The background of the slide features an abstract graphic of a synchrotron particle path. It consists of several concentric, glowing white lines that spiral outwards from a central point, set against a dark blue background with lighter blue, wispy, nebula-like patterns. Small white squares are placed at various points along the path, representing beamlines or experimental stations.

Status of the Australian Synchrotron Project

Greg LeBlanc



Facility Overview

Accelerator Systems

Initial Beamlines

Accelerator Commissioning

Storage Ring Performance

Conclusions



The Australian Synchrotron is a synchrotron light facility based on a 3-GeV electron storage ring.

Located in metropolitan Melbourne.

Built by a project team from Major Projects Victoria (MPV), a part of the Victorian State Government.

The funding for the building and accelerators has been provided by the Victorian State Government.

The initial nine beamlines are being funded by a group of interested parties including universities, research organisations, other state governments, and New Zealand.

Storage ring commissioning, and beamline installation and commissioning, continue through March 2007, after which the facility will become operational.



Australian Synchrotron

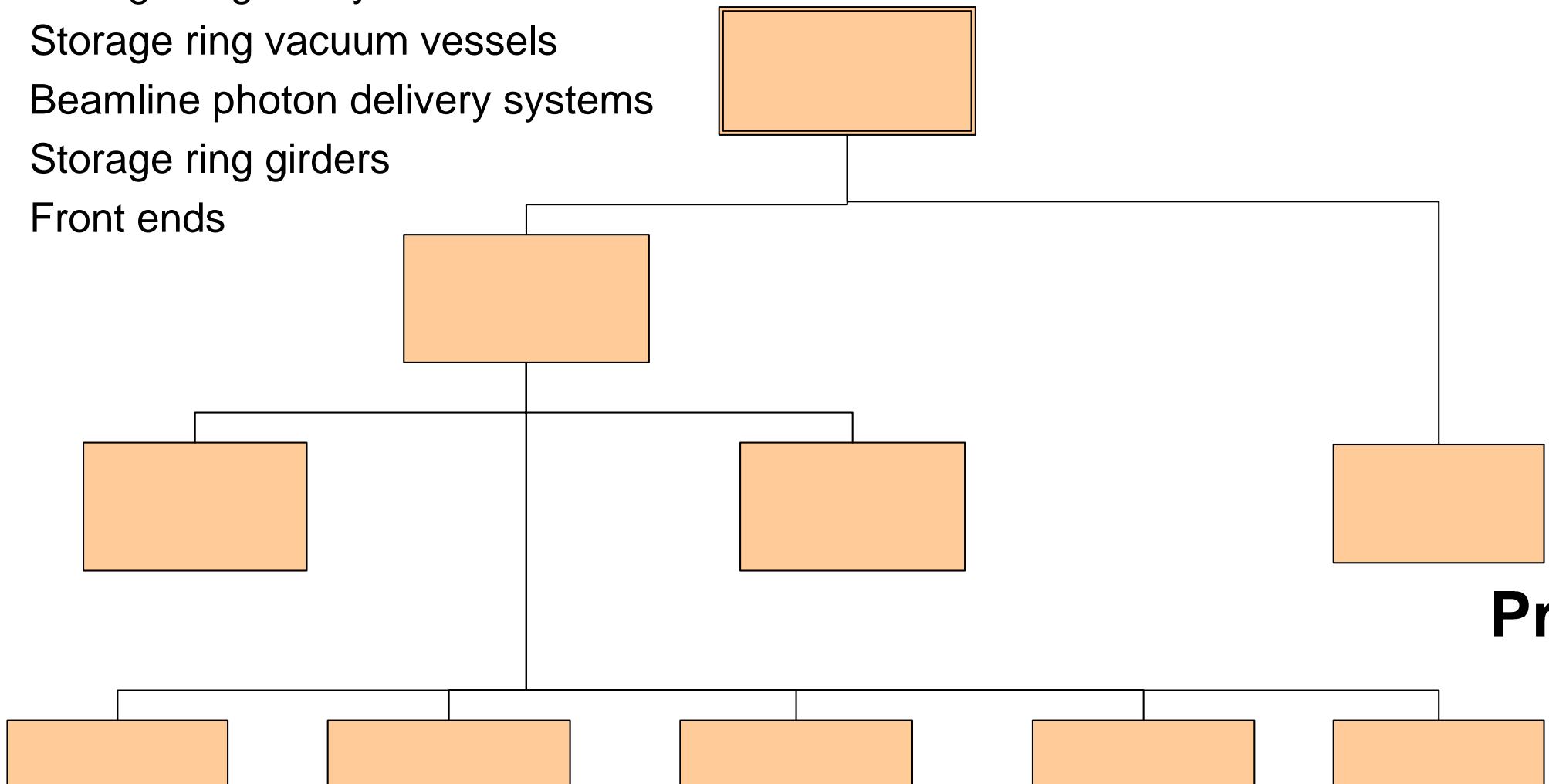
relatively small staff of 54 people.

specialist contractors and consultants used.

design and project management responsibility has been placed on suppliers with turn-key contracts.

contracts for the following systems included installation and commissioning:

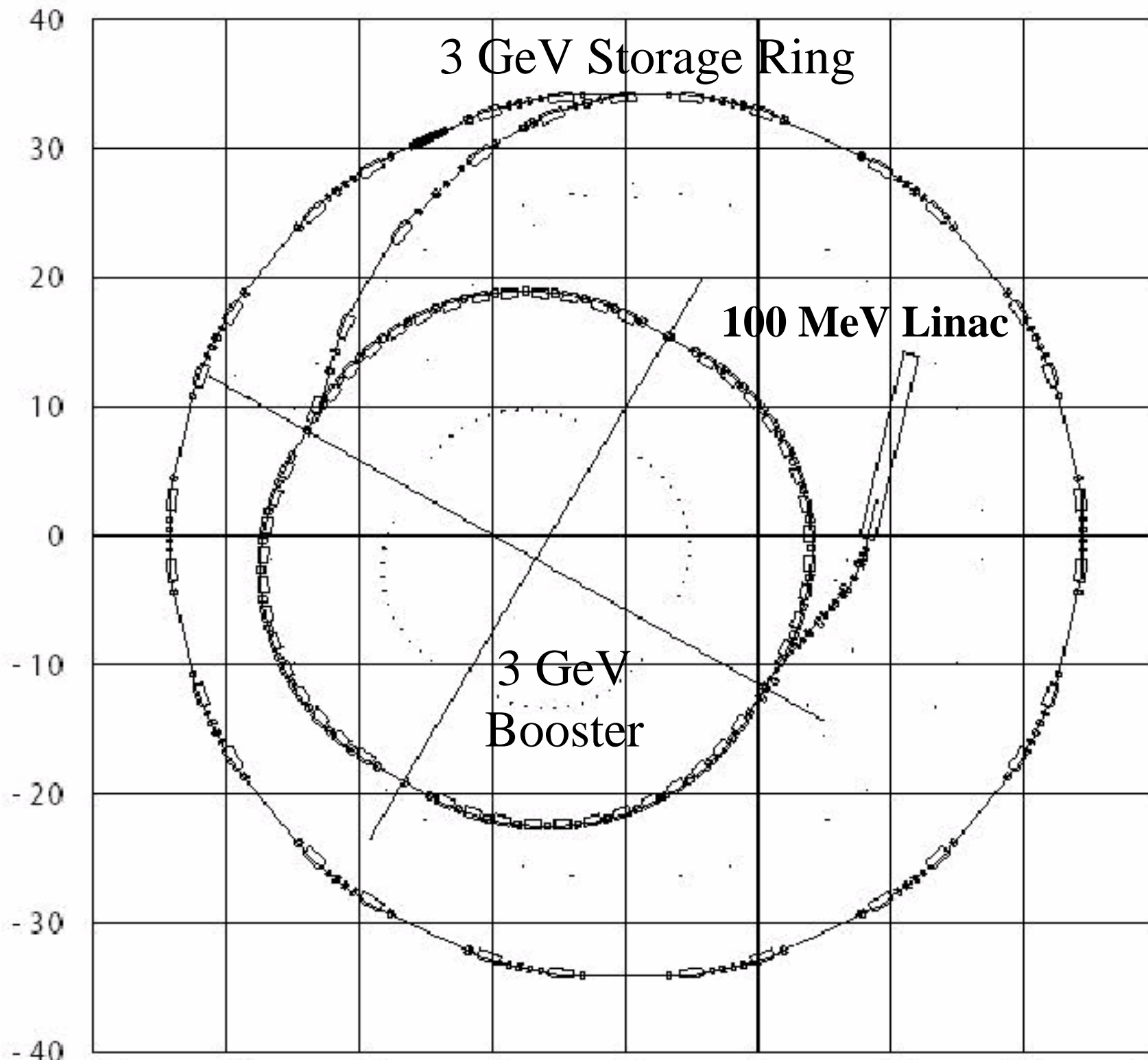
- Injection system
- Storage ring RF system
- Storage ring vacuum vessels
- Beamline photon delivery systems
- Storage ring girders
- Front ends





Schedule Milestones

Design announced	January 2003
Building contract placed	July 2003
Building complete	February 2005
Staff move into building	March 2005
Installation begins	April 2005
Injection system commissioning begins	October 2005
Storage ring installation complete	May 2006
Storage ring commissioning begins	June 2006
First turns in the storage ring	June 2006
Beamline installation begins	September 2006
Beamline commissioning begins	February 2007
Transition to operations	April 2007



Linac

on Source

90 keV thermionic

/

0.1[GeV]

equency

2997.92[MHz]

armonic Pre-buncher

499.654[MHz]

tion rate

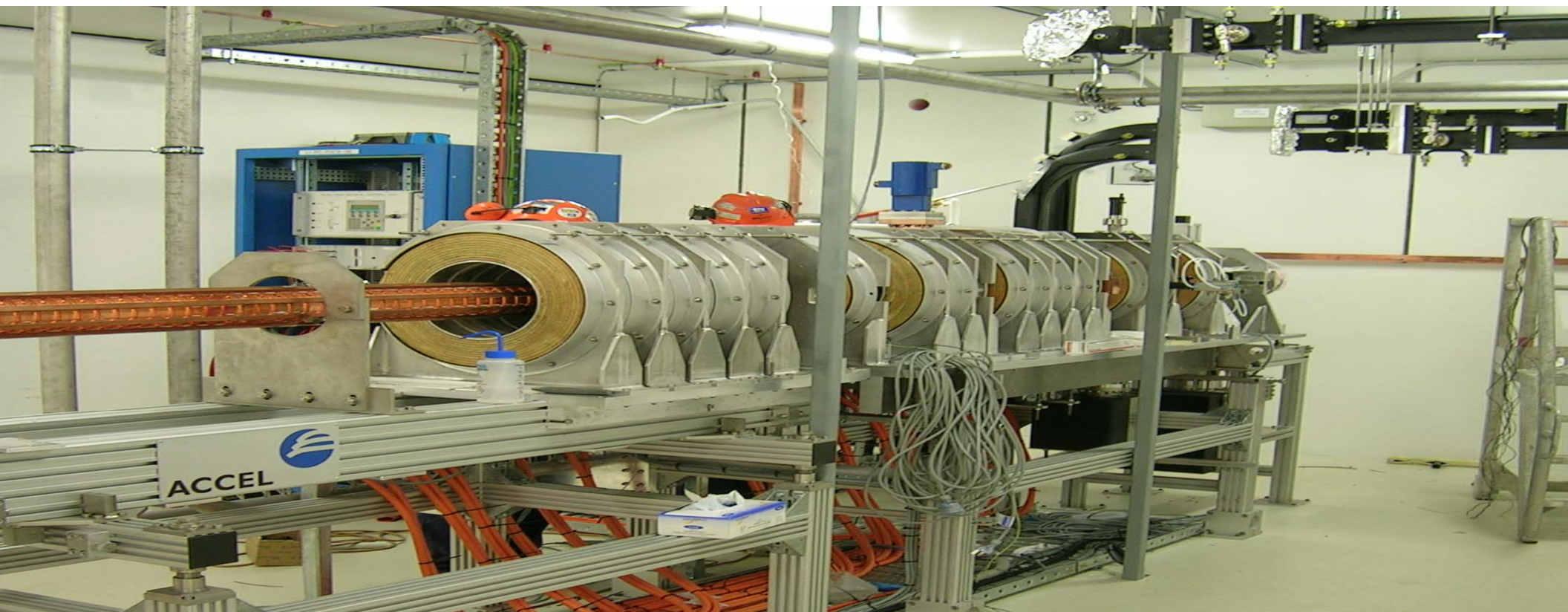
1-5[Hz]

lised Emittance

$<50\pi$ [mm·mrad]

arge (short/long)

$>0.31/>3.1$ [nC]



Booster

Function Lattice

Energy 0.1 \rightarrow 3.0[GeV]

Circumference 130.2[m]

RF Frequency 499.654[MHz]

Harmonic Number 217

Bunch Current >0.5 [mA]

Bunch Train >5.0 [mA]

Horizontal Tune (h/v) 9.2/3.25

Vertical Chrom. (h/v) -8.8/-11.5

Energy Spread (3GeV) 0.094[%]

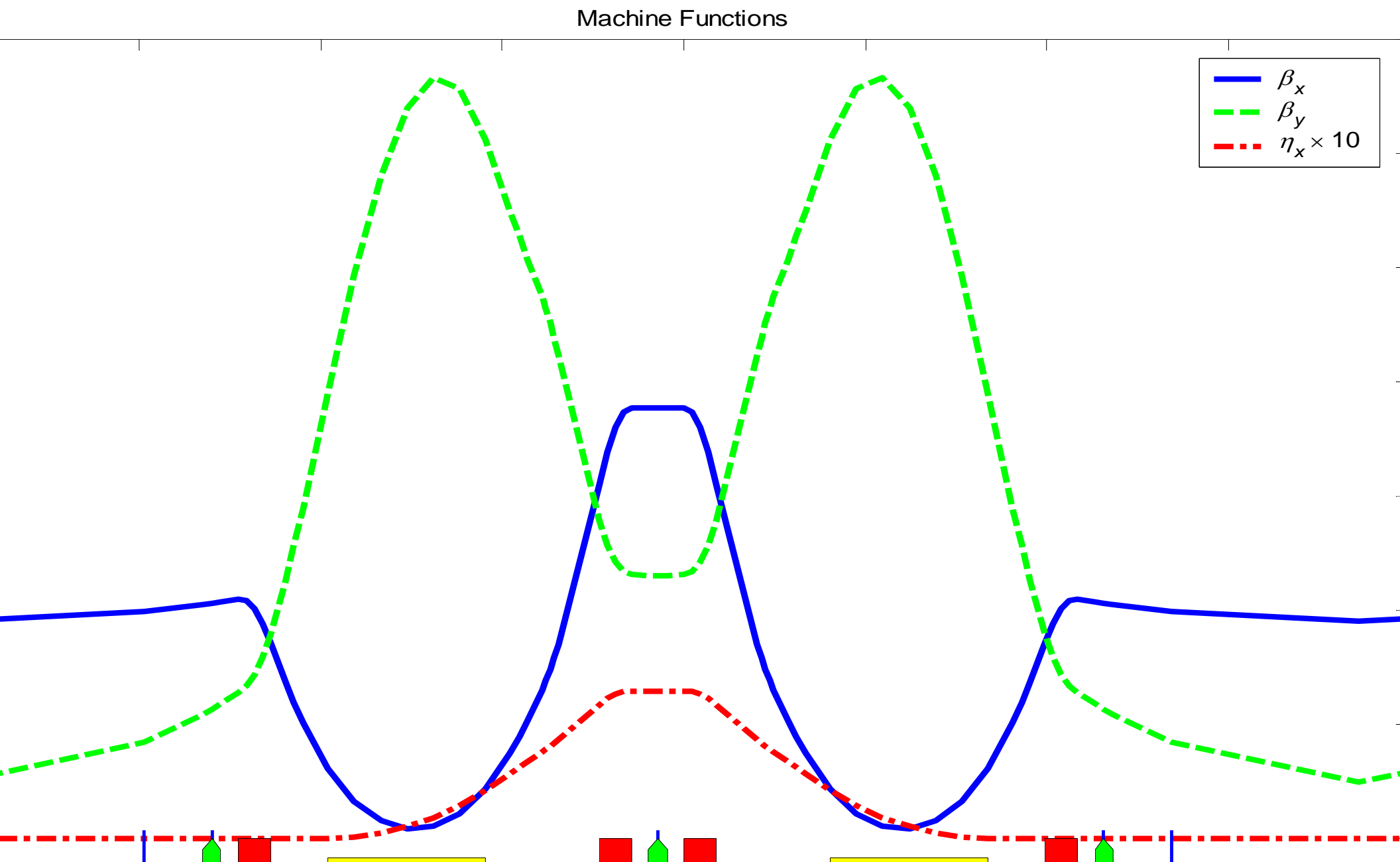
Horizontal Emittance 33[nm·rad]

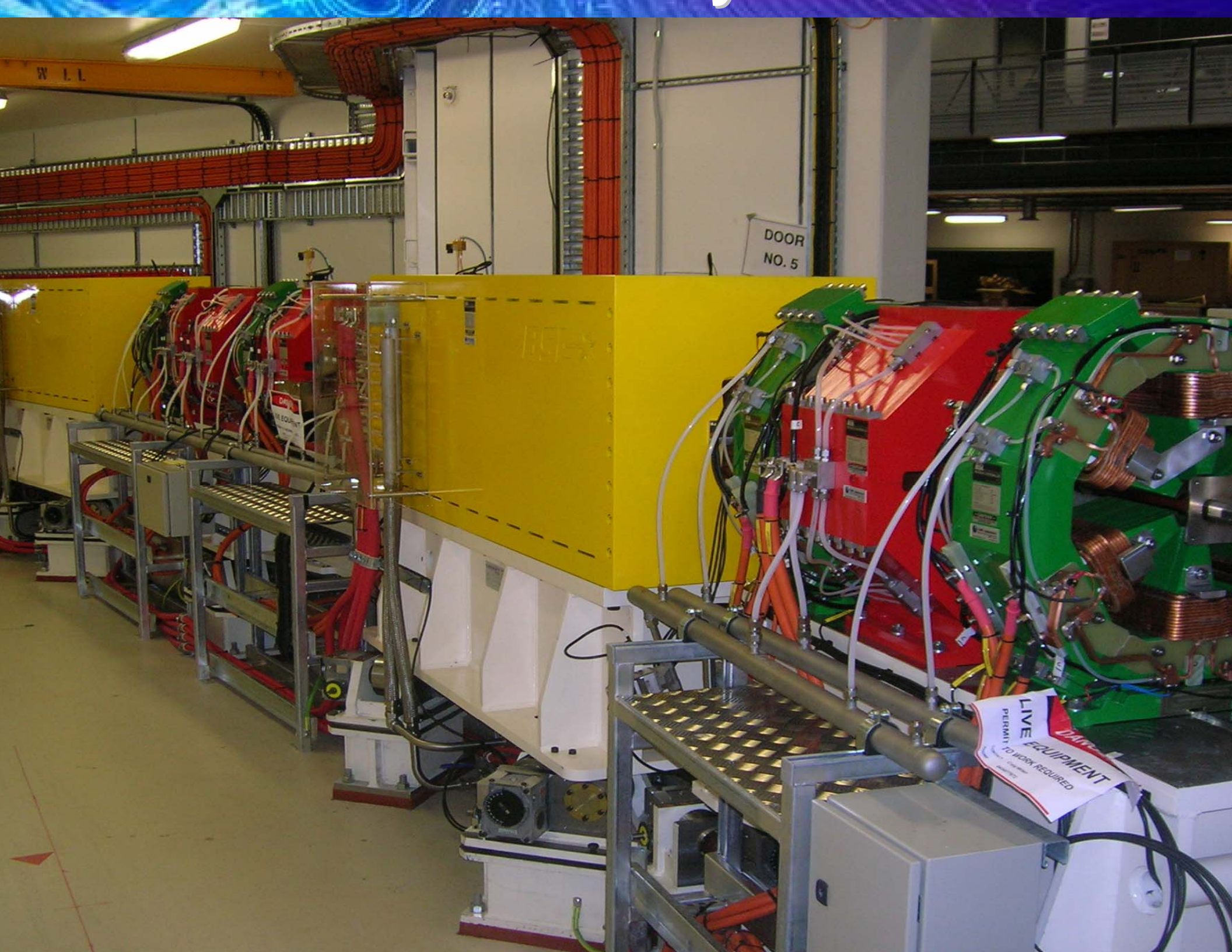


Storage Ring

Energy	3[GeV]
Circumference	216[m]
RF Frequency	499.654[MHz]
Harmonic Number	360
Peak RF Voltage	3.0[MV]
Current	200[mA]
Synchrotron Photon Energy	7.8[keV]
Horizontal Tune (h/v)	13.3/5.2
Momentum Compaction	0.002
Vertical Chromaticity (h/v)	-28/-27
Radiation Damping (h/v/l)	3/5/3[ms]
Energy Spread	0.1[%]
Radiation Loss Per Turn	932[keV]
Horizontal Emittance	7-16[nm·rad]

combined function dipoles
stable emittance with dispersion
sector coils on sextupoles

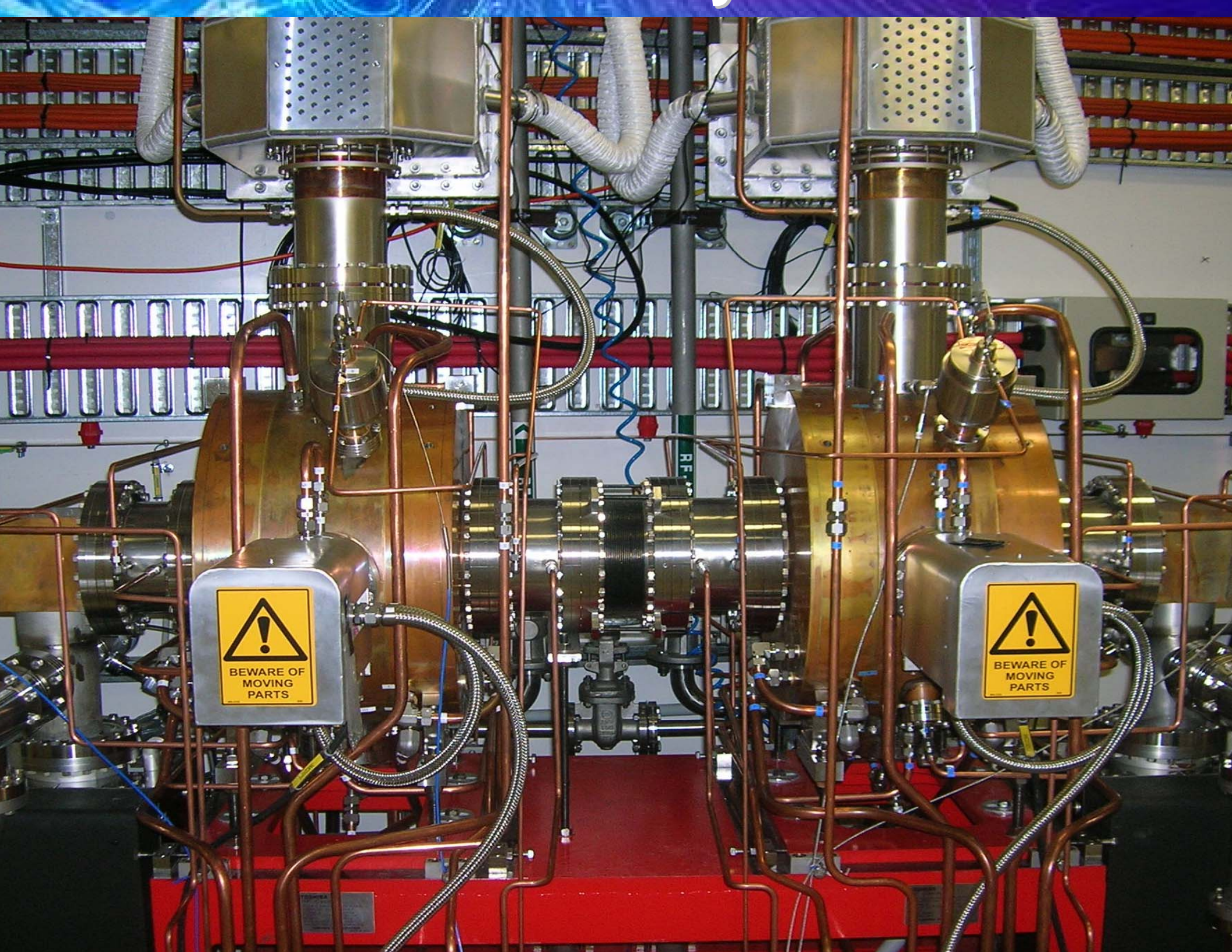




W L L

DOOR
NO. 5

LIVE
EQUIPMENT
PERMIT
TO WORK
REQUIRED



Controls

EPICS control system

Different control systems from contractors

All EPICS compatible

Accelerator Toolbox running in the Matlab environment is used

Matlab Channel Access makes process variables available in Matlab

Matlab scripts automate measurements

Diagnostics

BPMs per sector

➤ First-turn, turn-by-turn, and slow acquisition simultaneously

horizontal and vertical scrapers

horizontal and vertical stripline detectors

DCCT

beam loss monitor system

-ray diagnostic beamline

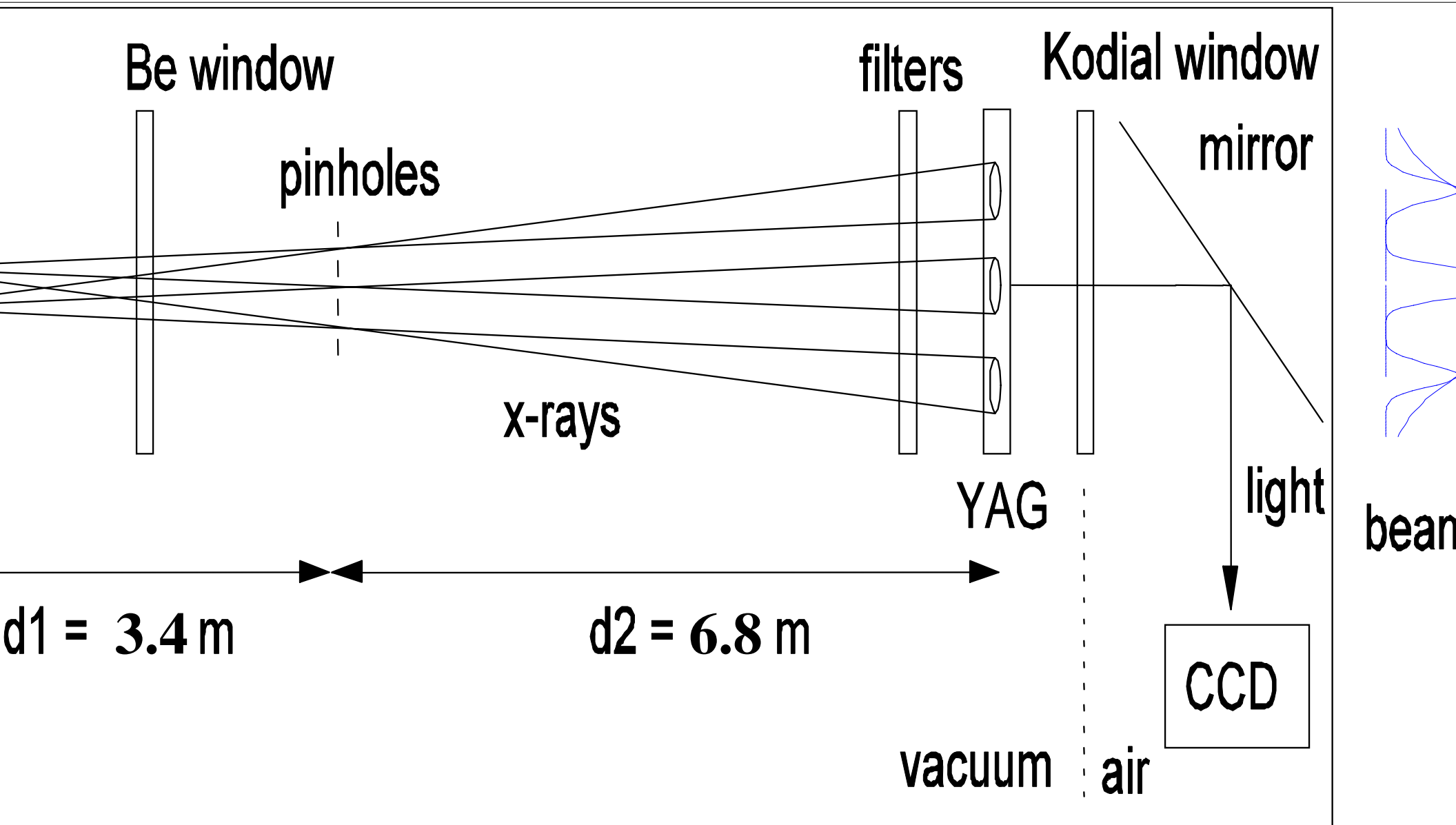
Optical diagnostic beamline

➤ Streak camera

➤ ICCD camera

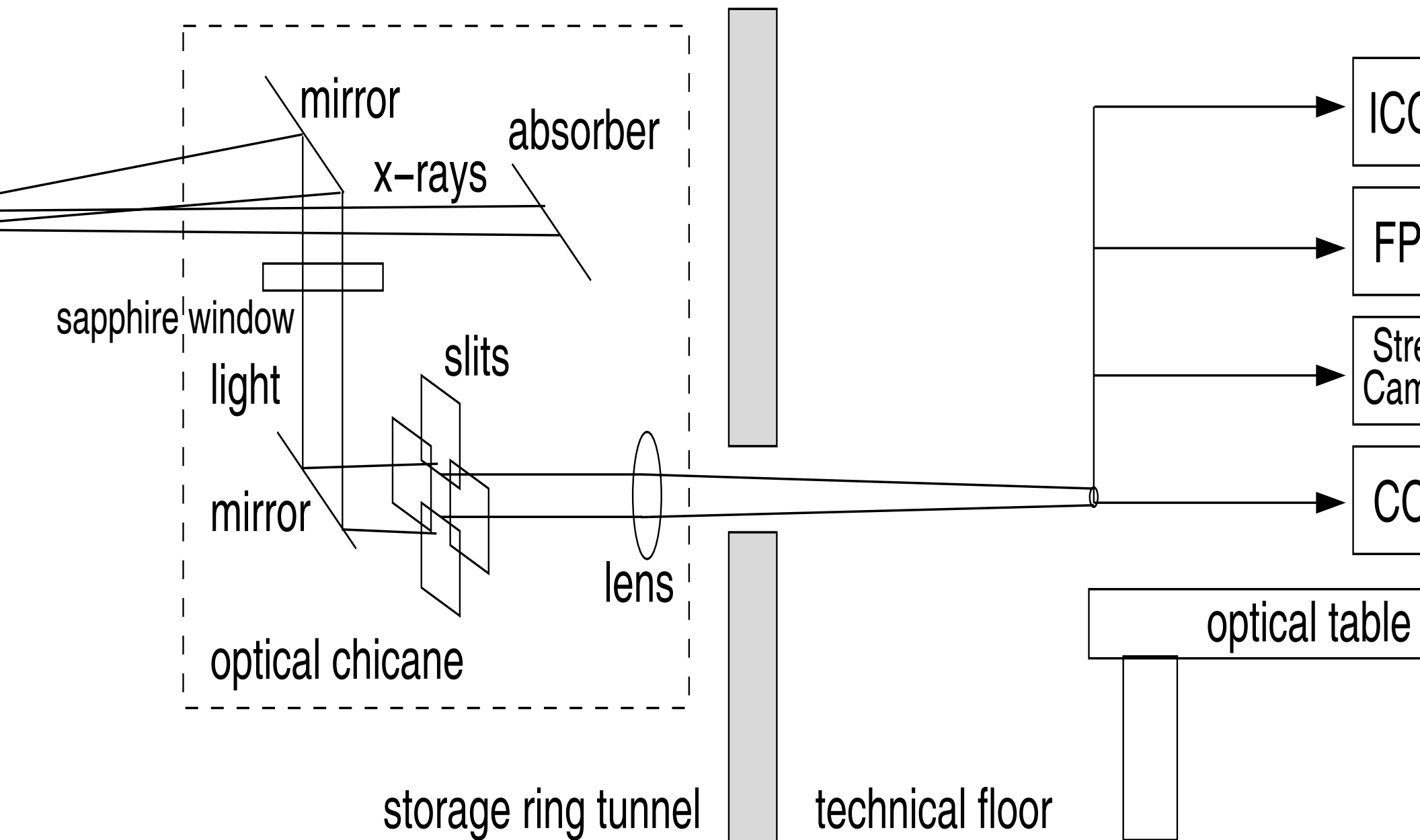
➤ Fill pattern Monitor

XDB



Schematic layout of the X-Ray Diagnostic Beamline

ODB



Schematic layout of the Optical Diagnostic Beamline

There are nine beamlines planned

IR*	Infrared Spectroscopy	Bending Magnet
BM*	Protein Crystallography 1	Bending Magnet
D	Protein Crystallography 2	In-vacuum undulator
D	Imaging & Medical Therapy	Superconducting wiggler
D	Microspectroscopy	In-vacuum undulator
DBM*	Powder Diffraction	Bending Magnet
2ID*	X-ray Absorption Spectroscopy	Wiggler
3ID	Small & Wide Angle X-ray Scattering	In-vacuum undulator
4ID*	Soft X-ray Spectroscopy	APPLE II Undulator

Beamlines under construction

Injection System

Commissioning included in contract

2 personnel actively involved

RF klystrons started in September 2005

first electrons from the gun October 2005.

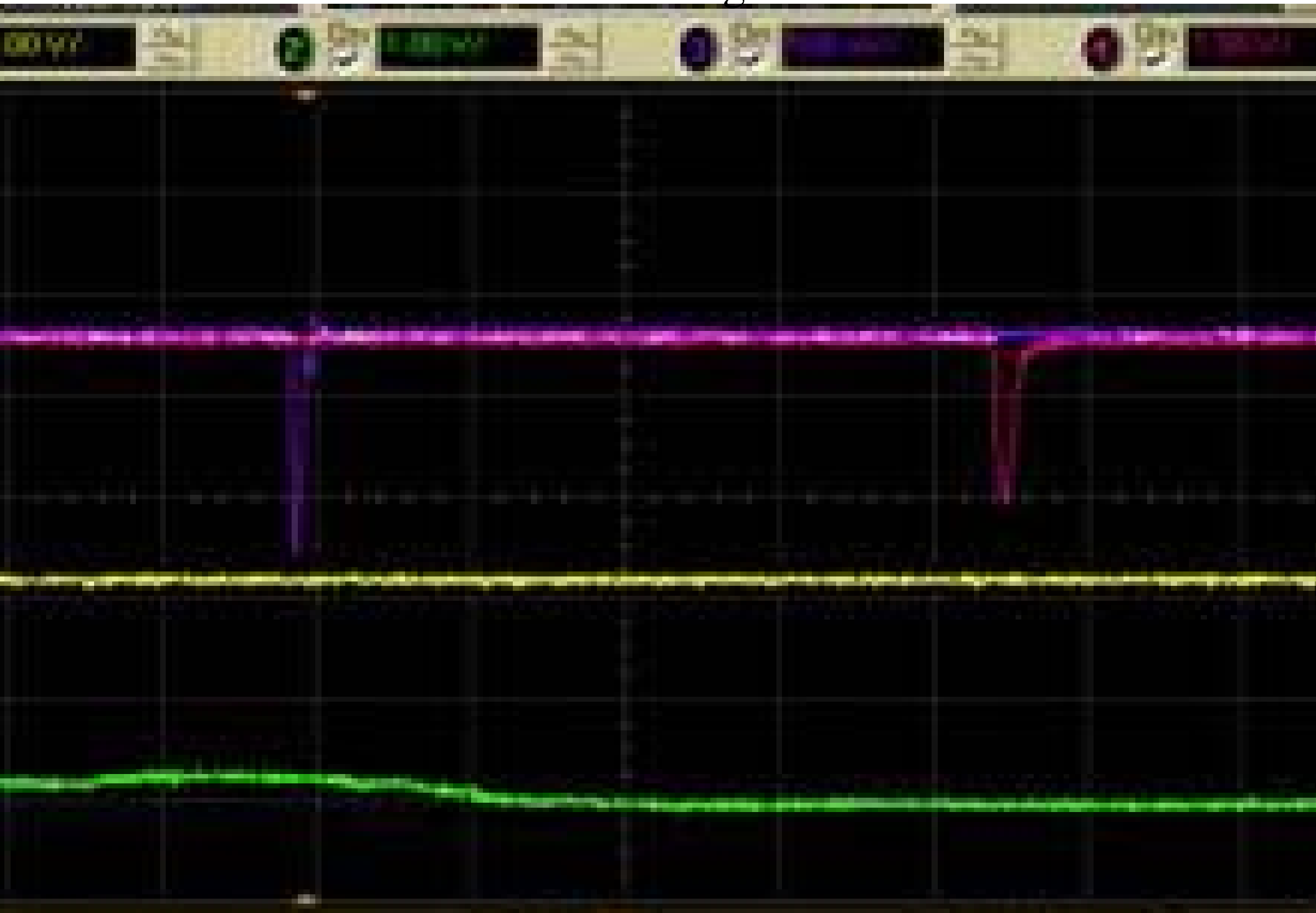
first linac beam December 2005.

first beam into the booster February 2006

booster ramp developed during March 2006

first 3 GeV beam April 2006.

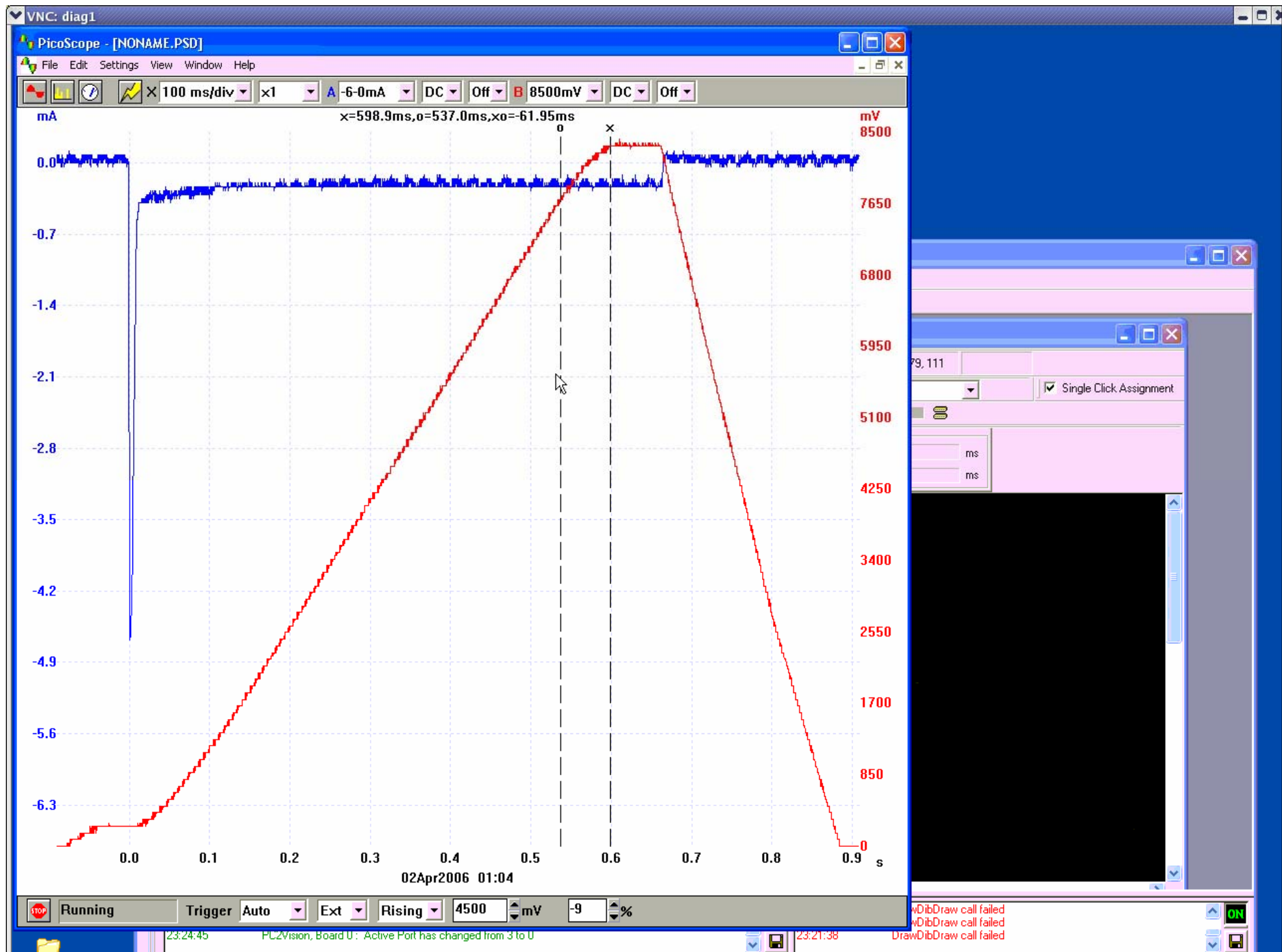
First electrons from gun



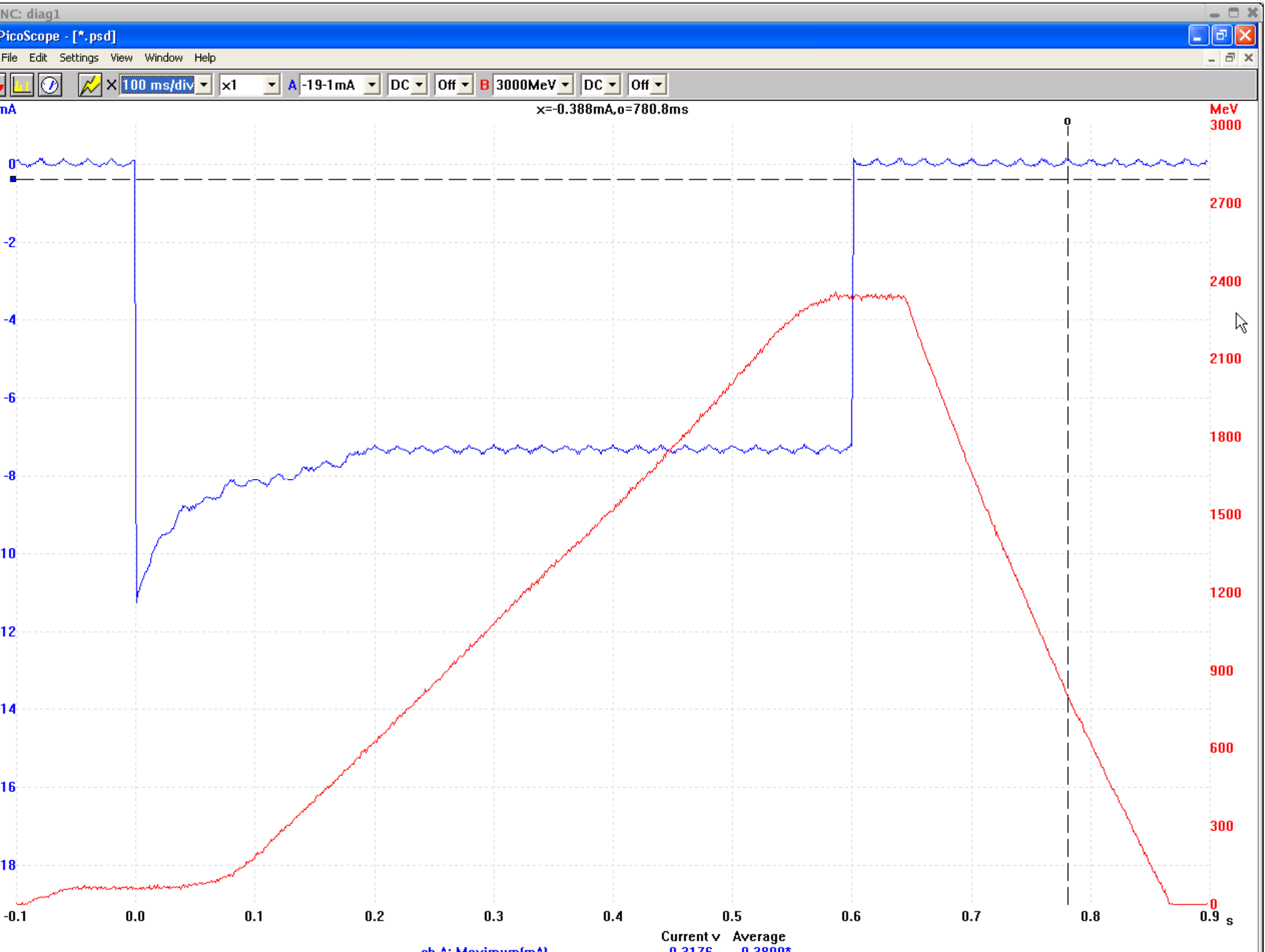
First 100 MeV beam



First 3 GeV beam



Routine operations



S not included in the injection system commissioning
st beam in BTS in the storage ring tunnel June 1 2006

st turn in the storage ring on June 8, 2006.

st beam was stored July 14, 2006

urrent was immediately stacked to 1 mA

outine injections to 10 mA in first week

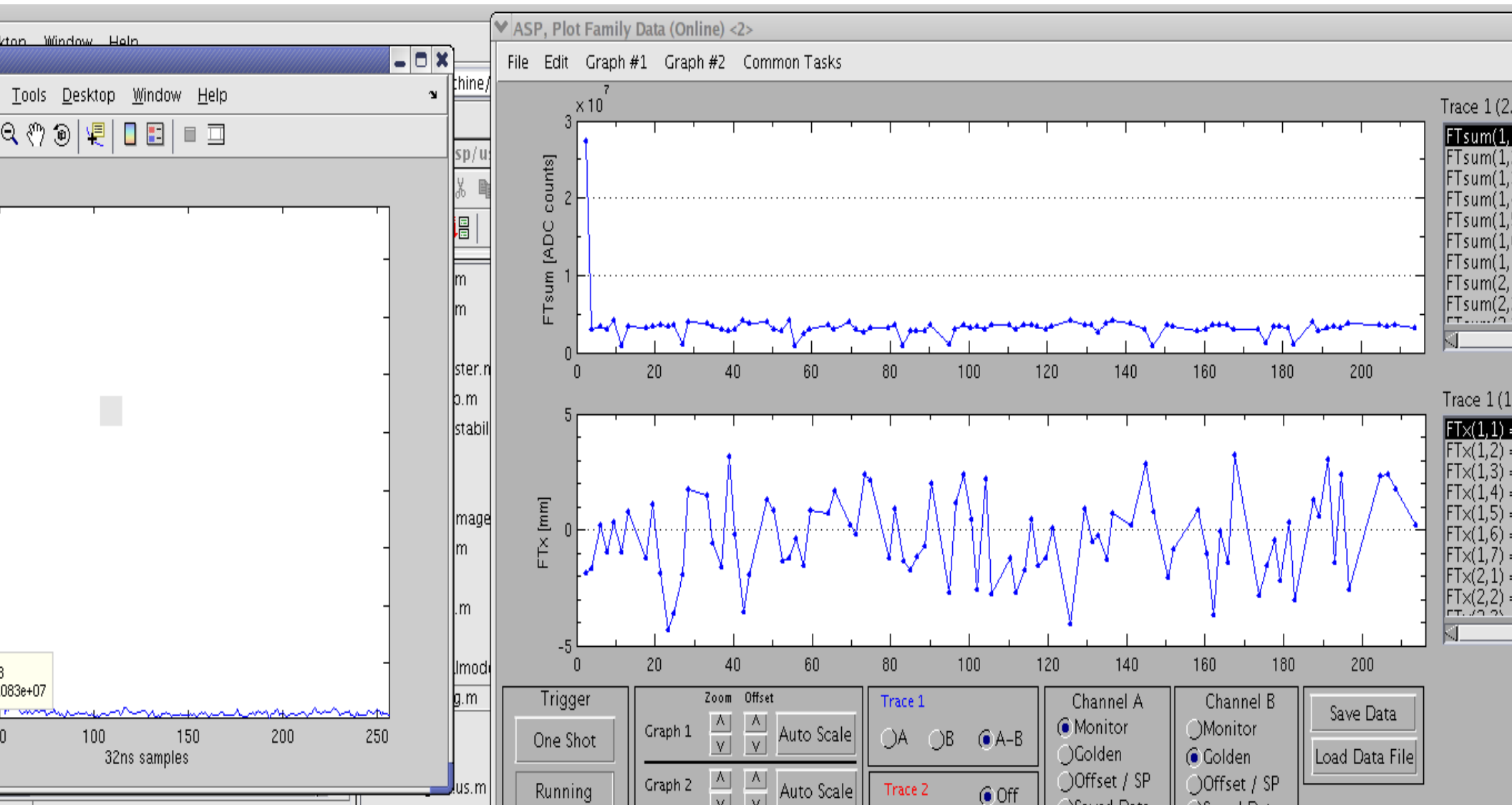
agnostic equipment commissioned and storage ring characterization began

0 mA has been stored with a lifetime of 6.5 hours (after the first of the insert
vice chambers has been installed)

e first insertion device is installed and has been run with the minimum gap c
mm with 100 mA in the storage ring

cond insertion device chamber installed and lifetime at 200 mA unchanged

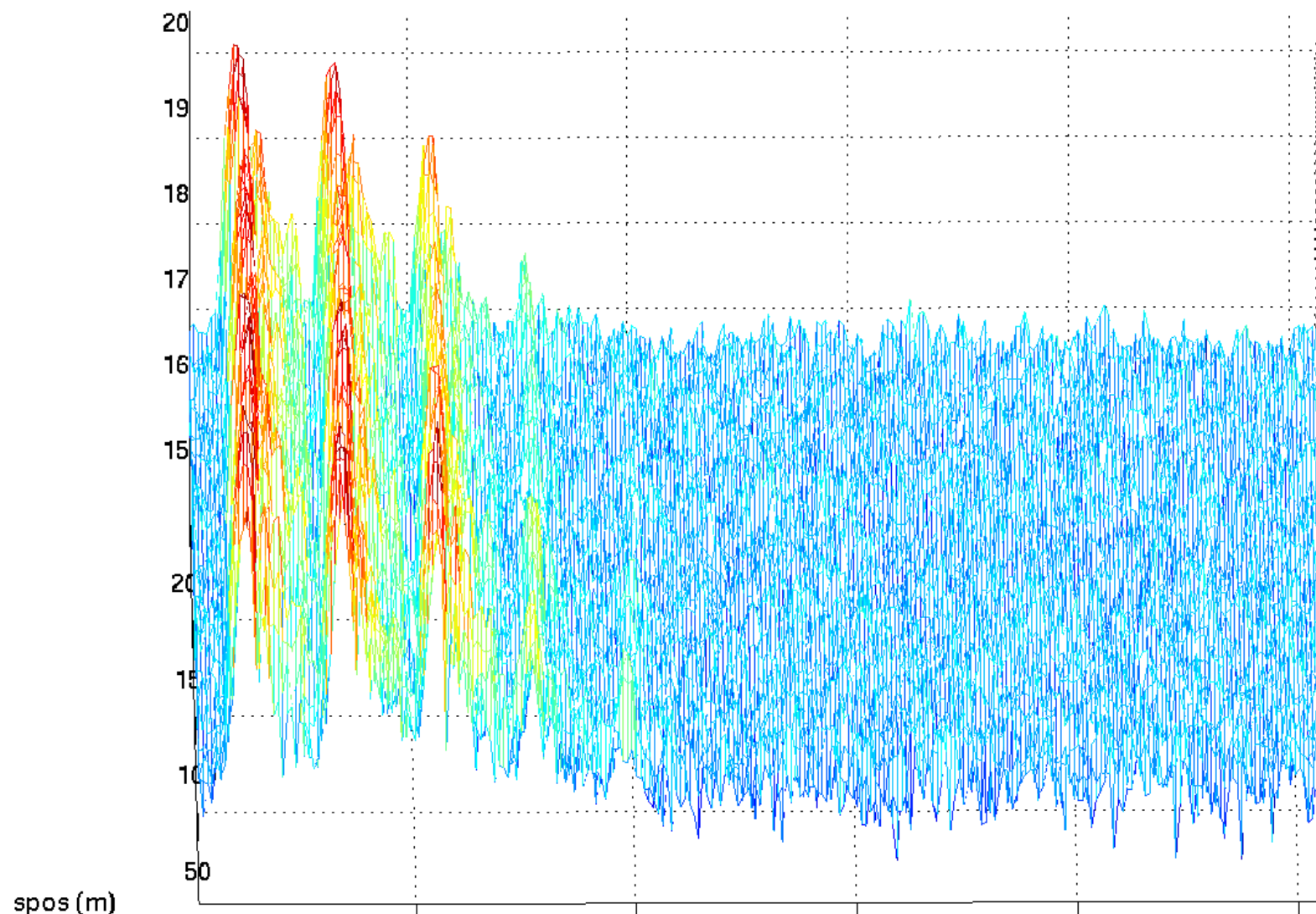
First electrons into storage ring



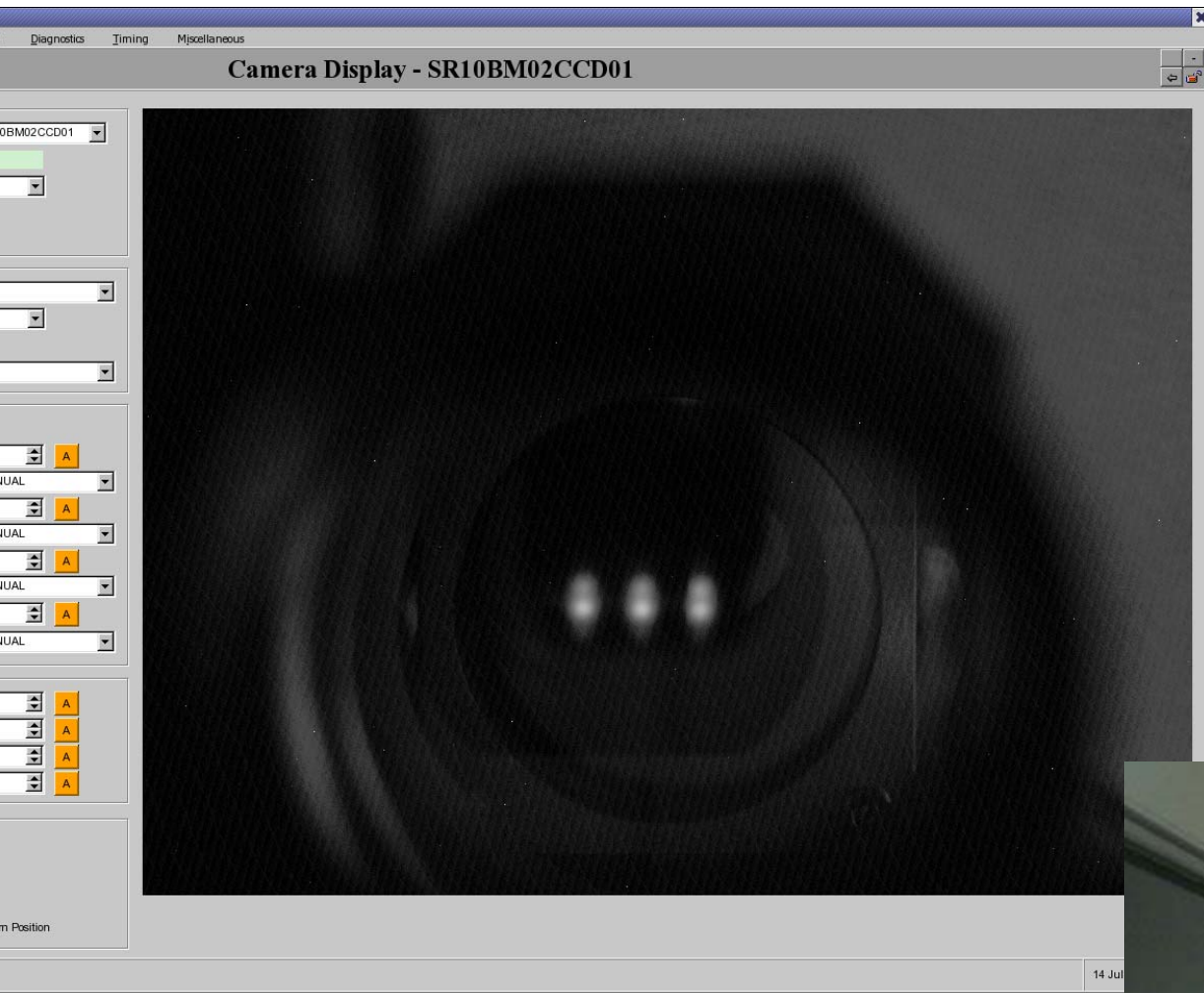
First turn in the storage ring



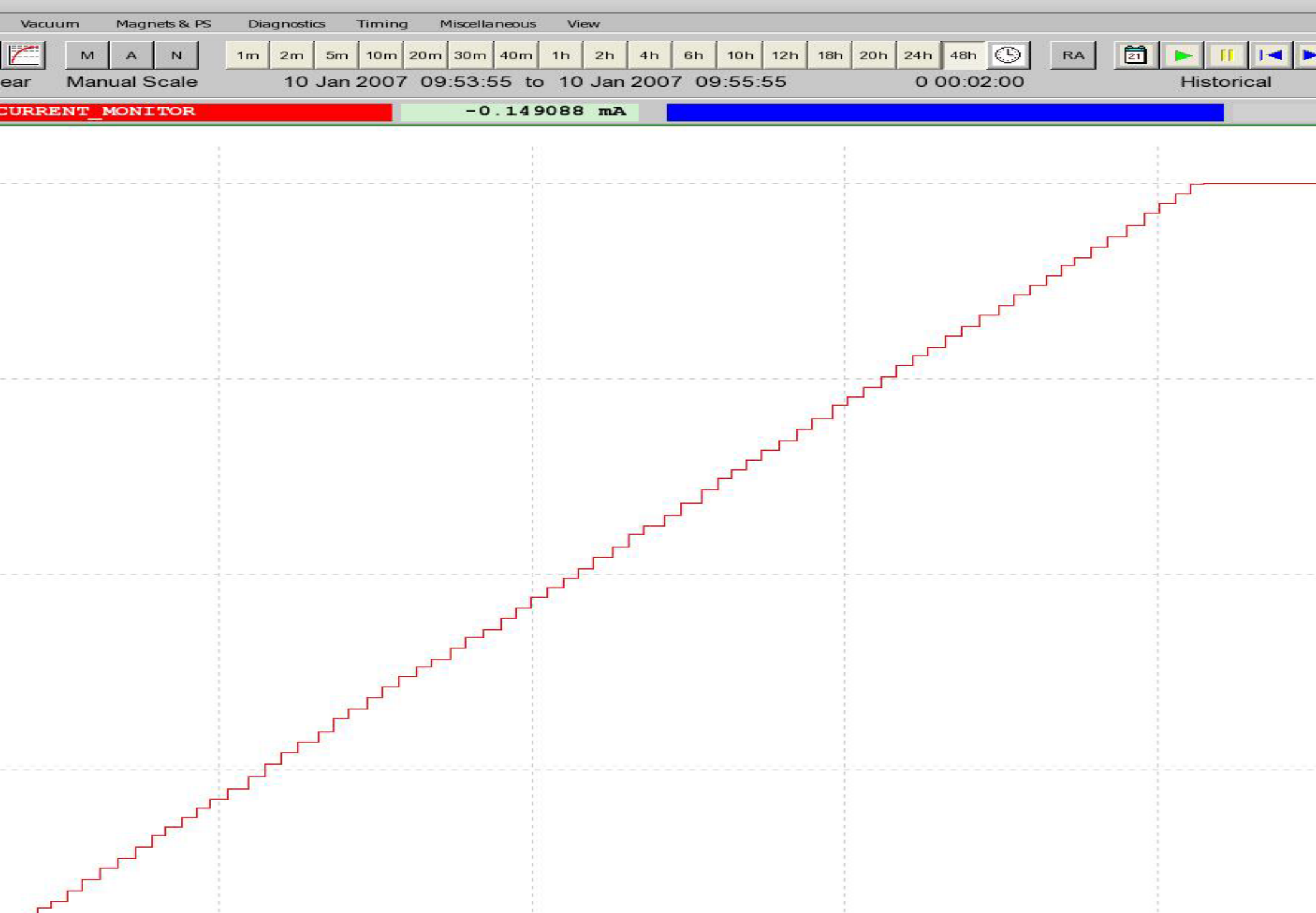
Multiple turns



First light 03:00 July 14 2007



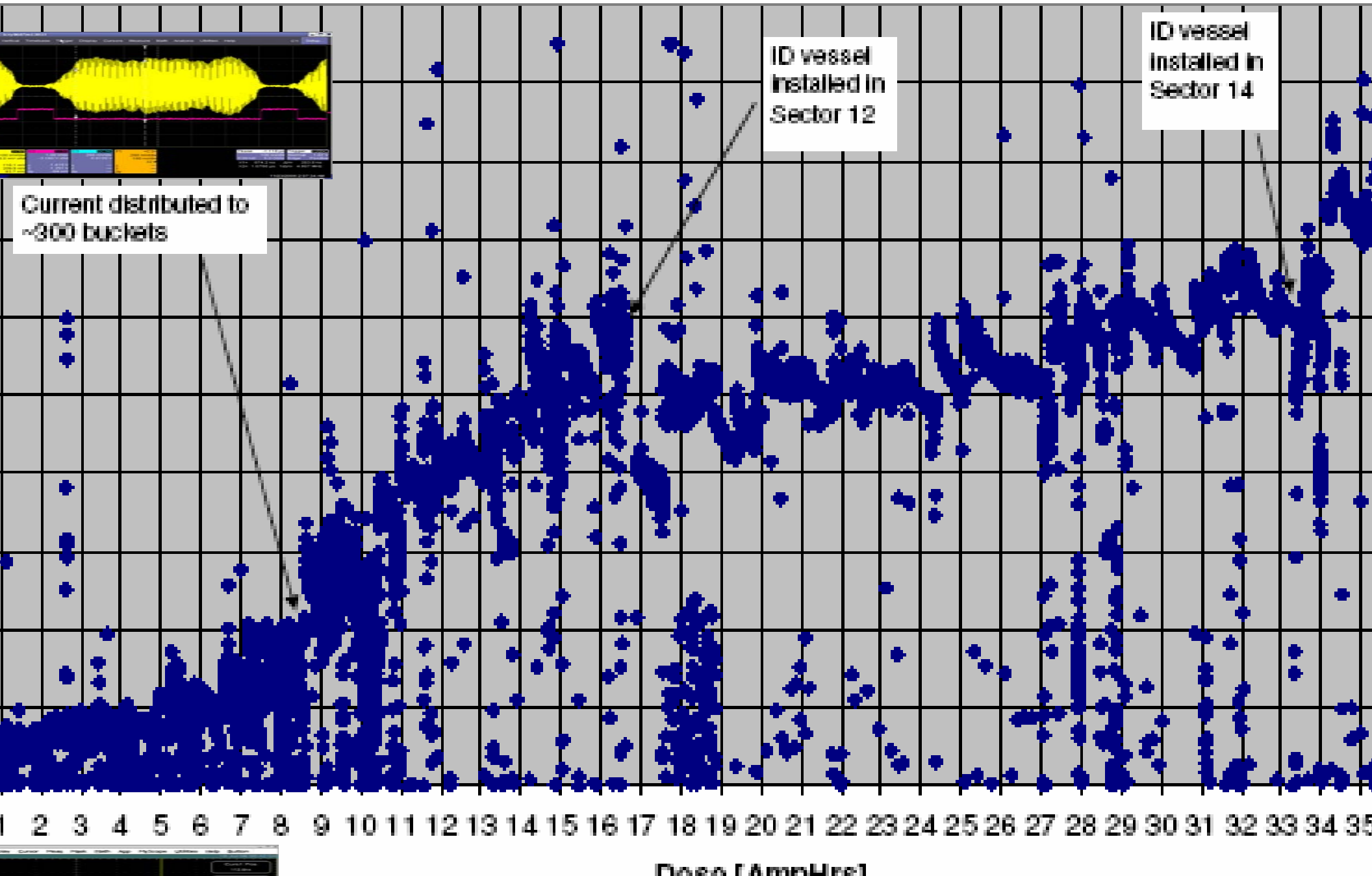
Injection



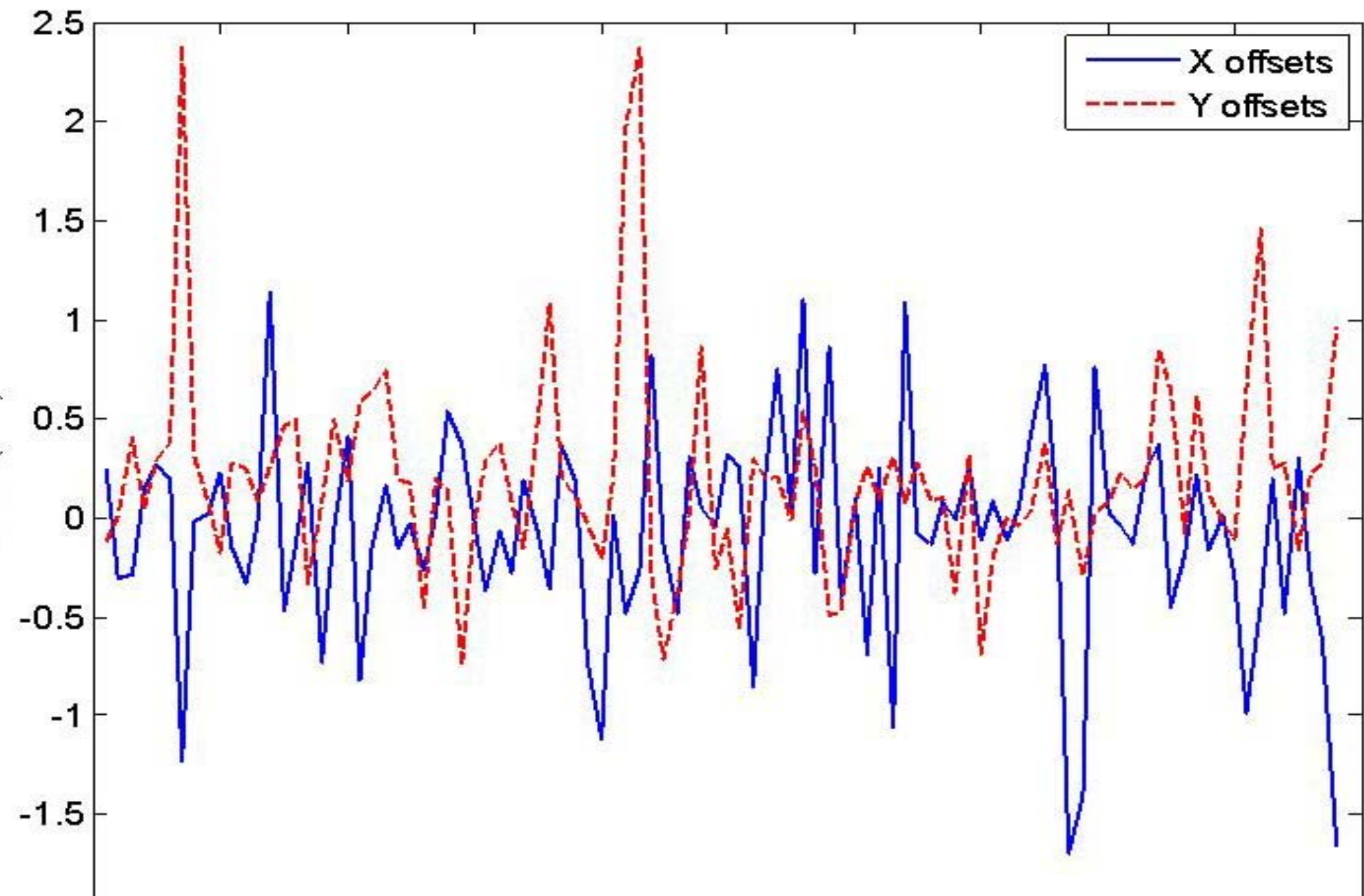
Storage Ring Lifetime Conditioning

mA

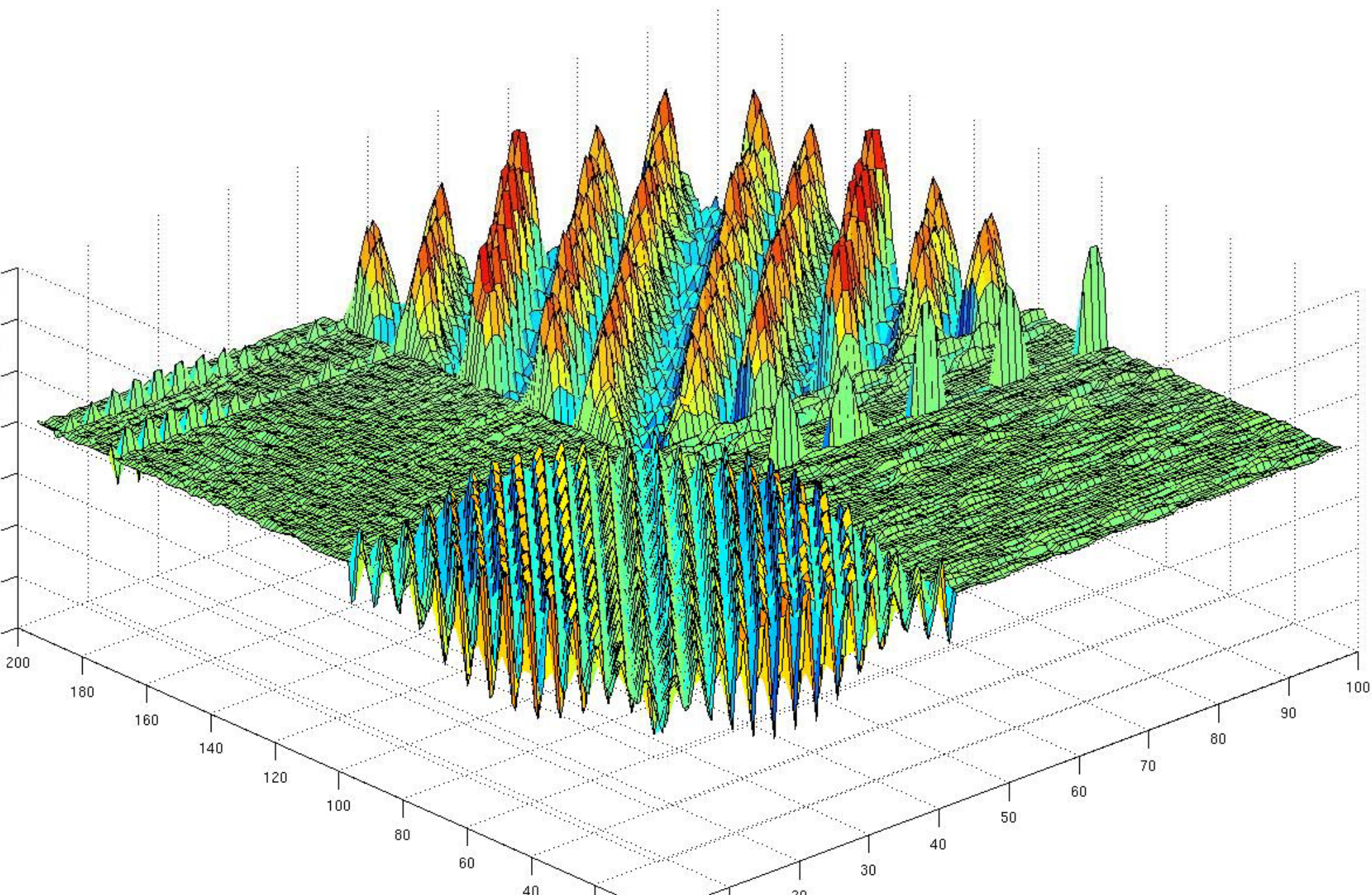
50 mA



BPM Offsets

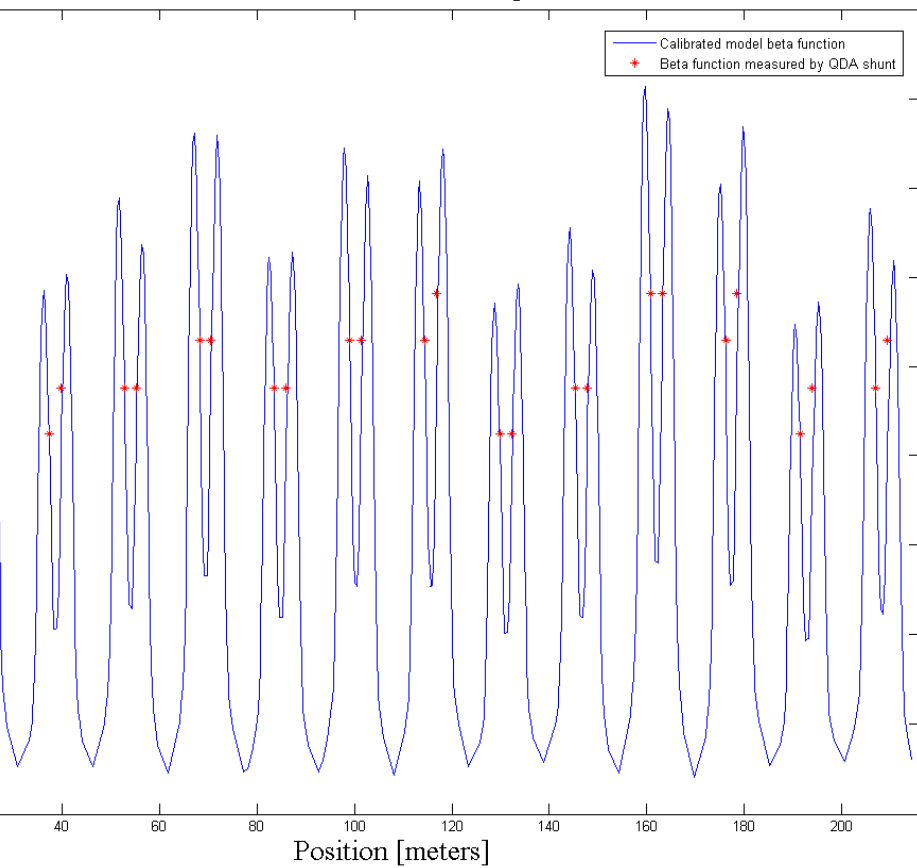


First Response Matrix

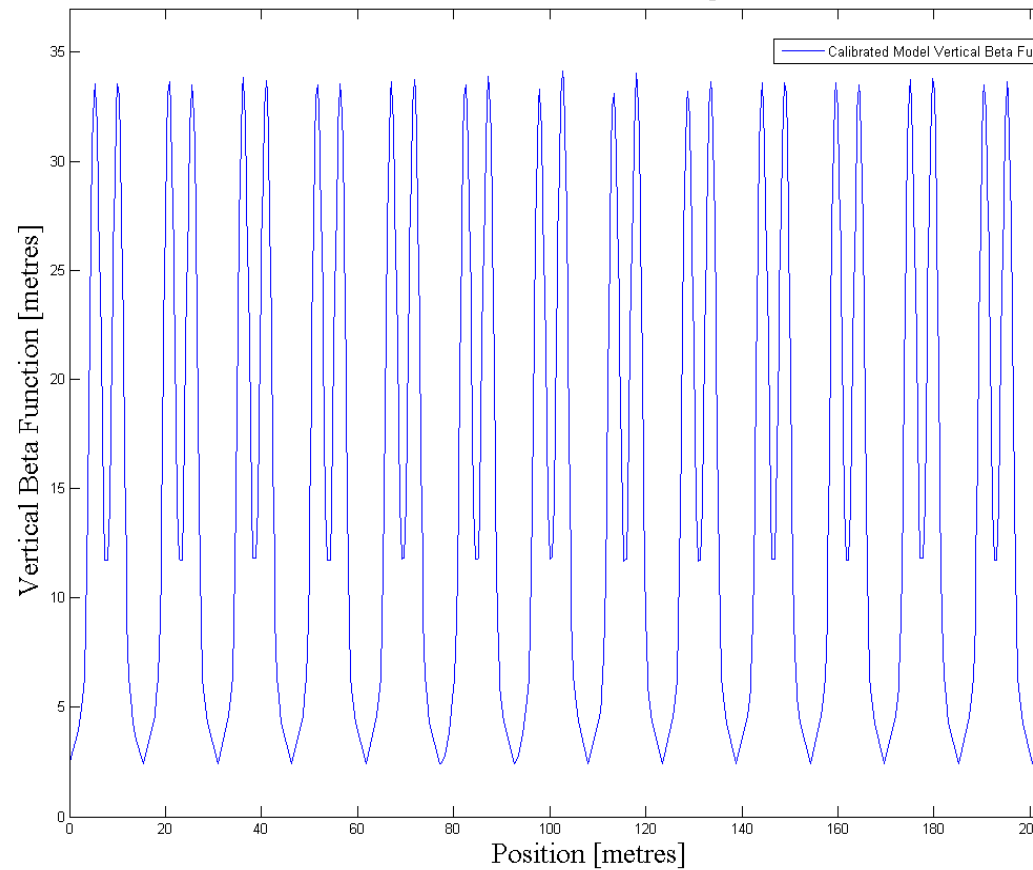


Optics Correction

Vertical Beta Function Comparison

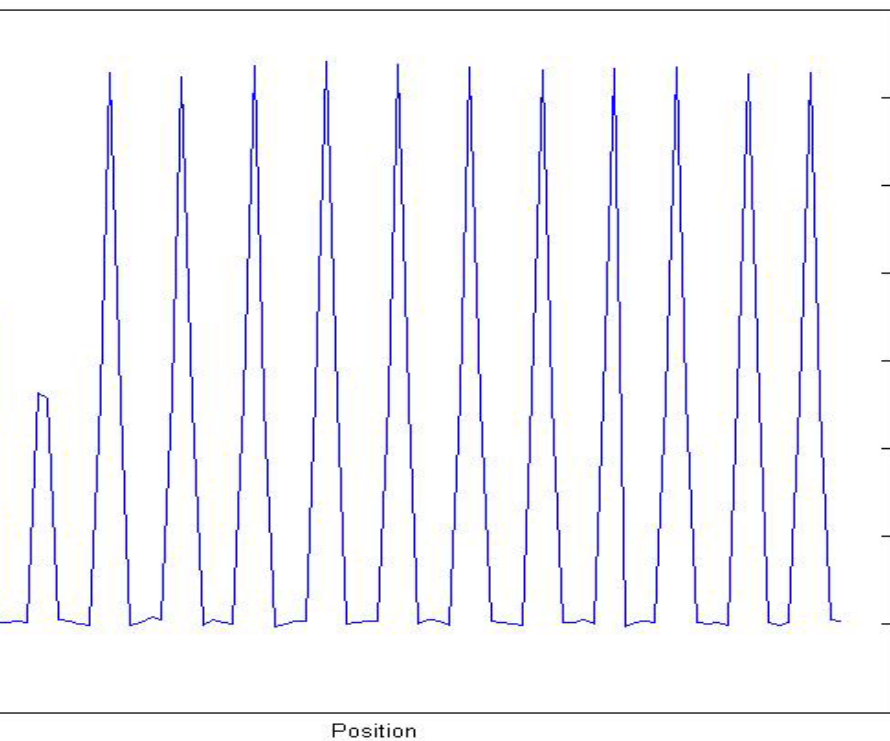


Vertical Beta Function After Quadrupole Correction

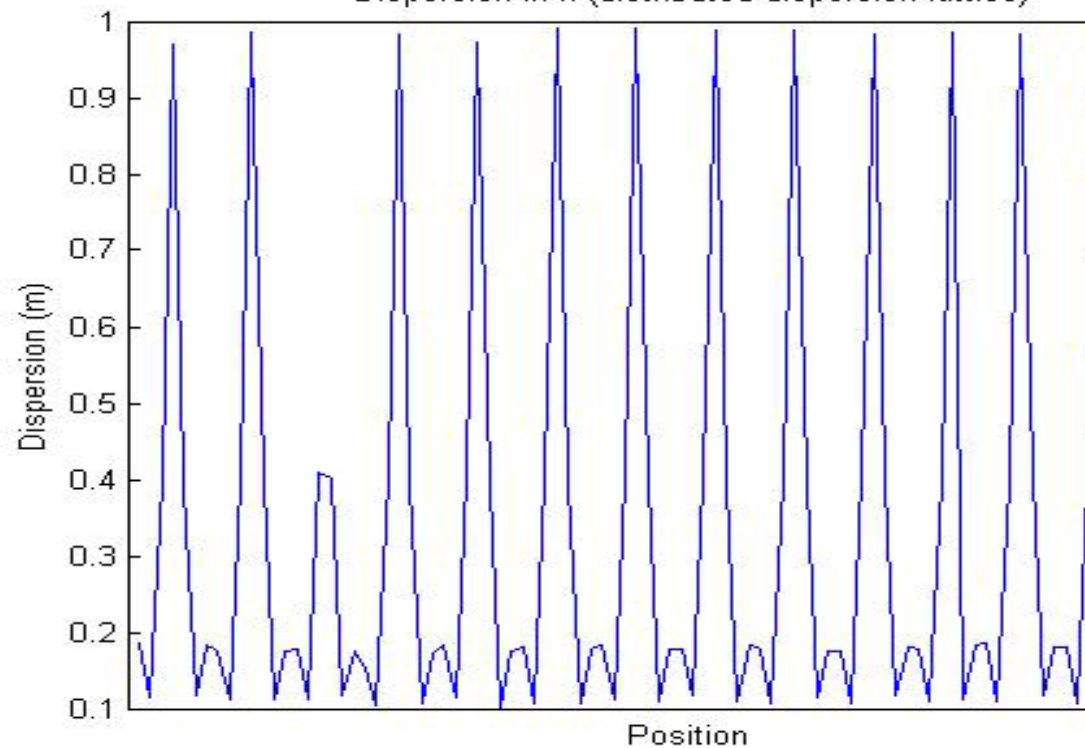


Distributed Dispersion Optics

Dispersion in x (zero dispersion lattice)

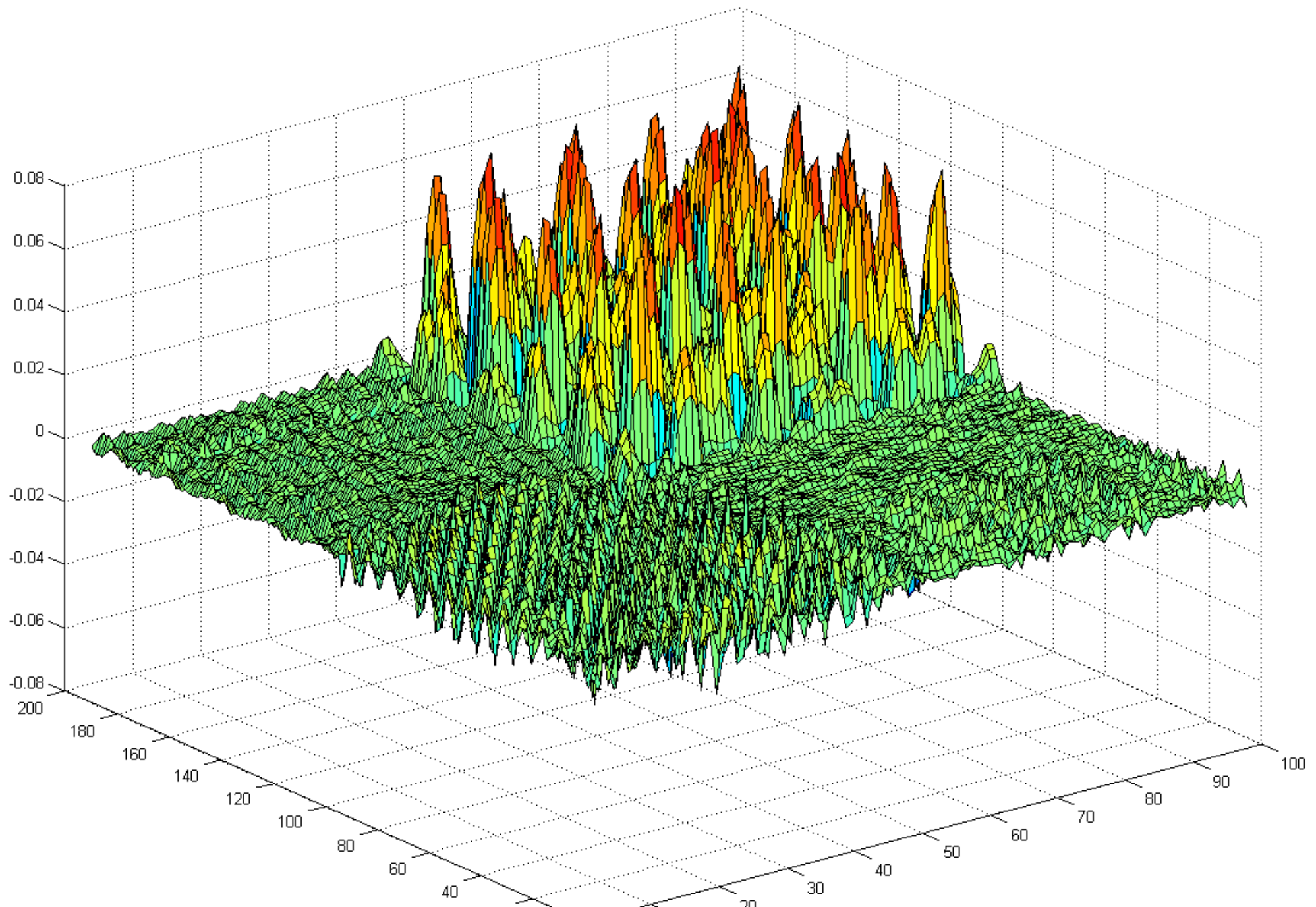


Dispersion in x (distributed dispersion lattice)



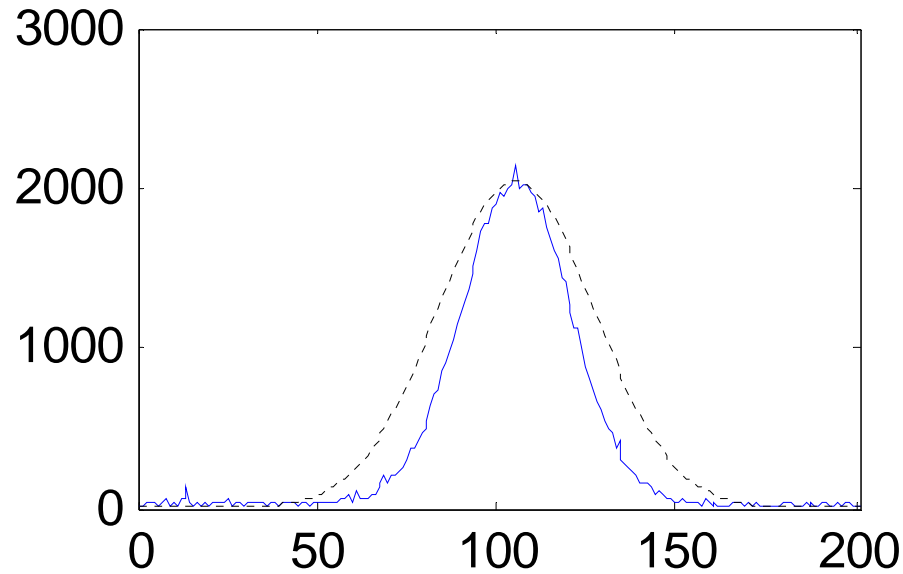
Response Matrix used to characterize wiggler

Difference between 205mm wiggler measured response matrix and 14mm wiggler measured response matrix



Emittance

horizontal sigma = 108.32 μm
position = 105.48



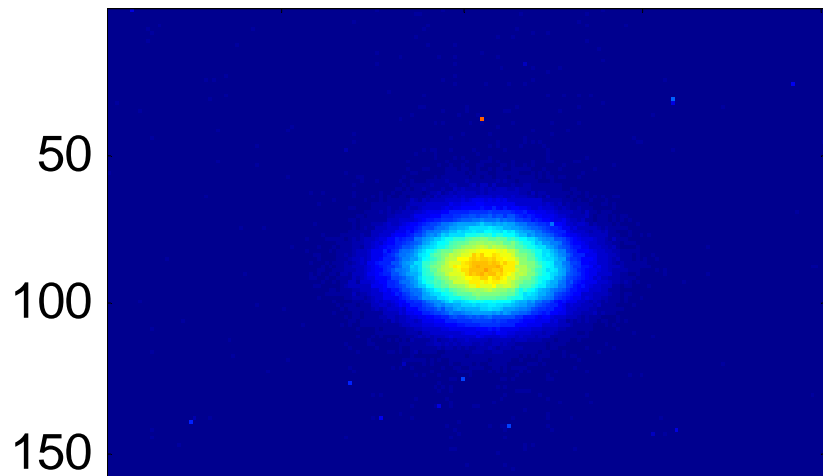
$$\sigma_x = 108.32 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\sigma_y = 84.28 \mu\text{m}$$

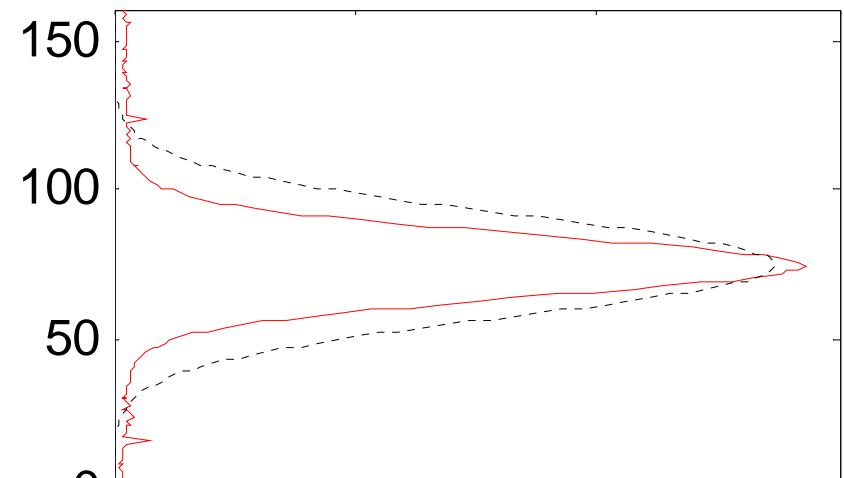
$$\varepsilon_x = 17.52 \text{ nm}$$

$$\varepsilon_y = 0.22 \text{ nm}$$

ccd image



vertical sigma = 84.28 μm
position = 87.00



he Australian Synchrotron Project has been very successful.

There is still work to be done before becoming an operational facility

A small team of dedicated staff have done an excellent job

- writing the specifications for the contracts
- working with the contractors
- integrating all of the systems

This has led to a smooth commissioning according to the project schedule.