





## Wir schaffen Wissen – heute für morgen

**EPICS 4 Progress Report** 

Timo Korhonen (Paul Scherrer Institut) for the **EPICS 4 Collaboration** 



- Outline
- Introduction
- •System structures
- Modules
- •Data handling and transport
- Interoperability
- •Services
- •Summary & Outlook



- •EPICS version 3 structure
  - Flat database of records
    - Enables development of lightweight controls applications
    - Combining data into larger entities is cumbersome
- •Scientific applications have different requirements than controls applications
  - Data integration facility-wide, from diverse data sources
    - Beam orbit at a certain pulse from distributed front-ends
    - Facility information in relational databases
  - Large data sets with meta-data and values
    - Detector image with dimensions, trigger conditions, etc.
    - AD converter data with sampling rate, bit depth, environment data
- •EPICS 4 aims to bring controls and scientific applications closer
  - Structured data support and new network protocol: pvAccess
  - Services for data processing and aggregation



## **System structures with EPICS 4**



•Systems can consist of

- Traditional IOCs, talking both Channel Access and pvAccess
- Services serving complex data, possibly aggregated from different sources
  - Infrastructure services (RDB), model services, live and archive data, etc.
- Client applications can use either protocol (CA, PVA) for easier migration
  - But only pvAccess can provide complex data



- •EPICS 4 is a combination of EPICS 3 and modules providing new features
  - New modules on top of EPICS 3 make a version 4 IOC
  - Services that are not IOCs can be programmed using the additional modules
- •Single codebase for IOCs and services
  - One set of APIs instead of separate ones
- •EPICS 3 infrastructure can be used as is
  - Huge investment in infrastructure that does its job well
  - Re-implementing all that is not realistic for many sites
  - Add what is missing, keep what works well

•In the future, the additional modules will be merged into the EPICS base release



## Modules

- •Modules that make up the base infrastructure of EPICS 4 (at the moment)
  - Build on top of EPICS base release; at the moment 3.14.12 and higher
  - **pvData**: API manipulating of data structures
  - **pvAccess**: network protocol to transport pvData over the network
  - **pvaSrv**: provides to Version 3 records via pvAccess
  - common utilities for the above, example services, etc.
- •Specifications and conventions to complement the above
  - Normative types, specification of general-purpose structures
  - pvAccess protocol specification
- See the project website (epics-pvdata.sourceforge.net) for documentation and code



- Structured data support (pvData )
  - Data entities can be
    - Scalar, array of scalars, structure, array of structures
      - Structures can contain any of the above
      - Top-level entity with a published name is always a structure
  - APIs for structure introspection and data manipulation





- •Network protocol to transport pvData: pvAccess
  - Wire protocol for efficient data transfer over the network
    - Even for high-volume data (e.g. pixel detectors)
  - New operations in addition to put, get and monitor (subscription)
    - ChannelRPC: query with parameters
    - PutGet: put-process-get, get back results after doing I/O operation
- •Structure vs. data content
  - Client and server exchange introspection information before exchanging data
    - Data on the wire is not self-describing, for efficiency
- •Focus on efficiency
  - Transfer large amounts of data
  - Queuing to support reliable data acquisition



- •How to deploy version 4 in existing facilities
  - Co-existence of protocols (Channel Access, pvAccess)
    - V3 Channel Access, V4 pvAccess
  - IOCs can deploy pvaSrv to serve record data and metadata
    - and thus become V4 IOCs
  - pvAccess client can use Channel Access protocol
    - No changes to IOC necessary





- •Interoperability of services and IOCs depends on
  - Talking the same protocols
  - Introspection facilities
  - Knowing what the structures represent
- •Normative Types (NT) enable implementation of generic clients
  - Knowing the structure only does not specify what the data represents
  - Define a set of standard structures
  - Specify also what they represent
    - Receiver can handle the data without knowing where it came from
- •Services exchange NT structures
  - e.g. NTURI with query parameters
  - Results returned in a NTTable



- •Services provide integration of
  - Different sources of data (aggregation)
  - Data processing and manipulation (modelling, conversions, etc.)
  - Facility data, metadata (device lists, device parameters, etc.)
  - Logbooks, utilities,...
- •Service-based architecture has several advantages
  - Modular, single source of data
  - Uniformity of communication IOC to facility services
  - Management: internal changes do not affect clients
- •Services, existing or planned
  - Channel Finder service provides device views
    - See next talk (TUCOCB05)
  - MASAR: machine snapshot and retrieve (in MOPPC155, Monday)
  - Gather: Collect data from different sources (IOCs, services)
  - Database services: Serve data from relational databases
- •And many others, all talking the same protocol



- EPICS version 4 has taken a firm shape
  - base infrastructure for data handling, pvAccess protocol essentially complete
    - Features are being added: Multicasts, access security, etc.
  - Integration into the base is foreseen
- Working groups continue to build on top of v4 facilities
  - Services
    - Modelling, data manipulation, data integration
  - Utilities for facility management
    - Logbooks, etc., that interface directly with EPICS
  - User interface tools
    - Control System Studio interfaces for services, etc.
- Services are being deployed in production
  - Real-life testing brings maturity to the products
- Consult the project website for information about progress and activities
  - http://epics-pvdata.sourceforge.net



## Thank you for your attention!

