

A Development of High Sensitive Beam Profile Monitor Using Multi-Screen



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Contents



- Motivation
- Concept
- J-PARC and 3-50 Beam Transport Line
- OTR by Low γ : 3GeV Proton Beam
- Large Acceptance Optics
- Detector
- OTR profile with Intense Beam
- Combination Measurement with OTR and Fluorescence
- Simultaneous measurement of beam core and beam halo
(Next step)
- Summary and Next Step

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Motivation



Basic Subject

- Diagnosing injection beam bound for Main Ring
 - Two dimensional beam profile measurement with OTR
- Beam halo/ collimated beam shape measurement
 - More sensitive measurement with fluorescence by chromium doped alumina screen
 - Beam halo $\sim 10^{-6}$

Advanced Subject

➔ **Combination Measurement with OTR/Fluorescence**

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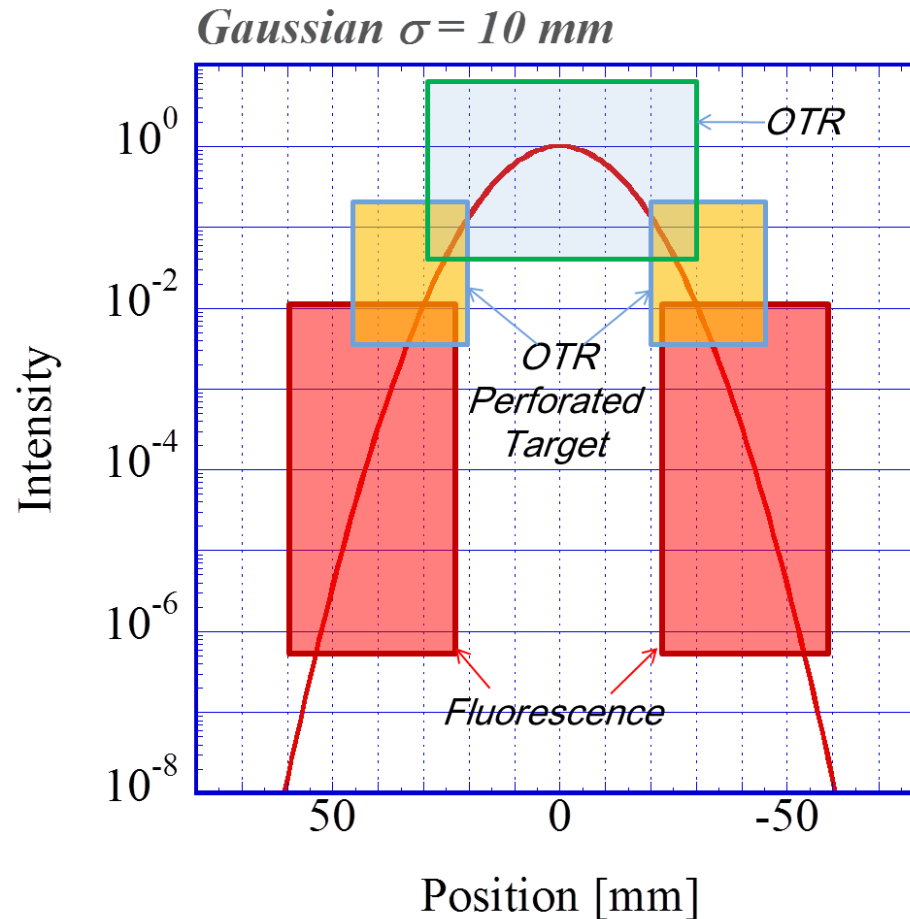
Concept (1)

Changing Triple Target (Multi-Screen):

OTR : Solid Foil for OTR/Perforated Foil with 50 mm diameter

Fluorescence (FL): Chromium doped Alumina Screen

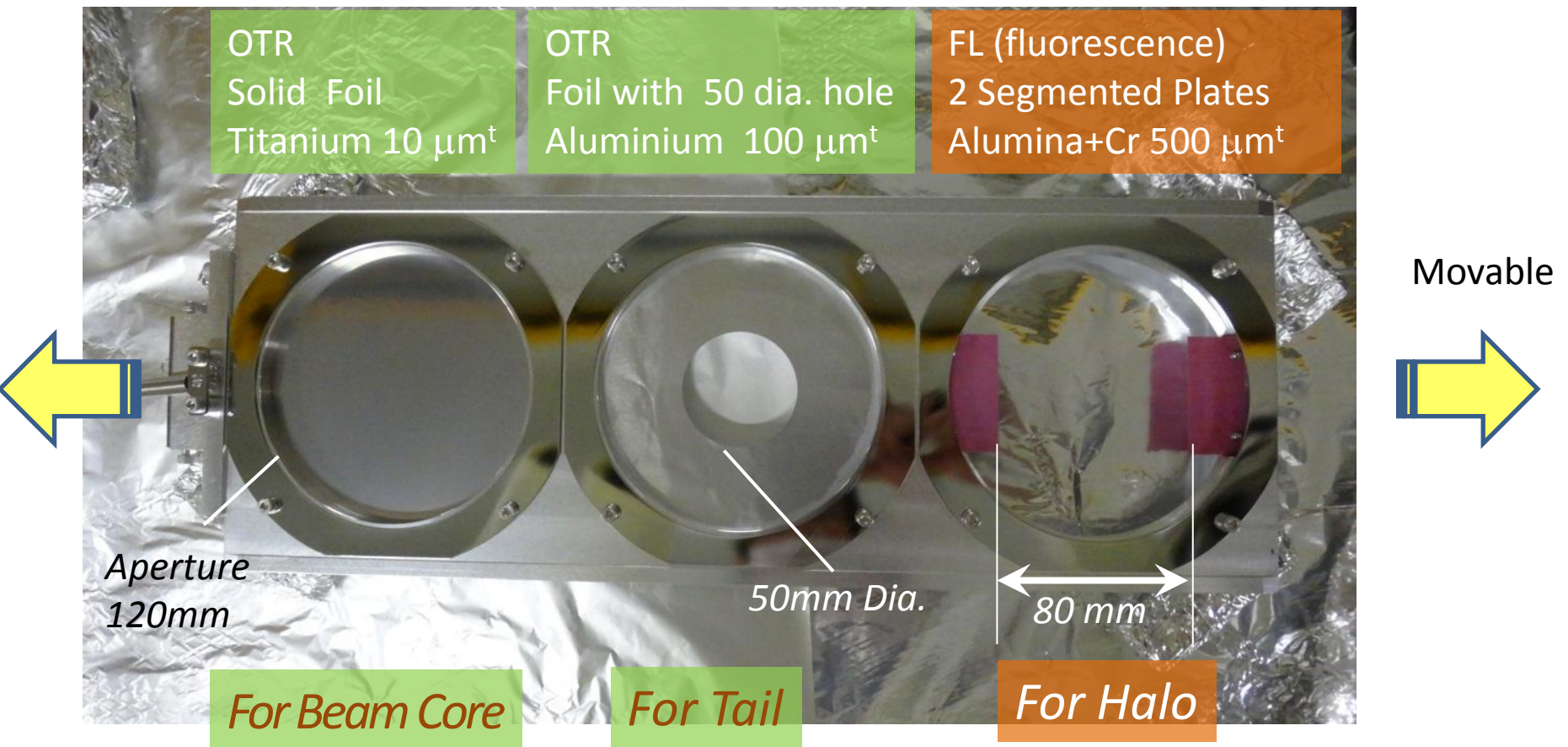
Adopting Suitable Gain of the Detector: Image Intensifier



Concept (2)

Multi-Screen : OTR/Fluorescence

- *Linear Movable (H) Triple Screen Target to Demonstrate Sensitive Measurement with Wide Dynamic Range*

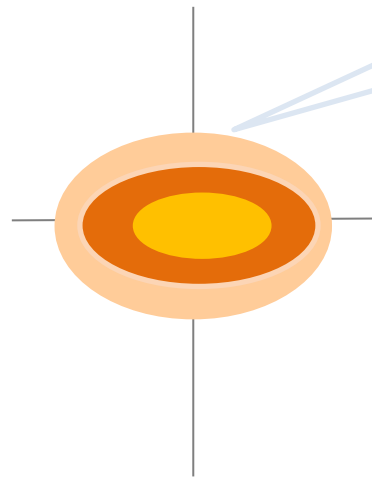


Concept (2)

Multi-Screen : OTR/Fluorescence

- *Linear Movable (H) Triple Screen Target to Demonstrate Sensitive Measurement with Wide Dynamic Range*

Target OFF

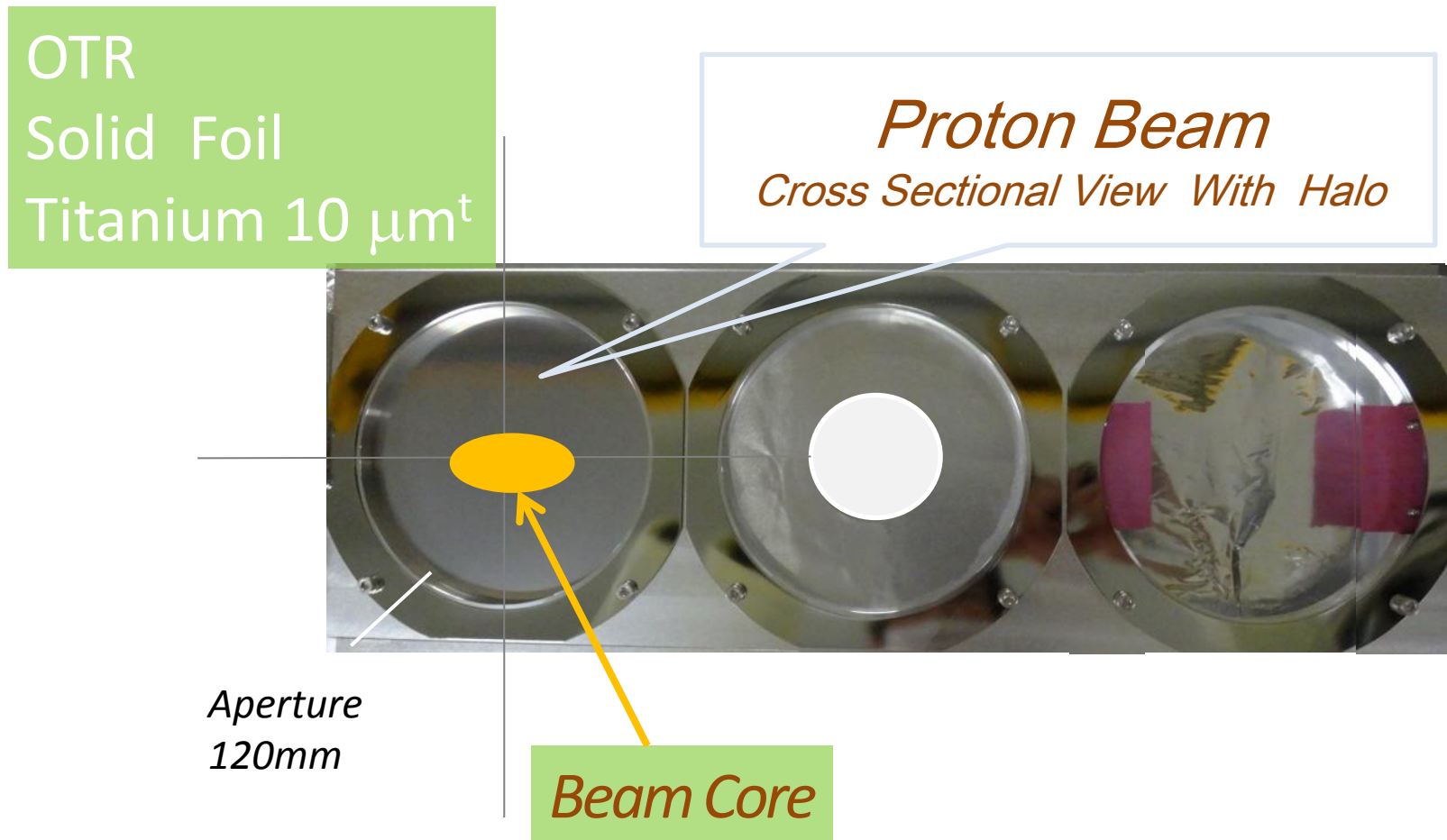


Proton Beam
Cross Sectional View With Halo

Concept (2)

Multi-Screen : OTR/Fluorescence

- *Linear Movable (H) Triple Screen Target to Demonstrate Sensitive Measurement with Wide Dynamic Range*



Concept (2)

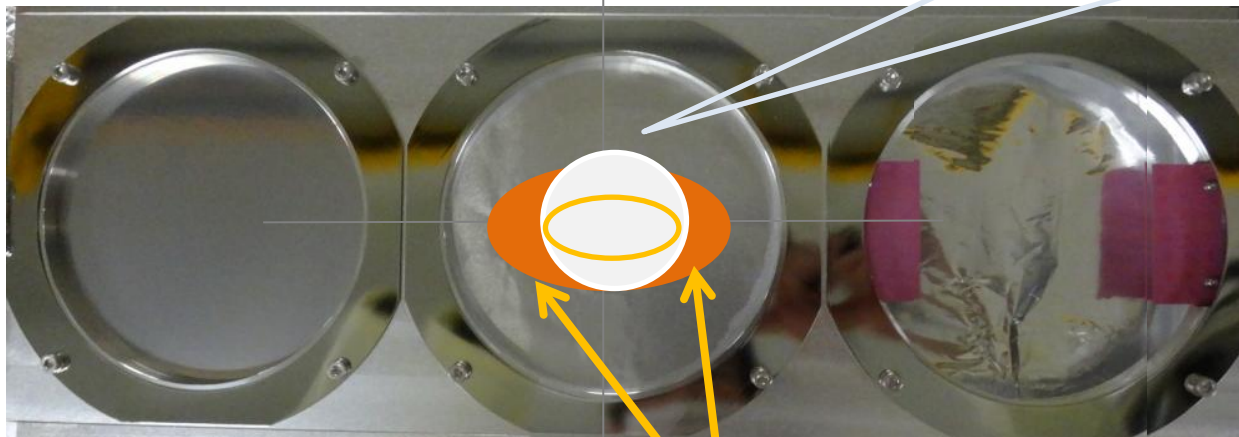
Multi-Screen : OTR/Fluorescence

- *Linear Movable (H) Triple Screen Target to Demonstrate Sensitive Measurement with Wide Dynamic Range*

OTR

Foil with 50 dia. hole
Aluminium $100 \mu\text{m}^t$

Proton Beam
Cross Sectional View With Halo



Beam Tail

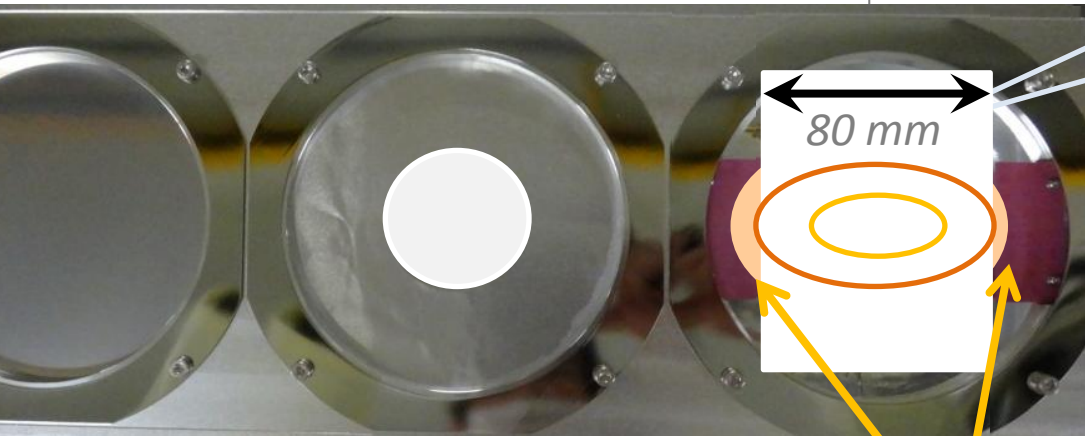
Concept (2)

Multi-Screen : OTR/Fluorescence

- *Linear Movable (H) Triple Screen Target to Demonstrate Sensitive Measurement with Wide Dynamic Range*

FL (fluorescence)
2 Segmented Plates
Alumina+Cr 500 μm^t

Proton Beam
Cross Sectional View With Halo



Edge Position:
Precise Movable

Beam Halo

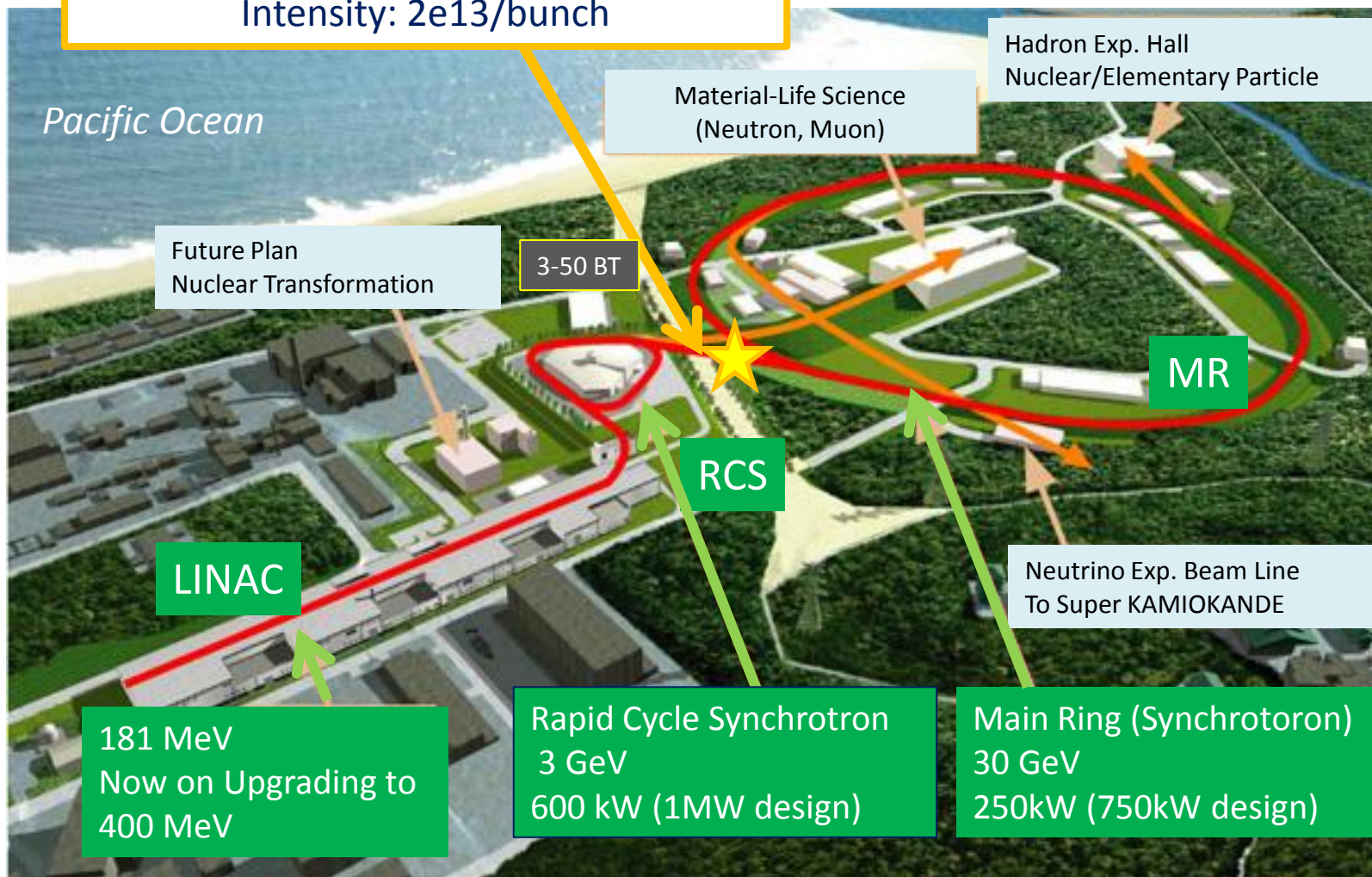
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J-PARC and 3-50 BT Outline

Multi-Screen Profile Monitor
E: 3GeV
Intensity: $2e^{13}/\text{bunch}$



J-PARC and 3-50 BT



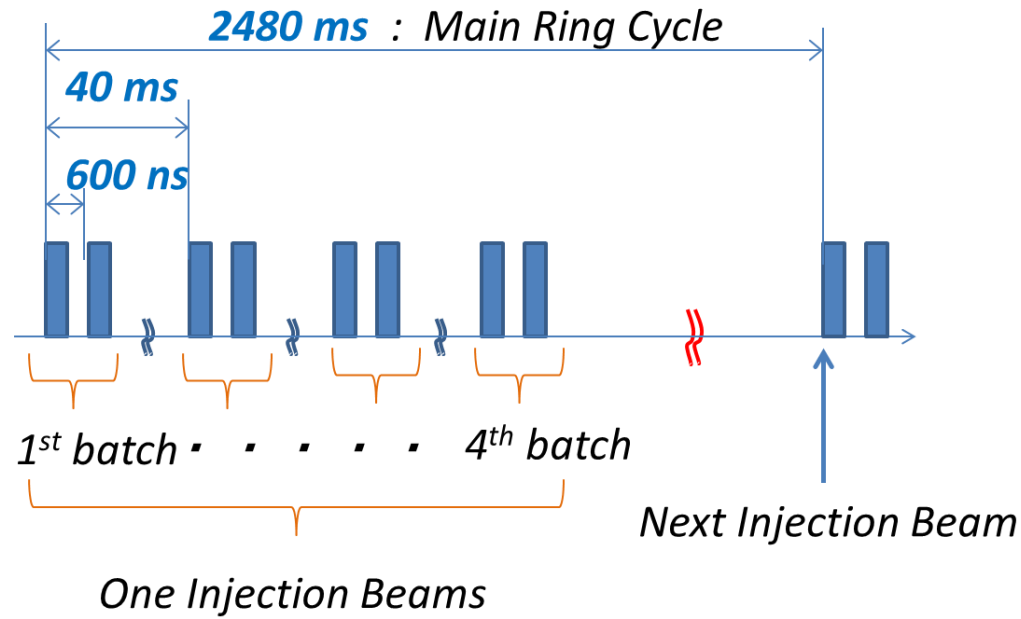
Beam Energy: 3 GeV

Beam Intensity :

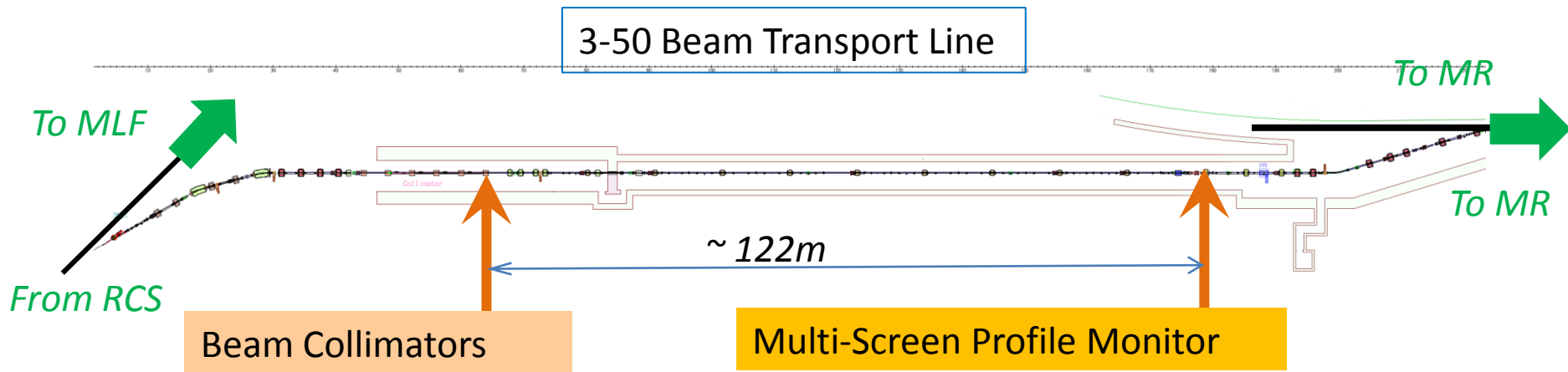
1.6×10^{13} proton/bunch

Injection Beam:

2 bunch \times 4 batch



- Our monitor usually measured 2bunch (1batch)
- Beam collimators located at 122m upper stream



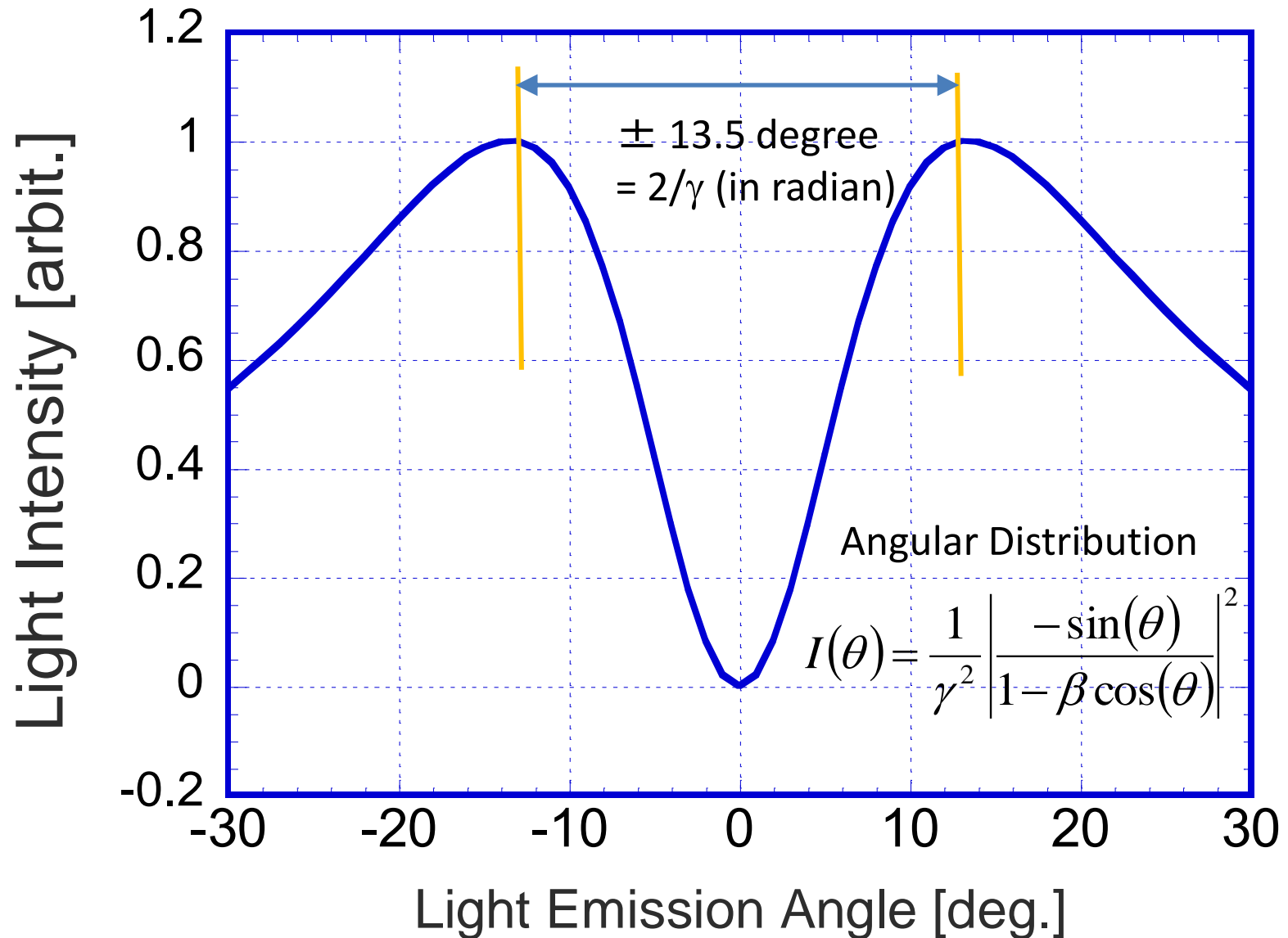
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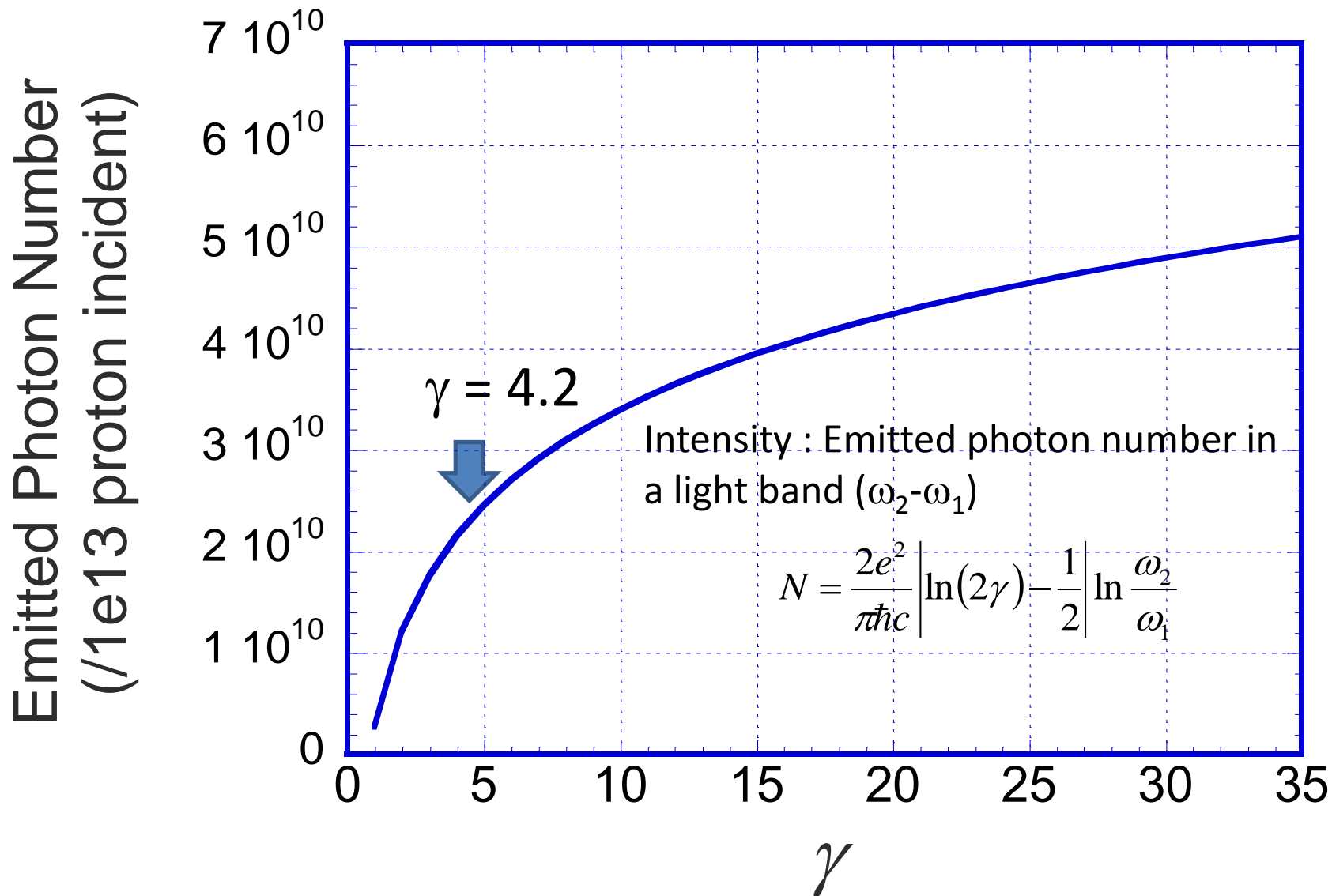
OTR by Low γ : 3GeV Proton Beam (1)

- Low γ : 4.2 \rightarrow Larger Angle Spread



OTR by Low γ : 3GeV Proton Beam (2)

2.5×10^{10} photons/ 10^{13} protons



Contents



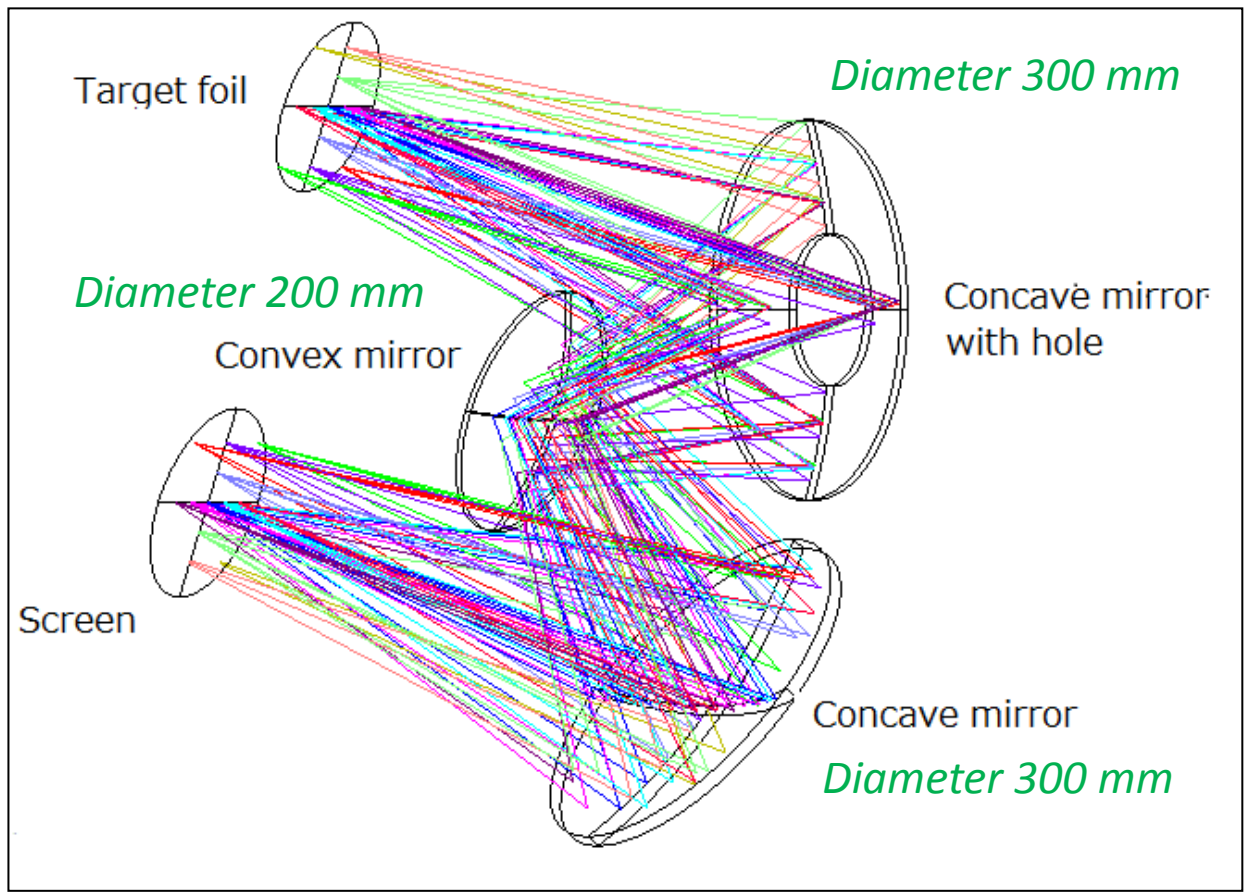
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Large Acceptance Optics

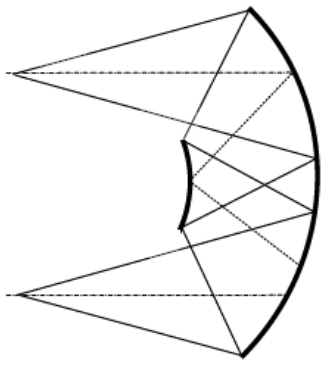
- Large Acceptance (± 15 deg.)
- Larger Object Size ($100^H \times 80^V$ mm²)
- In vacuum Off-axis Relay Optics

 *We employed Offner Optics.*

Our Scheme



Original Offner Scheme



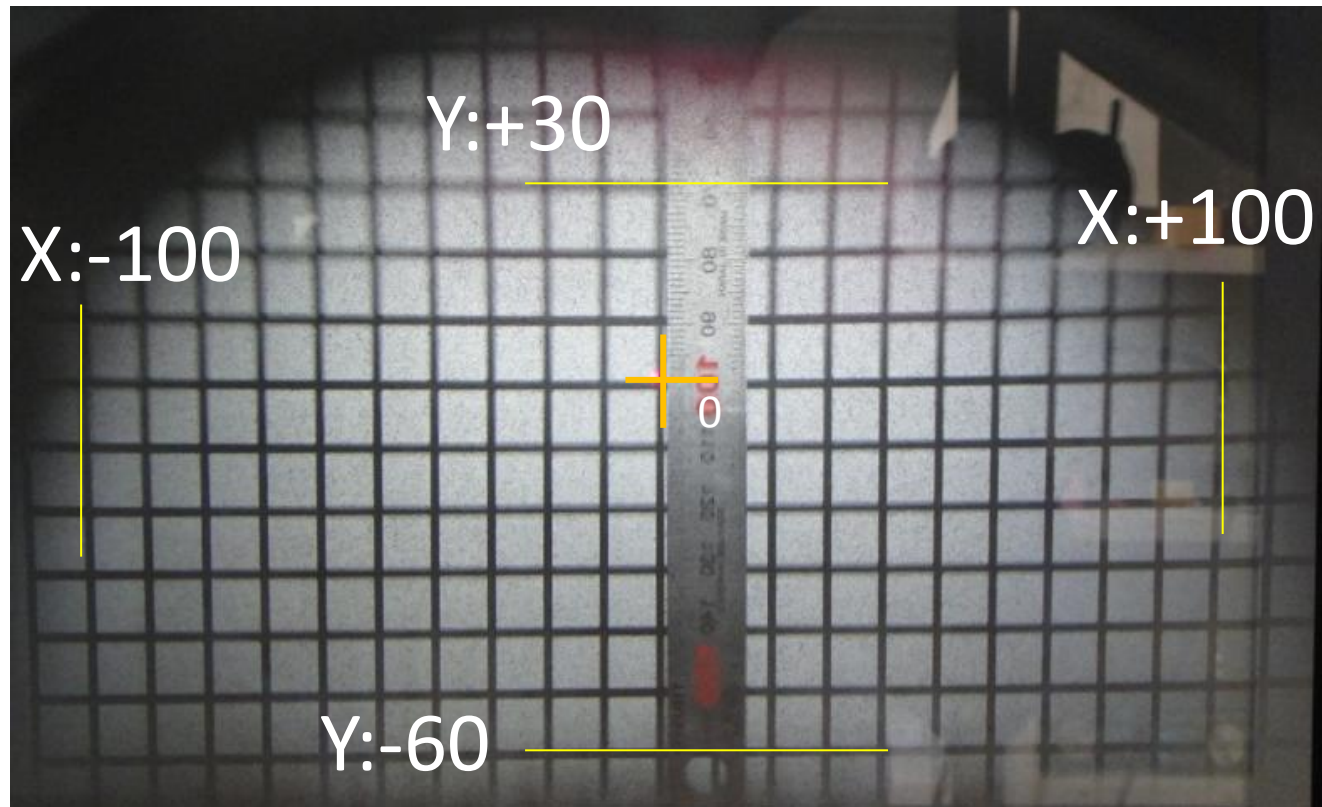
Large Acceptance Optics

Clear Aperture

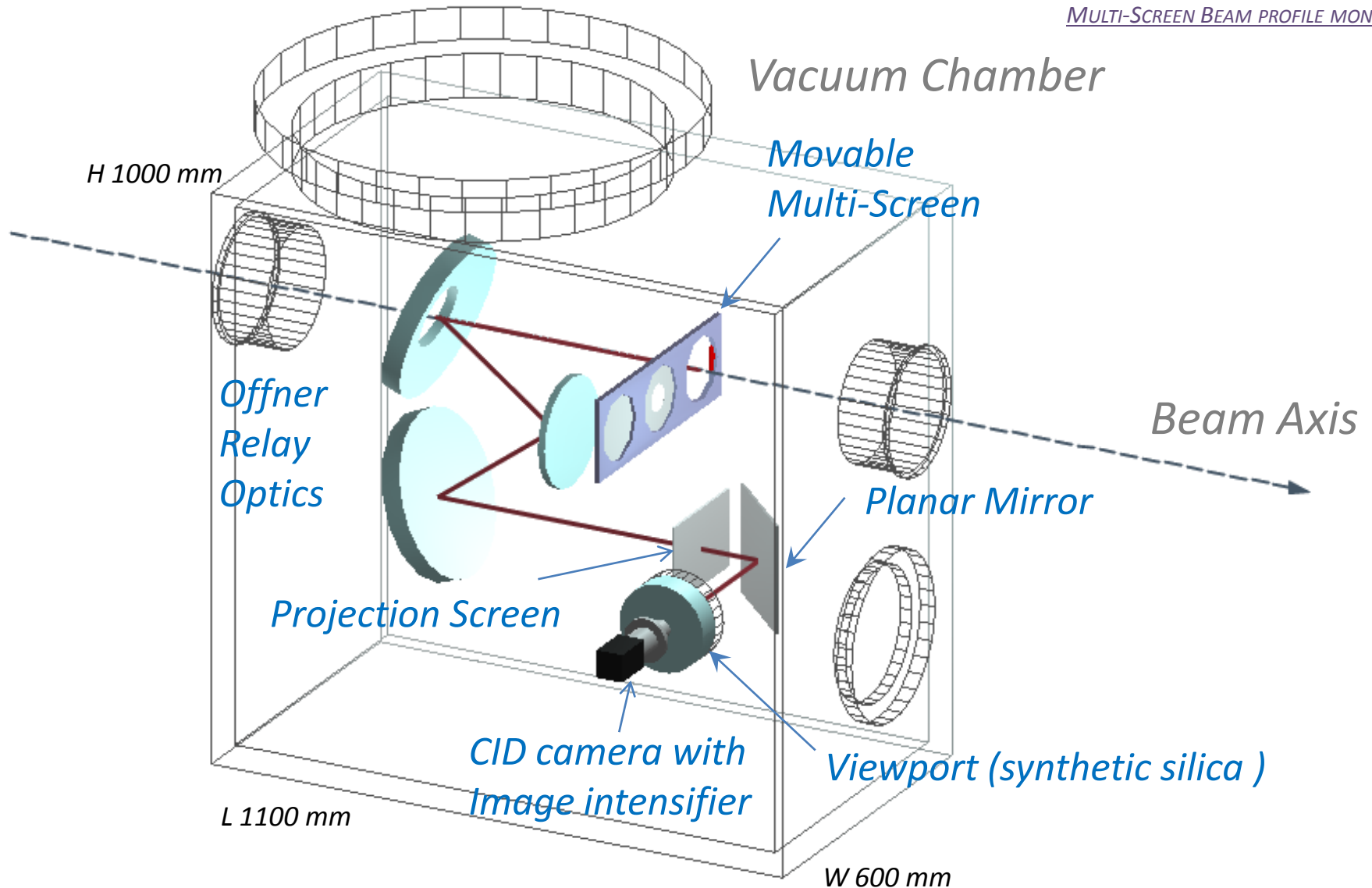
Horizontal: 200 mm

Vertical: 90 mm

Grid Pattern Test

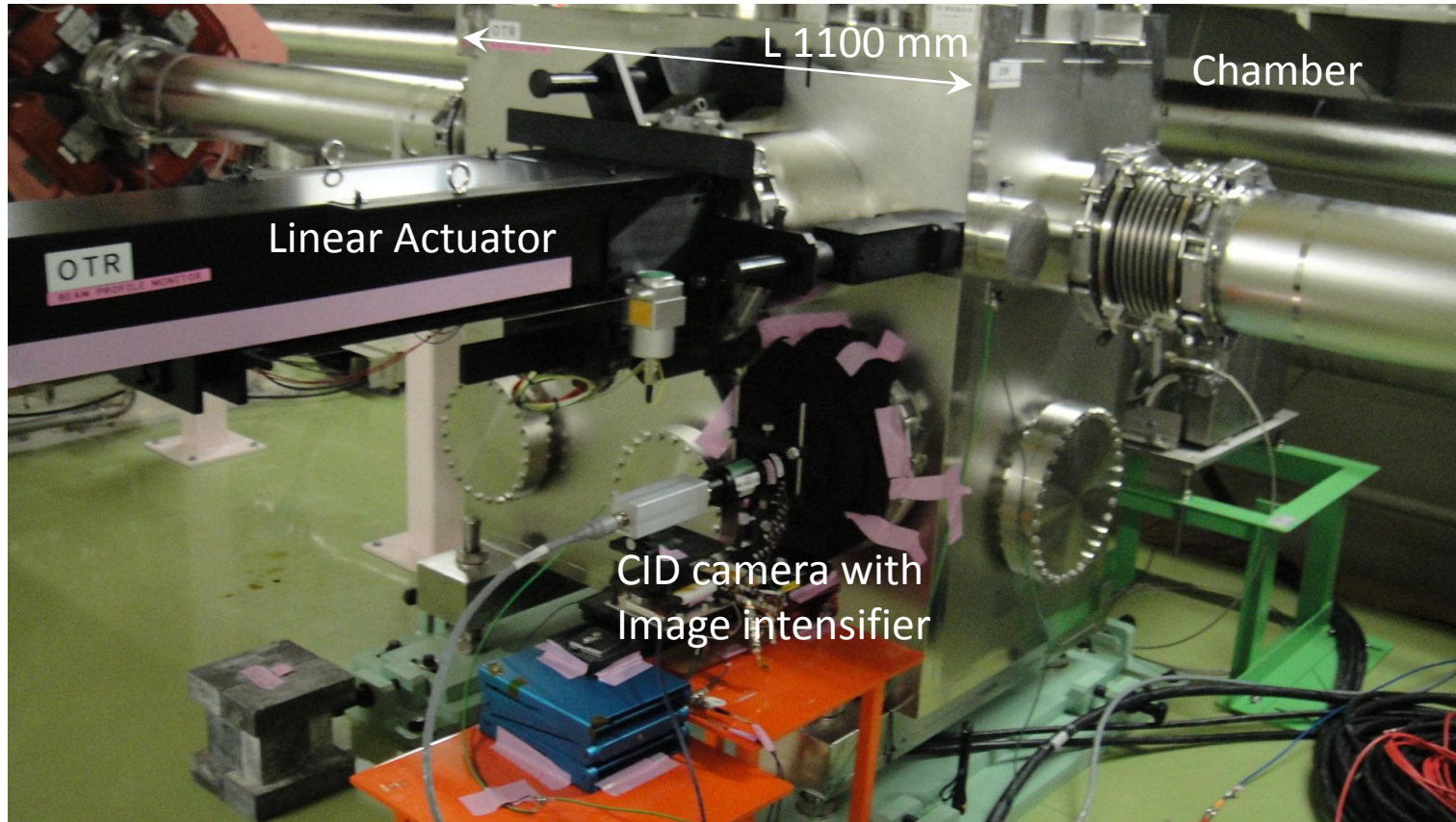


Large Acceptance Optics



Large Acceptance Optics

Setup at 3-50 BT in J-PARC



Vacuum pressure: 10^{-7} Pa

Radiation during operation: 100mGy /week

Contents

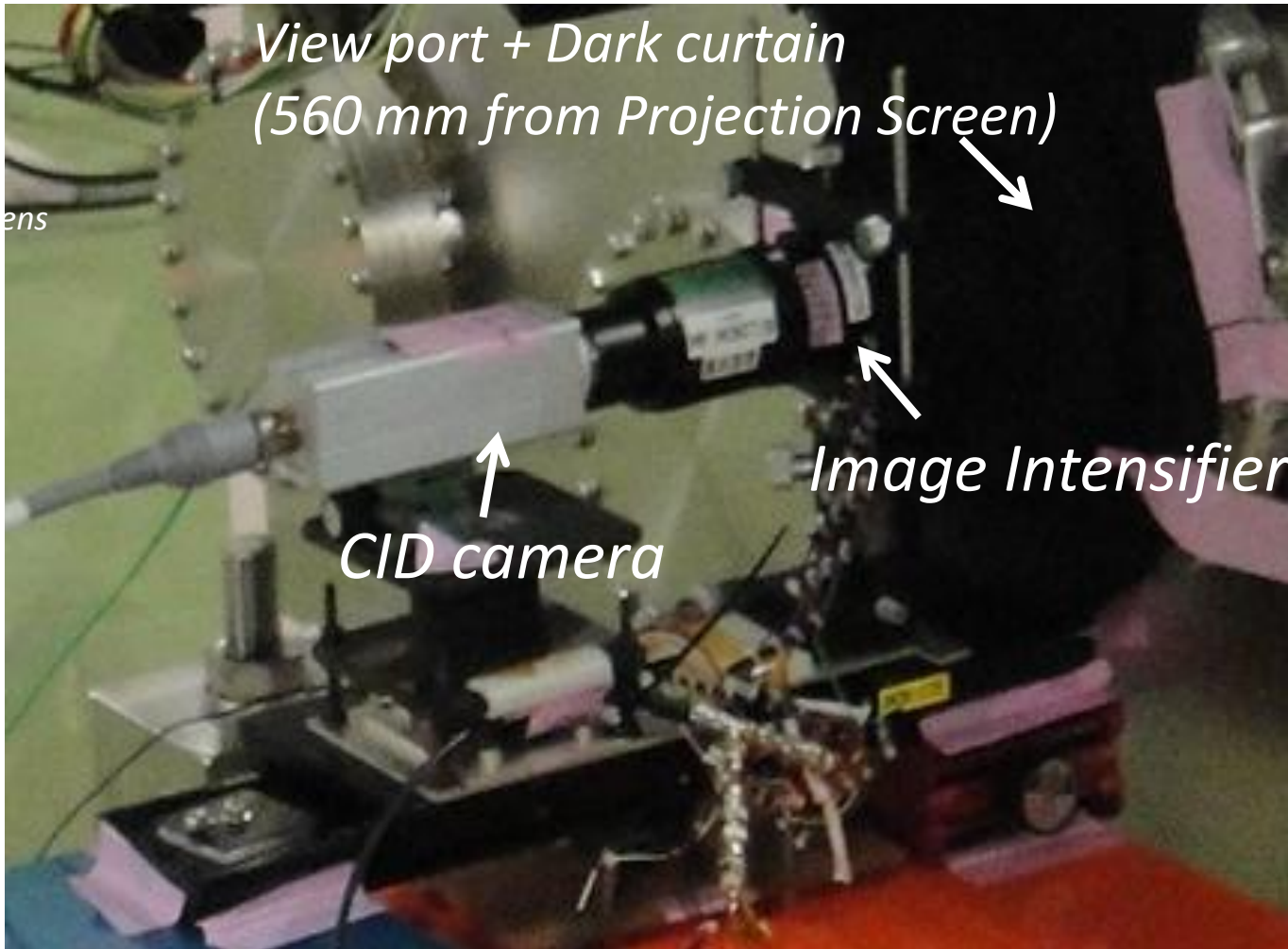


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Detector

- Image Intensifier with a Single Stage Micro Channel Plate
- Charge Injection Device (CID) Camera of Radiation Hard (300kGy)

Setup



Contents

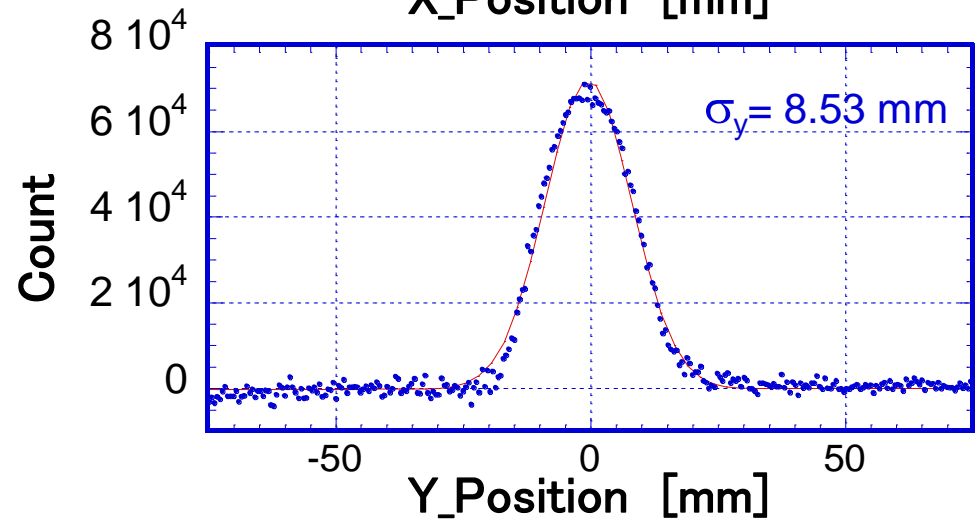
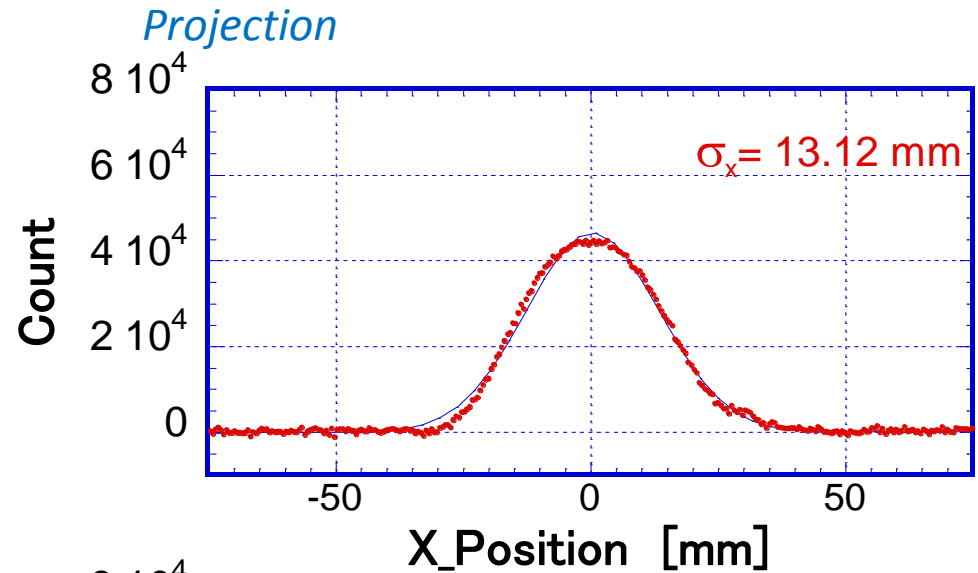
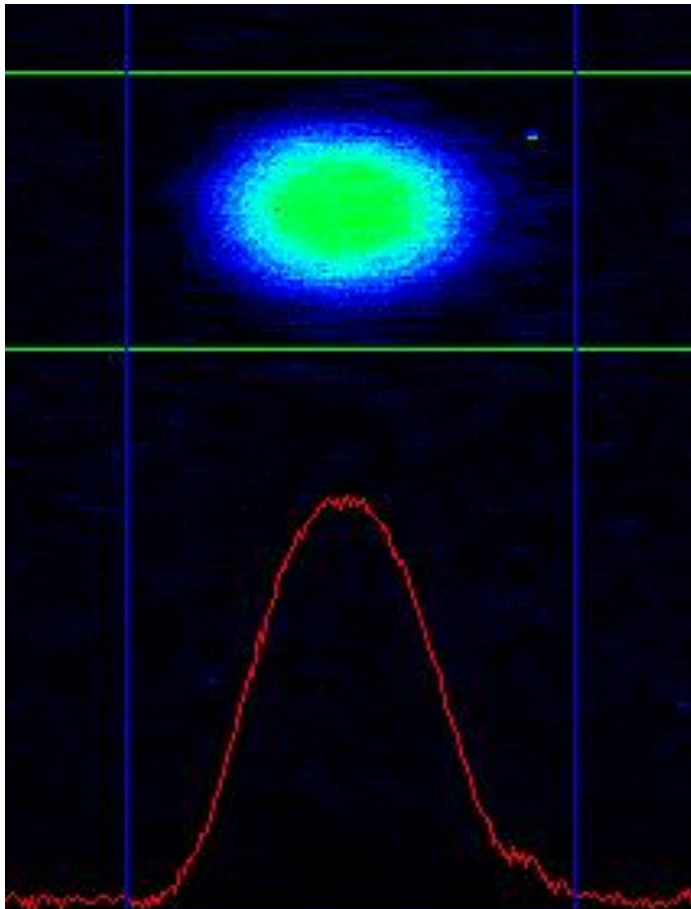


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Profile of An Intense Beam with OTR

- High Intensity Study: $4.2 \times 10^{13}/2\text{bunch}$
- Single Shot
- Image Intensifier Gain : 7×10^3

Beam Image



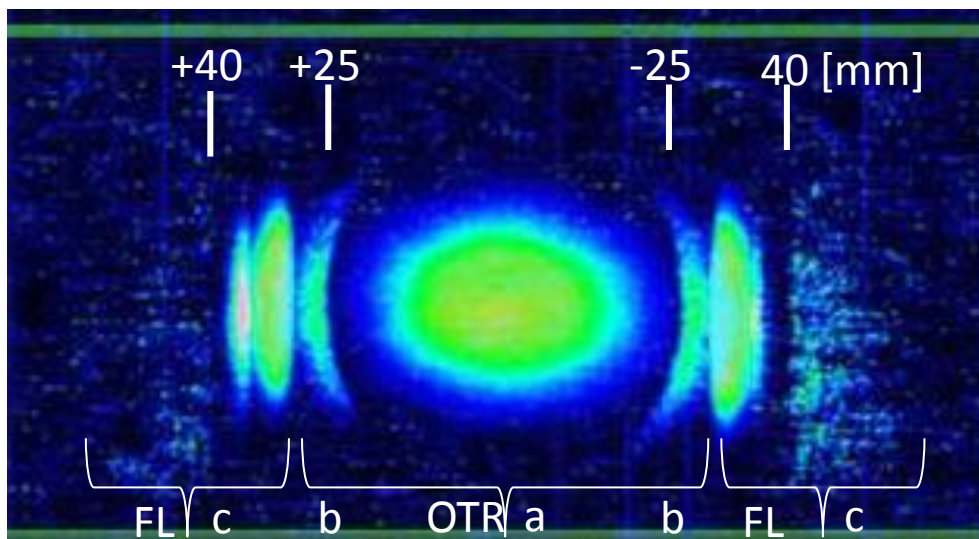
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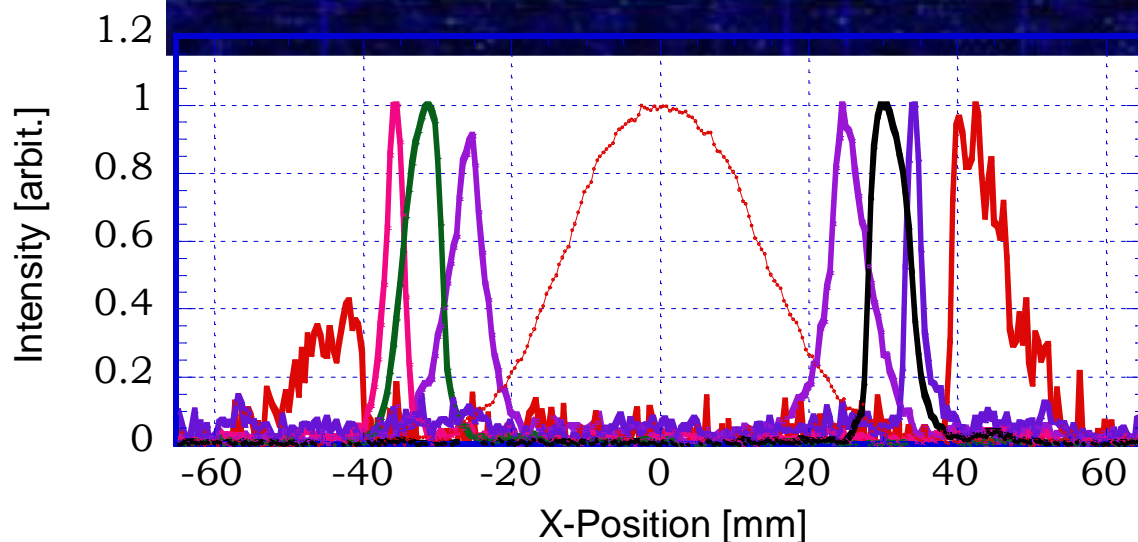
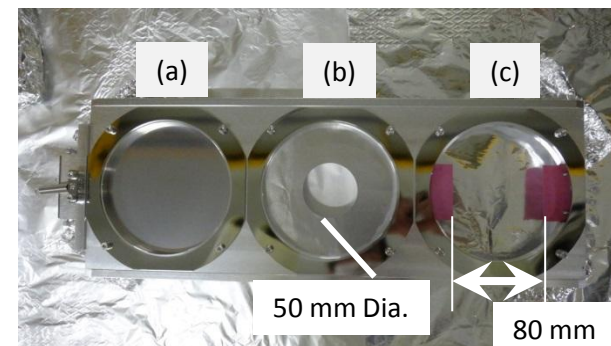
Combination Measurement with OTR and Fluorescence

- Intensity : 9.6×10^{12} proton /2bunch
- 2 bunches \times 5 Shots (AVG)
- Image Intensifier Gate: $10 \mu\text{s}$



Superimposed Profile
Image

Multi-screen



Horizontal Projection
(Normalized)

- For obtaining an **UNIFIED** profile in Common Vertical Scale with next two ratio,

Gain ratio of the image intensifier: G_R

$G_R = G_{1000} / G_{SET}$ by Gain curve of the Image Intensifier

G_{1000} : Gain at MCP1000V (Maximum)

G_{SET} : Gain at MCP set voltage at Measurement

Yields ratio between Fluorescence/OTR: Y_R



OTR data \rightarrow data/ G_R

FL data \rightarrow data/ Y_R/G_R

Combination Measurement with OTR and Fluorescence

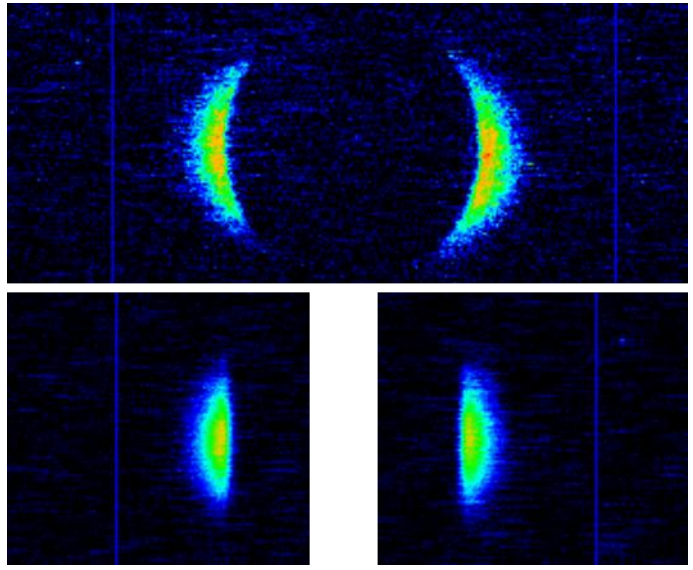
Y_R : Yields ratio between Fluorescence/OTR (1)



Measured Light Ratio : Y_{MR}
 I.I. Gain at OTR meas.: G_{OTR}
 I.I. Gain at FL meas.: G_{FL}

↓

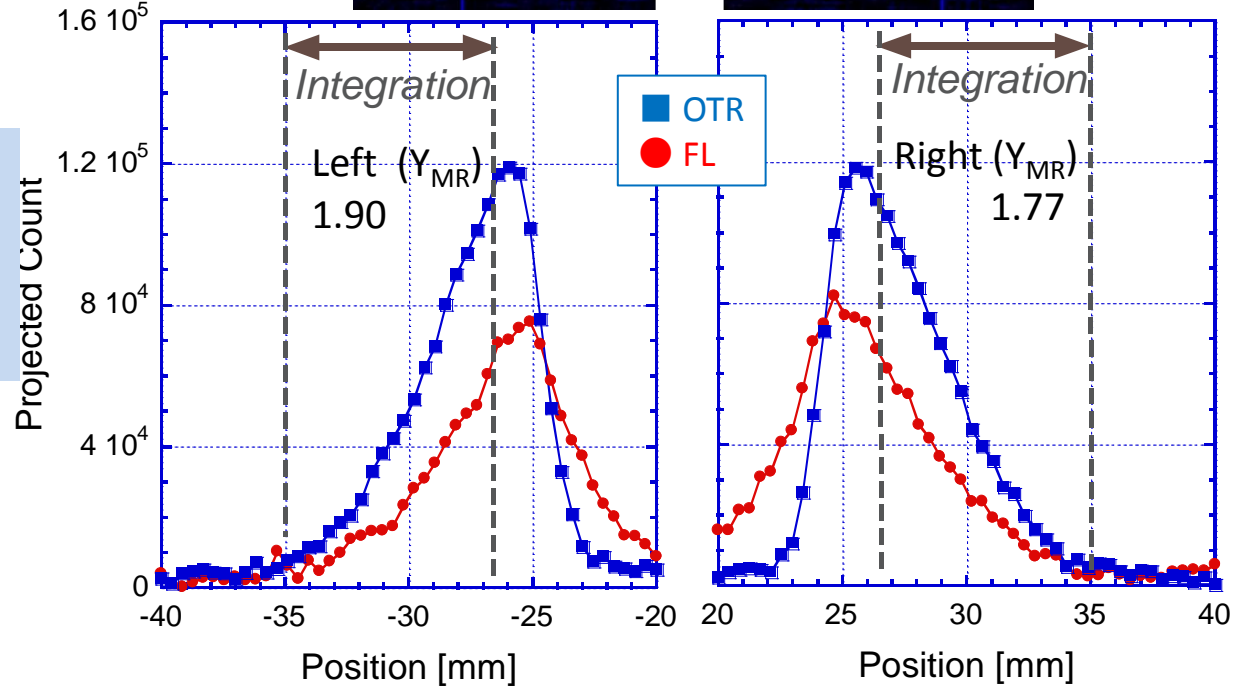
$Y_R = Y_{MR} \times G_{OTR} / G_{FL}$



OTR
50 mm dia. -Hole
Target

Fluorescence
Alumina Target
Edge: ± 25 mm

Integration Ratio
(avg.)
 $= Y_{MR}$
 $= 1.84 \pm 0.07$



Combination Measurement with OTR and Fluorescence



Y_R : Yields ratio between Fluorescence/OTR (2)

Measured Light Ratio : Y_{MR}
I.I. Gain at OTR meas.: G_{OTR}
I.I. Gain at FL meas.: G_{FL}

↓

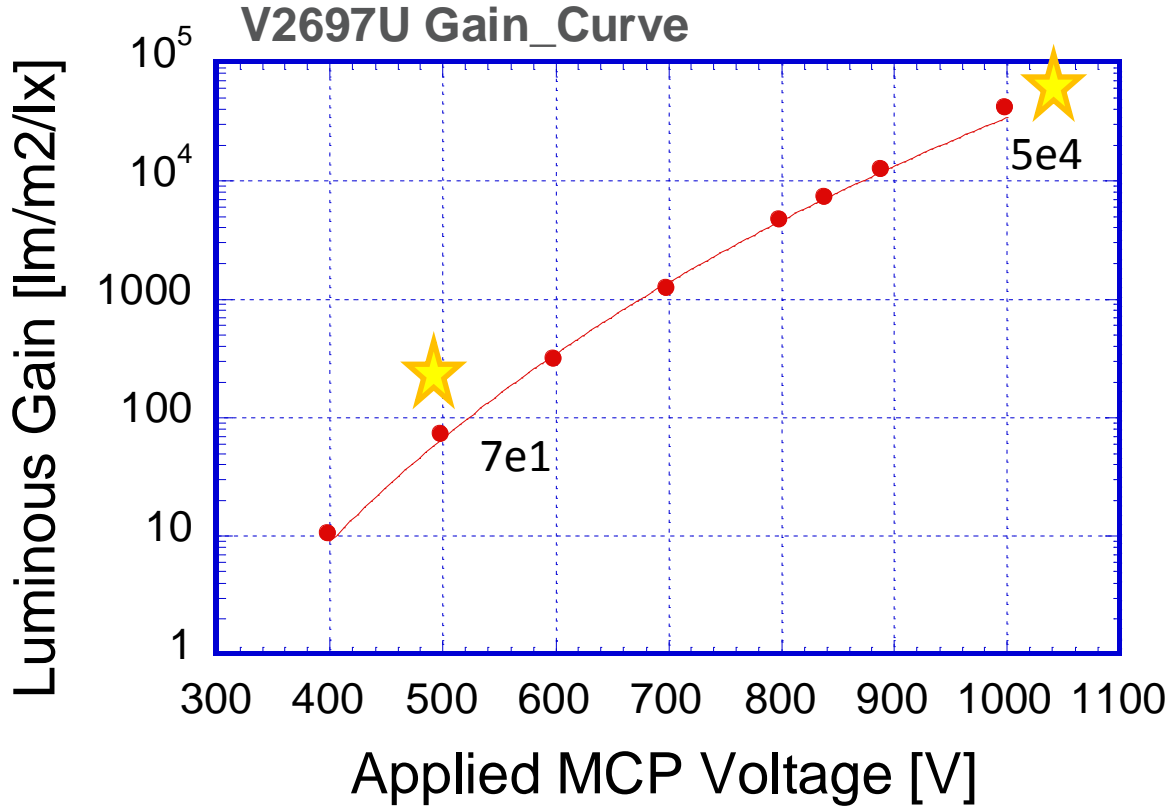
$$Y_R = Y_{MR} \times G_{OTR} / G_{FL}$$

Gain Ratio: G_{OTR} / G_{FL}
= MCP 1000V/MCP 500V
= $5e4 / 7e1$
= 714.3

↓

$$Y_R = Y_{MR} \times G_{OTR} / G_{FL}$$

= 1.84×714.3
= 1314.6



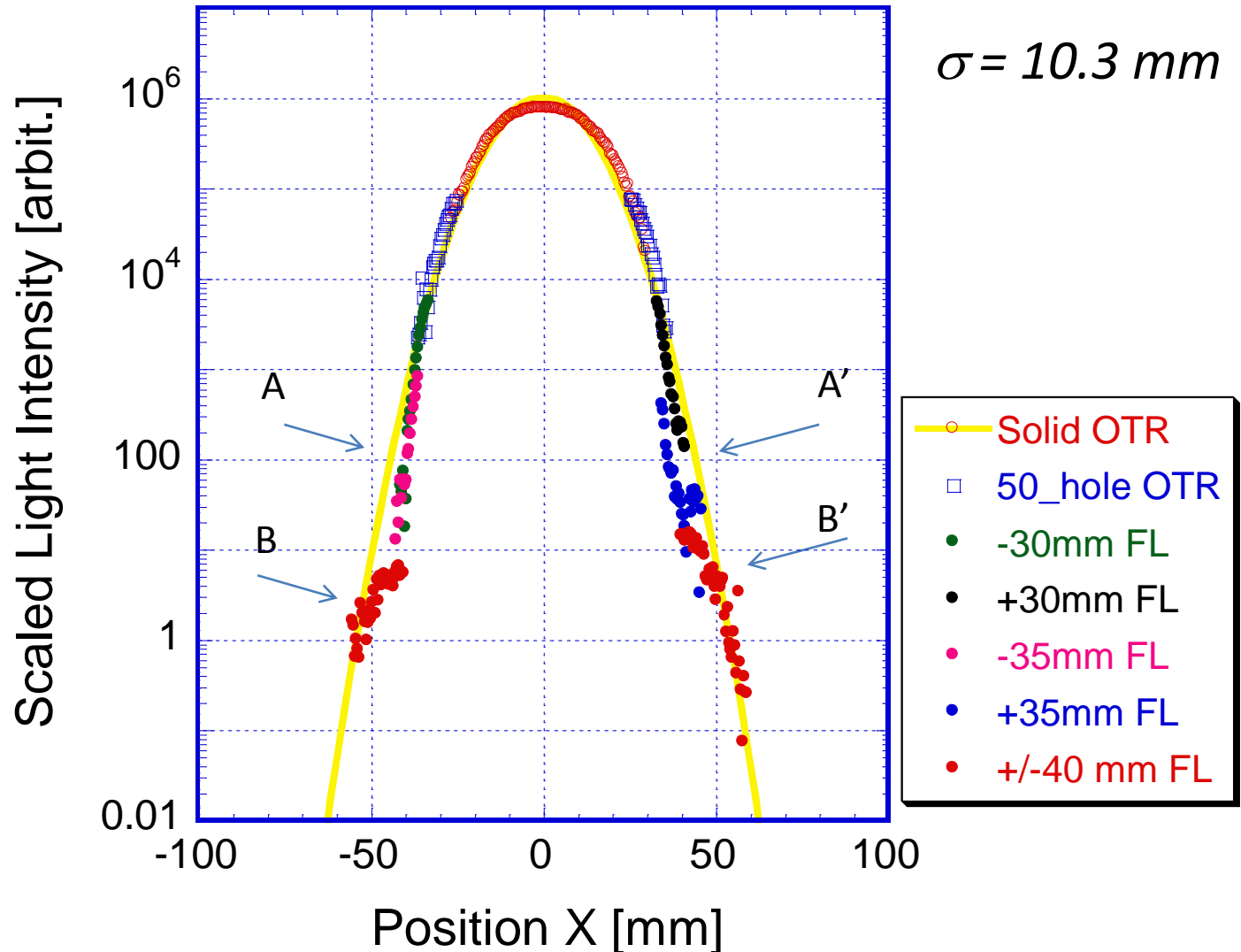
Results

More than Six Order Obtained

More than 100 mm Spatially Distributed.

A-A' : Collimating Effect?

B-B' : New Halo produced by Collimation?



Advantage of fluorescence by Cr doped alumina screen

★ Longer persistence: \geq several 100 ms

→ Integrated light (Gate of I.I. : 10 μ s)

Compare to OTR

OTR emission \sim beam time (\sim 200 ns x 2 bunch=400 ns)

→ Integration time ratio FL/OTR \sim 25

★ Larger transmission through the Offner Optics

→ Isotropic in light emission

Compare to OTR

OTR: wide angle directionality by 3GeV proton beam

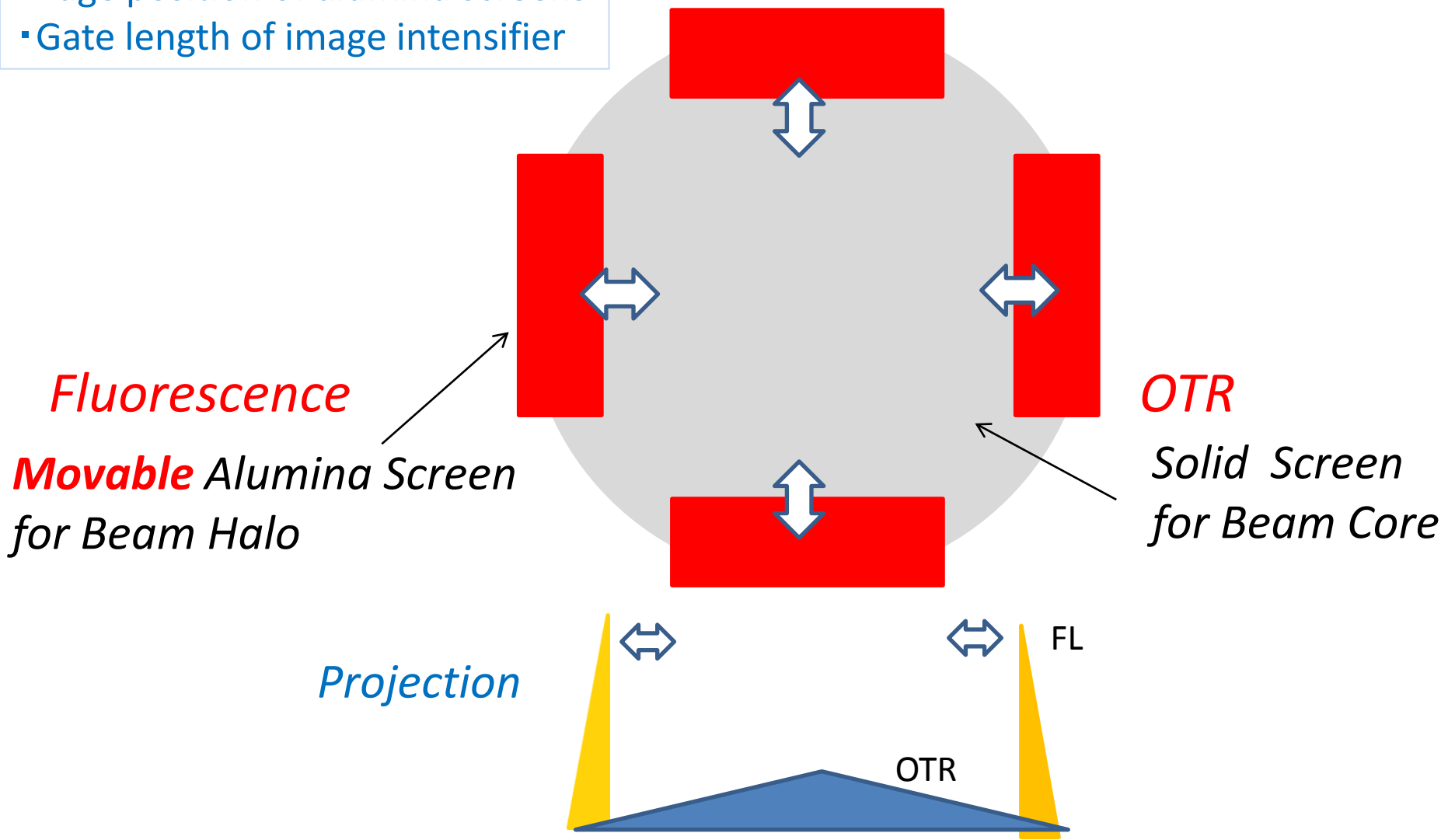
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Simultaneous measurement of beam core and beam halo (Next step)

- Knob for light yield control:
- Edge position of alumina screens
 - Gate length of image intensifier



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Summary and Next Step



Summary:

Demonstration of High Sensitive Beam Profile Monitor Using Multi-Screen

High dynamic range of six order:

We demonstrated a high sensitive measurement as horizontal spatial distribution of a beam by around six orders of light intensity ratio with using combination measurement by the OTR with the fluorescence from a chromium doped alumina screen.

Simple Scaling:

To obtain a unified data , we used a simple scaling method by the image intensifier gain and by the light yield ratio between the fluorescence and the OTR.

Next Step:

→ **One shot measurement** for beam core and halo in the horizontal and the vertical direction simultaneously.

*Thank you very much for
your attention !*

Large Acceptance Optics

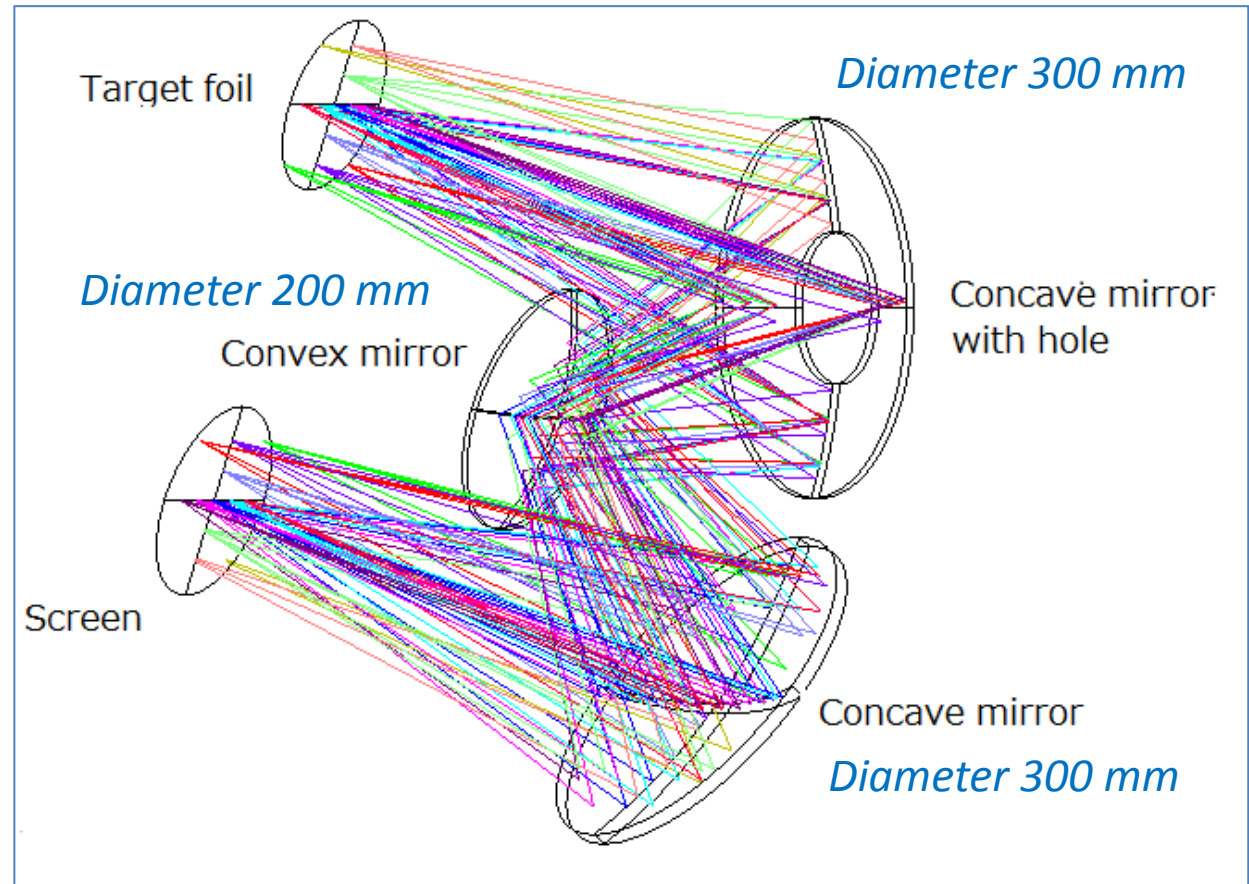
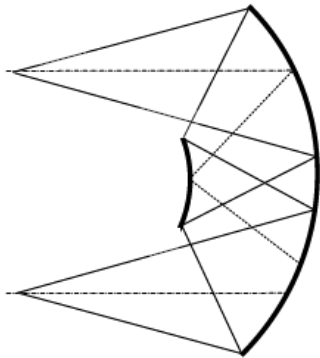
- Large Acceptance (± 15 deg.)
- Larger Object Size ($100^H \times 80^V$ mm²)
- In vacuum Off-axis Relay Optics
 - Cf. 45 deg. Tilted target : larger field depth and larger Object sizes \rightarrow telecentric opticses but **difficult**
 - Cf. Elliptical and Parabolic Mirrors for off axis optics \rightarrow **difficult** reason of aberration



We employed Offner Optics.

Our Scheme

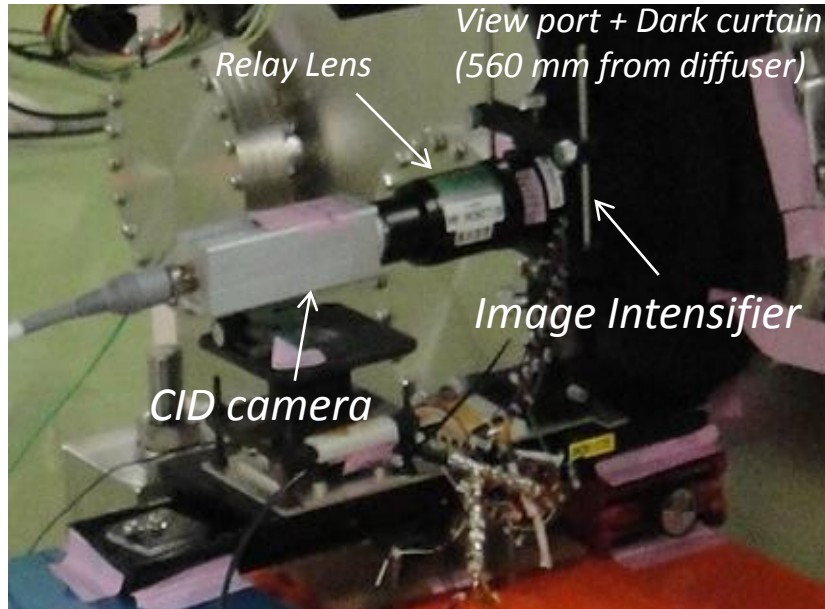
Original Offner Scheme



Detector

- Image Intensifier
- Charge Injection Device Camera
(Radiation Hard)

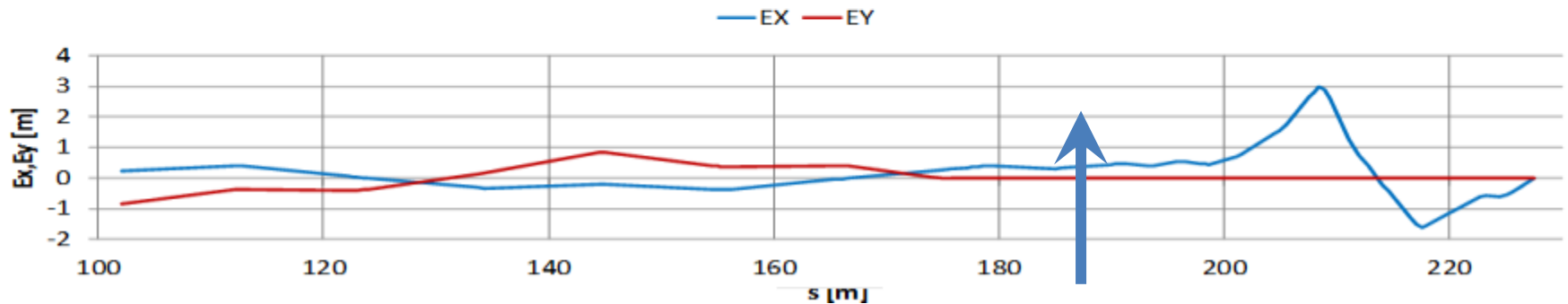
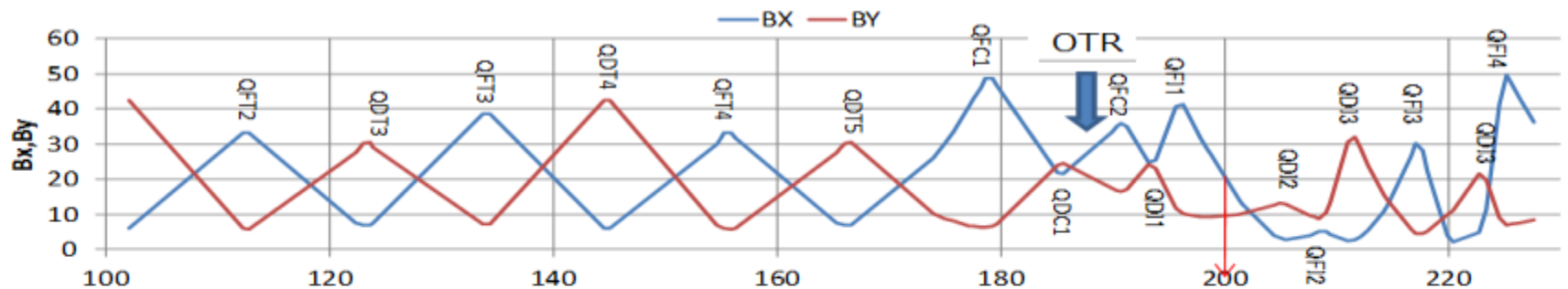
Detector setup



Device	Item	Specification
Focusing Lens	Focal Length	17 mm
[YakumoYMV2595N]	F number	0.95
	Image Format	1" (16 mm dia.) 12.8 × 9.6
	Front Aperture	26.8 mm
Image Intensifier	MCP	Single Stage
[HPK V2697U]	Luminous Gain	12000 [lm/m ² /lx]
	Resolution	30 [lp/mm]
	Phosphor Screen	Persistence: ~1ms
Relay Lens	Magnification	0.5
CID Camera	Radiation Tolerance	300 kGy
[ThermoFisher8725D]	Sensitivity	0.1 lx



- Low dispersive
- $\beta_x: \beta_y$ [m]



Multi-Screen Profile Monitor

Backup

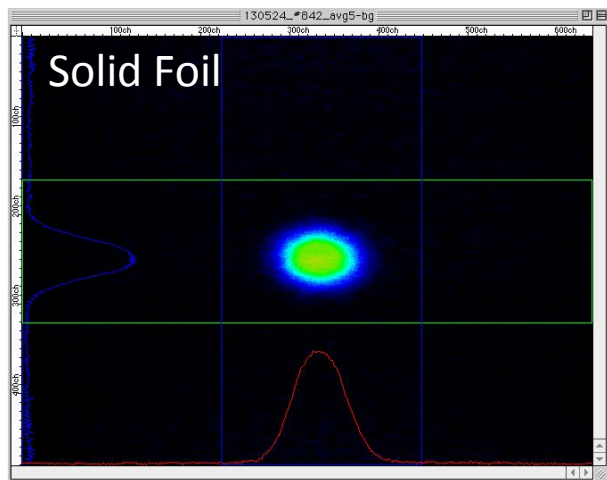
(1) Beam core and tail maes. : [Picture](#)

#877_
MCP1000V

#877_
MCP1000V

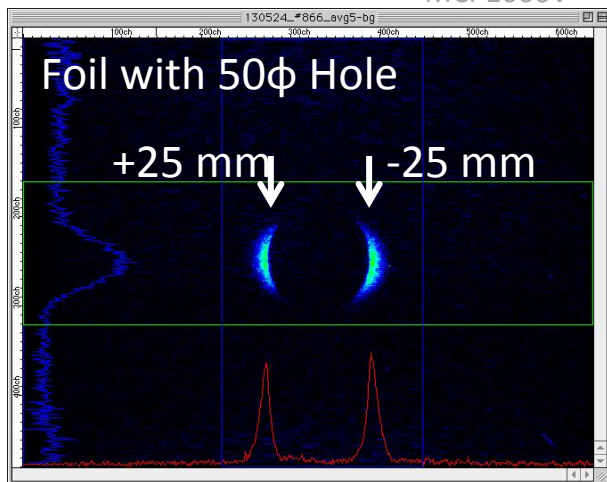
Beam core

#842_
MCP880V

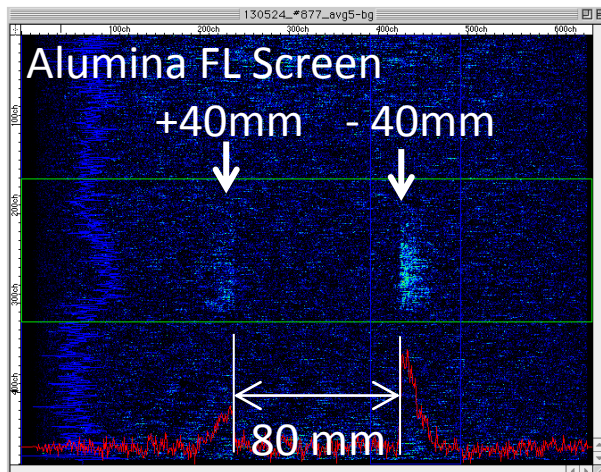


Near beam tail

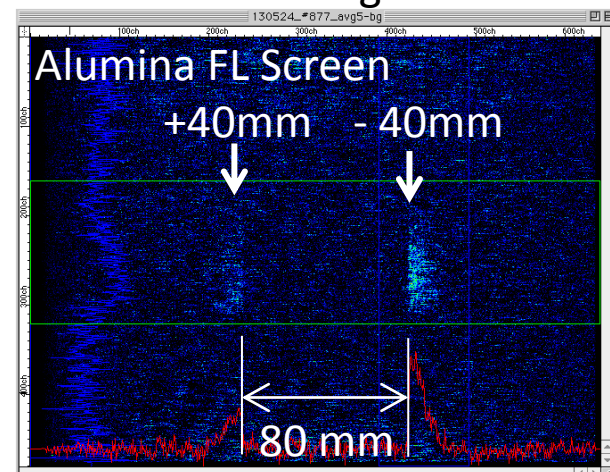
#866_
MCP1000V



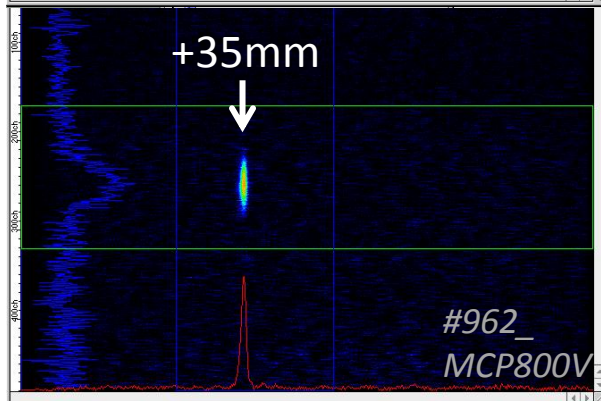
Far beam tail : Left



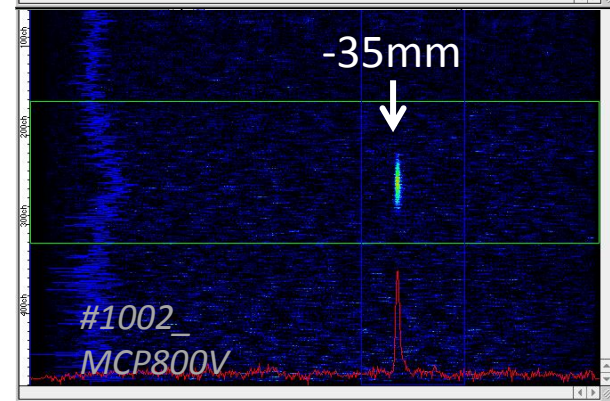
Far beam tail : Right



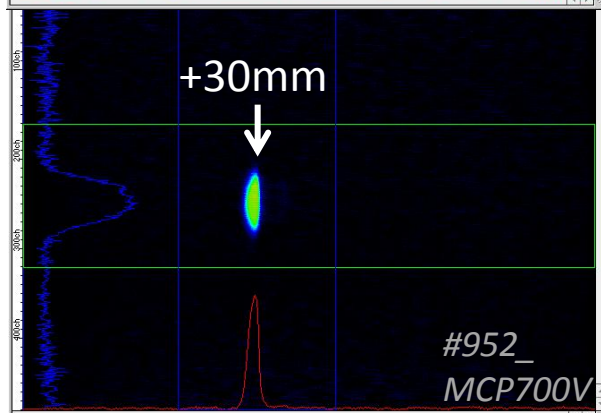
+35mm



-35mm



+30mm



-30mm

