have been worked out using OptiM and LOCO software.
- 3. 15% increase of the slip factor have been implemented.
- 4. Horizontal dispersion has been substantially reduced in the straight sections.
- 5. Design aperture of the Accumulator has been increased.
- 6. Substantial reduction of the core heating rate has been observed after implementation of the new lattice.
- 7. New lattice is also expected to help increasing the stack tail flux.

Debuncher operation:

Fast antiproton beam compressing in 6D: Bunch rotation, 3D cooling ~10 in each plane in a 2.4 sec cycle

Debuncher lattice:

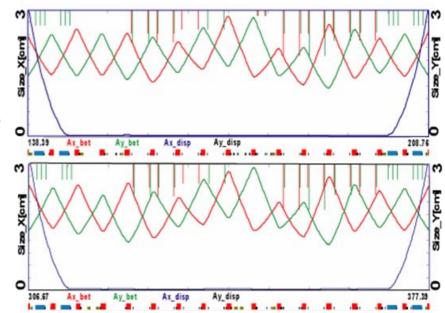
57 FODO cells, 60° Dispersion cancelling 330 π transverse admittance 4.5% momentum aperture



Lattice optimization in the Debuncher

Conclusions:

- Increased machine acceptance
- Reduced beam size at limiting apertures
- Increased beam size in the cooling tanks within the design aperture
- Need to correct phase advances (will be implemented this year)



 Best acceptances in 2005:
 $30\pi/25\pi$ (design $34\pi/31\pi$)

 Best acceptances in January 2006:
 $35.3\pi/34.6\pi$ ($40.5\pi/37.5\pi$)

 (as measured!)

Lattice optimization also eliminated the need to redesign B4 tanks

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