

ENTRY NO. FM-7

CERN 600 MeV Synchrocyclotron August 1986
 NAME OF MACHINE
 INSTITUTION European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN)
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HISTORY AND STATUS

DESIGN, date 1952/53 Model tests 1953/54
 ENG DESIGN, date 1953
 CONSTRUCTION, date October 1953 to July 1957
 FIRST BEAM, date (or goal) 1st August 1957
 MAJOR ALTERATIONS 1973/1974 SC Improvement
 Programme (SCIP)
 COST, ACCELERATOR 30 M Swiss Francs
 COST, FACILITY, total 60 M Swiss Francs
 FUNDED BY CERN Member States

ACCELERATOR STAFF, OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT

SCIENTISTS 1 ENGINEERS 4
 TECHNICIANS 25 CRAFTS 8
 GRAD STUDENTS involved during year
 OPERATED BY Research staff or 11 Operators
 OPERATION 150 hr/wk. 4000 hrs/yr authorized
 TIME DISTR. in house 5 %, outside 95 %
 BUDGET, op & dev 1.5 M Swiss Francs
 FUNDED BY CERN Member States

RESEARCH STAFF, not included above

USERS, in house 10 outside 200 to 250
 GRAD STUDENTS involved during year
 RESEARCH BUDGET, in house 0.5 M Swiss Francs
 FUNDED BY CERN Member States

MAGNET

POLE FACE, diameter (compact) 500 cm, R-extraction 225 cm
 R injection cm
 GAP, min 36 cm, Field 18.1 kG }
 max 45 cm, Field 19.4 kG } at 1.23 10⁶
 AVERAGE FIELD at R ext 18.1 kG } Ampere turns
 B max/ < B >

NUMBER OF SECTORS { compact } Spiral, max deg
 { separated }

SECTOR ANGLE (SSC) deg
 TRIMMING COILS

CONDUCTOR, material and type Aluminium
 STORED ENERGY (cryogenic) MJ
 POWER: main coils 800 max kW: current stability 5.10⁻⁵
 trimming coils max kW: current stability
 WEIGHT: Fe 2500 tons: coils 60 tons
 COOLING system demineralized water
 ION ENERGY (Bending limit) E/A = 800 q²/A² MeV/amu
 (Focusing limit) E/A = q/A MeV/amu

ACCELERATION SYSTEM

DEES, number 1; 180° at small radius, 95° large radius
 BEAM APERTURE 6-12 cm cm; DC Bias up to 1.1 kV
 TUNED by, rotating capacitor (ROICO)
 RF 30.4 to 16.6 MHz for protons
 7.6 to 6.6 MHz for ²⁰Ne⁵⁺ ions
 HARMONICS, RF/Orb F, used 1
 DEE-Gnd, max 20 kV, min gap cm
 STABILITY, (pk-pk noise)/(pk RF volt)
 ENERGY GAIN, max kV/turn
 RF PHASE, stable to ± deg
 RF POWER input, max 120 kW
 FREQUENCY MODULATION, rate 360 /s
 modulator, type rotating capacitor (ROICO)
 beam pulse, width 40-50 μsec

VACUUM SYSTEM

OPERATING PRESSURE 2 to 3 10⁻⁷ Torr
 PUMPS, No, Type, Size two 38000 l/sec oil diffusion
 with refrigerated baffles

ION SOURCES

Mid-plane hooded arc PIG source, pulsed, Radius
 of first orbit ~ 1 cm

INJECTION SYSTEM

Internal source

EXTRACTION SYSTEM

Regenerator plus electrical septum magnet followed by

FACILITIES FOR RESEARCH passive magnetic channel

SHIELDED AREA, fixed m²; movable m²

TARGET STATIONS in rooms

STATIONS served at same time, max

MAG SPECTROGRAPH, type

COMPUTER model

OTHER FACILITIES By the use of orbit displacement coil (Kim Coil) the total duty cycle of the beam is around 50 to 60% with no rf microstructure.

CHARACTERISTIC BEAMS

PARTICLE	ENERGY (MeV)		CURRENT (μA)	
	Goal	Achieved	Internal	External
Protons	600	~ 7	5.0 or 3.10 ¹³ /s	
³ He ²⁺	910		0.5 or 2.10 ¹² /s	
¹² C ⁴⁺	1020		0.2 or 10 ¹² /s	
¹⁸ O ⁶⁺	1530		0.05 or 3.10 ¹¹ /s	
²⁰ Ne ⁵⁺	980		0.06 or 4.10 ¹¹ /s	
¹² C ³⁺	588		0.2 or 10 ¹² /s	

SECONDARY

pions (-) 300 MeV/c 3.10⁻⁶/s
 muons (+) 250 MeV/c 3.10⁻⁴/s

BEAM PROPERTIES

MEASURED	CONDITIONS	
	RF deg	μA of MeV ions
PULSE WIDTH	RF deg	μA of MeV ions
PHASE EXC, max	RF deg	μA of MeV ions
EXTRACT eff. 50 to 70%	μA of MeV ions	μA of MeV ions
RESOL ΔE/E %	μA of MeV ions	
EMITTANCE		
(π mm-mrad) 6 axial	μA of MeV ions	
..... 11 rad		

OPERATING PROGRAMS, time distribution

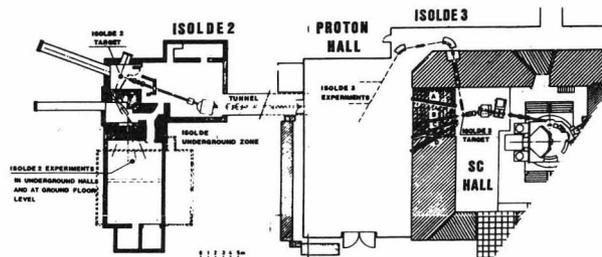
BASIC NUCLEAR PHYSICS 2/3 SOLID STATES PHYSICS 1/3
 BIOMEDICAL APPLICAT. 0. ISOTOPE PRODUCTIONS 0

Isolde facility is now the primary user with some μSR. Heavy ion programme has been phased out.

REFERENCES/NOTES

- 1) W. Gentner et al. Philips Tech. Rev. 22, p.141, 1961
- 2) H. Beger et al. Proc. 7 Int. Cycl. Conf. 1975, p. 149
- 3) B.W. Allardyce et al., Proc. 10th Intl Cycl. Conf. 1984, p.442

PLAN VIEW OF FACILITY, COMMENTS, ETC.



The figure shows the SC with the Isolde facility. Isolde was constructed in 1967 and was upgraded to IS2 in 1974. It uses an underground target station. The new IS3 separator is under construction and has a target station in the SC vault. The SC also has μSR experiments in a hall not shown in the figure.