

THE LOW-LEVEL CONTROL SYSTEM FOR THE CERN PS MULTI-TURN EXTRACTION KICKERS – PHASE 1

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ABSTRACT

To reduce the beam losses when preparing high intensity proton beam for the CERN Neutrino to Gran Sasso (CNGS) facility, a new Multi-Turn extraction (MTE) scheme has been implemented in the PS. This project will be completed in two phases.

National Instruments® PXI systems are used to control the high voltage pulse generators and a SIEMENS® programmable logic controller (PLC) handles the centralised oil cooling and gas insulation sub-systems.

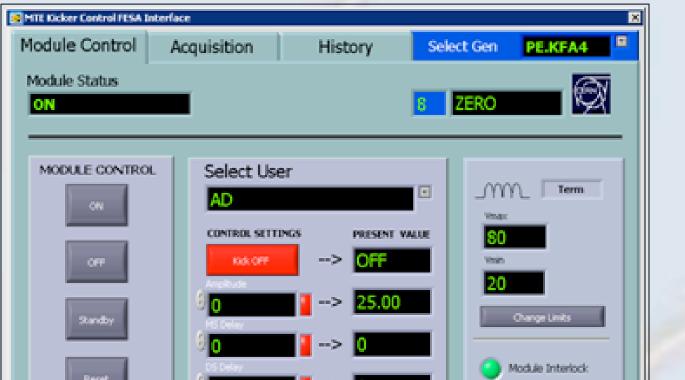
MTE EXTRACTION SCHEME

- The beam is separated into a central beam and four islands by means of non-linear magnetic elements like sextupoles and octupoles.
- After ejecting the first beamlet, they are rotated in a clockwise direction ($\pi/2$) until the first four beamlets are ejected by KFA13 and KFA21, the center beamlet requires an extra kick supplied by KFA4 and KFA71/79.
- Each beamlet is ejected using fast kickers and a magnetic septum

HV PULSE GENERATOR CONTROL - SOFTWARE

Front-End Software Configuration

- CERN developed C++ Front-End Software Architecture (FESA) used for development of MTE kicker control Class.
- Front-End to PXI communication via ethernet with LabWindows/ CVI Network variable libraries allowing access to the LabVIEW Shared Variable libraries .
- VME interface hardware for global timing control of kickers



PXI Software Configuration

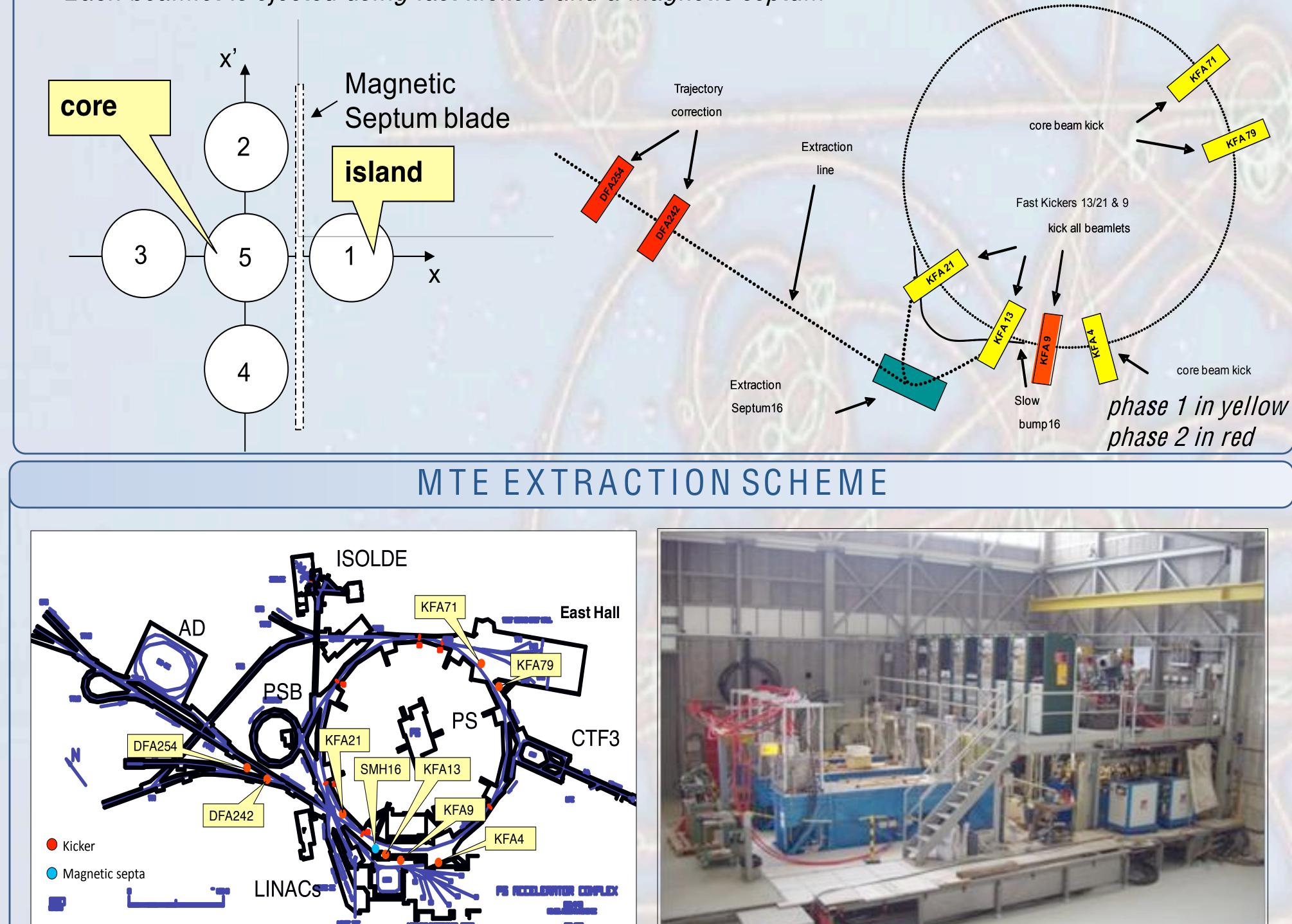
LabVIEW real-time application program

SVBatchesReceived

Exit

- All PXI software development in LabVIEW.
- Real time task (event driven) runs on PXI-CPU communicates with Front-End using NI Publish-Subscribe Protocol

- FPGA configuration, communicating with generator hardware.
- Specialist application programs addressing FESA via CMW





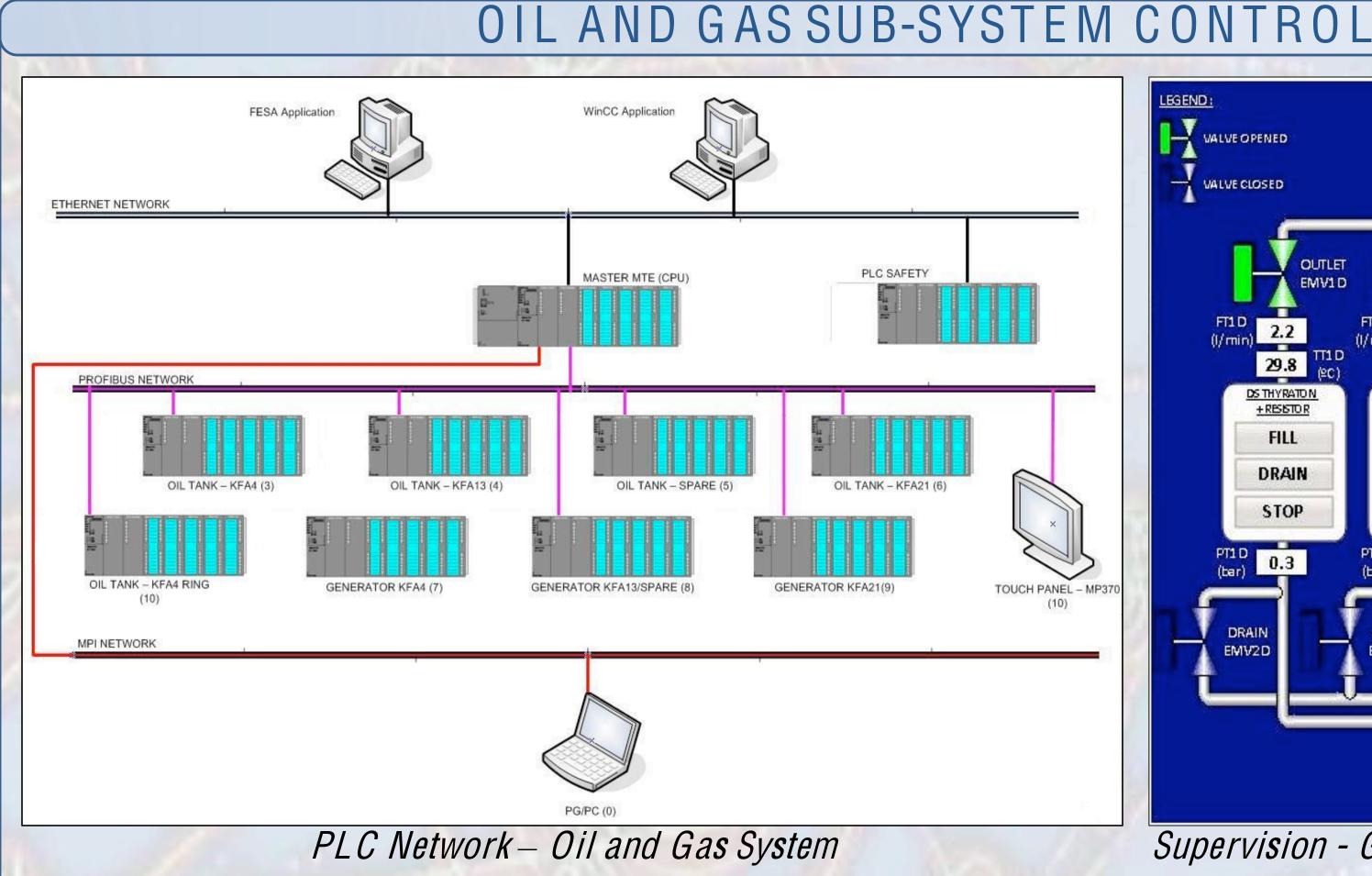
LabVIEW specialist application progam

(Common Middleware using RADE)

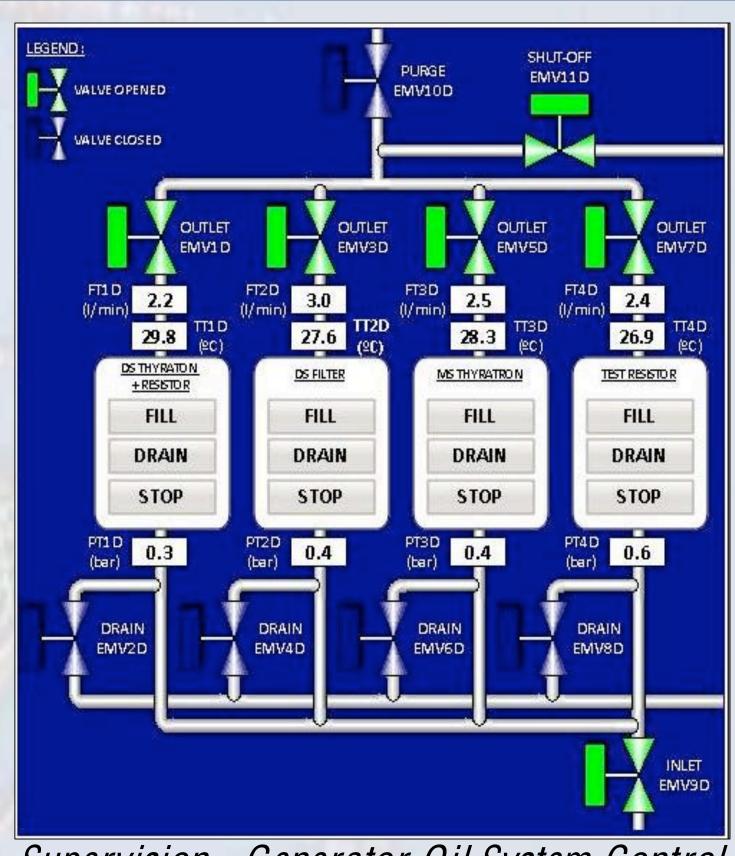
- Specialist application program addressing PXI directly
- Specialist programs via web browser addressing PXI directly

Specialist Application programs developed with RADE

RADE is a Rapid Application Development Environment based on LabVIEW integrated into the CERN control systems and developed at CERN..



Oil and Gas system control based on SIEMENS S7-300 PLC



Supervision - Generator Oil System Control

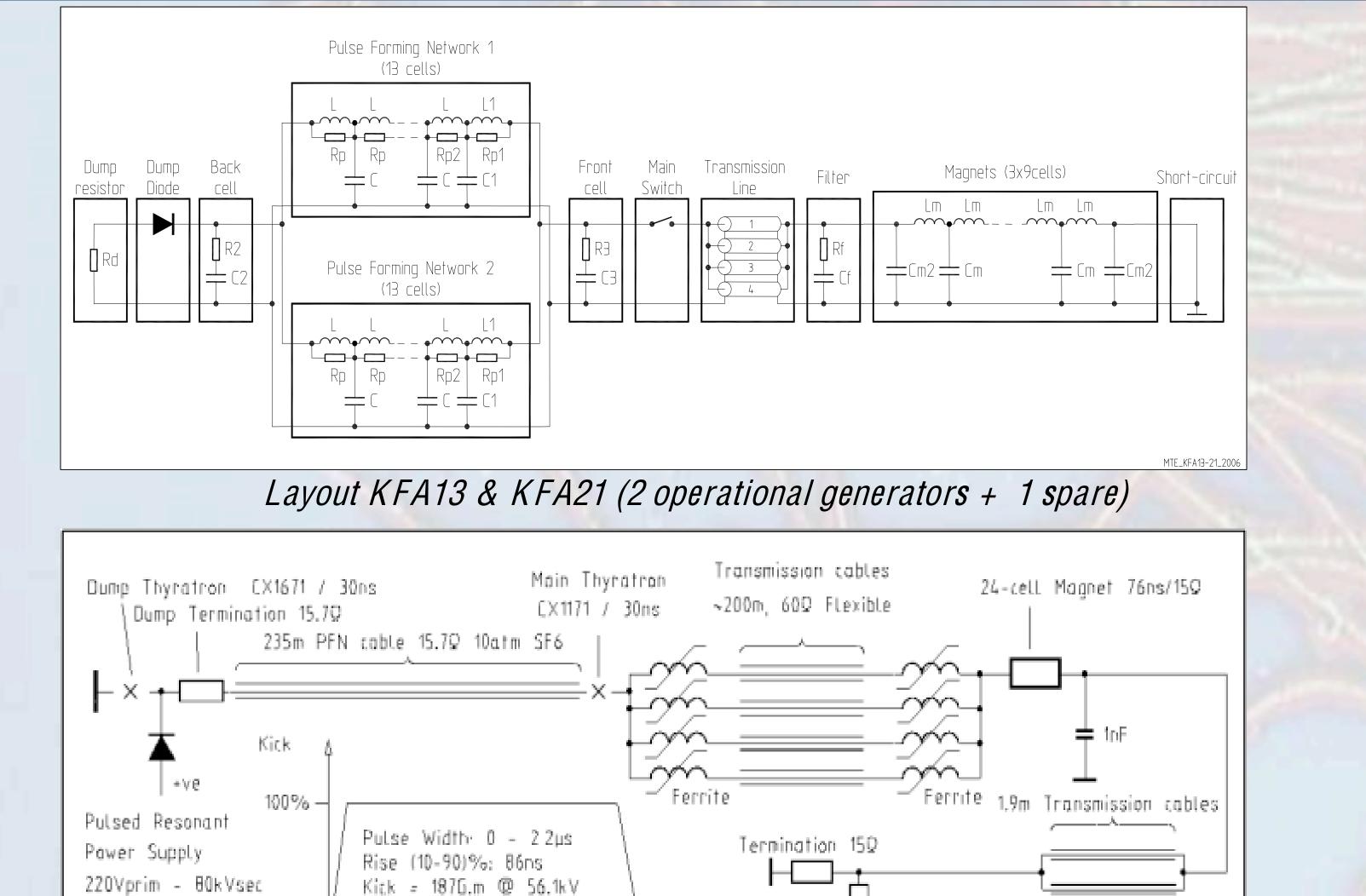


PS complex layout, indicating the location of the fast pulsed magnets and the magnetic septum SMH16 implied in the new PS multi-turn extraction scheme.

The MTE complex can be seen with, in blue, on the ground floor the Pulse Forming Networks (PFN's) and on the platform, in the green racks,

the kicker control electronics.

KFA13/21 AND KFA4 GENERATOR LAYOUT



- Control (regulation valves, circulating pumps, oil/water heat exchanger...).
- Instrumentation monitoring (pressure, flow, temperature).
- Regulation loops for temperature and flow (PI)
- Automatic sequences for draining, filling...
- Supervision with WinCC (remote) and touch panel MP377 (local).

SAFETY SUB-SYSTEM CONTROL

A safety PLC has been incorporated in the existing PLC control structure in order to ensure the monitoring of the HV connections of the transfer lines and to guarantee the operator's security in case of an intervention.

Two levels of safety protection have been implemented in order to avoid to pulse the system under unsafe conditions.

LEVEL 1 -> stop system charging

- Surveillance of the HV connections on each generator and its associated magnet;

- Surveillance of internal hardware and software state.

 $LEVEL 2 \rightarrow stop the electrical distribution$

- Surveillance of all emergency stops in the powering area and in the tunnel near the magnet location;
- -Surveillance of all the electrical protection micro-switches on each generator.

Switch of safety GENERATOR1 SIL2 (AK4, cat.3)	Switch of safety GENERATOR2 SIL2 (AK4, cat.3)	Switch of safety GENERATOR3 SIL2 (AK4, cat.3)	Emergency stop button GENERATOR1 SIL3 (AK6, cat. 4)	Emergency stop button GENERATOR2 SIL3 (AK6, cat.4)	Emergency stop button GENERATOR3 SIL3 (AK6, cat.4)
SAFETY PLC					
Emergency switch Transfer line GENERATOR1 SIL2 (AK4, cat.3)	Emergency switch Transfer line GENERATOR2 SIL2 (AK4, cat.3)	Emergency switch Transfer line GENERATOR3 SIL2 (AK4, cat.3)	INTERLOC'K HT GENERATOR1 SIL2 (AK4, cat3)	GENERATOR2	INTERLOCK HT GENERATOR2 SIL2 (AK4, cat3)

Safety System principle

INTERLOCK SYSTEM - KFA13/21					
KFA 13/21 GENERATOR 1	KFA 13/21 GENERATOR 2				
INTERLOCK HT KEY	INTERLOCK HT KEY				
INTERLOCK SAFETY KEY	INTERLOCK SAFETY KEY				
INTERLOCK SF6	INTERLOCK SF6				
INTERLOCK VACUUM	INTERLOCK VACUUM				
EMERGENCY BUTTON	EMERGENCY BUTTON				
INTERLOCK MS OIL	INTERLOCK MS OIL				
INTERLOCK DS OIL	INTERLOCK DS OIL				
INTERLOCK RT OIL	INTERLOCK RT OIL				
KFA 13/21 GENERATOR 3	KFA 13/21 OIL TANKS				
INTERLOCK HT KEY	INTERLOCK OIL TANK - GENERATOR 1				
INTERLOCK SAFETY KEY	INTERLOCK OIL TANK - GENERATOR 2				
INTERLOCK SF6	INTERLOCK OIL TANK - GENERATOR 3				
INTERLOCK VACUUM					
EMERGENCY BUTTON					
INTERLOCK MS OIL					

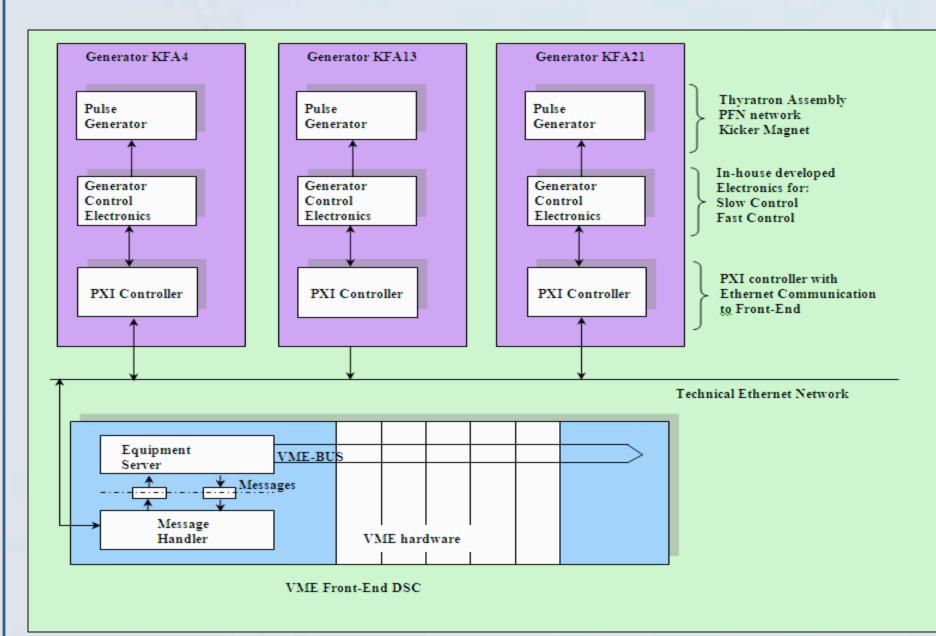


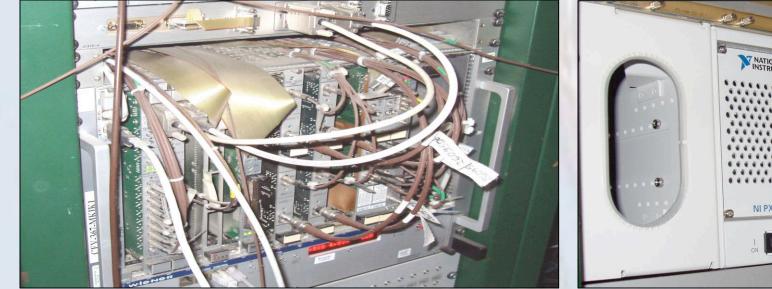
Layout KFA4 (1 operational generator + 1 spare).

HV PULSE GENERATOR CONTRO - HARDWARE

Pulse Generator Controller

- Thyratron timing and delays, with 1 ns resolution
- PFN reference and acquisition voltages
- PFN charging/discharging protection
- Interlock and thyratron protection
- Power control for all the different units





- Front-End Controller
- PXI Controller
- PXI Controller (National Instruments)
- Communication between the generator hardware and the Front-End.
- CPU with LabVIEW Real Time embedded controller.
- FPGA card with reconfigurable I/O, DAC and ADC.
- VME Front-End Controller
- -Master and data concentrator for all the kicker magnets.
- -VME hardware controlling the global timing and fine delays for the extraction.

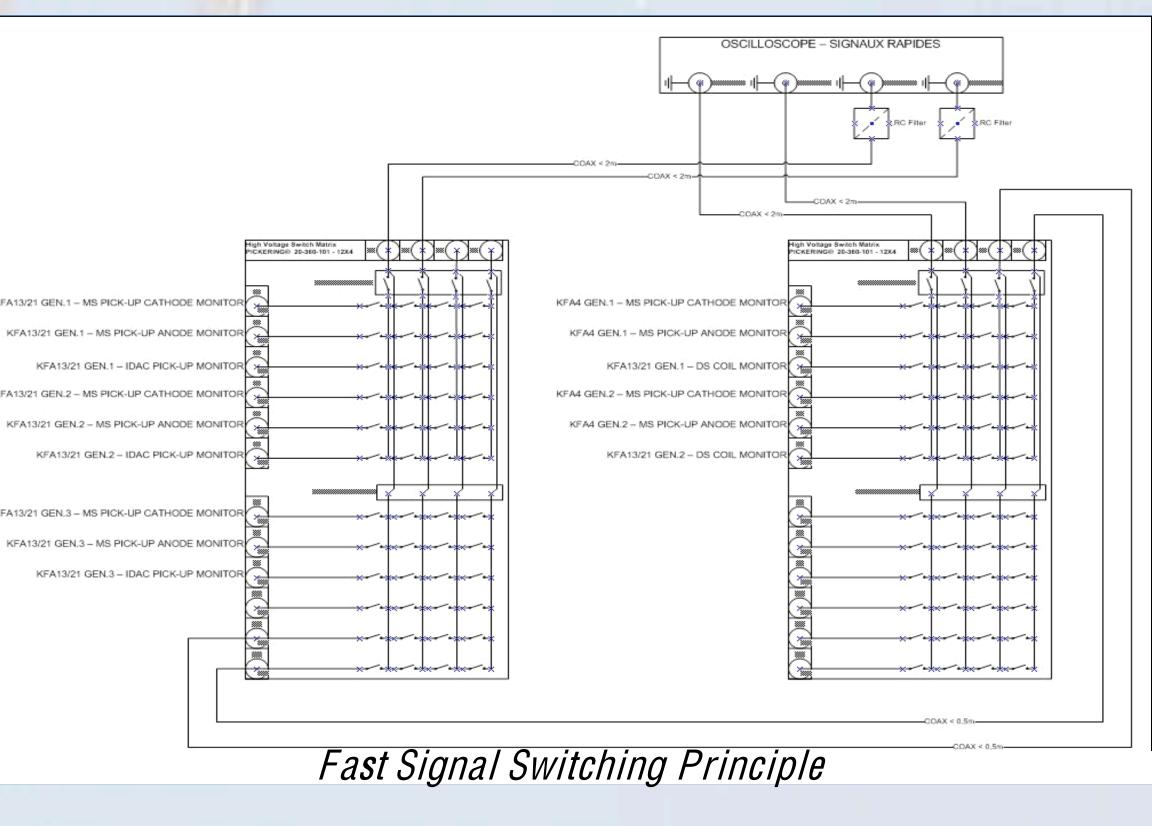
INTERLOCK DS OI NTERLOCK RT RGENCY BUTTON - MAGNET KEA13 IN

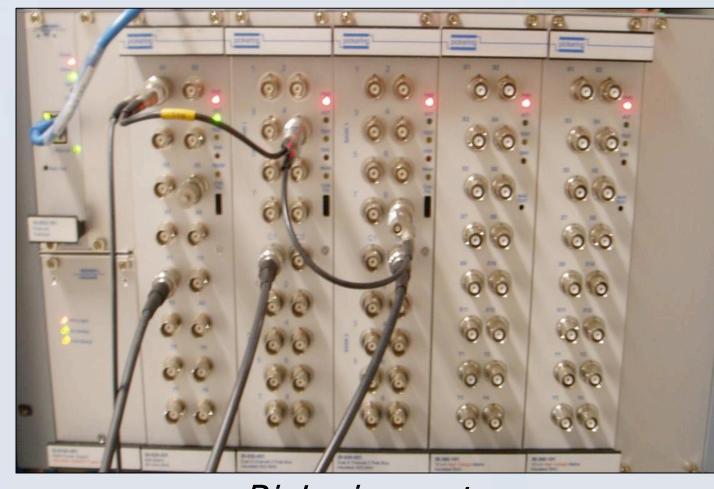
Interlocks Safety System

MONITORING

Analog monitoring system based on 50MHz pickering signal multiplexer

- Dynamic measurement signal multiplexing in accordance with generator/magnet matching. - Signals distribution to local oscilloscopes for performance follow-up and for diagnostic features.





Pickering system

