

ENTRY No. C3 University of Manitoba
NAME OF MACHINE Spiral Ridge Cyclotron DATE
INSTITUTION University of Manitoba Accelerator Laboratory
ADDRESS University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Manitoba, R3T 2N2, CANADA
TEL (204) 474-9378 TELEX 07-587721
IN CHARGE J.S.C. McKee REPORTED BY S. Oh, V. Derenchuk, J. Anderson

HISTORY AND STATUS

DESIGN, date 1959 Model tests 1959-1961
ENG DESIGN, date 1960-63
CONSTRUCTION, date 1960-64
FIRST BEAM, date (or goal) 1965
MAJOR ALTERATIONS 100% external injection (1965)
Magnetic field reshaped (1985) & a new dee system (1985)
COST, ACCELERATOR \$ 600,000.00 (1960)
COST, FACILITY, total \$ 1,500,000.00
FUNDED BY University of Manitoba and NSERC

ACCELERATOR STAFF, OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT

SCIENTISTS 5 ENGINEERS 1
TECHNICIANS 3 CRAFTS 1
GRAD STUDENTS involved during year 8
OPERATED BY X Research staff or Operators
OPERATION hr/wk, On target hr/wk
TIME DISTR. in house % Outside %
BUDGET, op & dev \$ 500,000.00
FUNDED BY NSERC, University of Manitoba

RESEARCH STAFF, not included above

USERS, in house 13 outside 14
GRAD STUDENTS involved during year 12
RESEARCH BUDGET, in house
FUNDED BY NSERC

MAGNET

POLE FACE, diameter (compact) 117 cm, R extraction 30±52cm
R injection 0.8 cm
GAP, min 3.6 cm, Field 26.5 kG }
max 15 cm, Field 15.5 kG } at 280,000
AVERAGE FIELD at R ext 19.2-19.7 kG } Ampere turns
B max/ 1.4

NUMBER OF SECTORS { compact 4 } Spiral, max 50 deg
{ separated }

SECTOR ANGLE (SSC) deg
TRIMMING COILS Total of 64 Invar blocks situated
on the four hills

CONDUCTOR, material and type Water cooled copper

STORED ENERGY (cryogenic) MJ

POWER: main coils 113, max, kW; current stability 1/10⁴
trimming coils ± max, kW; current stability ±

WEIGHT: Fe 38 tons; coils 4 tons

COOLING system Demineralized water

ION ENERGY (bending limit) E/A = 50 q²/a² MeV/amu
(focusing limit) E/A = q²/a² MeV/amu

ACCELERATION SYSTEM

DEES, number 2; angle 55 deg

BEAM APERTURE 1.8 cm; DC Bias -1 kV

TUNED by, coarse sliding short fine variable capacitor

RF 21 to 31 MHz, stable ± 1/10⁶

Orb F 15.25 to 28.3 MHz

HARMONICS, RF/Orb F, used 1 or 2

DEE - Gnd, max 42 kV, min gap 0.3 cm

STABILITY, (pk-pk noise)/(pk RF volt) 1/10³

ENERGY GAIN, max 80 for H, 140 for D, kV/turn

RF PHASE, stable to ± 10 deg

RF POWER input, max 2 x 15 kW

FREQUENCY MODULATION, rate /s

modulator, type E

beam pulse, width

VACUUM SYSTEM

OPERATING PRESSURE 15-25 x 10⁶ Torr or mbar

PUMPS, No, Type, Size 2 x 16" Balzers diffusion pumps,

1 x 6" NRC diffusion pump, 2 cryopumps on injection

system

ION SOURCES

Duoplasmatron, Ehlers source for H⁺ & D⁺, Lamb-shift

nuclear spin filter source for H⁺ & D⁺ ions

INJECTION SYSTEM

Axial injection

EXTRACTION SYSTEM

Stripping of electrons from H⁺ & D⁺ by a stripping foil

FACILITIES FOR RESEARCH

SHIELDED AREA, fixed 300 m²; movable 20 m²

TARGET STATIONS 7 in 2 rooms

STATIONS served at same time, max 1

MAG SPECTROGRAPH, type

COMPUTER model VAX 11/750

OTHER FACILITIES PIXE, Neutral Hydrogen Beam, 10-50 MeV,

Proton Microprobe, High resolution spectroscopy,

Isotope production

CHARACTERISTIC BEAMS

PARTICLE	ENERGY (MeV)		CURRENT (pA)	
	Goal	Achieved	Internal	External
P	20-50	20-50	10-1	10-1
d	10-27	11-21	5-1	5-1
H ⁰	10-50	23-47	4	0.25
d	10-27	11-21		12-2 nA

SECONDARY

n 4 x 10⁷ (part/s) sr⁻¹

BEAM PROPERTIES

MEASURED	CONDITIONS	
	MEASURED	CONDITIONS
PULSE WIDTH 20 RF deg	1 pA of 20-50 MeV	P. ions
PHASE EXC, max 12 RF deg	pA of MeV	P. ions
EXTRACT eff 100 %	pA of 20-50 MeV	P. ions
RESOL ΔE/E 1,2 %	pA of MeV	P. ions
EMITTANCE		

(π mm. mrad) { axial } pA of MeV ions
{ rad }

OPERATING PROGRAMS, time distribution

BASIC NUCLEAR PHYSICS 40% SOLID STATES PHYSICS

BIOMEDICAL APPLICAT. 20% ISOTOPE PRODUCTIONS 5%

Applied Physics 35%

REFERENCES/NOTES

1) IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci. NS-32, No. 5 (1985) 2724

+) Invar is an alloy with temperature dependent permeability.
Magnetic field is shaped by controlling the temperature
of each Invar block.

PLAN VIEW OF FACILITY, NOTEWORTHY FEATURES, COMMENTS