

Recent Advancements and Deployments of EPICS Version 4

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GitHub (source code management) <https://github.com/epics-base/>

Sourceforge (documentation, admin, downloads) <http://epics-pvdata.sourceforge.net>

Talk Outline

- Version 4 Additions to EPICS
- Deployments
- User Feedback and Conclusions
- Recent Work

Talk Outline

- **Version 4 Additions to EPICS**
- Deployments
- User Feedback and Conclusions
- Recent Work

EPICS Version 4 in a Nutshell

- New Protocol, “pvAccess”
- Structured data
- Introspection interface, “pvData”
- Dynamic typing
- Standard Scientific Types
- RPC and putGet added
- New smart database
- All APIs in C++ and Java
- Python and Matlab
- High Performance
- High Reliability

```
$ eget -s XCOR:LI24:900:TWISS
non-normative type
structure
  double energy 5.00512
  double psix 37.7625
  double alphax 13.6562
  double betax -2.78671
  double etax -0.00698294
  double etaxp 0.00107115
  double psiy 31.9488
  double alphay 116.762
  double betay 5.2592
  double etay 0
  double etayp 0
```

Figure: pvAccess method “eget”, which is for service data, getting PV of a structure of optics parameters. In this case a standard “Normative Type” type was not used, so the raw structure is displayed by eget

The EPICS V4 “Normative Types”

The Normative Types Spec [1] defines a standard for commonly used data types, <http://epics-pvdata.sourceforge.net/alpha/normativeTypes/normativeTypes.html>

5. General Normative Types

1. NTScalar

2. NTScalarArray

3. NTEnum

4. NTMatrix

5. NTURI

6. NTNameValue

7. NTTTable

8. NTAttribute

```
$ eget -s XCOR:LI24:900:RMAT
0.0727485    0.0289316    0    0    0.0652488    0.00125391
0.0578214    0.0391775    0    0    -0.027185    -0.000192344
0    0    0.00943029    1.14291    0    0
0    0    -0.0013367    -0.0348832    0    0
-0.000370971 -0.000283933    0    0    -0.0182387    -0.000198345
0.10031    0.018722    0    0    -10.5721    -0.179568
```

```
$ eget pva://mccas0.slac.stanford.edu:39633/QUAD:LTU1:880:RMAT?type=design
```

6. Specific Normative Types

1. NTMultiChannel

2. NTNDArray

3. NTContinuum

4. NTHistogram

5. NTAgregate

```
$ eget -s LCLS:ELEMENTS
ELEMENT      ELEMENT_TYPE      EPICS_DEVICE_NAME      S_DISPLAY      OBSTRUCTION
CATHODE      MAD      CATH:IN20:111      2014.7      N
SOL1BK      MAD      SOLN:IN20:111      2014.7      N
CQ01      MAD      QUAD:IN20:121      2014.9      N
SOL1      MAD      SOLN:IN20:121      2014.9      N
XC00      MAD      XCOR:IN20:121      2014.9      N
...
```

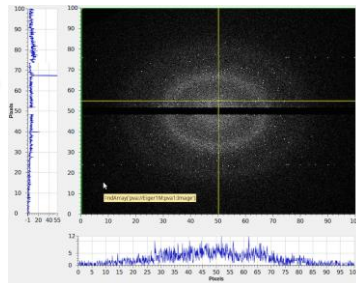
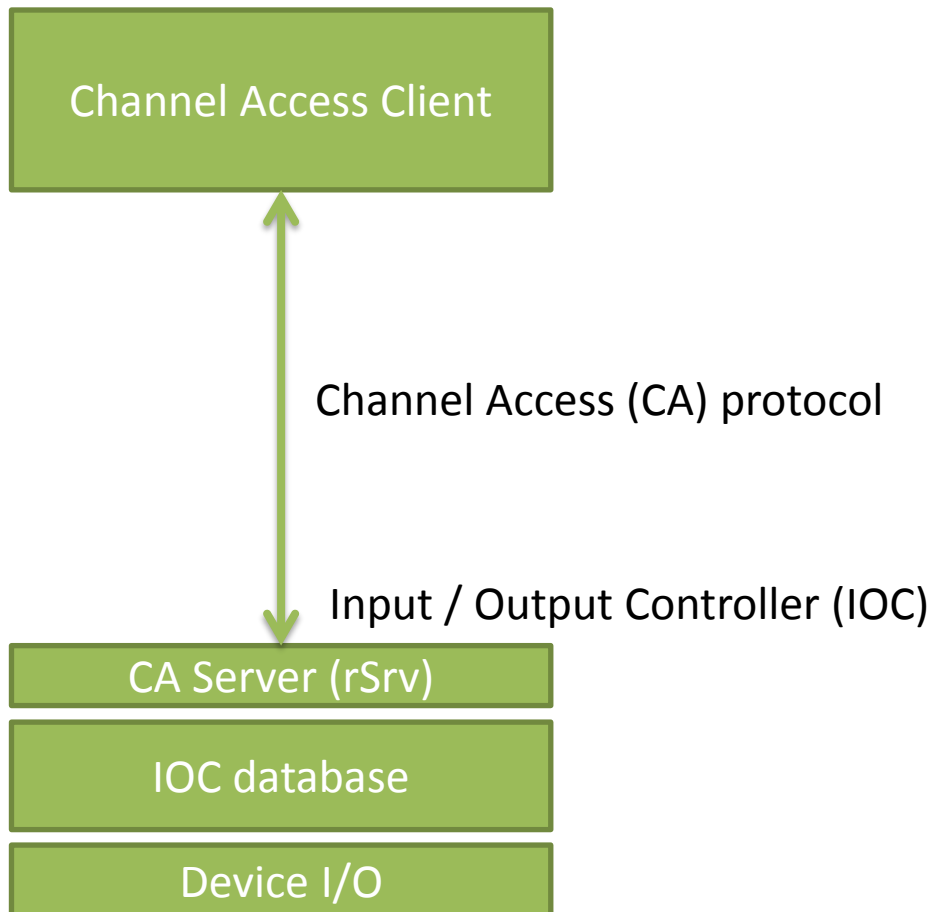


Figure: An extract of the Table of Contents of the Normative Types Specification document, together with examples of 4 selected types

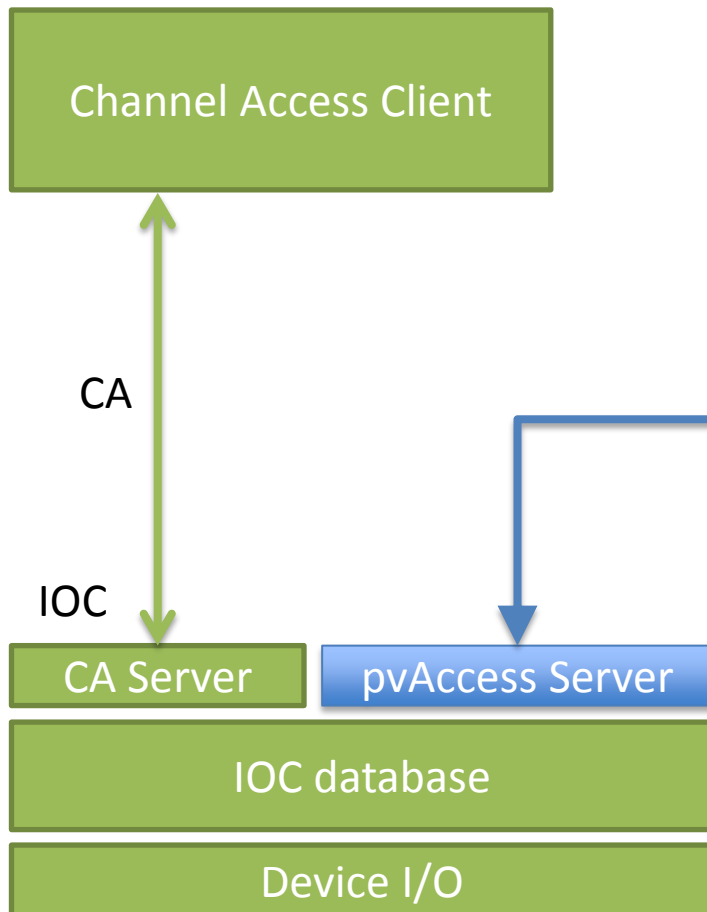
EPICS Version 3 basic block diagram

EPICS in the nominal usage: An EPICS client communicates over Channel Access (CA) protocol to an Input/Output Controller (IOC)
Channel Access server (module rSrv in an IOC)



EPICS Version 4 is an extension of V3

V4 IOC == V3 IOC + pvAccess Server

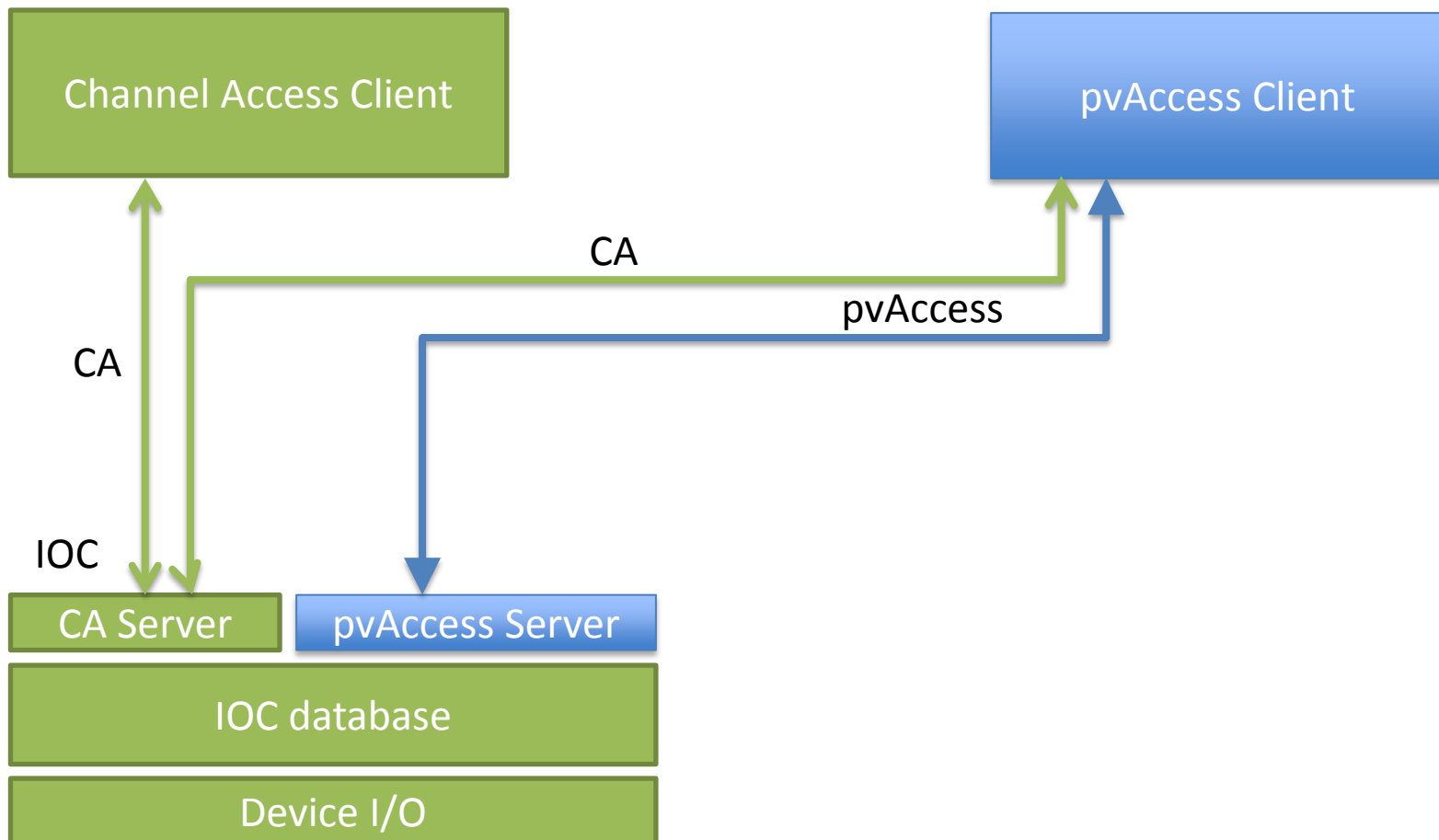


Use Case: Network efficient acquisition of archived meta data

Presently, only 1 PV per pvAccess channel. But plan is to get/monitor a group of PVs through one pvAccess channel.

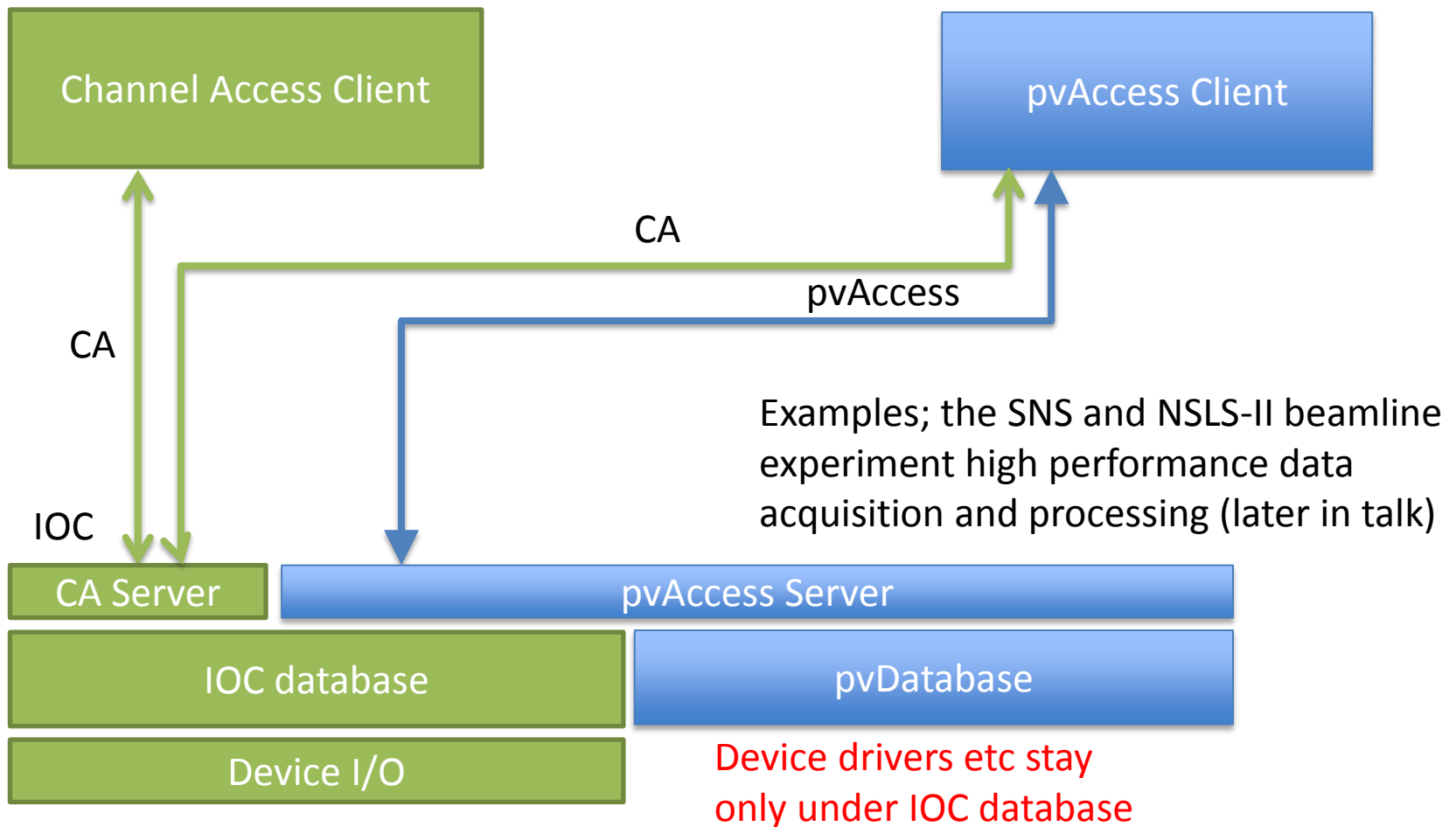
EPICS Version 4 includes CA

The pvAccess API includes Channel Access support, **so one client lib does both**



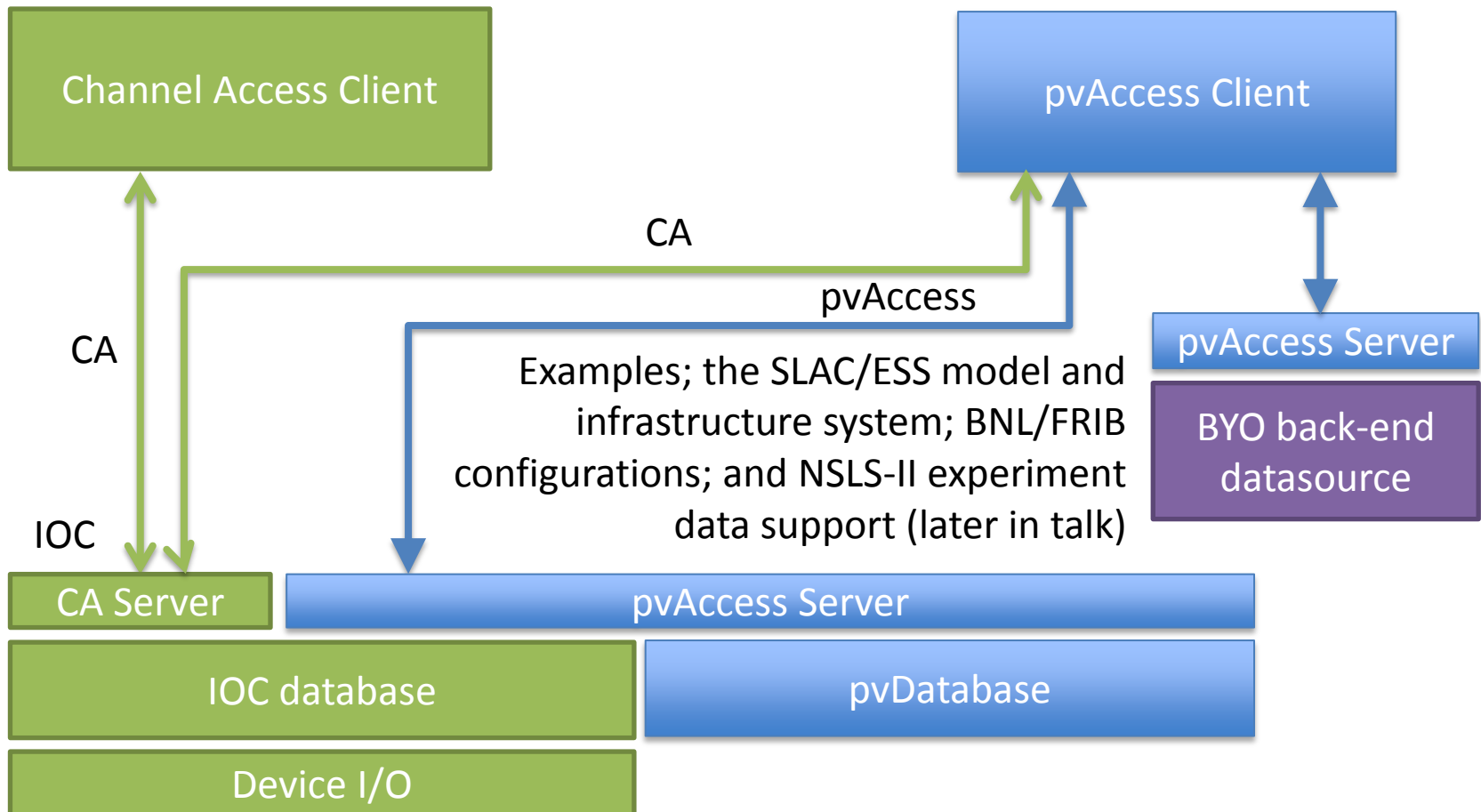
EPICS Version 4 new database

A new smart database, “pvDatabase” can be used for data assembly and processing



EPICS Version 4 middleware support

RPC and Service Oriented Architecture (SOA)

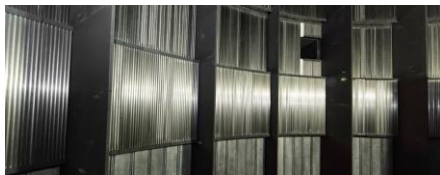


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SNS uses EPICS V4 for high throughput event readout, of structured PV data.

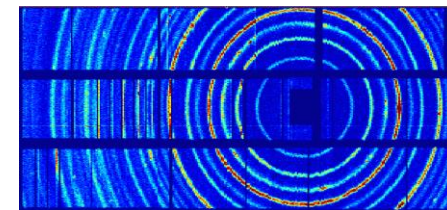
Neutron Detector



SNS SEQUOIA detector ray consisting of >800 ³He tubes covering a solid angle of 0.8 steradian

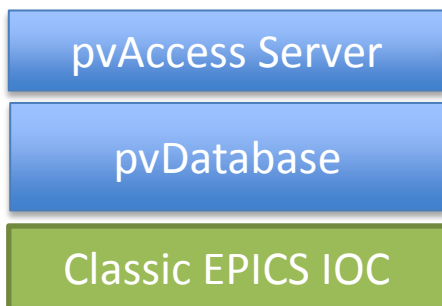
nED

CS-Studio



Diffraction rings of a powder sample at SEQUOIA, histogram generated by ADnED and displayed in CS-Studio

ADnED

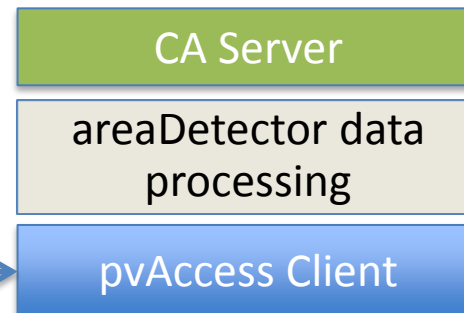


nED provides the driver interface to the detector electronics and streams experiment data using pvAccess

pvAccess streams event data at 80 Mbytes / sec

```
CHANNEL : BL14B:Det:Neutrons
STATE   : CONNECTED
ADDRESS : 19.111.29.150:57267
structure
time t timeStamp
      long secondsPastEpoch
      int nanoseconds
      int userTag
epics:nt/NTScalar:1.0 proton_charge
double value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 time_of_flight
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 pixel
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 sample_a1
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 sample_a2
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 sample_a8
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 sample_a19
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 sample_a48
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 sample_b1
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 sample_b8
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 sample_b12
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 position_index
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 position_x
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 position_y
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 photo_sum_x
uint[] value
epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 photo_sum_y
uint[] value
```

The V4 data structure includes an array of pixels and a corresponding array of times of flight for each recorded neutron event. Additional fields record accelerator pulse information and detector diagnostic information



ADnED, a pvAccess client, generates online histograms and counting statistics from the nED data stream and serves them using the CA protocol to clients including CS-Studio

SNS's use of EPICS V4 for transport of beamline neutron event data

SNS Conclusions:

Five beam lines currently using EPICS V4

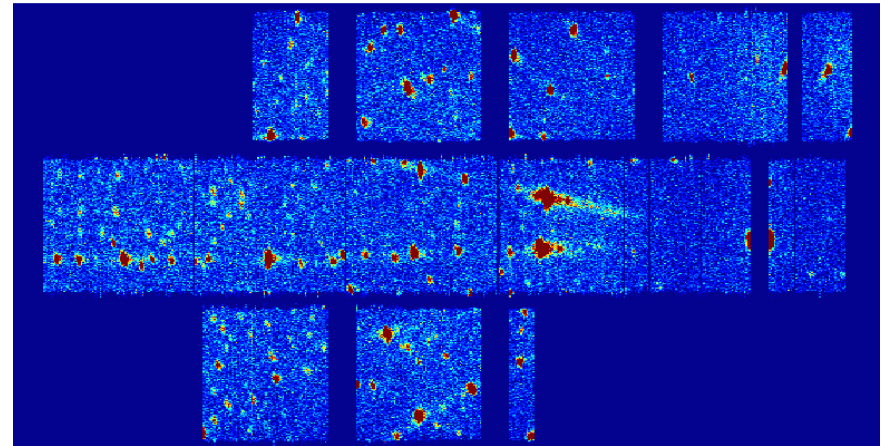
Plans to extend to all experiment beam lines.

Additionally, A pvaPy-based V4 client is used for detector calibration and diagnostics.

EPICS V4 meets the performance requirements for all existing SNS instruments

Demonstrated at data rates of **10M events per second**

Excellent reliability.



ADnED plot of a diffraction pattern from neutron scattering of a single-crystal sample at SNS CORELLI

```
CHANNEL : BL14B:Det:Neutrons
STATE   : CONNECTED
ADDRESS : 10.111.29.150:57267
structure
  time_t timeStamp
    long secondsPastEpoch
    int nanoseconds
    int userTag
  epics:nt/NTScalar:1.0 proton_charge
    double value
  epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 time_of_flight
    uint[] value
  epics:nt/NTScalarArray:1.0 pixel
    uint[] value
```

Fragment of the SNS V4 structure used for streaming experiment data at the 60 Hz rate of the pulsed neutron source

NSLS-II areaDetector EPICS V4 support

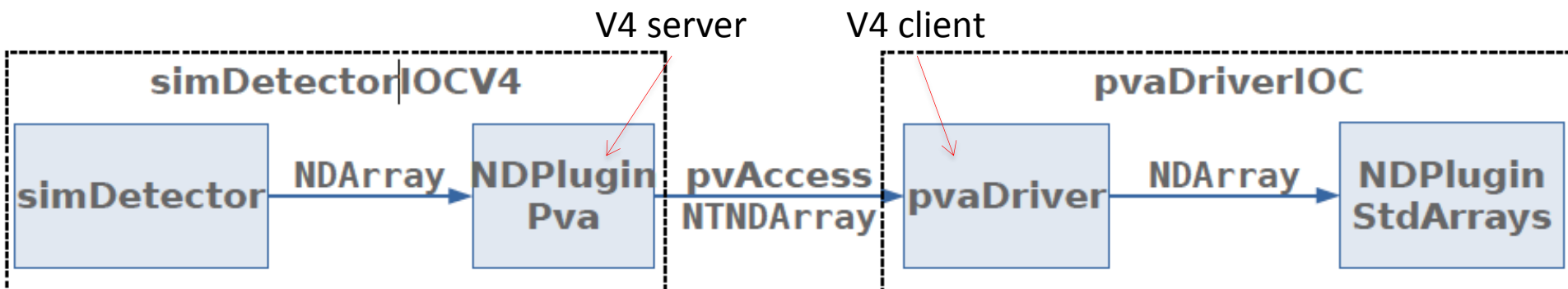
Problem: Modern detector rates

- Eiger 1M: 1030x1065 @ 3 kHz
 - Eiger 4M: 2070x2167 @ 750 Hz
 - Eiger 9M: 3110x3269 @ 238 Hz
 - Eiger 16M: 4150x4371 @ 133 Hz
- All these detector configurations saturate a 10 Gbps link
 - Other non-EPICS methods tried and failed (HTTP-chunking).

NSLS-II v4 Solution:

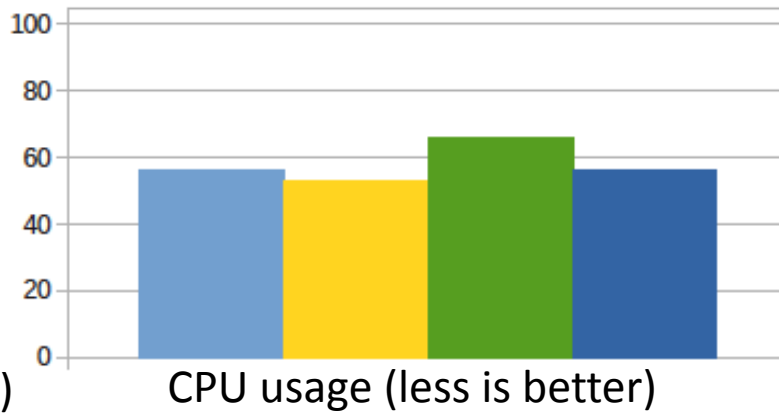
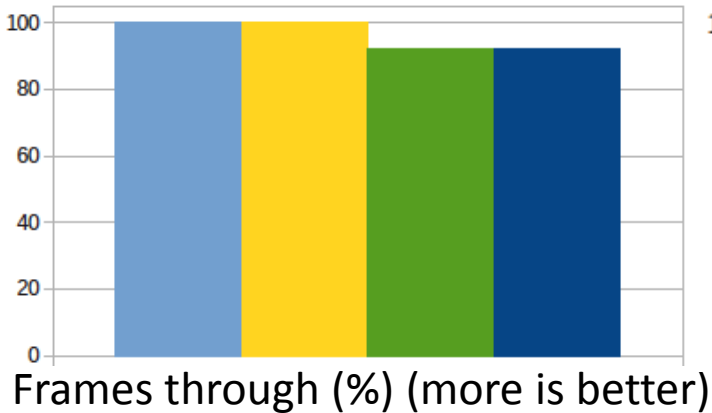
V4 server is an areaDetector plugin, NDPluginPva. V4 client is areaDetector driver.

Architecture tested with SimDetector datasource:



NSLS-II V4 areaDetector Performance Test

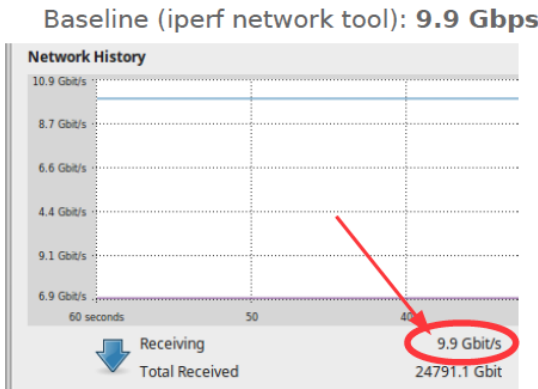
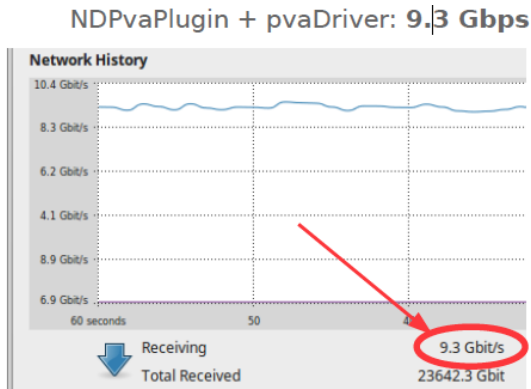
Test simDetector datasource 5K x 5K @ 50Hz \approx 10 Gb/s over 10Gig Ethernet.
Non-blocking callbacks. AD ImageMode: Multiple. NumImages:10000



Test pipeline stage

- simDetectorIOC - driver
- simDetectorIOC - plugin
- pvaDriverIOC - driver
- pvaDriverIOC - plugin

Transfer bandwidth: EPICS V4 & practical limit:



Conclusions: EPICS V4 based areaDetector pipeline has high throughput, few frames lost, with no CPU saturation. Network bandwidth is close the practical maximum.

NSLS-II Deployment (1) – beamline image data transport and fanout

The screenshot displays the CS-Studio interface for an EPICS V4 PV. The main window is titled "Intensity" and shows a line graph of Intensity versus Time (2015-10-08 17:05:29.619). The y-axis ranges from 2.4994E9 to 2.4998E9, and the x-axis ranges from 30.000 to 31.000. The graph shows a highly oscillatory signal. Below the graph are checkboxes for "Stats 1" through "Stats 5", with "Stats 5" checked. A "Histogram" window is also visible, showing the "Number of Pixels" versus "Bin Number" (0 to 220). The y-axis ranges from 0E0 to 3.8344E5. The histogram shows a sharp peak at bin 0 and a long tail extending to bin 220. The "Compute Histogram" checkbox is checked.

The "PV Formula" window is open, showing the PV Formula: `=ndArray('pva://Eiger1M:pva1:Image')`. The Value is `[0, 1, 0, ...]`, the Timestamp is `1995/10/08 17:05:31.523684266 -0400`, and the New Value is `[0, 0, 0, ...]`. The Expression type is "Formula" and the Expression name is `ndArray(pva://Eiger1M:pva1:Image)`. A blue arrow points from the PV Formula field to the text "The V4 PV 'Eiger1M:pva1:Image' of type NTNDArray".

The "Image" window shows a 100x100 pixel detector image. The image is dark with a noisy background. A yellow crosshair is centered on the image. The x and y axes are labeled "Pixels" and range from 0 to 100. A yellow box at the bottom of the image contains the text `=ndArray('pva://Eiger1M:pva1:Image')`. Below the image is a 1D histogram of the image data, showing the "Number of Pixels" versus "Pixels" (0 to 100). The y-axis ranges from 0 to 12, and the x-axis ranges from 0 to 100. The histogram shows a noisy distribution with a peak around pixel 50.

The "Detector Controls" panel is visible on the right, showing various parameters and controls:

- Exposure Time: 1.00000 (1.000)
- Acquire Period: 0.02000 (0.020)
- Num Images: 1.00000 (1)
- Images Complete: 142348
- Exp / Image: 1 (1)
- Image Mode: Continuous (Continuous)
- Trigger Mode: Internal (Internal)
- Acquire: Start (Stop)
- Detector State: Acquire (Acquire)
- Images Acquired: 0 (144153)
- Image Rate: 50.00 Hz (50.00 Hz)
- areaDetector Plugins: (empty)
- Connect: CONNECT (Connected)
- Reboot IOC: REBOOT (REBOOT)

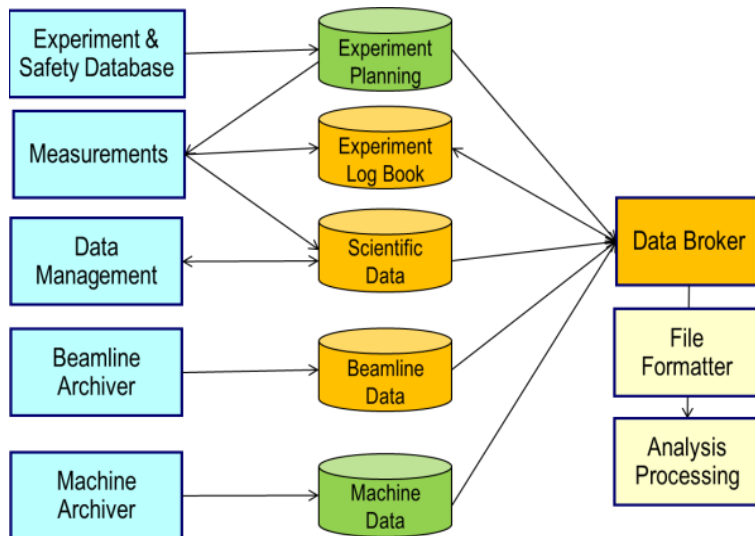
The "Display Controls" panel is also visible, showing various display options:

- Autoscale Min / Max: (unchecked)
- Autoscale (N Sigma): (checked)
- Minimum: 0.0 (0)
- Maximum: 65536.0 (65535)
- N Sigma: 1.0 (12001.4)
- Display ROI 1: (unchecked)
- Display ROI 2: (unchecked)
- Display ROI 3: (unchecked)
- Display ROI 4: (unchecked)

Figures: NSLS-II CS-Studio screenshots showing an EPICS V4 PV of the type for areaDetector images (NTNDArray) displayed using a CS-Studio "formula."

NSLS-II use EPICS V4 for Beamline Data Management

Experimental data Logical View



Implemented as EPICS V4 services

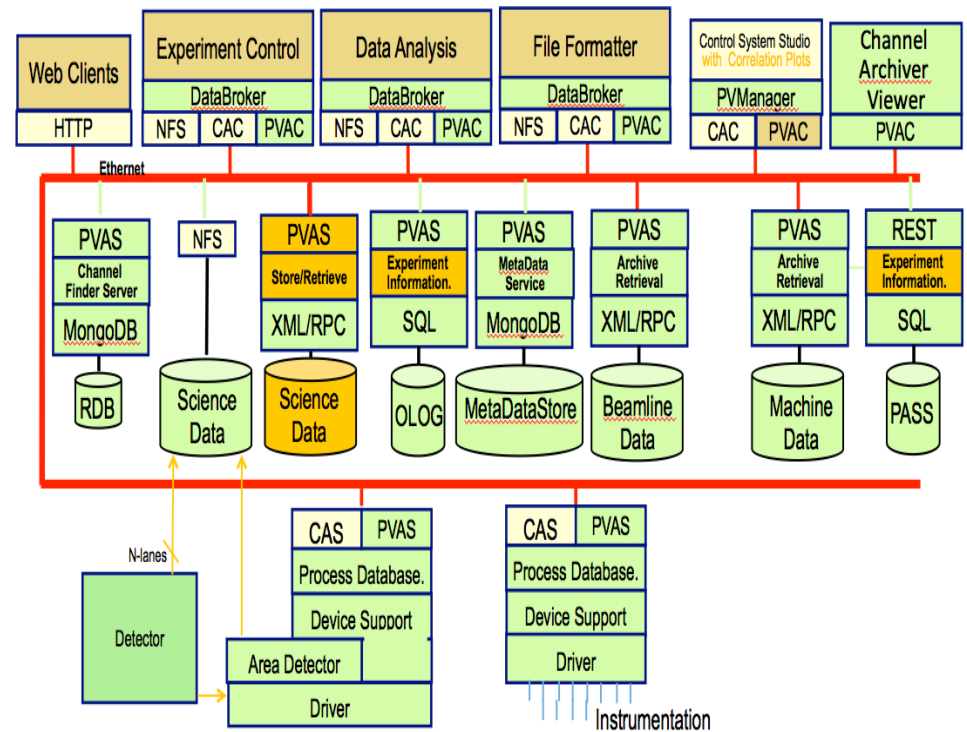
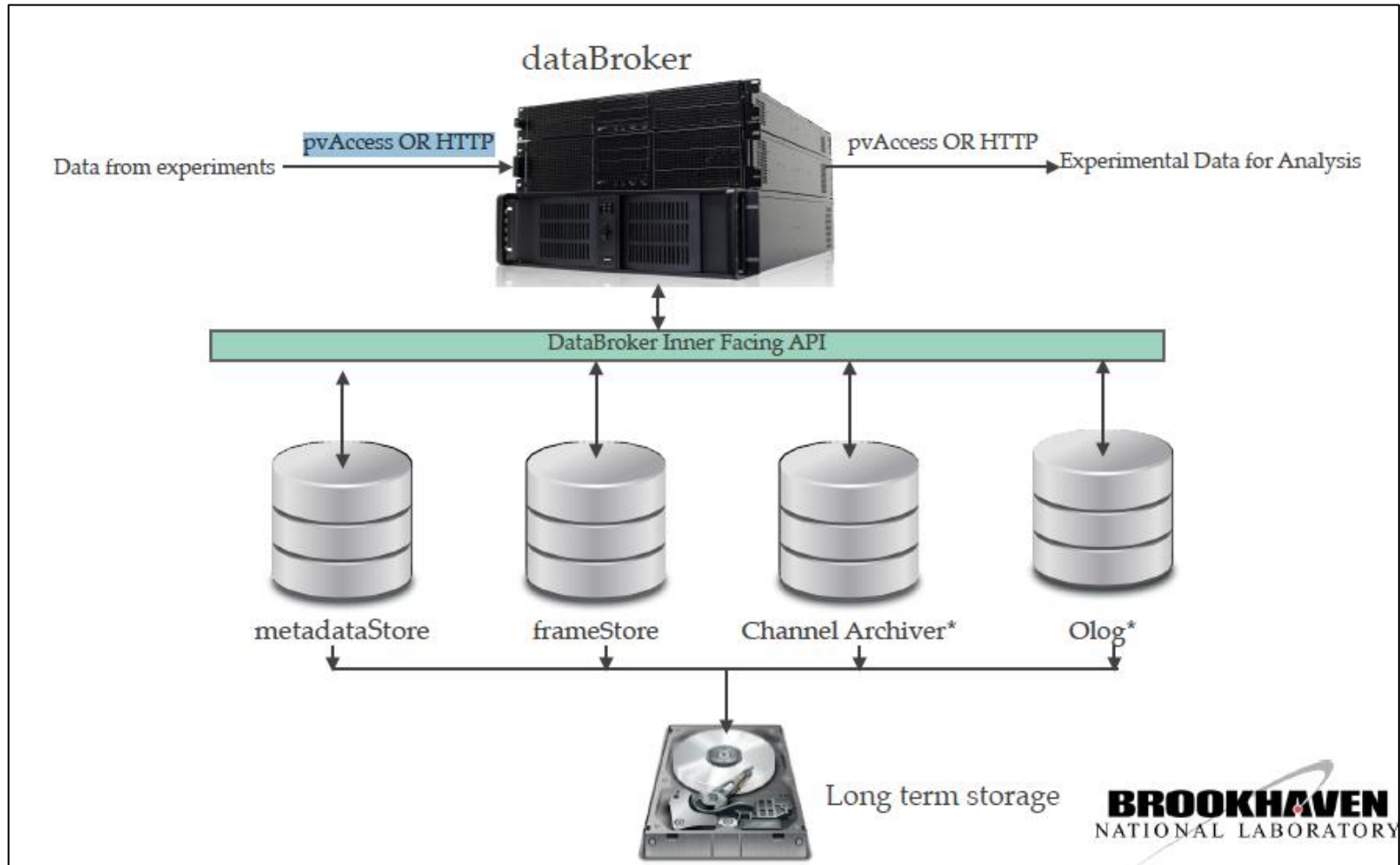


Figure: Services with thin, configurable, interfaces allow a small system of services to satisfy diverse requirements of many beamline experiments

An EPICS V4 server mediates all experiment data



"DataBroker" gives access to all data, from all services, over pvAccess or HTTP.

EPICS V4 Normative Type (NTTable) Examples from NSLS-II metaDataStore

NSLS-II beamline “run-start” metadata

```
epics:nt/NTTable:1.0
string[] labels []
structure value
  string[] _id [553ce3af7368e3176b472061]
  string[] animal []
  double[] arman []
  boolean[] beamline_config []
  string[] beamline_config_id []
  string[] beamline_id [xf23id]
  boolean[] config []
  string[] config.beamline_id []
  boolean[] config.custom []
  string[] config.group []
  string[] config.owner []
  string[] config.project []
  double[] config.scan_id []
  double[] config.time []
  string[] config.uid []
  boolean[] custom []
  string[] group []
  boolean[] jupiter [false]
  string[] mood []
  string[] owner [xf23id1]
  string[] plotx [pgm_energy]
  boolean[] ploty []
  string[] project []
  boolean[] sample []
  double[] scan_id [10637]
  boolean[] threading []
  double[] time [1.43005e+09]
  boolean[] time_as_datetime []
  string[] uid [f9a83f88-2d14-469c-9bce-7607e3dbfc83]
  string[] user []
```

NSLS-II beamline “run-stop” metadata

```
epics:nt/NTTable:1.0
string[] labels []
structure value
  string[] _id []
  string[] exit_status [success]
  string[] reason [Path /GPFS/xf23id/xf23id1/fccd_data/2015/6/21/b/ does not exists on IOC!! Please
Check]
  string[] run_start_id []
  double[] time [1.4412e+09]
  boolean[] time_as_datetime []
  string[] uid [a1bc88d4-1599-4e0f-958f-74edeb16c9dc]
```

Figure: Beamline experiment meta-data expressed in EPICS V4 Normative Type NTTable, as returned by EPICS V4 service dataBroker from data in metaDataStore.

BNL and FRIB use EPICS V4 for PV configuration management

The screenshot displays the MASAR Viewer interface. The main window shows a table of saved configurations with columns for PV Name, Saved Connection, Not Restore, Saved Value, Live Value, Diff, Saved Timestamp, Saved Status, Saved Severity, and Live. The selected configuration is SR:All_SCR_20140421:1226, 2014-07-14 05:10:03.

PV Name	Saved Connection	Not Restore	Saved Value	Live Value	Diff	Saved Timestamp	Saved Status	Saved Severity	Live
1 SR:C01-MG(PS:CL1A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	6.08071279526			2014-07-14 05:10:03.387961	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
2 SR:C30-MG(PS:QL3B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	90.6408368084			2014-07-14 05:06:55.354721	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
3 SR:C29-MG(PS:SQK1A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	1.80962274691			2014-07-14 05:09:04.982482	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
4 SR:C30-MG(PS:QL1B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	97.9171060907			2014-07-14 05:07:13.502303	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
5 SR:C30-MG(PS:QM1A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	91.3324686724			2014-07-14 05:07:25.628327	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
6 SR:C30-MG(PS:CL2B):Sp2-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	-0.811313211918			2014-07-14 05:10:03.387740	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
7 SR:C30-MG(PS:QM1B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	91.3880985103			2014-07-14 05:07:25.628333	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
8 SR:C30-MG(PS:BT1A):Sp2-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.310352825272			2014-07-14 00:10:21.788270	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
9 SR:C30-MG(PS:QH3A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	105.697624769			2014-07-14 05:06:46.810528	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
10 SR:C30-MG(PS:QL2B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	111.033859931			2014-07-14 05:07:04.371185	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
11 SR:C30-MG(PS:QM2A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	140.577764237			2014-07-14 05:07:35.885340	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
12 SR:C30-MG(PS:QM2B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	138.469052421			2014-07-14 05:07:35.885366	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
13 SR:C30-MG(PS:QH2A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	88.2834568667			2014-07-14 05:06:36.358164	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
14 SR:C02-MG(PS:CL1B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	6.60012245178			2014-07-14 05:10:03.386351	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
15 SR:C28-MG(PS:QL3B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	91.4054578035			2014-07-14 05:06:55.354585	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
16 SR:C02-MG(PS:CM1B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	-1.12149488926			2014-07-14 05:10:03.386381	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
17 SR:C28-MG(PS:CM1B):Sp2-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>	-1.64504468441			2014-07-14 05:10:03.387804	NO_ALARM	NO_ALARM	
18 SR:C30-MG(PS:SH1-P2):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
19 SR:C28-MG(PS:CM1A):Sp2-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
20 SR:C02-MG(PS:CL2B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
21 SR:C28-MG(PS:CL2B):Sp2-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
22 SR:C02-MG(PS:CM1A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
23 SR:C28-MG(PS:CL1B):Sp2-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
24 SR:C02-MG(PS:CH2A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
25 SR:C28-MG(PS:CH2A):Sp2-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
26 SR:C01-MG(PS:BT1A):Sp2-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
27 SR:C28-MG(PS:CH1A):Sp2-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
28 SR:C29-MG(PS:QH1B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
29 SR:C29-MG(PS:QM1A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
30 SR:C28-MG(PS:SQK1A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
31 SR:C29-MG(PS:QM1B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
32 SR:C29-MG(PS:QM2A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
33 SR:C29-MG(PS:QL3A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
34 SR:C29-MG(PS:QL2A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
35 SR:C02-MG(PS:QH1A):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							
36 SR:C27-MG(PS:OH3B):Sp1-SP	Connected	<input type="checkbox"/>							

The left sidebar shows a list of configurations and snapshots. The selected configuration is SR:All_SCR_20140421:1226, 2014-07-14 05:10:03. The snapshot list shows various snapshots for this configuration, including 'LOCO beta-beat_y=2.8% 6.1 5%' and 'LOCO beta-beat_y=2.8% 6.1 5%'.

The MASAR app (Machine Snapshot, Archiving, and Retrieval) allows a user to take snapshots of systems of CA PVs, save them in a database, view them, and restore them to IOCs

Whole machine configurations can be delivered to clients as a single set using EPICS V4.

MASAR Architecture

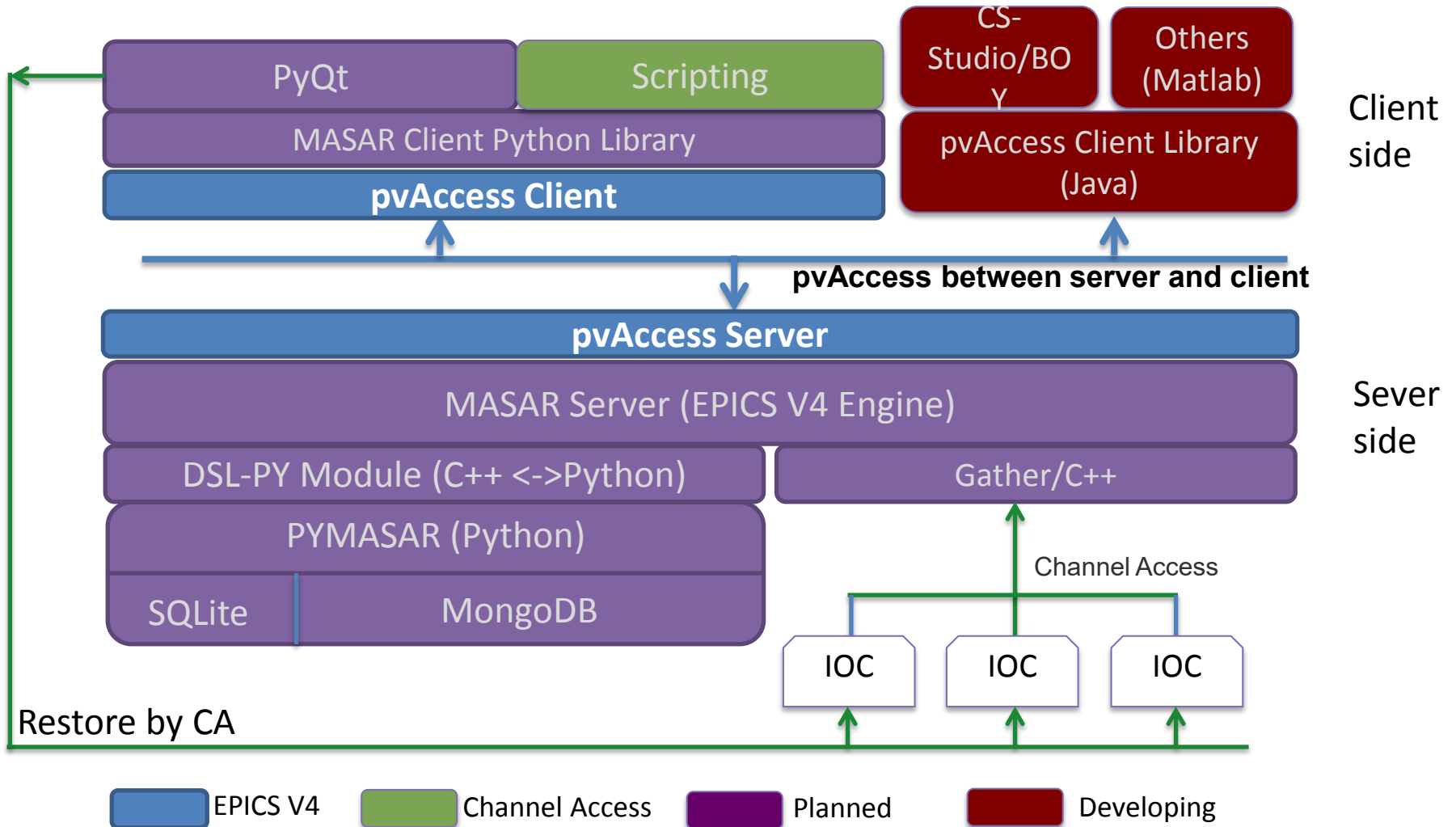
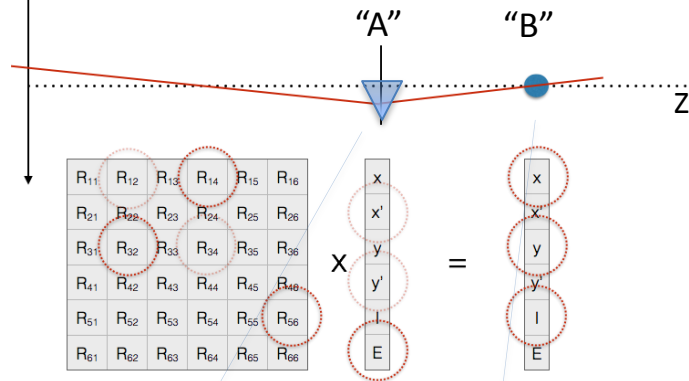


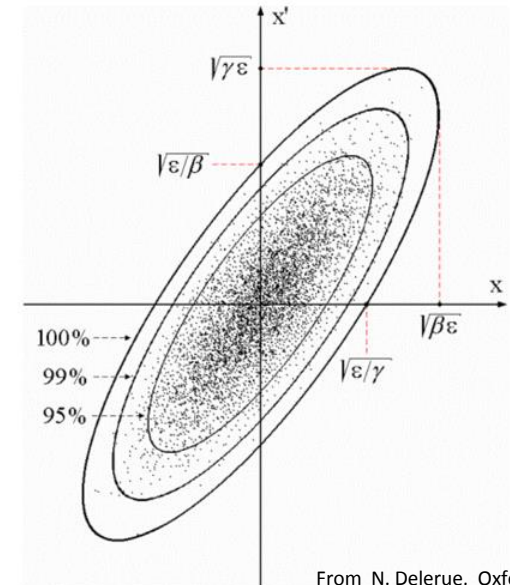
Figure : MASAR server side delivers CA PV configurations using EPICS V4, to various client types.

SLAC and ESS collaboration on EPICS V4 for beam dynamics modelling and infrastructure data

Transverse beam offset



```
$ eget -s XCOR:IN20:491:RMAT -a b BPMS:IN20:525
 0.669591    0.694604          0          0 -3.08532e-19  2.41325e-19
-0.570851    0.901275          0          0 -1.23627e-19  1.45491e-19
          0          0      1.33379    0.966896          0          0
          0          0      0.358415    1.00957          0          0
-2.29302e-24  8.92892e-20          0          0          1    1.20724e-05
 1.00974e-28          0          0          0          0          1
```



From N. Delerue, Oxford Univ.

```
$ eget XCOR:LI24:900:TWISS
energy 5.00512
psix 37.7625
alphax 13.6562
betax -2.78671
etax -0.00698294
etaxp 0.00107115
psiy 31.9488
alphay 116.762
betay 5.2592
etay 0
etayp 0
z 2438.72
```

Figure: EPICS V4 modelling service giving orbit response matrices and Twiss parameters for given devices. These are the basis of 95% of emittance minimization applications – feedback, steering, bumps, etc

SLAC and ESS collaboration on EPICS V4 for beam dynamics modelling and infrastructure data

Directory Service (based in EPICS V4 channelFinder) examples:

```
# The names of PVs, by device name pattern:
$ eget -s ds -a name=XCOR:LI21:135:%
    name
    XCOR:LI21:135:ABORT
    XCOR:LI21:135:ACCESS
    XCOR:LI21:135:ALLFUNCGO
    XCOR:LI21:135:BACT
    XCOR:LI21:135:BACTFO
```

```
# Regular expression (restrict to sectors LI25-LI29)
eget -s ds -a regex='XCOR:LI2[5-9]:.*:BDES'
```

```
# Device names of the instruments in the laser heater
$ eget -s ds -a etype INST -a tag LSRHTR -a show dname
```

```
# A recent search for invalid data in corrector PVs
$ eget -tTs ds -a name %COR:LTU%:%:%DES | \
eget -p ca -f - | grep nan
XCOR:LTU1:558:BDES nan
XCOR:LTU1:558:IDES nan
```

Oracle Database example

```
$ eget -s LCLS:ELEMENTS
```

ELEMENT	ELEMENT_TYPE	EPICS_DEVICE_NAME	S_DISPLAY	OBSTRUCTION
CATHODE	MAD	CATH:IN20:111	2014.7	N
SOL1BK	MAD	SOLN:IN20:111	2014.7	N
CQ01	MAD	QUAD:IN20:121	2014.9	N
SOL1	MAD	SOLN:IN20:121	2014.9	N
XC00	MAD	XCOR:IN20:121	2014.9	N

```
... (many rows snipped)
```

Figure: Access to Oracle gives device infrastructure, magnet calibrations, drawing names, etc.
Will be used in LCLS-II for cryogenic plant system hierarchy etc.

Talk Outline

- Version 4 Additions to EPICS
- Deployments
- **User Feedback and Conclusions**
- Recent Work

User Feedback – what's good:

- Performance is excellent
- Reliability needs have been met or exceeded
- Easy programming and scripting, once you've got started
- Complex data and RPC enables one, simple, high performance, infrastructure across the whole controls and online scientific system. Utility of this effect previously overlooked, but in practice seen to be key
- Normative Types enable systems of narrowly defined services to be applied generally to many experiment user problems
- Streaming supports big online data processing. Beats tested alternatives in ease of use and performance.

User Feedback – what's bad

It's difficult to
get started!

We are trying to address that: see especially the new Developer's Guide:

<http://epics-pvdata.sourceforge.net/informative/developerGuide/developerGuide.html>

But, you know, point taken!

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Recent Additions to EPICS Version 4

- High performance array management; enforced copy-on-write semantics and zero-copy. Used by HP areaDetector projects
- Union data types
- Bound and unbound arrays
- Codec based transport, pvAccess can be replaced by zeroMQ for instance
- Security plugin
- Pipelining. Used by HP areaDetector
- New Database, pvDatabase
- Simplified APIs. New easy to use API for synchronous operations
- Easy to use wrappers for introspection interfaces of Normative Types
- Python API
- Developers Guide being written

References

- The EPICS V4 website (packaged downloads, documentation etc), <http://epics-pvdata.sourceforge.net>
- EPICS V4 sourcecode repos, <https://github.com/epics-base/>
- EPICS V4 EVALUATION FOR SNS NEUTRON DATA, K.U. Kasemir, G.S. Guyotte, M.R.Pearson, ORNL, Oak Ridge, TN37831, USA, contribution WEPGF105 of these proceedings
- EPICS V4/areaDetector Integration, D. Hickin, Diamond, <http://controls.diamond.ac.uk/downloads/other/files/areaDetectorOctober2014/EPICS%20V4%20areaDetector%20integration.pptx>
- areaDetector EPICSv4 modules, B. Martins, talk at spring 2015 EPICS Meeting (at Michigan State), <https://indico.fnal.gov/contributionDisplay.py?contribId=81&sessionId=11&confId=9718>
- areaDetector's ADCore on github, B. Martins, <http://github.com/areaDetector/ADCore>
- NSLS-II Data Management Framework, A. Arkilic, talk at spring 2015 EPICS Meeting (at Michigan State), <https://indico.fnal.gov/materialDisplay.py?contribId=80&sessionId=5&materialId=slides&confId=9718>