



# Status of the High Current Permanent Magnet 2.45GHz ECR Ion Source at Peking University

S. X. Peng, Z. Z. Song, J. X. Yu, H. T. Ren, M. Zhang, Z. X. Yuan, P. N. Lu, J. Zhao,<sup>1</sup> J. E. Chen, Z. Y. Guo

*State Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Technology, Institute of Heavy Ion Physics, Peking University, Beijing 100871, People's Republic of China*



# Contents

## I. PKU PMECR ion sources

## II. Result of PKU Sources

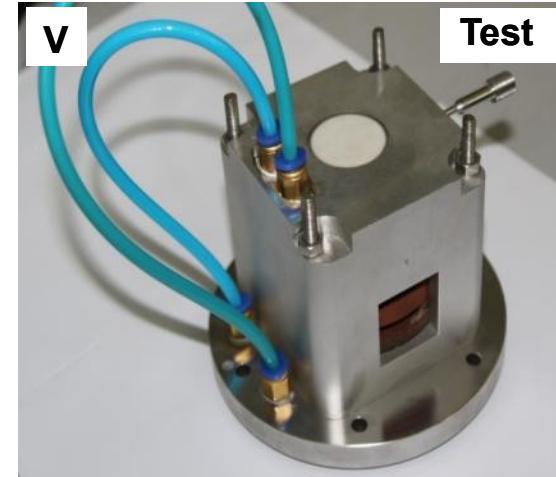
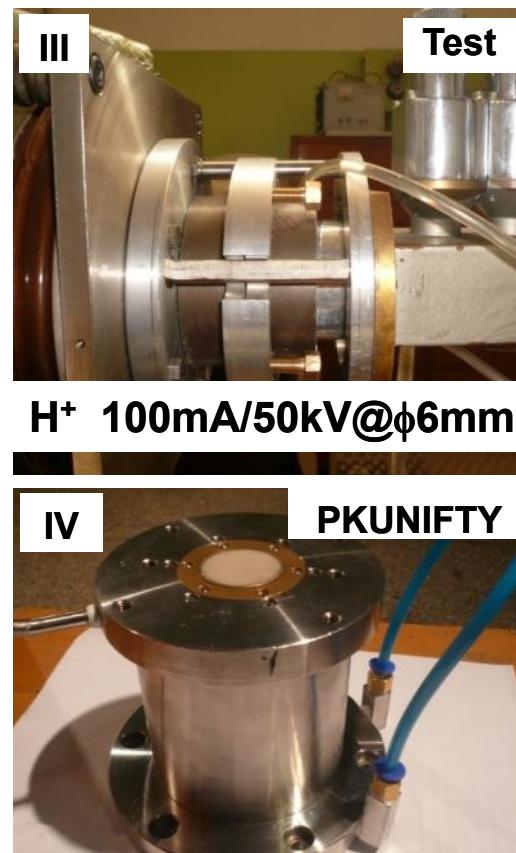
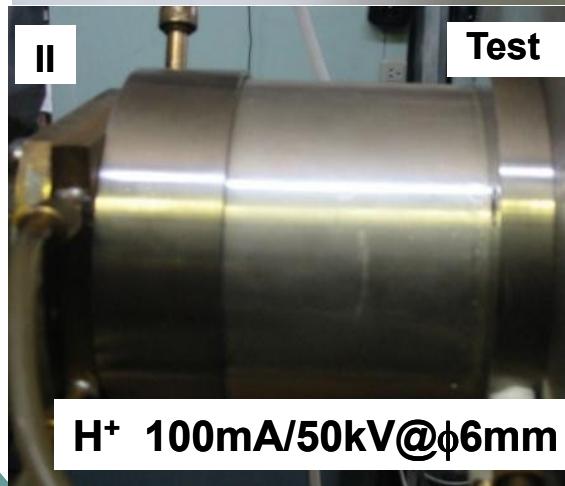
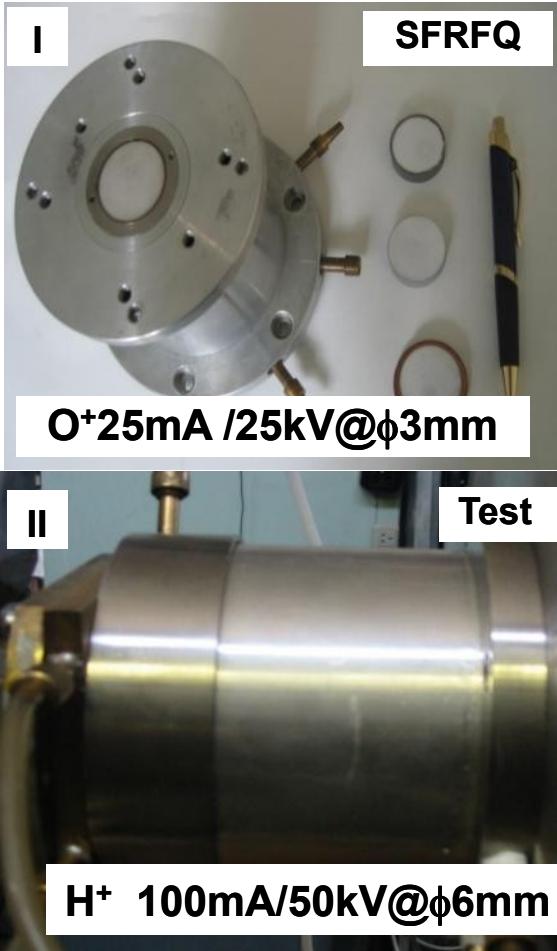
### 2.1 Test Bench

### 2.2 O<sup>+</sup> for SFRFQ

### 2.3 D<sup>+</sup> for PKUNIFTY

## III. Conclusion

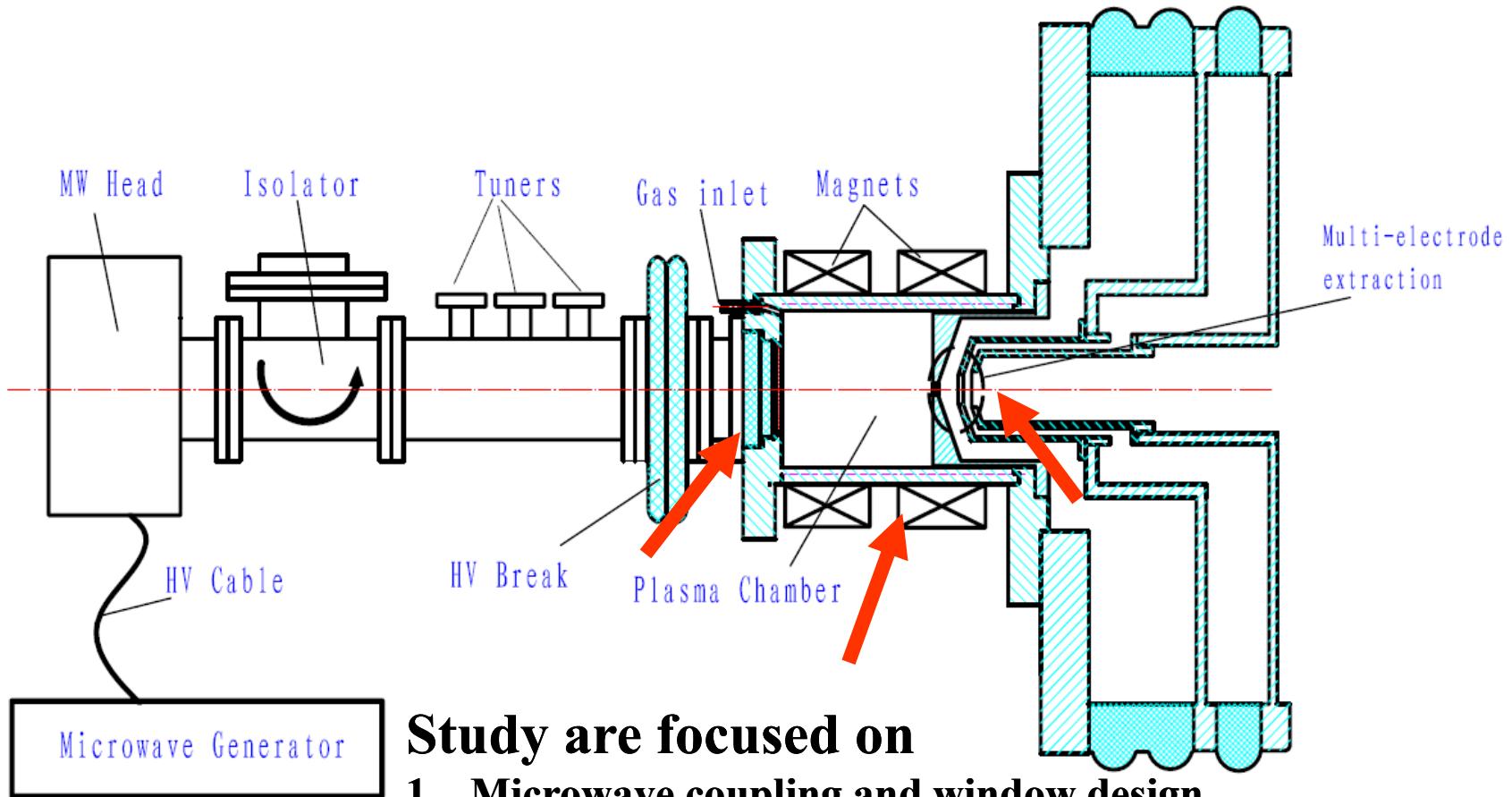
# I. Permanent magnet 2.45 GHz ECR ion source at PKU



**Dimension:**

$\phi_{out}$ : 10 cm/11.5cm  
height: 10 cm/11cm  
 $\phi_{in}$ : 40 mm/64mm  
L: 50 mm/50mm

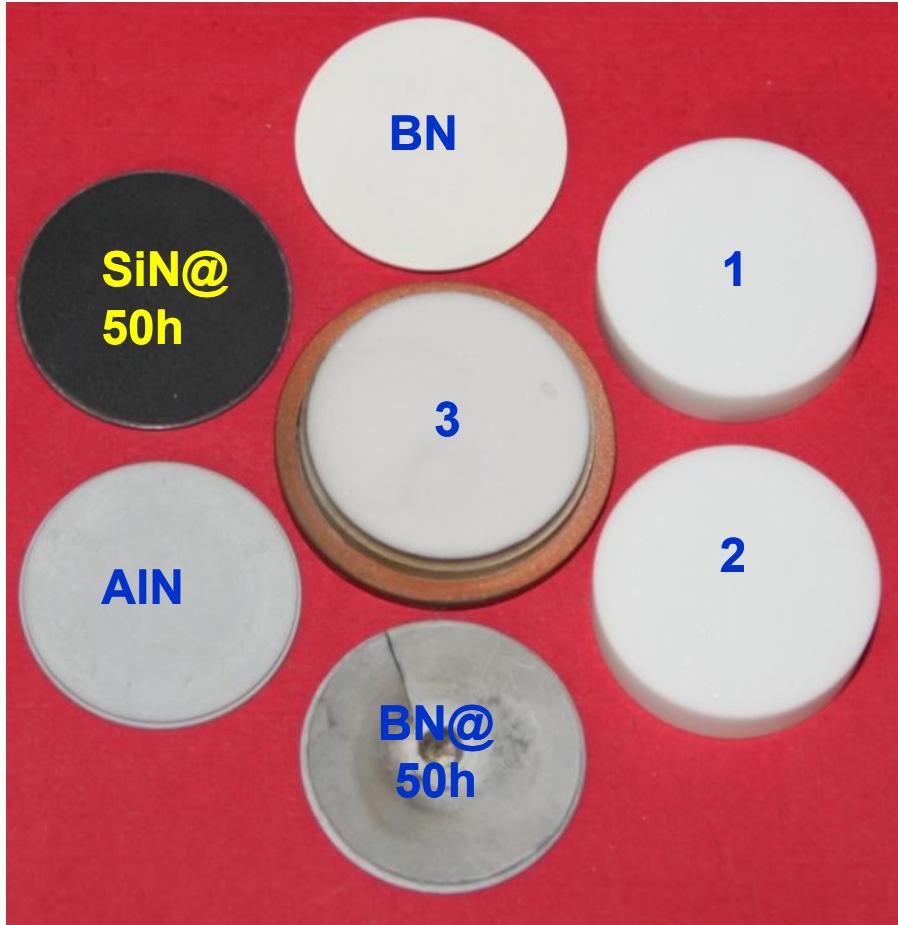
## •Structure of PKU Compact Source



### Study are focused on

1. Microwave coupling and window design
2. Magnetic field generation and configuration
3. Three electrodes extraction system

- Microwave window and its protection pieces



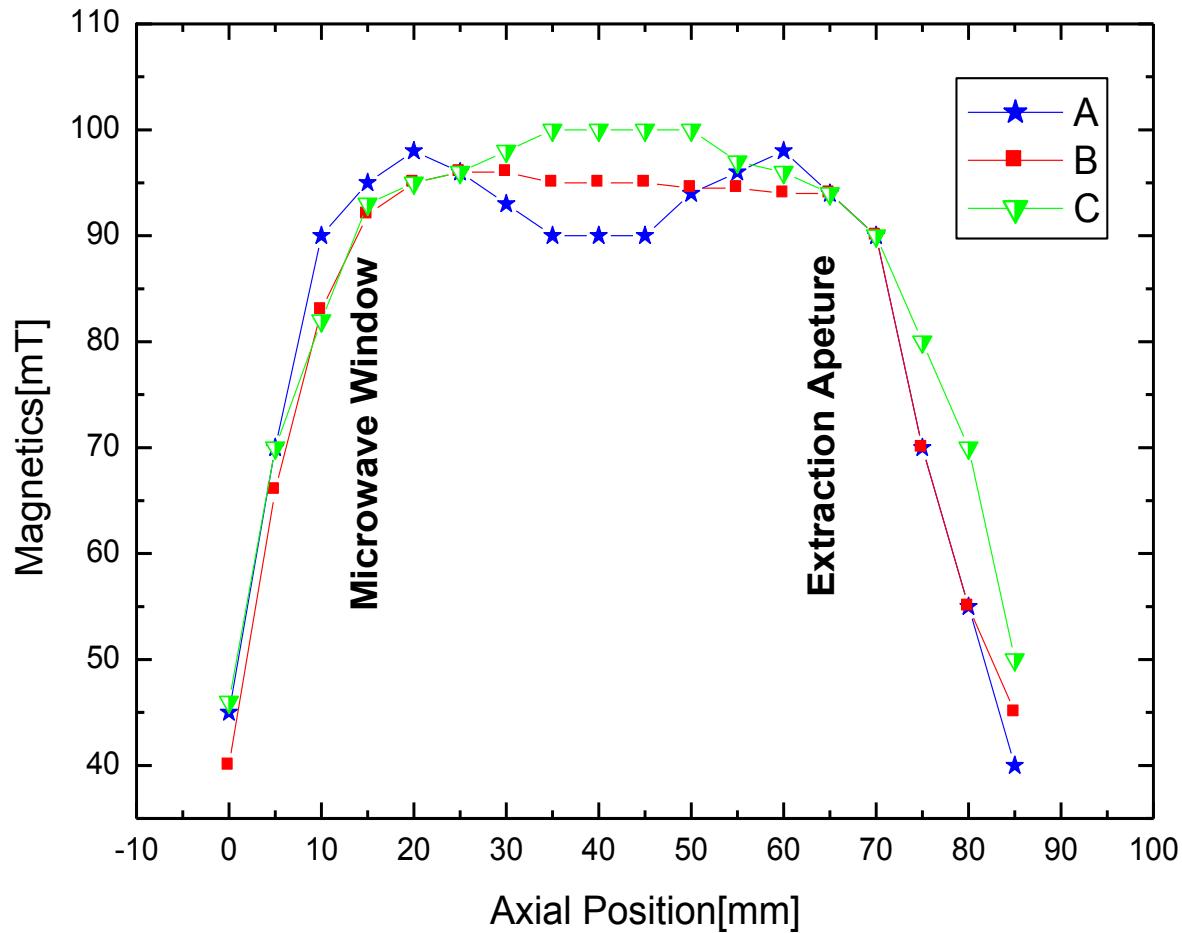
We have tested

- Ridged waveguide
- T-antennae
- Microwave window

Item 1,2,3 form the RF window.

BN, SiN and AlN are used for window protection.

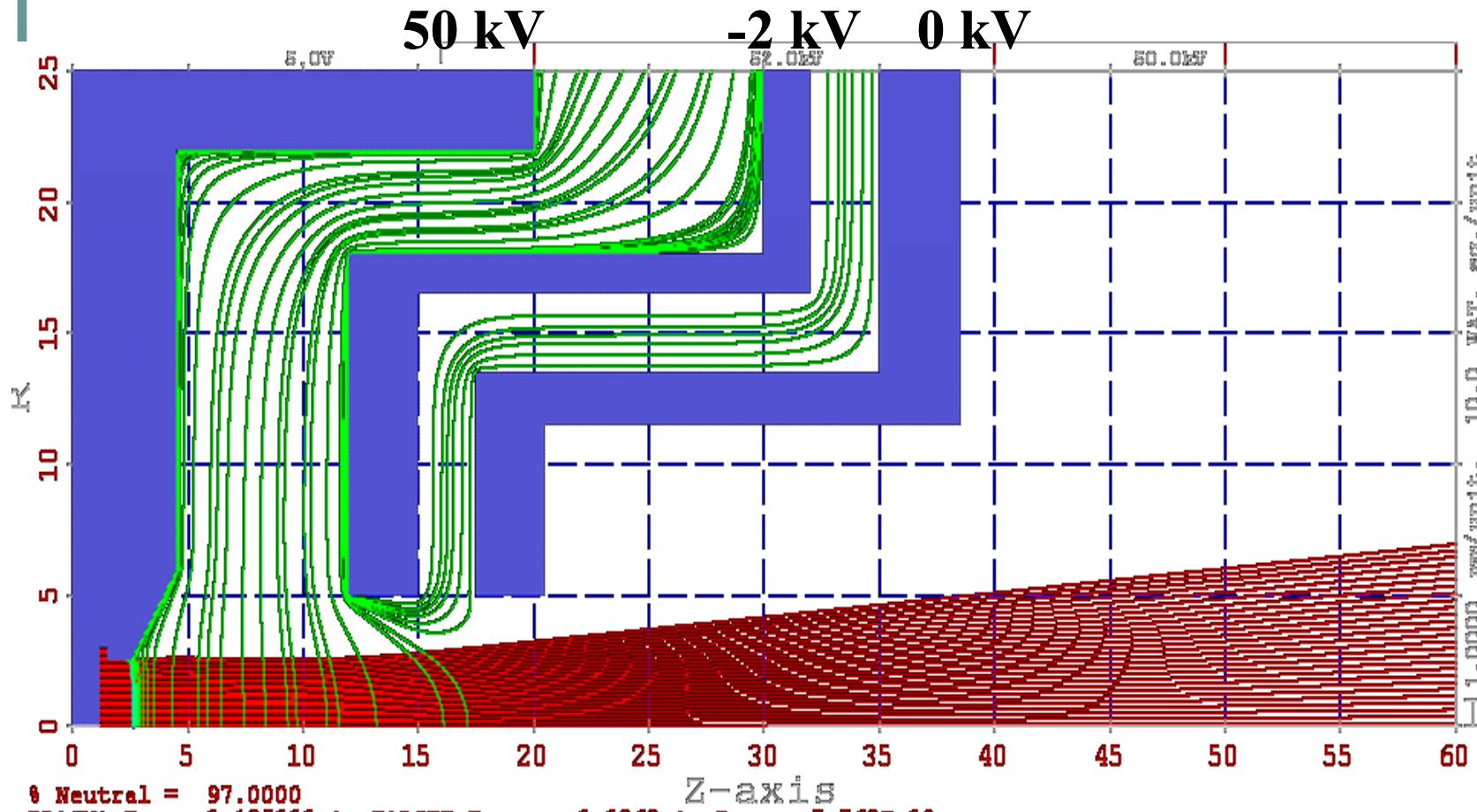
## •Magnetic field and its configuration



- 1. Solenoid**
- 2. Solenoid + Permanent**
- 3. Permanent magnet rings**

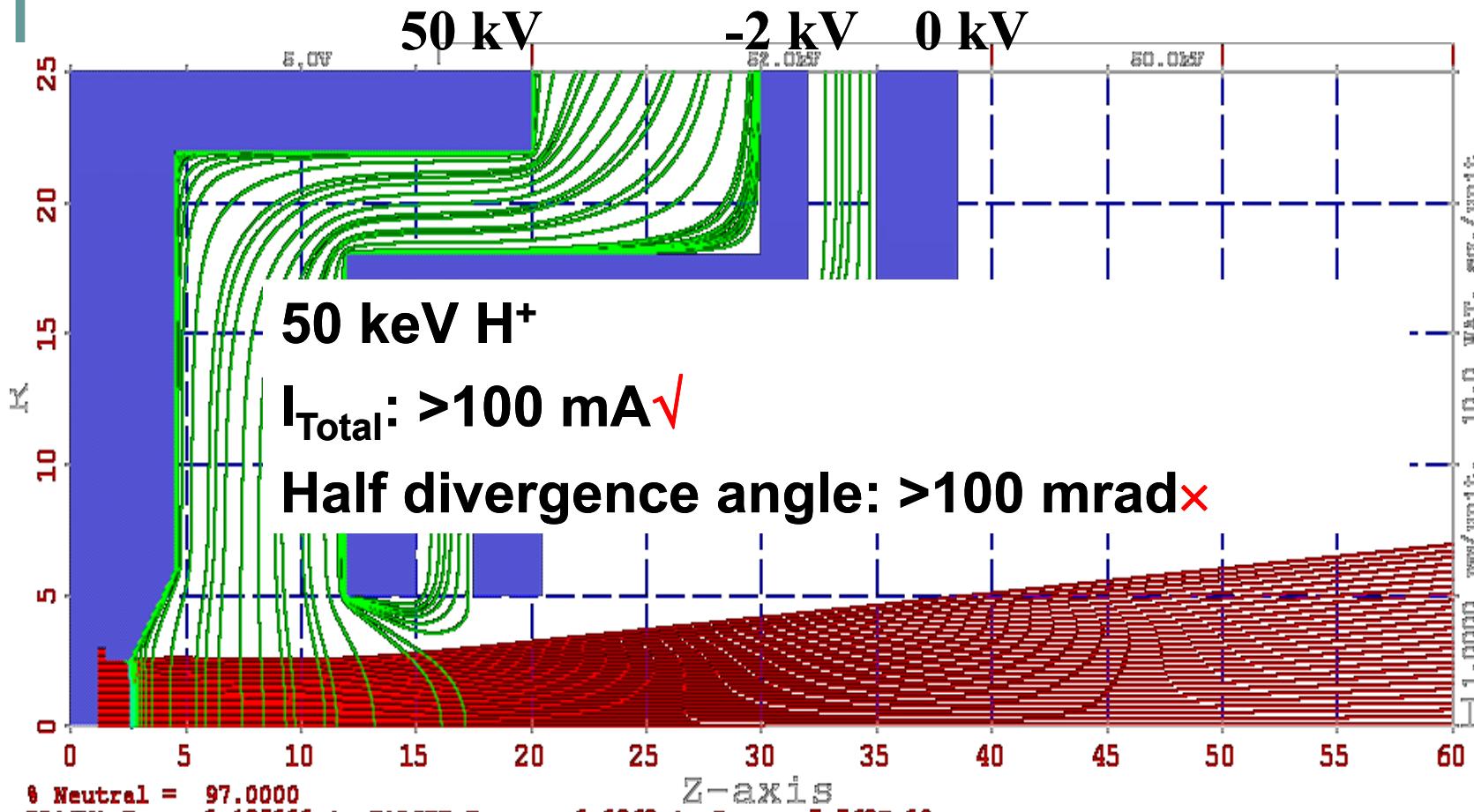
- Beam extraction system

- Flat (180°) electrodes (original)



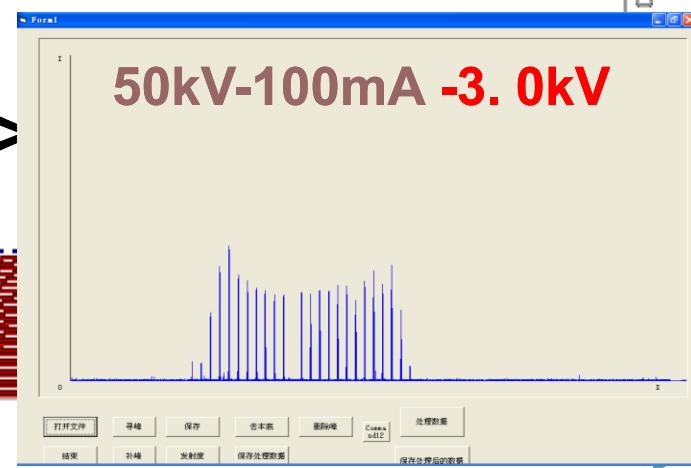
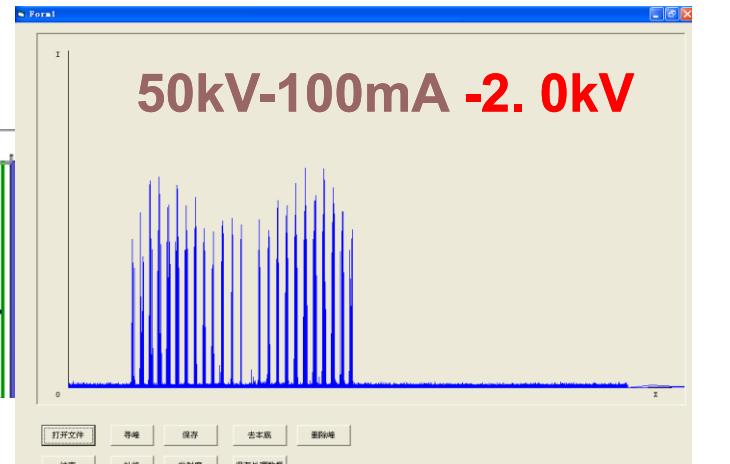
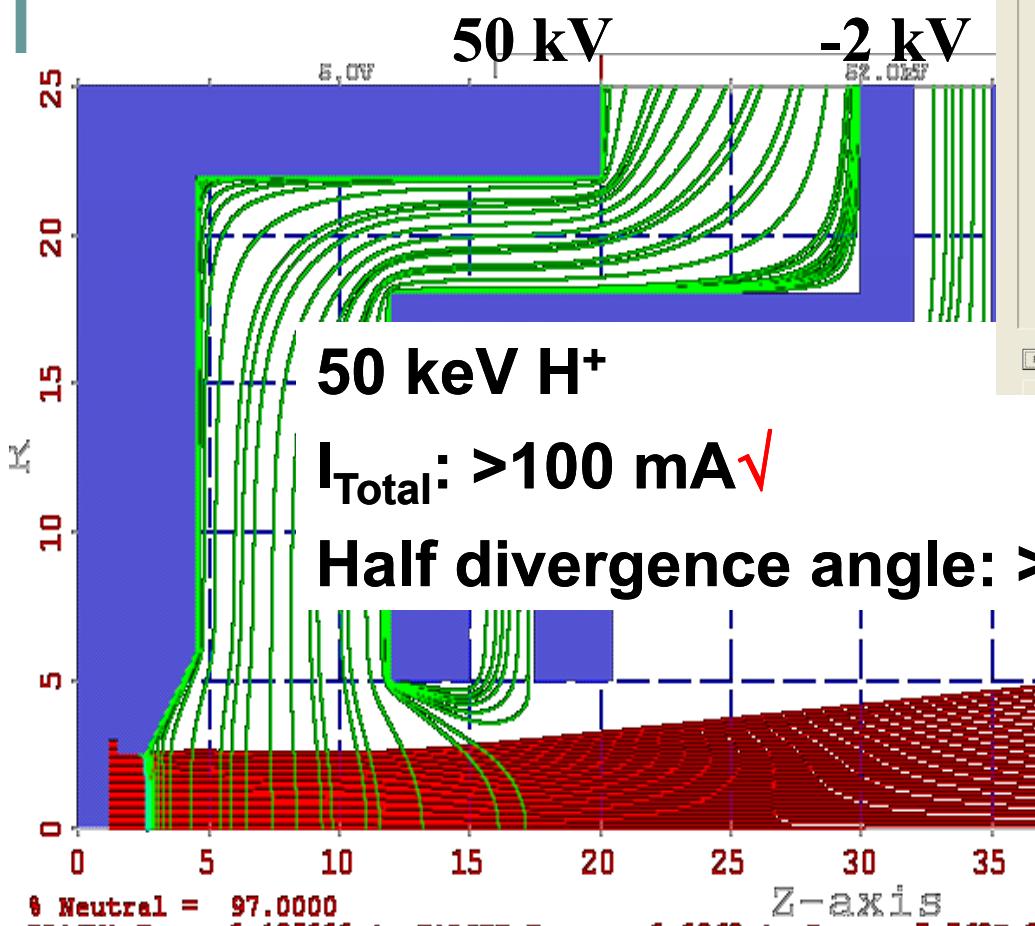
- Beam extraction system

- Flat (180°) electrodes (original)

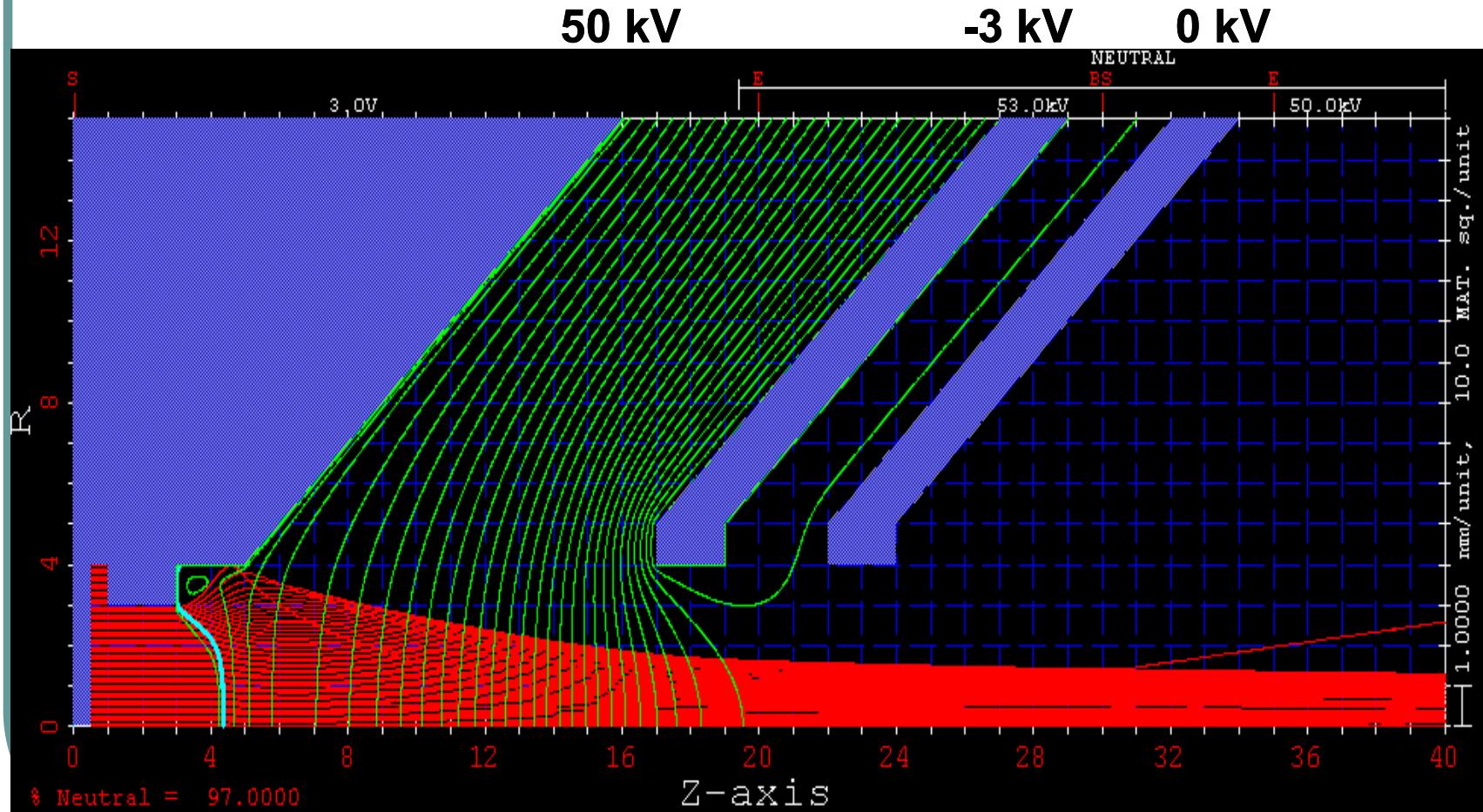


## • Beam extraction system

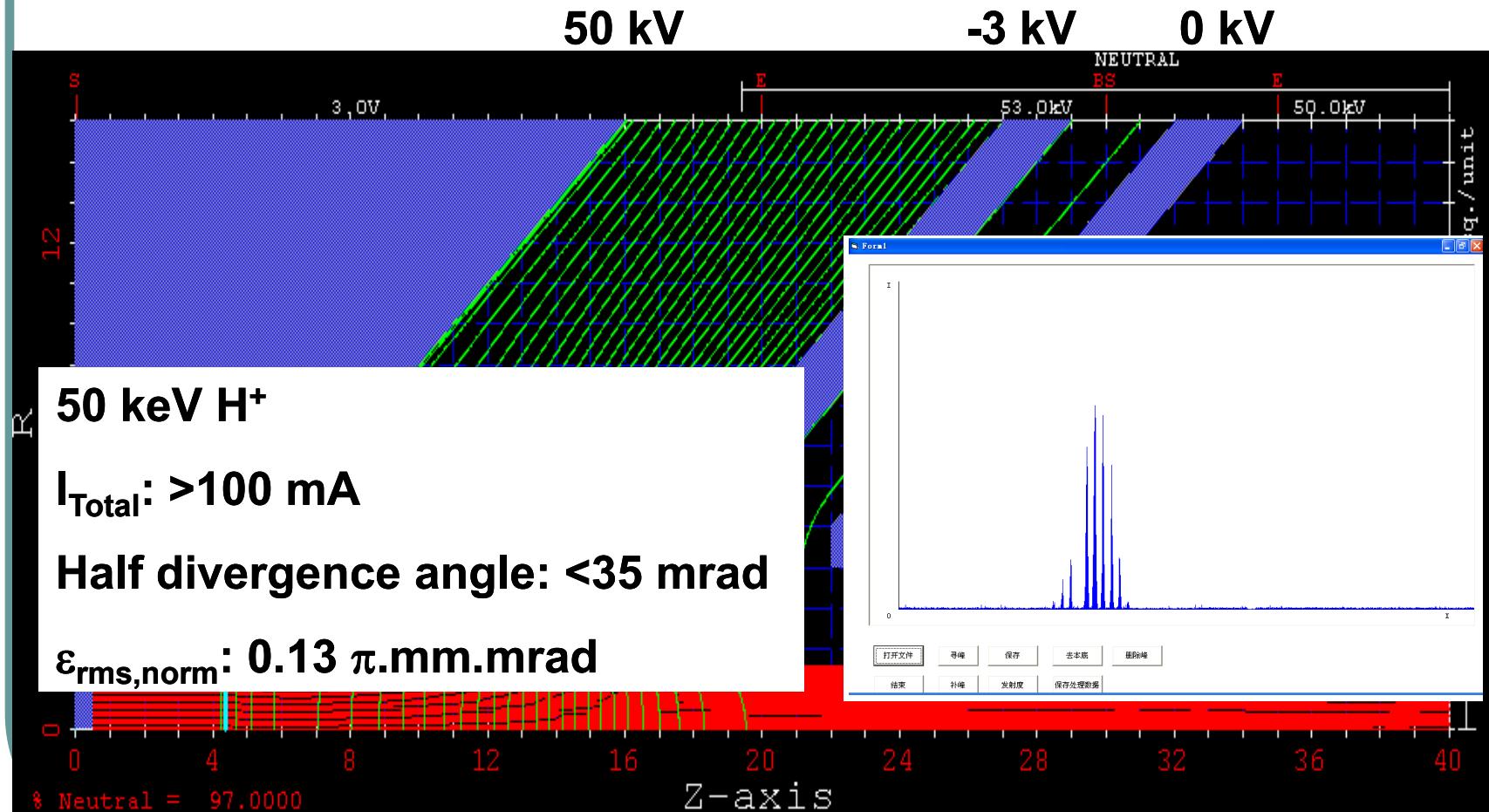
### • Flat (180°) electrodes (original)



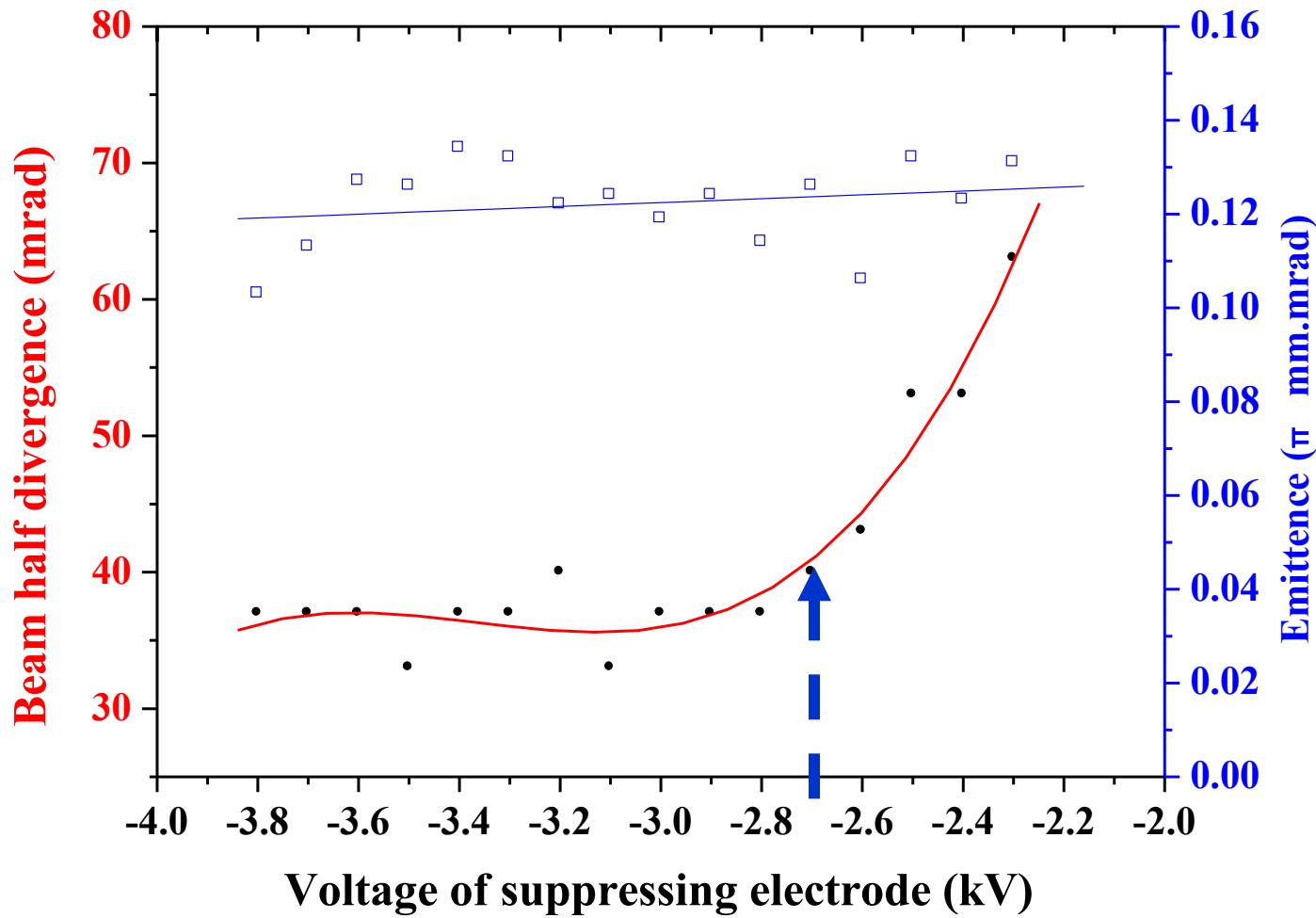
- New 90° electrodes



- New 90° electrodes

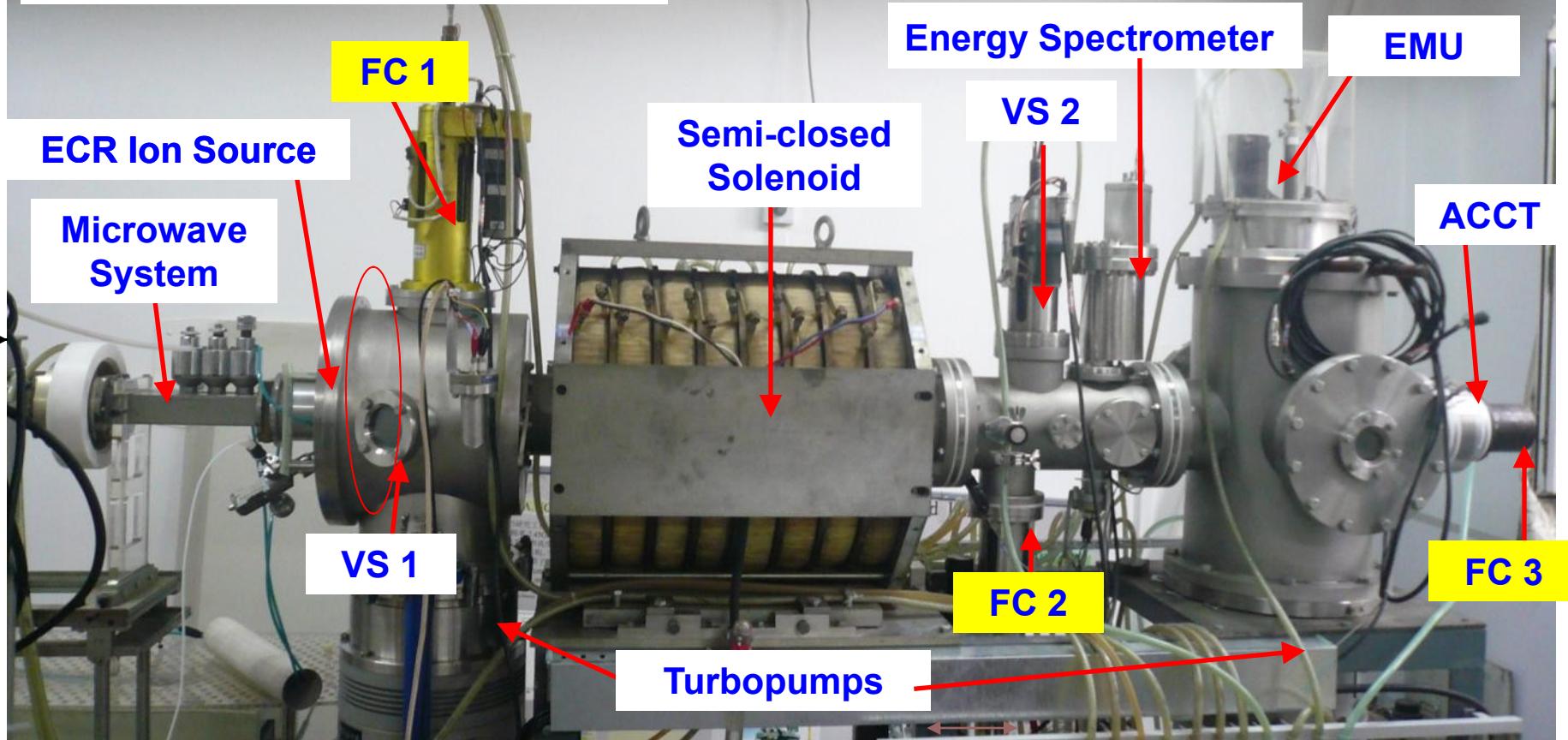


## •The suppressing voltage



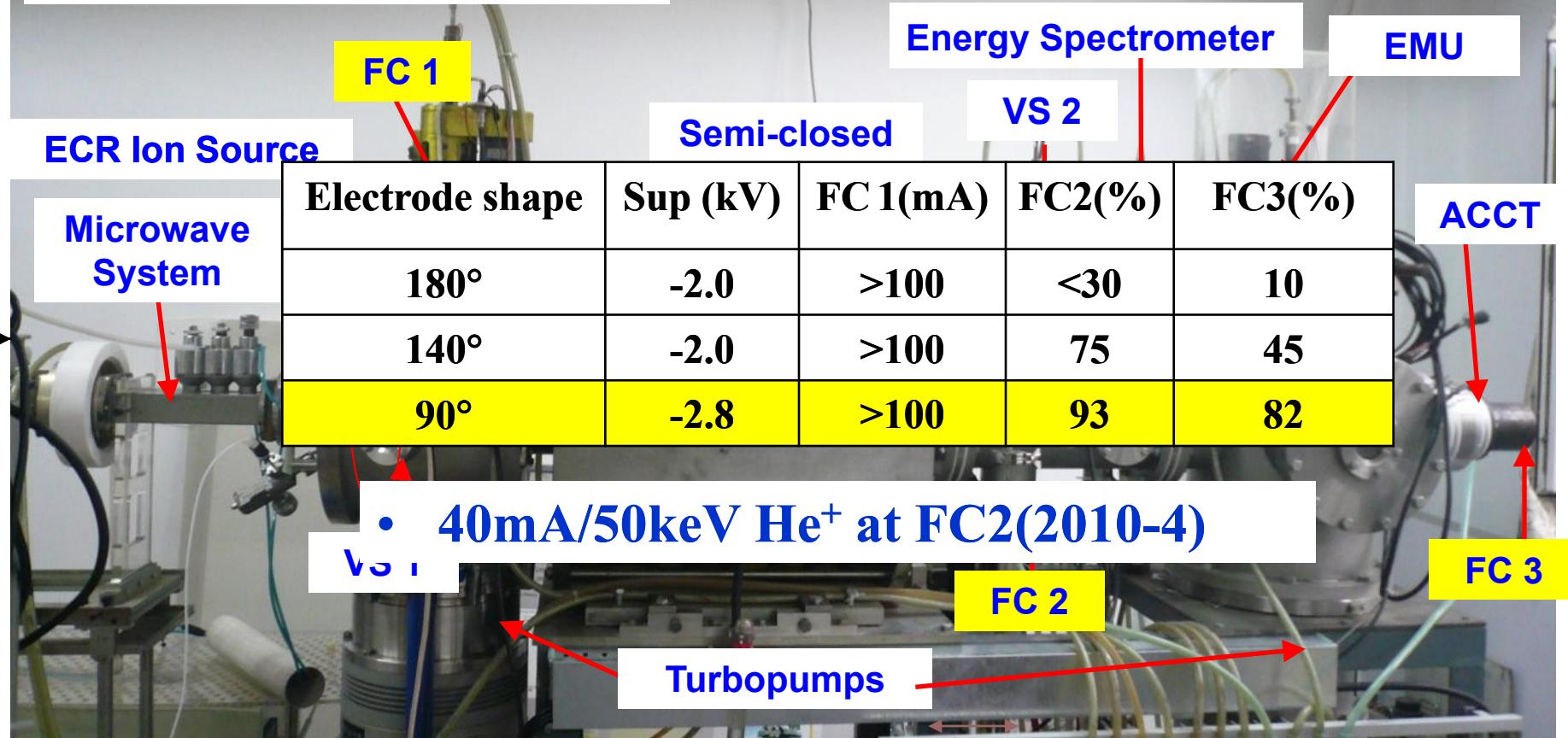
## II. PKU PM source results

### 2.1 PKU LEBT Test bench

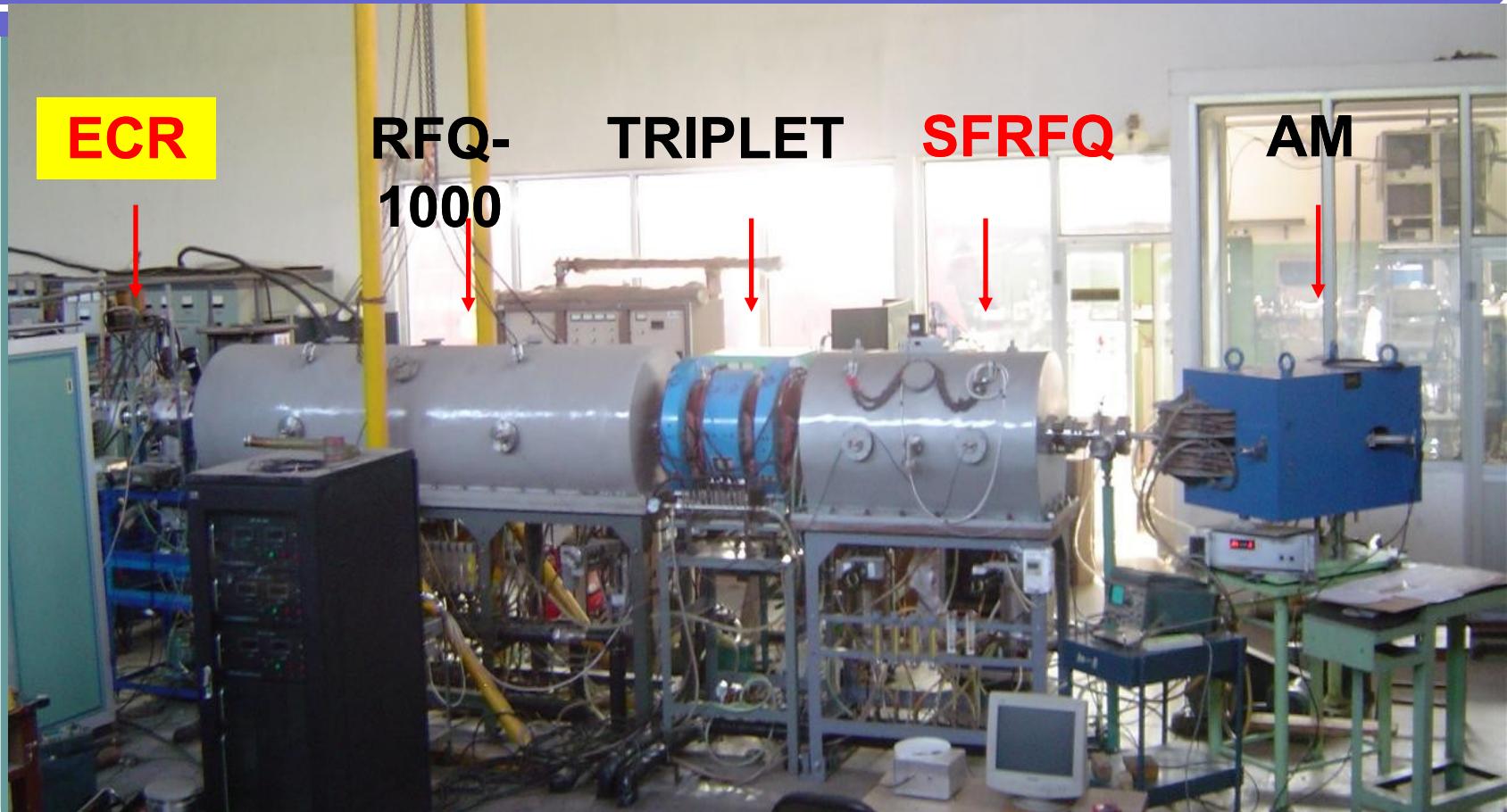


## II. PKU PM source results

### 2.1 PKU LEBT Test bench



## 2.2 O<sup>+</sup> LEBT for SFRFQ (Separation function RFQ)



## O<sup>+</sup> LEBT



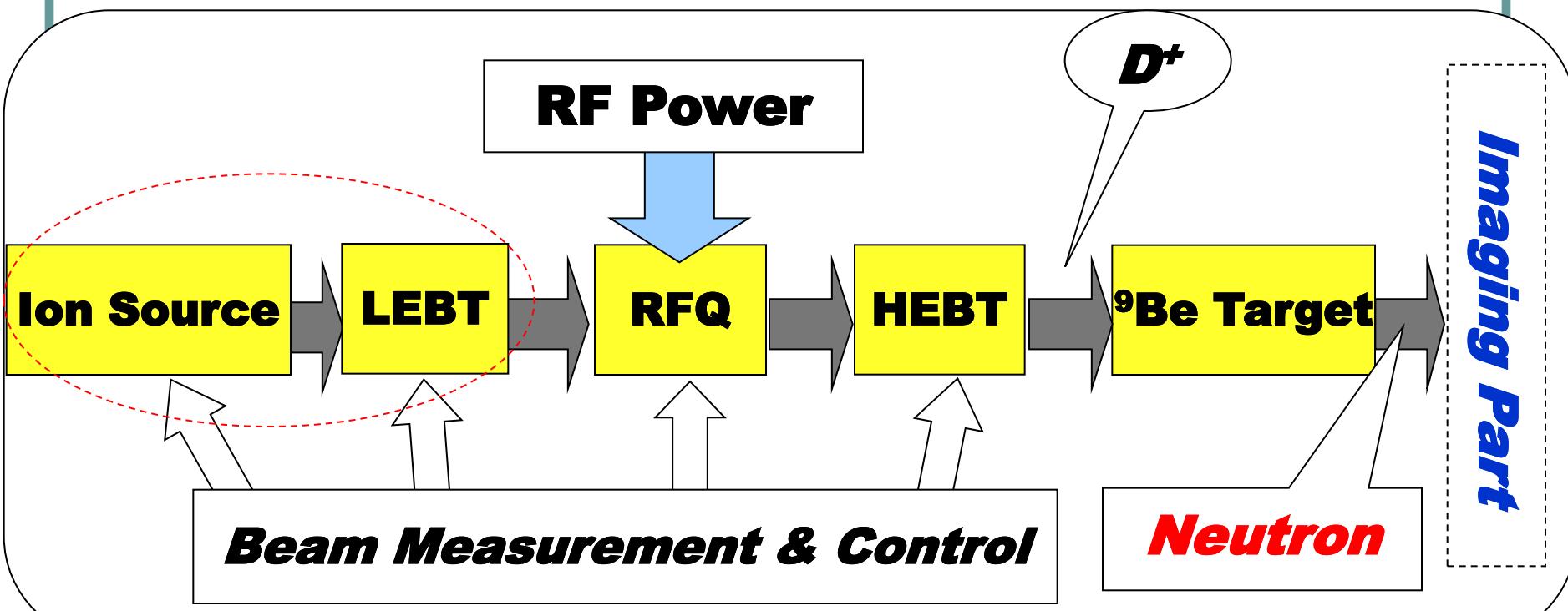
- Required : 5mA
- Achieved: 9mA

2009-4: 25kV/ 25mA O<sup>+</sup>



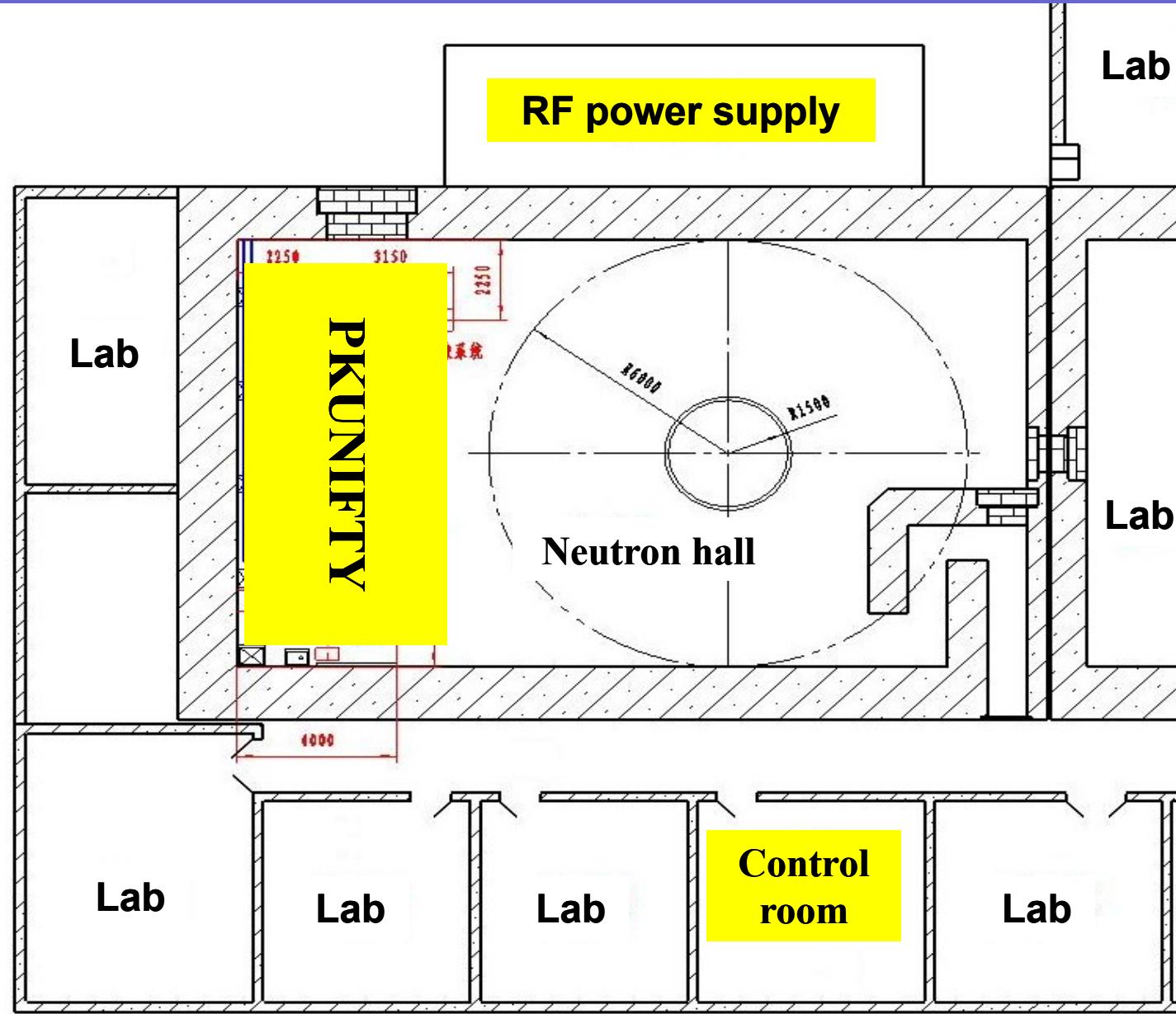
$$\varepsilon_{\text{RMS}} < 0.12 \pi.\text{mm.mrad}$$

## 2.3. D<sup>+</sup> Injector for PKUNIFTY

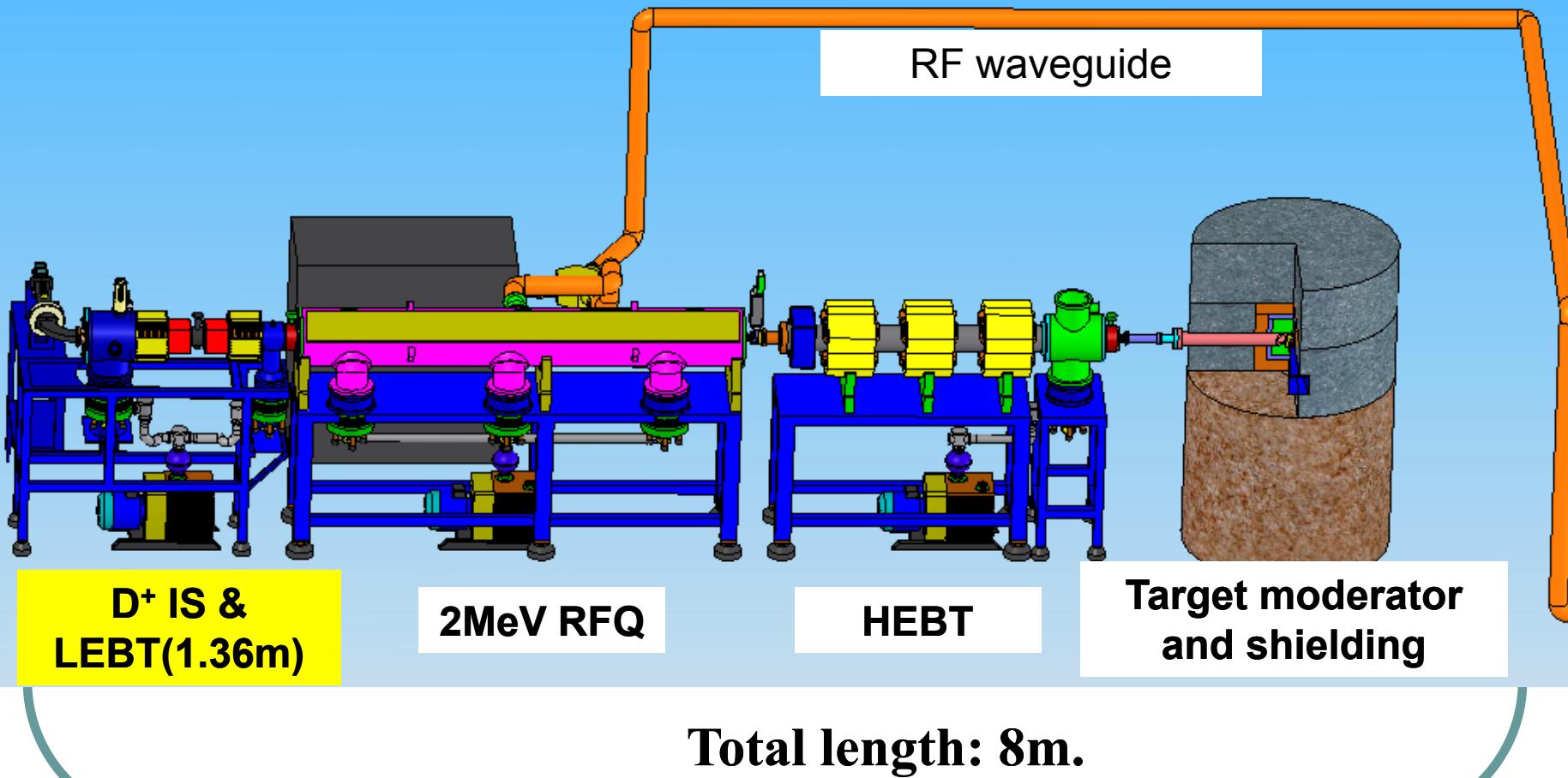


*Schematic diagram of PKU 2MeV accelerator-driven neutron source*

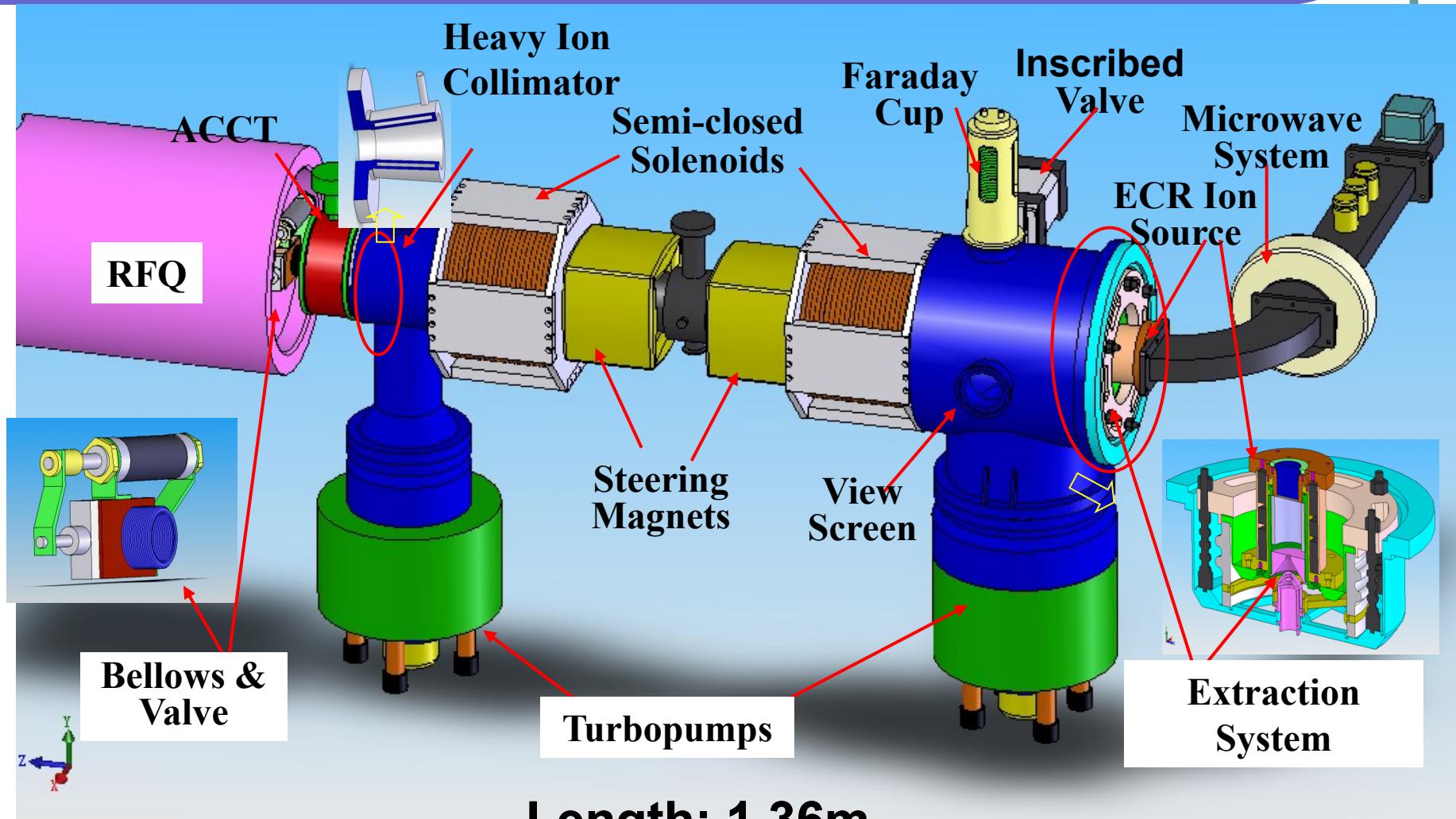
## • Plan view around neutron hall



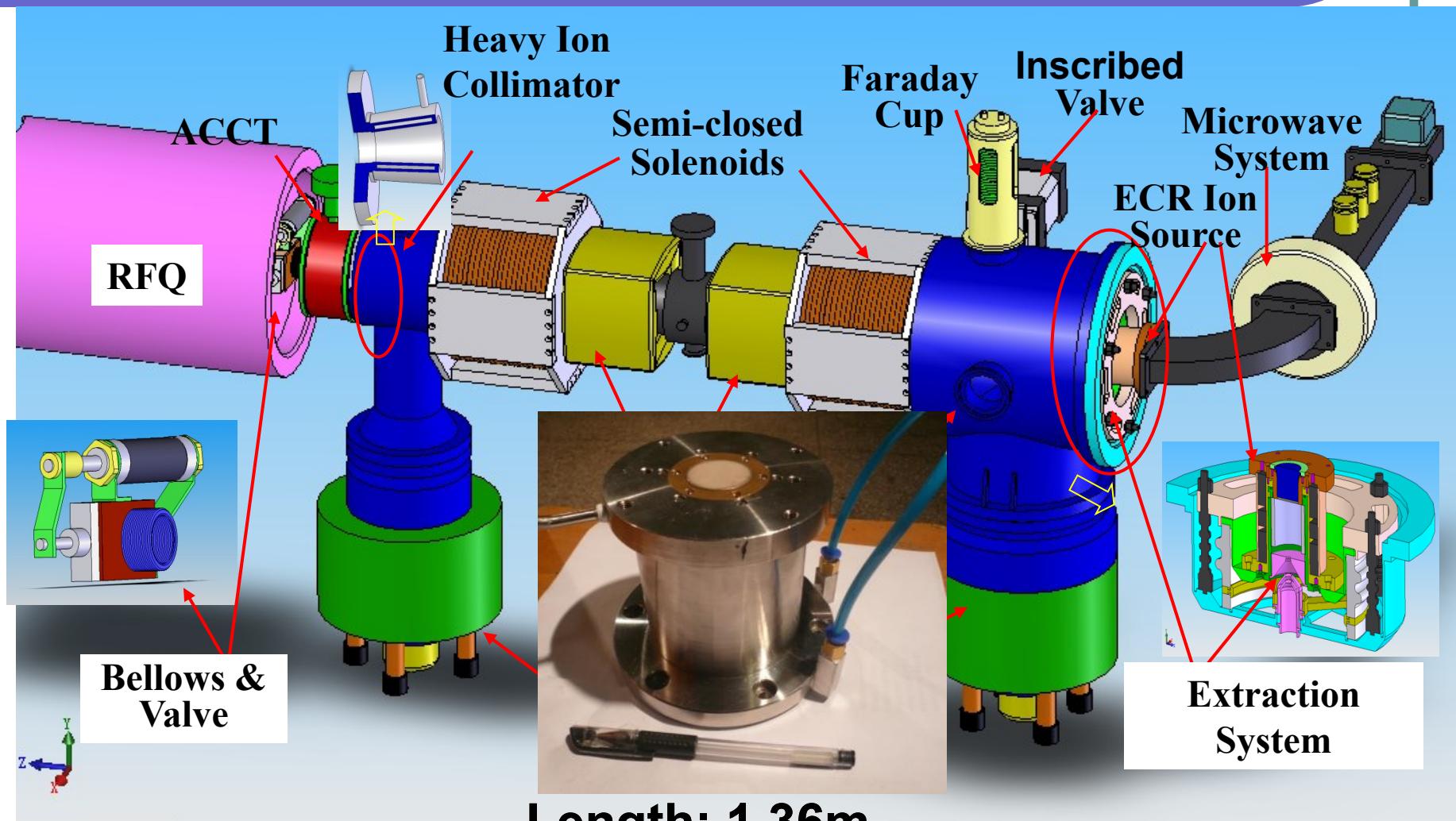
# Three-D Schematic diagram of PKUNIFTY



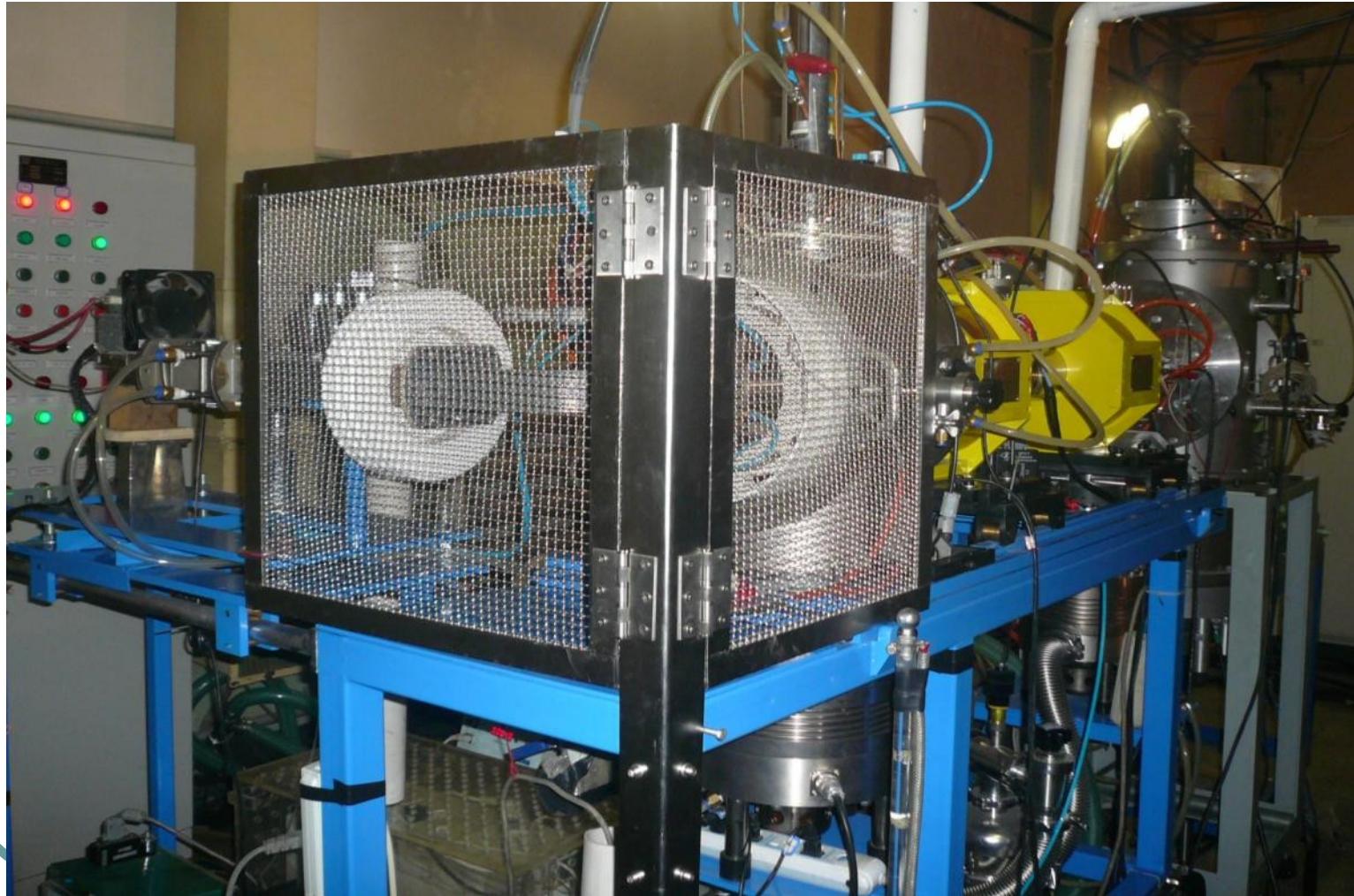
# D<sup>+</sup> injector of PKUNIFTY



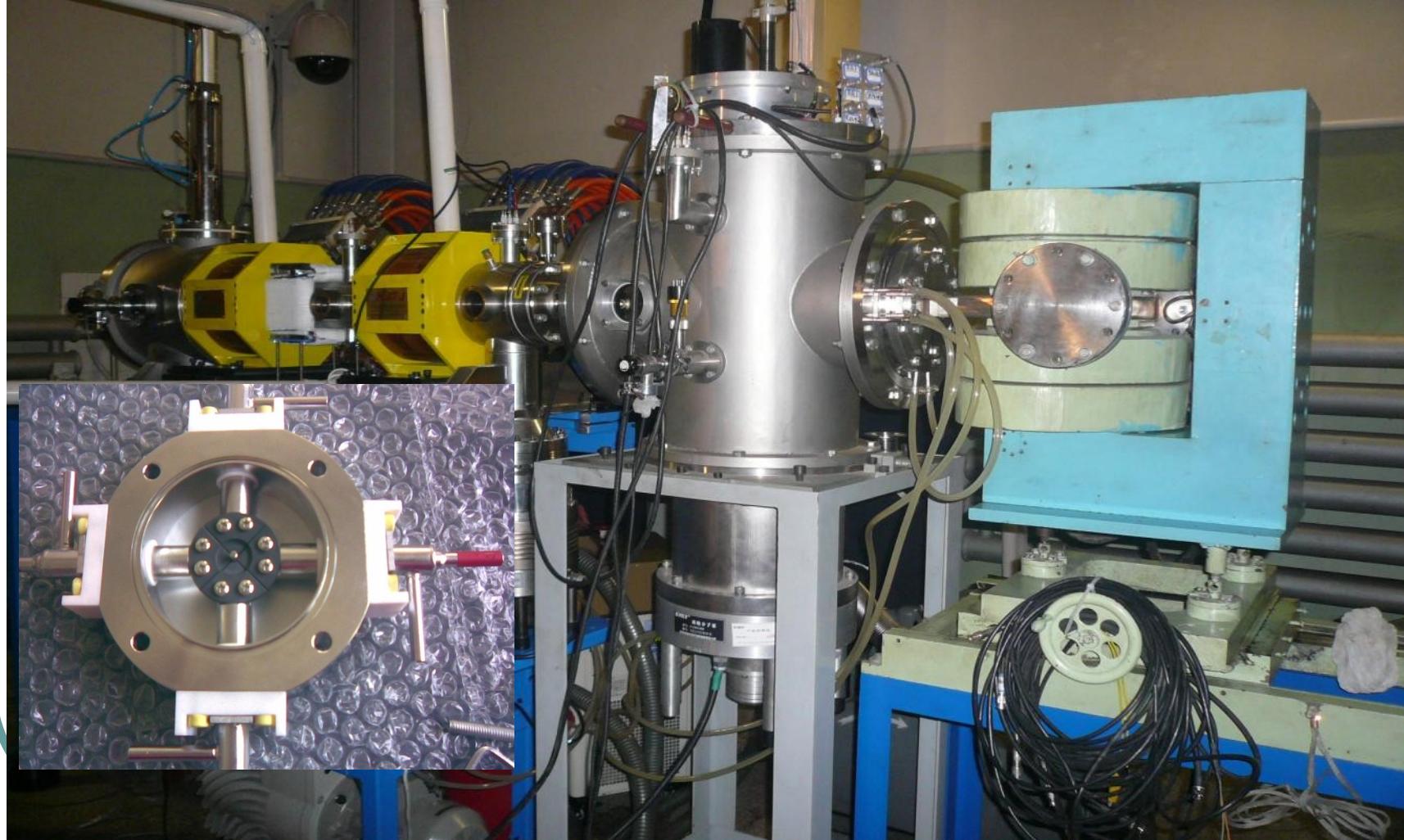
# D<sup>+</sup> injector of PKUNIFTY



## A photograph of D+ LEBT (from source)



## A photograph of D+ LEBT (from RFQ)



# •Ion Source Commissioning Results

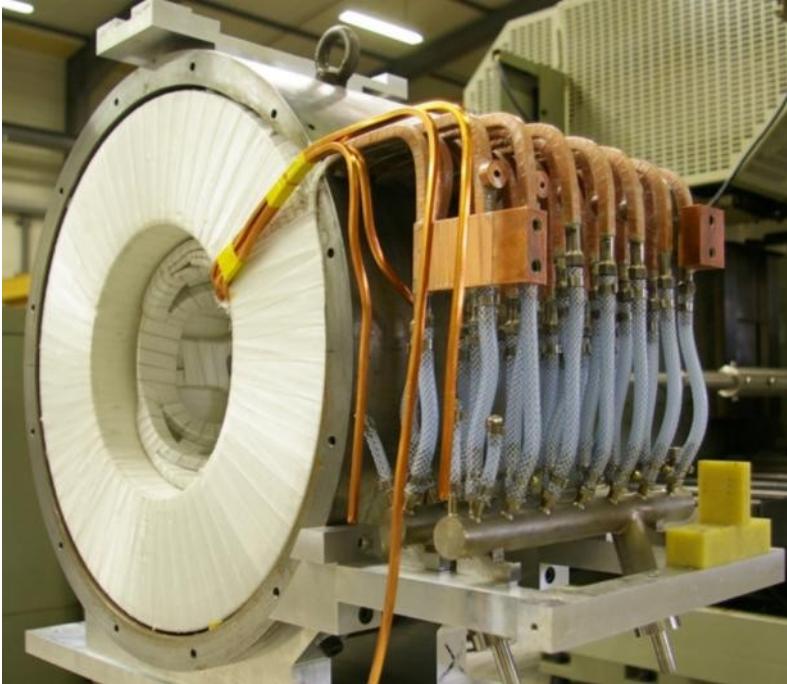
$U_{ex}=50$  kV, time schedule:  $\tau= 1$  ms,  $f=100$  Hz

<b>Ion type</b>	<b>Gas flow (Sccm)</b>	<b>V<sub>Sup</sub> kV</b>	<b>RF (W)</b>	<b>I<sub>Total</sub> (mA)</b>	<b>X<sup>+</sup> %</b>	<b>X<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> %</b>	<b>X<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup> %</b>	<b>α<sub>1/2</sub> mrad</b>	<b>ε<sub>RMS, norm.</sub> π.mm.mrad</b>
H	1.5	-2.6	170	80	89.7	8.7	1.6	42	0.17
D	1.8	-2.9	210	83	81	13.2	4.2	70	0.18

## LEBT commissioning

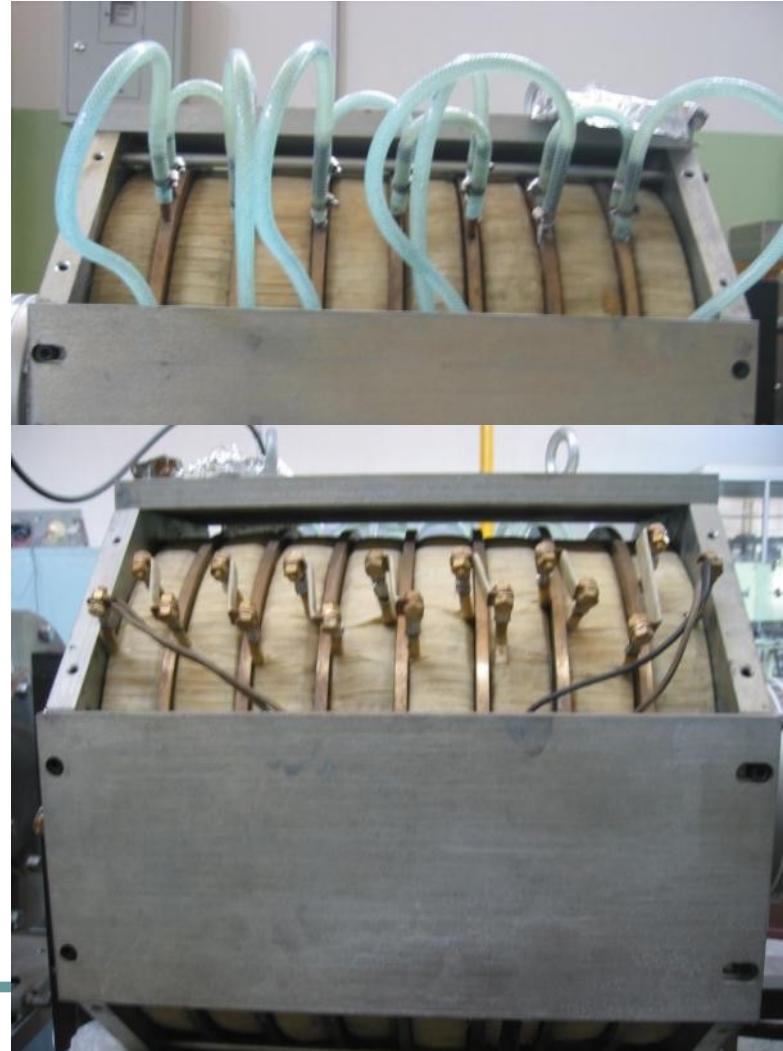
- **Vacuum:**  $< 10^{-5}$ Pa after 0.5h
- **$I_{RFQ,D^+}$ :** 56mA
- **$\epsilon_{norm, RMS}$ :** 0.12-0.16  $\pi$ mmmmrad
- **Waist shift:** -10mm ~ 10mm
- **Species factor :** D<sup>+</sup>: 99.5 %, D<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>: 0.2 %, others : 0.3 %
- **Neutron flow 0.6m away from the target:** 15 $\mu$ Sv/h

# Some words on LEBT solenoid

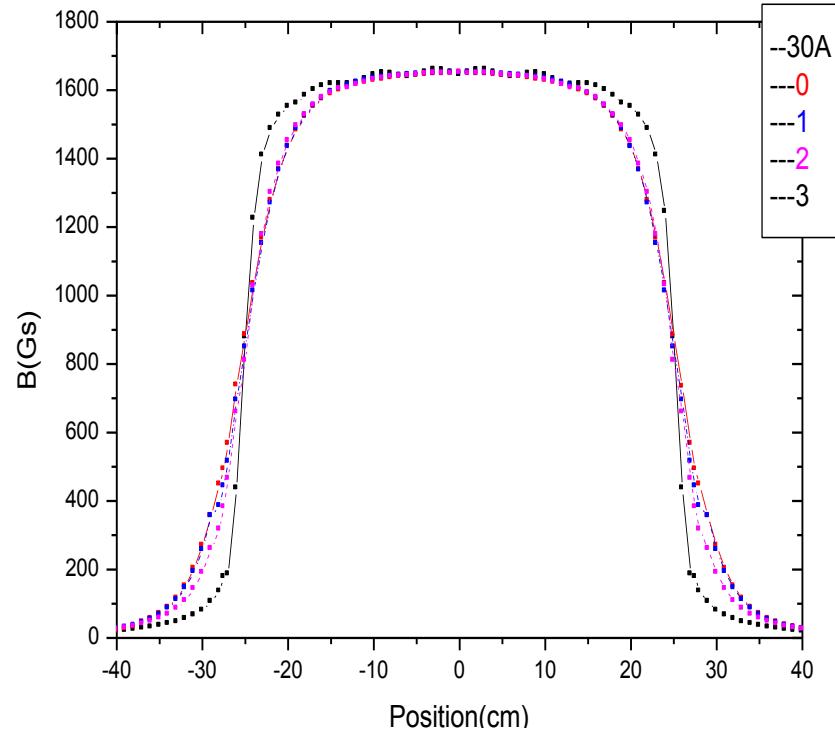
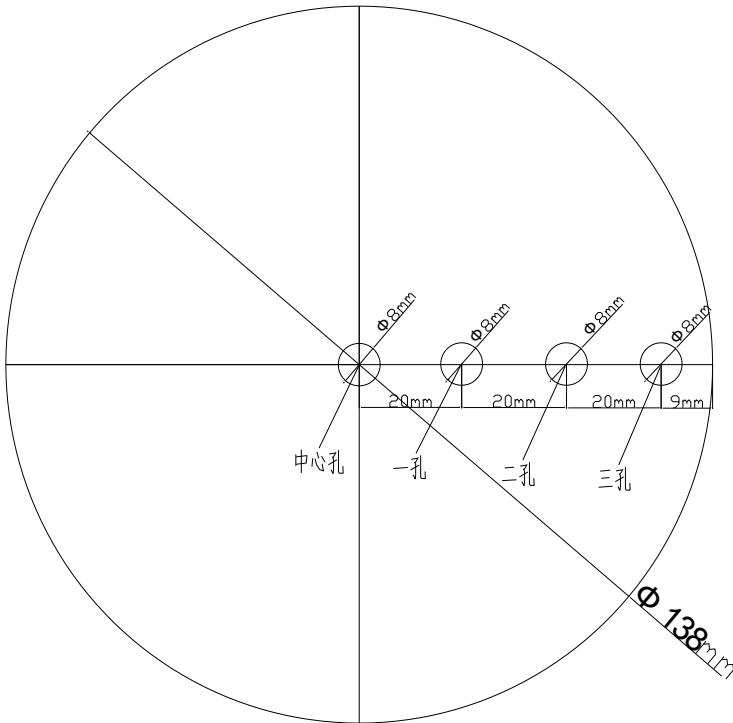


Full-closed type(CEA/Saclay)

**Semi-closed type**

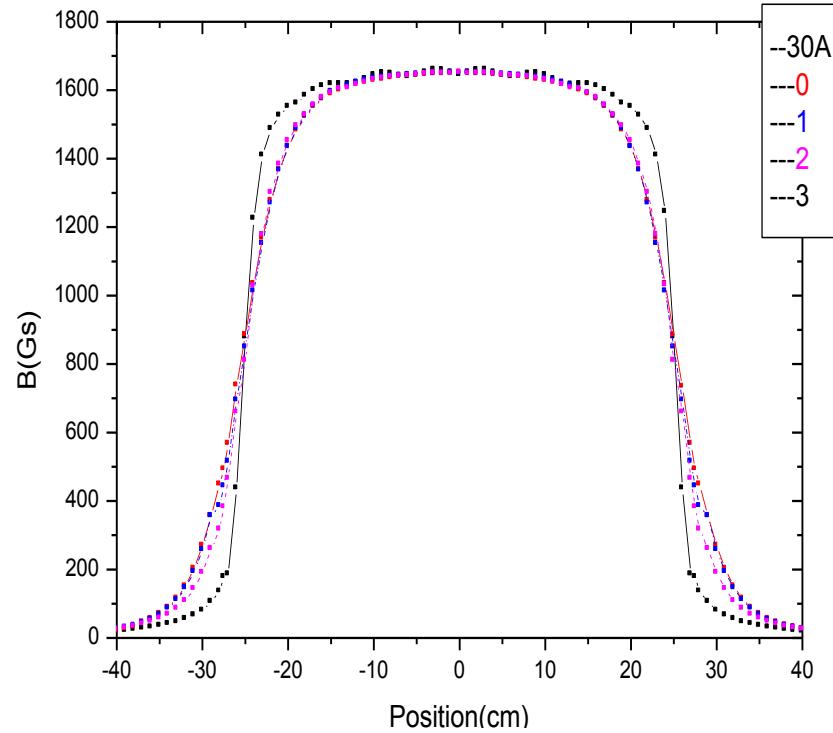
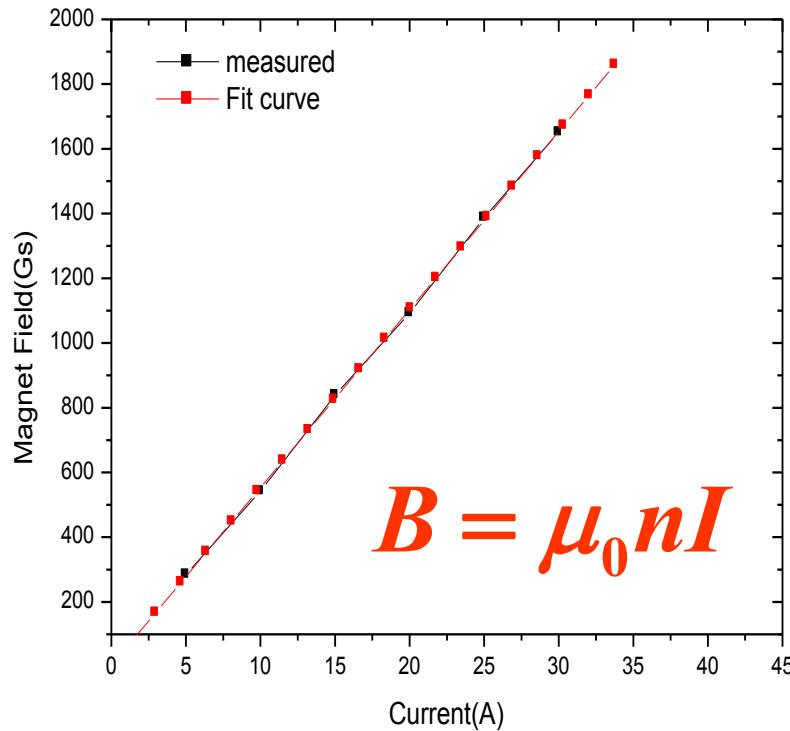


# Measurement results



**Shixiang Peng, Jifeng Yan, Jinxiang Yu, and Zhiyu Guo, A simple ferromagnetic circuit for a solenoid lens. Meas. Sci. Technol. 18 (2007) : N5–N8**

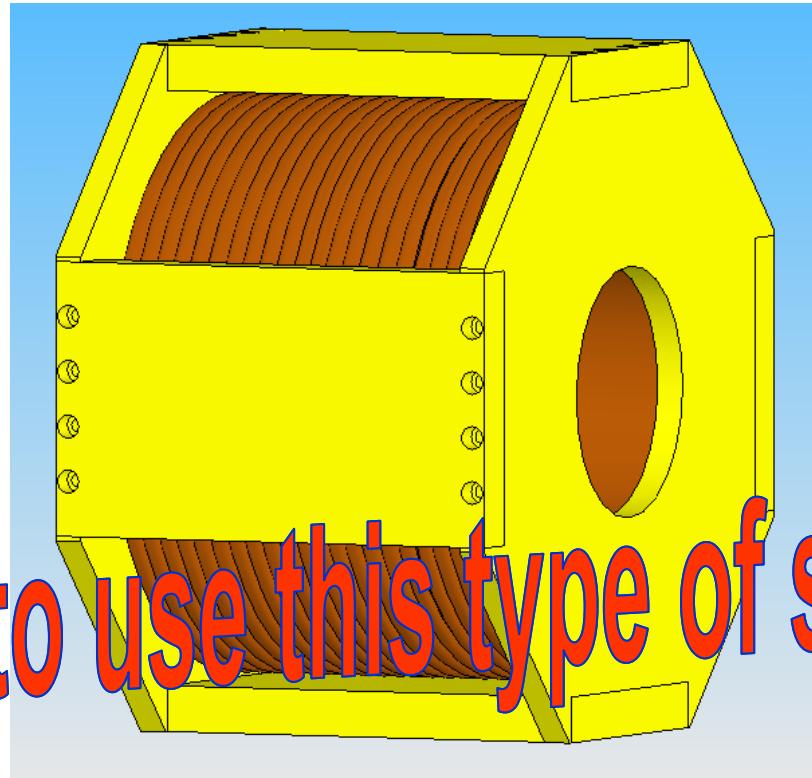
# Measurement results



Shixiang Peng, Jifeng Yan, Jinxiang Yu, and Zhiyu Guo, A simple ferromagnetic circuit for a solenoid lens. *Meas. Sci. Technol.* **18** (2007) : N5–N8

## •Solenoids for PKUNIFTY

L: 200mm  
 $\phi_{in}$ : 110mm  
 $\phi_{out}$ : 300mm  
 $B_{max}$ : 0.65 T



Please try to use this type of solenoid!

•Simple structure, easy to fabrication and Cost lower!!

### III. Conclusion

1. The PKU ECR ion source is focused on compact Permanent magnet type without ridged waveguide.
2. Currently 100 mA of H<sup>+</sup> ion, 40 mA of He<sup>+</sup> ion, 10 mA of N<sup>+</sup> ion were produced for several years with good performance in term of reliability, stability, beam noise, emittance in pulsed mode on the test bench.
3. More than 25 mA/25 keV O<sup>+</sup> ion was delivered to 1MeV RGQ for SFRFQ project.
4. Up to know more than 83 mA/50 keV D<sup>+</sup> was produced for PKUNIFTY project.

To conclude, the compact permanent magnet ECR mono-charged ion sources are really powerful and efficiently fit in with the high current accelerators requests.



**Thank you for your attention!**

**感谢您的关注！**

**Je vous remercie de votre attention !**



# 核物理与核技术国家重点实验室（北京大学）

State Key Laboratory of Nuclear Physics and Technology (Peking University)

